PRINCE ARTHUR'S HOUSE.

Will Cost Him $15,000 a Year Rent.

The furnished house wh Prince Arthur of Connaught h taken from the Earl of Plymou will rent him over $15,000 a ye in rent, and he has taken it for term of two or three years. It h been remarked upon that the lovers should not have decided furnish their own home, and t reason is that Prince Arthur is tended for an important office no long distant date. This will n cessitate his living out of Englan and naturally it would not be pr dent to have a town house maintain in his absence. Color thus given to the suggestion th Prince Arthur may one day Governor-General of Canada, b it is known that Australia is a ious to have the experiment of h ing a Royal Viceroy, which pro so happy in Canada, repeat there. South Africa, too, is me tioned in this connection. It wo offer a splendid theatre for the e ercise of Prince Arthur's kno qualities of diplomacy, say th gossips, but neither King Geor nor the Duke of Connaught wo be agreeable to have him expo to the risk of failure, for the D minion is likely to be the gra of reputations, even in the cases men of stronger administrati calibre than Lord Gladstone.

The house, which is of red bric with stone dressings, has eight bedrooms, several bathrooms, a six reception rooms, including fine ballroom, which should great please the Duchess of Fife, who very fond of dancing, and, it m be remembered, danced with th fiance in the quadrille d'honn at the Buckingham Palace ball recently given by the King. T feature of the house is the splend marble-tiled entrance hall a staircase made of the finest Sic marble. The staircase leads on a fine lounge, through which t procession of guests passes to t ballroom. Most of the furnitu is old Chippendale and Sherato and the rooms are hung with bea tiful pictures. The study has so of the best specimens of the o masters, including the work Corel, Murillo, Titian, and Da bigny.

PRACTICAL USE OF SHARK

They and Bloodhounds Acted Convict Prison Guards.

Shark skin, shark teeth, sha oil, shark meat and several oth by-products of the dead shark articles of greater or lesser utili but I have never heard of but o instance where the living sh was put to a practical use. T says Lewis R. Freeman in the W World Magazine, was when t used him as a prison guard m old days when British convi were transported to Australia, monsters serving this purpose many years at the Port Arth settlement, ten miles south of P bart, the present capital of T mania. The prisons at this po some of which may still be se were situated upon a peninsu whose only connection with mainland was by a long, narr strip of sand called, from its c figuration, the Eaglehawk's Ne The convicts were allowed c siderable liberty on the peninsu but to prevent their escape to mainland half-starved bloodhou were chained all the way across narrow west portion of the ne Several prisoners having avoi the bloodhound zone, the autho ties adopted the effective but gr some expedient of feeding sharks at that point several ti a day. In a few weeks the pl became literally alive with voracious maneaters, and from t time on the only convict who e escaped accomplished his purp by rolling himself up in kelp working along, inch by inch, ing his movements to correspo with those of the other heaps seaweed that were being rolled the surf.

You'll never have good neigh unless you are one.

London's Zoological Gardens, Regent's Park, was found

The Markdale STANDARD

is published Every Wednesday Afternoon by the STANDARD PRINTING CO. Markdale, Ontario.

Subscription $1.50 a year when paid in advance, or $1.50 when not so paid. $1.50 to the United States. No paper discontinued until all arrears are paid, except at the option of the publishers.

Advertising rates 10 cents per inch per week for display advs., each column measure, with 20 per cent. discount when an average of one column or more per year is taken. No discount on first page. Reading notices five cents per line each week. Stock, grain, or articles for sale up to five lines, 25 cents for each insertion. Stray cents for each insertion. Stray cents for each week, 50 cents, three cents $1.00.

Memorial poetry, 10 cents a line. All correspondence intended for any firm should be addressed to The Standard Printing Company, Markdale.

Standard Clubbing Rates

Standard and—	
Weekly Mail	$1 75
Weekly Globe	1 75
Christian Guardian	2 50
Daily World	4 00
Family Herald	1 90
Weekly Witness	1 90
Weekly Sentinel	1 90
People's Sun	1 90
Farmer's Advocate	2 50
Daily News	2 50
Daily Star	2 50
The Canadian Farm	1 90
The Catholic Register	1 90
Farm and Dairy	1 90
Canadian Farm	1 90
Canadian Poultry News	1 40
The Grain Growers' Guide	1 65

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. W. PATTON, J.P.
Feldon, Ont. Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Business strictly confidential.

W. C. DAVIS
Is Painter and Paperhanger, Markdale. Tinting and contracting done. The latest designs in Wall Paper kept and furnished.

R. J. SPROULE.
Flesherton. Conveyancer, Appraiser, Valuator and Money Lender. Deeds, Mortgages, Leases and Wills drawn up and Valuations made on short notice. Charges very low. Apply to R. J. Sproule, Flesherton.

H. WATDEN,
Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Grey. All sales promptly attended to. Farm Sales a specialty. P. O. Walden, Markdale.

LEGAL.

R. McCULLOUGH
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, etc. Offices—Main street, Markdale. Money to loan.

LUCAS, RANEY & HENRY
Barristers, Solicitors, etc.
Grey Lucas, K.C., Markdale;
Flavelle, Roche, Ryan & Blackstock Bldg., Toronto.
J. B. Lucas, K.C. W. E. Raney, K.C.
H. W. D. Henry, B.A.

DENTISTRY.

DR. J. A. MacARTHUR
Dentist.
Office in Arthur Block (over Sykes' hardware store). Entrance southwest corner of building. Toronto street.

L. G. CAMPBELL
(L.D.S., D.D.S.)
Dental Surgeon. Graduate of Ontario College of Dentistry and University of Toronto. Office over the Post Office. Office hours, 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. Parties calling after hours can call up residence by private telephone in reception room of dental office.

FRATERNAL.

A. F. & A. M.
Hiram Lodge No. 390, G. R. C. Markdale, meets in Masonic Hall, Durham Block, on Tuesday evening on or before full moon every month. Visiting brethren cordially welcome. W. Tucker, W. M. H. Chapman, Secretary.

C. O. F.
Court Markdale, No. 399, Canadian Order of Foresters. Meets in A.O.F. Hall, No. 399, meets every second and fourth Tuesday of each month in Foresters' Hall, at 8 o'clock. C. W. Hall, Chief Ranger; R. W. Foster, Recording Secretary.

C. O. F.
Court Markdale, No. 399, C.O.F. Meets in A.O.F. Hall on the third Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock. A. Hall, Chief Ranger. Visiting brethren welcome. Secretary must be notified before the last Tuesday of each month. A. McCutcheon, C.R. J. T. Toms, R.S.

SAUGEEN LODGE, No. 327, I.O.O.F.
Meets every Friday at 7.30 p.m. in their hall, Main street. Visiting brethren always welcome. B. H. Walden, N.G.; W. R. Ennis, Rec.-Treas.

COURT GREY, 1151, C.O.F.
Meets every second and fourth Wednesday of the month in Math Hall, at 8 p.m. Visiting brethren always welcome. P. J. Thompson, C.R., R. J. Gilfillan, Fin.-Sec.

MARKDALE STANDARD

VOL. 34 | MARKDALE, ONT., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1913. | WHOLE NO. 1703.

"All is Well That Ends Well"

Along with dyspepsia comes nervousness, sleeplessness and general ill health. Why? Because a disordered stomach does not permit the food to be assimilated and carried to the blood. On the other hand, the blood is charged with poisons which come from this disordered digestion. In turn, the nerves are not fed on good blood and we see those symptoms of nervous breakdown. It is not head work that does it, but poor stomach work. With poor thin blood the body is not protected against the attack of germs of grip—bronchitis—consumption. Fortify the body now with

DR. PIERCE'S
Golden Medical Discovery

an alterative extract from native medicinal plants, prescribed in both liquid and tablet form by Dr. R. V. Pierce, over 40 years ago.

More than 40 years of experience has proven its superior worth as an invigorating stomach tonic and blood purifier. It invigorates and regulates the stomach, liver and bowels, and through them the whole system. Can now also be had in sugar-coated tablet form of the same ingredients. If not, send 50 cents in one-cent stamps for trial box to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N.Y.

The Common Sense Medical Adviser
IS A BOOK OF 1008 PAGES HANDSOMELY BOUND IN CLOTH. TREATS [illegible] ANATOMY, [illegible] HYGIENE. SENT FREE ONE CENT.

FROM MERRY OLD ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in The Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

In London the foggy days in a year are on an average thirty-eight.

Thomas Hulme, the famous steeplechase jockey, has been married at Runcorn.

Petitions against the closing of Crowden Street, Marylebone, are now being signed in the district.

Two women were killed and eight persons seriously injured in a smash on the G.W.R. at Yeovil Station.

A man who cut his throat at Birmingham stated that he did so because he did not like the hot weather.

A large dining-room at Laxey Glen Gardens, Isle of Man, has been destroyed by fire, and the damage is estimated at $25,000.

While fishing from a boat in the bay at Beer, Devon, a clergyman caught a shark, measuring 5 feet, and weighing about half a hundredweight.

Two men named Carry and Nicholson were suffocated by fumes from a gasometer which is under repair at the New Wortley Grounds, Leeds.

Mr. Thomas Nevell, of Bedford Hill, Ballham, was fatally injured at Brooklands, Kent, by the motorcar he was in dashing into level crossing gates.

An offer of $50,000 for the building of two libraries by Mr. Carnegie has been accepted by the Derby Town Council.

A number of Mid-Rhondda colliery workers were at Ystrad fined for having matches and cigarettes in their possession at the pits in the Cambrian Combine.

A sample of strawberry jam taken by a food inspector at Croydon and analyzed, was reported to contain an art-dye, and one per cent. of dextrine.

Some 4,000 girls subscribed $1,130 to the British Girls' Memorial Fund for the dependents of Capt. Scott and his companions, who died in the Antarctic.

Rushing across the path of a motor car in order to save his younger brother, a boy named Harris, of Brynamman, near Swansea, received fatal injuries.

Excavation have begun on the north-east rampart of the Roman camp at the head of Windermere. Pieces of pottery and a pair of sandals were among the discoveries.

Wellington (Salop) magistrates imposed a fine, amounting with costs to $65, on Benjamin Wilkinson, landlord of the Cock Hotel, for supplying beer to police on duty.

For maiming and wounding a horse by striking it with a pickaxe, an iron bar, wedges, and stones, George Butler was sentenced at Kingston to nine months' hard labor.

Hartlepool corporation has in contemplation a housing scheme which is estimated to cost $200,000, and will take the place of a slum area, between four and five acres in extent.

At a meeting of the Swanage urban district council a letter was read from clergy and ministers of the town asking the council to prevent Sunday steamboat excursions coming to Swanage.

Old Facts.

Quatorziennes, or fourteeners, are members of an aristocratic Parisian club formed for the purpose of accepting on the instant dinner invitations where the guests would otherwise number thirteen.

Irish stew is a dish unknown in Ireland. The famous concoction is of New England origin.

Arabic figures were invented in India, not in Arabia.

The turning down of the thumbs in the old Roman games did not signify death. There was no such sign. To signify that the spectators desired the death of the vanquished gladiator, the fist, with the thumb hidden inside it, was turned down.

Starch, which originated in Queen Elizabeth's time, was at first pink, or blue, or yellow, and it contributed faint tints or pink or blue or yellow to the linen it coated.

Over 1,000 tons of soot settle monthly over London.

The banana is the only food grown that is never attacked or harmed by any insect whatever.

Free 50c Package of Medicine

For all Diseases of the

Kidney and Bladder

Rheumatism, Bed Wetting, Inability of Young or Old to Control their Water

Write us today, giving a full history of your case, your age, occupation, etc., and we will send you some good honest advice, and a 50c package of Rowan's Pastilles absolutely Free.

What they will do for you. They will cure your backache, strengthen your kidneys, correct urinary irregularities, in young or old, build up the worn out tissues, and eliminate the excess of uric acid that causes rheumatism and skin diseases. Prevents Bright's Disease and Diabetes, and restore health and strength. Address

C. H. Rowan Drug Co., Chicago

Dept. 600

S. G. BURROW & SON

MARKDALE

DEALERS IN

SCRAP IRON,

METALS, RAGS, RUBBERS, COPPER, BRASS, LEAD, ETC.

S. G. BURROW & SON, Markdale

P. O. BOX 158

The Acquitted Poetess Assisted to Court by Gendarmes.

The trial of Madame Alice Crespy, on a charge of murdering the Abbe Chasening, caused a great sensation in France on account of the position and attainments of both the victim and the accused. She was finally acquitted, after a heart-breaking trial. The above picture shows her being assisted to the court by two gendarmes. She was completely broken down after the trial.

EUROPEAN GOSSIP

King George on the Moors.

Both in Yorkshire and at Balmoral the King has been fully up to his mark as a shot this season, and has made heavy bags. In fact, he is one of the five best shots in the kingdom, and is noted for the quickness and precision of his aim. His average is about eighty per cent. of the cartridges used. At a right and left shot he is exceptionally good, and he seldom misses a rocketing bird. He shoots with his left arm out practically straight, and this gives him great control over the swing of the barrels. But he likes a long walk in search of outlying game better than the battues that have done so much to spoil real sport.

A Secret Ally of the Turks.

It looks as though the Turks are to be left in undisturbed possession of Adrianople after all. Europe is too tired of wars and too sick of the very name of the Balkans to start another weary and dangerous wrangle. A diplomat of my acquaintance prophesied this to me some weeks ago. The Turks, he told me, have an all-powerful ally on their side of whose existence they are no doubt unaware and whose name has never appeared in an ambassadorial despatch or newspaper telegram. This ally my friend gave the humorous title of "Monsieur Summer Holiday." The Chancelleries in all European capitals are now almost empty. Ministers and officials are scattered, the Parliaments are not sitting. It is an unwritten law in international diplomacy that the summer vacation shall be sacrosanct, and at the present moment that unwritten law is working to the benefit of the Turks. But had the Turkish reoccupation of Thrace taken place two months earlier or later, we should have had the papers full of it. The armies of the great nations might have been on a war footing. Ambassadors would have been busy making "representations" or presenting "notes." Reuter and Havas and Wolff and the other agencies would have been publishing "communiques" daily. The movements of our ships in the Mediterranean would have been a matter of world-wide importance. In the long run the result might have been just the same—that is, Adrianople would still have been Turkish—but diplomacy would have done its best to put our nerves on edge.

Lord Strathcona and the High Commissionership.

There is good reason to believe that the statement that Lord Strathcona intends to resign the High Commissionership of Canada soon after the New Year is well founded. The announcement is an interesting, if somewhat premature, disclosure of what I have ground for believing are his Lordship's intentions in the matter. Nonagenarian though he is, Lord Strathcona will relinquish with reluctance those duties, devotion to which has won him the title of the Grand Old Man of Canada. For some time he has felt desirous of giving place to a younger man, and the only question has been the choosing of a convenient date for transferring the reins to other hands. Whoever succeeds to the office will find it hard to live up to Lord Strathcona's standard of industry. Despite his advanced years, he remains a glutton for work, and he is indefatigable in his attendance at the office in Victoria Street, London, where with that thoroughness which has marked his career no detail is too small for his personal supervision.

(The above was written, of course, before Strathcona's arrival in this country, saying he has no intention of resigning.—Ed.)

The Embassy at Vienna.

The diplomatic changes now officially announced have, of course, been fully discounted in advance. The retirement of Sir Fairfax Cartwright is the main pivot of the diplomatic movement. That he had to go sooner or later if Anglo-German relations were to be placed on a sound footing was patent to everyone who had followed his career in Vienna. He was several times guilty of indiscretions of a distinctly anti-German character, and he once permitted himself to proclaim that the Eastern Question could only be solved if England were to obtain Suda Bay. Our relations with Vienna have always, with the exception of the few months of the Bosnian crisis, been of a cordial nature, but it obviously was a disadvantage to be represented there by a diplomatist who would not or could not conceal his strong dislike for Vienna's ally. So long as our relations with Germany were still of a doubtful temper, we could confine ourselves to halfhearted disavowals of our ambassador's utterances. The moment, however, our Foreign Office decided to abandon the former policy, the presence of Sir Fairfax Cartwright in Vienna has been a handicap. His successor, Sir Maurice de Bunsen, is, on the contrary, known as an advocate of Anglo-German alliance, being himself a member of the great Bunsen family, diplomatists and scientists. His appointment will, no doubt, be deeply regretted in Madrid, where he knew the present King as a baby and where the services he rendered to Spain during the Franco-Spanish litigation over the delimitation of their respective spheres in Morocco will long be remembered. Considering how secure we are of the friendship of Madrid we can only rejoice if he now transfers his great diplomatic tact to Vienna.

The Kabaka and the Gyroscope.

The young Kabaka of Buganda is back in London, after a most enjoyable tour in various parts of England and Scotland. As a sequel to his visit to Glasgow University, he paid a call on August 25 at the workshops of Grubb and Sons, Kingsway, London, to inspect the new gyroscopes of Dr. Gray as applied to working models. As a memento of his visit to Glasgow University the Kabaka was presented with a model of a gyroscope motor car, a remarkable mechanical contrivance which runs on two wheels in tandem in place of the usual four. The difficulty of stability is solved by means of a single gyroscope, which also is used to steer the car. The King and his suite were greatly interested in the invention, which though still in an experimental stage, may have far-reaching results in the near future.

The Vested Interest.

The aeroplane manufacturers constitute at this moment about the noisiest vested interest in the world. For nearly a year an "air scare" agitation has been running in this country, and the leaders of the industry have been "more orders" for aeroplane constructors, whether the Government wanted them or not. One might have imagined that France, with its large air fleet, would have been exempt from the influence. Not so, however. The French constructors have started a ferocious agitation against the Aero Club, the War Office, and the Ministry of Marine for not giving them sufficient encouragement, and they have got a popular newspaper, the "Matin," on their side. The arguments have a familiar ring. Armaments firms, large or small, have one thought in common. M. Morane, the well-known aviator, writes indirectly on behalf of the Blerio firm. "I tell you," he says excitedly, "that in six months according to what I know of the organization and progress of flying in Germany, where they are beginning to make light machines and have copied the Gnome motor, in six months we shall be outclassed by the Germans." There we have one more the familiar German bogy. As for the remedy, it is, of course, "orders." The French Government, M. Morane complains, "orders from the aeroplane firms only for machines in six months, whereas our factories can turn out 360 machines in that time." And, of course, he will not be satisfied until the State orders that number. By that time, however, the aeroplane flyers will prob. by ship to turn out 1,000 or more machines. Then the clamor will begin again.

London, Sept. 10, 1913.

LONDON OWNED BY FEW.

38,200 Landowners in City—Lord Northbrook Largest Holder.

On account of Lloyd George's programme for redistribution of land in England, for which everyone is nervously waiting, there has been a great deal of talk in the last few months about the great number of large landholders in London. This has led the London County Council to compile a list of London's landholders, which shows that in a population of 4,522,000 within the area covered by the council there is a total of 38,200 landowners. The number of individuals owning one house each is approximately 14,000, while a little more than 700 own five acres or more of land.

The area held by railway companies and public authorities is about 22 square miles out of the total of 116 square miles in the County of London. The greatest single landholders are Lord Northbrook and Dulwich College, each of which own more than 1,280 acres.

Over 960 acres each: Lord St. Germans (Blackheath), H. W. Forster (Lewisham), H. T. B. Barnes (Plumstead), and Sir Spencer Maryon-Wilson (Hampstead and Charlton).

Over 480 acres: Duke of Westminster (Pimlico).

Over 320 acres each: Lord Dartmouth (St. Pancras and Lewisham), Prudential Assurance Company (various districts), and Magdalen College, Oxford (Wandsworth).

Special Notice.

BETTER THAN SPANKING.

Spanking does not cure children of bedwetting. There is a constitutional cause for this trouble. Mrs. M. Summers, Box 649 Windsor, Ont., will send free to any mother her successful home treatment, with full instructions. Send no money, but write her to-day if your children trouble you in this way. Don't blame the child, the chances are it can't help it. This treatment also cures adults and aged people troubled with urine difficulties by day or night.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, SEPTEMBER 21.

Lesson XII. The Golden Calf (Temperance Lesson)—Ex. Chap. 32. Golden Text, 1 John 5:21.

The chapters intervening between our last lesson and this one contain sundry laws covering in detail the legislation relating to sabbaths, feasts, the furnishings and appointments of the tabernacle and the regulations governing its services. All these, according to the narrative, were revealed to Moses in the recesses of the mountain where he met with Jehovah face to face. Joshua had accompanied him part of the way, and for a still shorter distance Aaron, Nadab, Abihu, and seventy of the elders of Israel also (compare Exod. 24:1-15). While Moses tarried the people at the foot of the mountain became impatient of his return. The story of their impatience and apostasy and the consequent displeasure of Jehovah is related in the opening verses of our lesson chapter.

Verse 15. Went down from the mount—Returned unto the camp of Israel.

Two tables—Or tablets of stone, already mentioned in 31:18.

16. The tables were the work of God—Not so, however, the first two tables of stone like unto those which subsequently were substituted for these and which Moses himself, at the command of Jehovah, hewed out of the stone of the mountainside (compare Exod. 34:1-4).

The writing was the writing of God—So also in the subsequent table (Exod. 31:1).

17. Joshua—Who had now joined Moses on his way down the mountain.

The noise of the people—Great demonstrations of religious fervor, including especially singing and dancing, were characteristic of religious ceremonies in ancient times.

18. The noise of them that sing—It was not the sound of conflict, but of festive singing, which came from the camp.

19. Moses' anger waxed hot—Once before in his early life had Moses grown exceedingly angry to the point of losing control of himself. On this occasion this caused him to cast the tables of the sacred testimony out of his hands and break them.

20. The calf—A symbol of strength, borrowed from the religion of the Egyptians.

Burnt it with fire—The image would be cast over a wooden core.

Made the children of Israel drink of it—Implying that this drinking would cause disease in those guilty of idolatry.

Verses 21-29 record the appeal which Aaron made in behalf of the people and the relentless punishment inflicted by the Levi at the command of Moses.

30. Sinned a great sin—They had not only broken a definite promise, but in doing so had been guilty of gross ingratitude toward Jehovah.

Peradventure I shall make atonement for your sin—Appeasement in some way the wrath of Jehovah, apparently by offering himself in their stead to be blotted out of the roll of God's people.

32. Forgive their sin—; and if not, blot me, I pray thee, out of thy book—We are to supply in thought the ellipsis indicated by the dash, inserting some such words as "well and good, or I am content," or "I have no more to say." The broken phrases indicate the deep feeling of Moses.

34, 35. I will visit their sin upon them—It is not clear whether the threatened visitation of punishment is to be thought of as following immediately, or at some later time. From the expression "And Jehovah smote the people" some have inferred the former, while others think that the punishment referred to was the ultimate perishing of the entire generation in the wilderness, specifically mentioned in Num. 14:35. "In this wilderness they shall be consumed, and there they shall die."

BLACK BATHROOMS.

London People Having Them Decorated in Black and Gold.

Smart people in London who are suffering from jaded nerves and can afford to adopt any plan to soothe them are having their rooms decorated in black and white or black and gold. The result is said to be extremely restful.

"The craze for black decoration is more prevalent than ever this fall, and we have done many rooms in black and white, in black and gold, or in dark gray and black," said London's chief house decorator recently.

"Some say there is a touch of decadence in this desire for black, but I think that it is something to the nerves, and in the present age of rush and hurry that is what we are all seeking. Black bathrooms are rather a novelty. We have just finished one which has a floor covered with a new asphalt-like preparation which is poured on, hardens, and can be scrubbed or polished till it resembles ebony. The woodwork and walls are black, with a ceiling of gold. The mirror is of black glass—quite a new idea, that—and in the centre of the room is a tub of black marble.

"The lady for whom we arranged this mausoleum of a bathroom was delighted with it, but I don't think many people would care for it. Heavy furniture is used a great deal now, perhaps because it is in harmony with walls in subdued colors, but there is no longer any rule as to rooms being kept all in one period.

"The most impressionist and futurist cretonnes and tinted linens are to be used a great deal. They are very beautiful, especially the futurist ones in vivid colors with a picture hidden till you search for it, and they lend a necessary bright touch to the subdued tones of our ultra-modern rooms."

GRATITUDE PROMPTED THIS LETTER

Prominent People Proud To Testify For "Fruit-a-tives"

MR. TIMOTHY McGRATH

130 ATLANTIC AVE., MONTREAL, MARCH 1st, 1912.

"For years, I suffered from Rheumatism, being unable to work for weeks at a time and spent hundreds of dollars on doctor's medicines, besides receiving treatment at Notre Dame Hospital where I was informed that I was incurable. I was discouraged when a friend advised me to try "Fruit-a-tives". After using three packages, I felt relieved and continued until I had used five packages when a complete cure was the result after years of doctoring failed. I consider "Fruit-a-tives" a wonderful remedy. You are at liberty to use this testimonial to prove to others the good that "Fruit-a-tives" has done me".

TIMOTHY McGRATH.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50—trial size, 25c. At dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful Marvel Whirling Spray Douche

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. WINDSOR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont. General Agents for Canada.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

In all countries. Ask for our INVENTOR'S ADVISER, which will be sent free.

MARION & MARION,

364 University Street, Montreal.

Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Land Agency or Sub-agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties.—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 160 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties.—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties.—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

"MY STOMACH IS FINE

Since Taking Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets"

Mrs. J. Merkhuger, Waterloo, Ont., enthusiastically recommends Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets. Her experience with them, as she outlines it, explains why.

"I was greatly troubled with my stomach", she writes. "I had taken so much medicine that I might say to take any more would only be making it worse. My stomach just felt raw. I read of Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets, and a lady friend told me they were very easy to take, so I thought I would give them a trial and really they worked wonders. Anyone having anything wrong with his stomach should give Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets a trial, they will do the rest. My stomach is fine now and I can eat any food."

One of the many good features of Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets is that they are so pleasant and easy to take. The relief they give from heartburn, flatulence, biliousness and dyspepsia is prompt and permanent. Try one after each meal—they'll make you feel like a new person.

50c. a box at your druggist's compounded by the National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Montreal. 143