

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 11, 1912

**W. PATTON, J. T.**  
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L.D.S., D.D.S.  
Dentist, Graduate of Ontario University and University of Chicago. Office over the post office, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Evening hours please call up residence telephone in reception office.

**FRATERNAL**

**A. F. & A. M.**  
AM LODGE No. 490, G.R.C., Markdale, meets in Masonic Hall, 8 o'clock, on 1st Monday of each month. Visiting brethren always welcome. W. L. McFarland, Sec'y.

**O. C. O. F. No. 389**  
Markdale Canadian Order of Odd Fellows. Meets fourth Tuesday of each month in Ennis' Hall at 8 o'clock. W. L. McFarland, Sec'y.

**DALE LODGE No. 141**  
A. O. U. W.  
Athletes' Hall at 8 o'clock on 1st and 3rd Monday in each month. A visit from other lodges solicited. Pickell, Master. F. Gardner.

**MARKDALE I.O.F.**  
No. 991.  
Athletes' Hall the third Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock. A visit from other lodges solicited. Must be paid to the Secretary, Frank Graham, on the last day of the month. W. L. McFarland, Sec'y.

**GREEN LODGE No. 387**  
I.O.O.F.  
Athletes' Hall at 7:30 p.m. on 1st Friday of each month. Always welcome. W. L. McFarland, Sec'y.

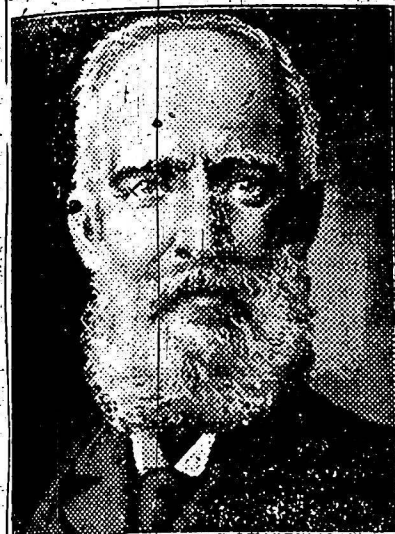
**A. GREY, 1151, G. O. F.**  
Athletes' Hall the third Tuesday of each month at 8 o'clock. A visit from other lodges solicited. Must be paid to the Secretary, Frank Graham, on the last day of the month. W. L. McFarland, Sec'y.

**TENTS**  
MPTLY SECURED  
Hoard Park Campground  
one of camp in

**TORTURED FOR THIRTY FIVE YEARS**

Really could not live without "Fruit-a-lives"

PELAGIA, Ont. Jan. 29th, 1910.  
"For thirty-five years (and I am now a man over seventy) I have been a sufferer from Constipation. No matter what remedy or physicians I employed, the result was always the same—impossible to get a cure. About two years ago, I read about 'Fruit-a-lives' and I decided to try them.  
I have used 'Fruit-a-lives' ever since. They are the first and only medicine that suited my case. If it were not for 'Fruit-a-lives' I am satisfied that I could not live." JAMES PROUDFOOT.



"The greatest remedy in the world for all forms of Indigestion and Dyspepsia, is 'Fruit-a-lives'. Doctors as well as hundreds of people proclaim it. 'Fruit-a-lives' cures all stomach troubles because it makes the liver active, strengthens the kidneys, purifies the blood and keeps the stomach sweet and clear. 'Fruit-a-lives' is the only remedy made of fruit juices. 5c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, or trial size, 25c. At all dealers, or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

**Credit Sale**

Of Farm Stock, Implements, etc. The undersigned will sell by public Auction at Lot 30, Con. 4, Holland, on

**Friday, January 19th**

The Following Chattels, viz:  
1—General purpose mare; 1 general purpose horse; 1 spring filly colt, heavy; 1 cow due to calve Feb. 21st; 1 cow with calf at foot; 2 farrow cows; 1 heifer rising two years old; 2 steers rising 2 years; 1 heifer rising 1 yr; 8 store pigs; 20 Plymouth Rock pullets; 6 ewes; 1 Ram.  
Massey Harris binder; Massey Harris seed drill, nearly new; steel hand roller, nearly new; Massey Harris hay rake, nearly new; Set Tolton harrows; set heavy bob-sleighs; Buggy; Cutter; Truck; Wagon; Road cart; Buggy Pole; No. 21 Flurry plow; Gang plow; Hay rack; Wheelbarrow; 2 stone boats; Canthook; Set heavy harness; set plow harness; set single harness; set wheelbarrow and neckyoke; A quantity of hay for cash; Barrel Churn; 2 cream cans; 3 chairs; Yorks, Cow chains, and numerous other articles.  
Positively no reserve as proprietor is leaving for training.  
Sale to commence at 1 o'clock.  
TERMS—All sums of \$5.00 and under, cash; over that amount 10 months credit will be given on approved joint notes, or 5 per cent. off for cash in lieu of notes.  
**ROBERT WILSON, Proprietor.**  
**RUDD MATTHEWS, Auctioneer.**

**Card of Thanks.**

I take this opportunity to express my hearty thanks to the Electors of Artemesia who supported me in the recent contest for Deputy Reeve-ship. Again thanking you one and all and wishing you a Happy and Prosperous New Year, I remain  
Yours faithfully,  
DONALD McLEOD,  
Ceylon.

**THOUGH IT'S "ONLY A COLD"—STOP IT BEFORE IT STOPS YOU**

Have you ever heard of a case of laryngitis, bronchitis, inflammation of the lungs, or pleurisy that did not start with a common cold?  
Every cold you catch has in it the makings of one or other of these diseases, if it can break down your defences. And even if it does not develop into something more dangerous, it will keep you thoroughly miserable for a week or two at least.

The wise course, as soon as you feel the cold coming on, is to start taking Mc-Dr. Co. Syrup of Licorice, Licorice and Chloroform, and keep it up till the cold is knocked out completely. This splendid cough syrup will do the trick quickly and thoroughly.

You can feel perfectly safe in taking Mc-Dr. Co. Syrup of Licorice, Licorice and Chloroform, or in giving it to your children. We'll gladly give you a complete list of the ingredients if you like. Your Druggist can supply either 50c. or 25c. bottles. The National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, 177

**IMPORTANT EVENTS OF 1911 OF LOCAL AND GENERAL INTEREST**

One of the most important events of the year was the defeat of the proposed reciprocity agreement between Canada and the United States. The Laurier Government appealed to the country on this issue, and were defeated. At the Ontario elections in November the Conservative Government were returned to power by a substantial majority.

It was feared at one time that Europe would be embroiled in war as a result of the dispute between France and Germany over Morocco. Great Britain, however, took a hand in the discussion, and standing loyally by her ally, France, was enabled to avert what would have been an European calamity, Germany and France coming to an agreement by which concessions were made on each side.

Canada and the United States came to a satisfactory agreement regarding the fisheries; a general arbitration treaty between Great Britain and the United States was signed at Washington, but has yet to be ratified by the United States Senate.

The year closed with Italy at war with Turkey, with the apparent overthrow of the Manchu dynasty in China and the declaration of a republic, and the election of Sun Yat Sen as President.

A great Imperial event was the Coronation of King George at Westminster in June. At present His Majesty and the Queen are on a visit to India, where they have been crowned as King-Emperor and Queen-Empress.

The official census of the Dominion showed a population of 7,100,000, a gain of two millions in the decade. The trade of Canada showed remarkable expansion, the fact being coincident with a remarkable increase in the volume of immigration.

The Duke of Connaught was installed as Governor-General of Canada in October.

In the mother country great disturbances were caused by labor strikes and suffragette riots. The vexatious question of the Lords' power to veto was finally settled by the passing of the Veto Bill, which deprives the Peers of many ancient privileges. Mr. Balfour resigned from the leadership of the Opposition, and has been succeeded by Mr. A. B. Law, a Canadian.

A long spell of torrid heat in the United States, Canada and Great Britain caused heavy mortality and destruction of forest and bush by fire. In Toronto the thermometer reached 103 degrees in the shade.

**JANUARY.**

- 1—Hon. Alan Aylesworth, William Mackenzie, Donald Mann, Chief Justice Township and Messrs. G. C. Gibbons and Thomas Tait receive the honor of Knighthood. New service of the Canadian Press inaugurated.
- 2—A. Jackson re-elected Reeve of Markdale.
- 3—Destructive earthquake in Asiatic Russia. Fight between London, Eng., police and Anarchist desperadoes. Two killed and many wounded.
- 4—St. Joseph's College, Granby, Que., burned down; two of the brothers perish.
- 7—Progress made in the trade negotiations between the United States and Canada.
- 9—Farmers Bank deficit estimated at half a million.
- 10—Markdale waterworks saved the town from a disastrous fire which commenced in the Sargeant block.
- 11—Canadian and United States Commissioners at Washington reach agreement re the fisheries; Canada's law upheld in the main.
- 12—Result of voting on local option cuts of 65 licenses in Ontario.
- 15—Fisheries agreement signed at Washington.
- 16—W. R. Travers, ex-manager of Farmers Bank, sent to penitentiary for six years for theft and fraud.
- 18—Death of Chief Justice MacMahon.
- 21—Canada-United States freer trade negotiations reach and sign an agreement.
- 24—Opening of Ontario Legislature.
- 26—Hon. W. S. Fielding in Parliament announces the terms of the trade agreement with the United States. Death of Sir Charles Dilke.
- 28—Officially announced that the Duke of Connaught is to succeed Earl Grey as Governor-General.
- 30—McCurdy, Canadian aviator, makes record flight. S. McKnight elected Warden of Grey County.
- 31—Opening of British Parliament.

**FEBRUARY.**

- 1—Dynamite explosion on a New York pier kills thirty-two people and injures hundreds. Edward Mylius sentenced to one year in jail for libelling, King Geo.
- 4—Six men killed in head-on collision on the G.T.R. near Paris, Ont.
- 5—Death of Gen. Cronje, the famous Boer commandant.
- 6—Lord Bessford announces his retirement from the navy on the 10th.
- 8—Death of Earl Cawdor. The U.S.-Canada reciprocity agreement debated in the Imperial Commons.
- 9—Manitoba Legislature opened. Debate on the trade agreement opened in the British Commons.
- 11—Death of Baron Rothchild of Vienna. Deputation from Markdale waits on Ontario Government re the establishing of the Agricultural School in Grey Co.
- 13—U.S. House of Representatives passes the tariff bill.
- 19—British Chambers of Commerce protest against the British Columbia tax on travellers.
- 21—Death of Mathew H. Richey, ex-Lieut. Governor of Nova Scotia. Mr. Asquith introduces the veto bill in the British Commons.
- 22—A resolution to preserve the Imperial tie unanimously carried in Canadian Commons. Differences between Russia and China settled.
- 23—Gen. Brun, French Minister of War, drops dead.
- 28—Manitoba budget shows a surplus.

**MARCH.**

- 1—Death of Admiral Curzon-Howe. New French ministry formed with M. Antonio Monis as Premier. Terrible famine in China.
- 3—Veto bill passes second reading in British Commons.
- 5—President Taft calls an extra session of Congress for April 4 to deal with the reciprocity bill.
- 8—Mr. Borden's motion to postpone consideration of the reciprocity agreement defeated in the Commons by a majority of 41.
- 10—Laurier Government proposes to proceed with the Hudson Bay Railway and to enlarge Welland Canal.
- 13—Total immigration to Canada for fiscal year 1910-11 officially reported as 300,000.
- 14—Legislature of the Bahamas Islands votes in favor of annexation to Canada.
- 19—Italian cabinet resigns. 88,000 deaths in India

- 21—Foreign trade of Canada for past eleven months amounted to \$687,277,488.
- 22—Death of Justice Girouard.
- 24—Sheffield world-tour choir lands at Halifax, Ontario. Legislature prorogued.
- 29—Death of Bishop Dumoulin. British revenue for past year biggest on record, being \$1,000,000,000. New York State Capitol partly destroyed by fire.
- 31—Death of Col. David Tisdale, ex-Minister of Militia. Customs revenue for the year shows a gain of twelve and a quarter millions.

**APRIL.**

- 4—Hon. Mr. Fielding's budget speech shows a surplus for the year of over thirty million dollars. Visit to Toronto of the world-touring Sheffield choir.
- 7—Death of Senator Forget at Nice.
- 12—Death of Major-General Frederick Watson.
- 14—Death of Sir E. Taschereau. Death of Denham Thompson, the well-known actor.
- 15—Death of Lady Halle, the famous violinist.
- 19—Portuguese Government frames a decree separating Church and State.
- 20—Announcement made that the Agricultural School for Grey County would be located at Markdale.
- 21—U.S. House of Representatives pass the reciprocity measure by a large majority.
- 28—Canada's trade for the past fiscal year exceeds \$759,000,000. Death of Lieut.-Governor Pelletier.
- 30—Armed revolution in Canton against the Manchu dynasty.

**MAY.**

- 2—Inauguration of Hydro-electric power in Toronto.
- 3—Third National Peace Congress opened at Baltimore. Sir Francis Langelle appointed Lieut.-Governor of Quebec.
- 4—Mr. Lloyd George introduces his State insurance bill.
- 5—A woman's household suffrage bill passes the second reading in the British Commons.
- 9—Fierce fighting with insurgents in Mexico.
- 10—Death of Archbishop McEvoy of Toronto. Mexican insurgents capture Juarez. Gen. Madero is appointed provisional President.
- 12—Opening of Festival of Empire at London, Eng.
- 15—The Kaiser arrives in London and is heartily welcomed. Veto bill passes the third reading in British Commons. Standard Oil Company given 6 months to dissolve by U.S. Supreme Court.
- 21—H. M. Bentaux, French Minister of War, killed by a monoplane.
- 23—Meeting of the Imperial Conference at London.
- 24—Large crowds attend Markdale's celebration.
- 25—Diaz resigns the Presidency of Mexico.
- 29—Sir William Gilbert, author of "Pinafore," etc., is drowned.

**JUNE.**

- 2—The Imperial Conference approves the Declaration of London.
- 5—London Methodist Conference denounces the Ne Temere decree.
- 7—General Assembly elects Rev. R. H. McKay Moderator.
- 9—Canadian troops for the Coronation receive a warm welcome in Liverpool. General Assembly grants separation of Queen's University.
- 12—Death of Judge McCrimmon, Toronto. Methodist Conference votes in favor of Church union. H. C. Duff appointed Agricultural Instructor for Grey County with head office at Markdale.
- 13—Reciprocity bill reaches United States Senate.
- 14—Strike of British seamen.
- 16—Grand Trunk railway wreck at Newcastle kills one person and injures 25.
- 19—A number of Canadians receive Coronation honors.
- 20—Imperial Conference concludes its sittings.
- 22—Coronation of King George at Westminster, Abbey.
- 24—The King reviewed the British fleet at Spithead.
- 26—Eucharistic Congress opens at Madrid.
- 30—King George issues a message to his subjects.

**JULY.**

- 1—Porcupine fire-swept.
- 2—Temperature at Toronto touches 103 degrees, the highest on record.
- 3—Hot wave covers the whole country and causes many deaths.
- 7—The King and Queen visits Ireland.
- 9—Sir Wilfred Laurier returns from the Coronation.
- 11—Northern Ontario swept by fire and several towns destroyed. Many deaths reported.
- 15—Canadian team wins Mackinnon cup at Bisley.
- 18—Dominion Parliament re-assembles.
- 19—Pte. Clifford of Toronto wins the Prince of Wales Prize at Bisley.
- 20—House of Lords give veto bill the third reading.
- 23—United States Senate pass the Canadian reciprocity bill by 53 to 27. Pte. Clifford, of Toronto, wins the King's Prize at Bisley. Franco-German negotiations re Morocco assume a threatening look.
- 26—President Taft signs the Canadian reciprocity bill. First Peace Congress opens in London.
- 29—Dominion Parliament dissolved to let the people decide on the reciprocity bill, polling fixed for Sept. 21.

**AUGUST.**

- 3—General arbitration treaty between Great Britain and the United States signed at Washington.
- 7—Sir Alan Aylesworth retires from the Government. Strike of railway men in England.
- 10—House of Lords finally pass the veto bill. Hon. L. P. Brodeur appointed to the Supreme Court. Hon. A. Lemieux transferred to the portfolio of Marine and Fisheries. Dr. H. S. Beland appointed Postmaster General.
- 11—End of the London dock strike. Several men hurt at the barn-raising at Johnston Bros. near Vandeur.
- 13—Desperate strike riots in Liverpool.
- 14—British Commons vote money for the payment of M.P.'s next year.
- 16—Death of Cardinal Moran.
- 20—British railway strike settled through the efforts of Lloyd George.
- 23—Franco-German negotiations re Morocco reach a crisis.
- 24—Markdale won the O.L.A. championship.
- 25—Greater London's population is 7,252,000.
- 26—Thos. Borden of Markdale, tragically met his death.

**SEPTEMBER.**

- 1—Food riots in France.
- 4—Meeting of British Labor Congress.
- 5—Germany and France showing disquieting naval and military activity.
- 6—Exhibits sold at Canadian National Exhibition total more than a million.
- 10—Close of Canadian National Fair with record attendance of 916,100.
- 11—France rejects Germany's terms re Morocco.
- 12—Prohibitionists win the State of Maine.
- 13—Chinese revolt in province of Chentsi.
- 14—Assassination of Premier Stolypin of Russia.
- 18—Spain placed under martial law owing to revolutionary plots.
- 21—The Canadian Government defeated on the question of reciprocity; Conservative majority 49.
- 22—Death of Arabi Pasha.
- 24—Sir Wilfred Laurier consents to lead the Opposition in the new House.
- 25—French battleship Liberté destroyed by an explosion causing a loss of between 300 and 400 lives.
- 27—Earl Grey makes formal public farewell to the people of Canada.
- 28—Italy demands evacuation of Tripoli by Turkey.
- 29—Italy declares war against Turkey.
- 30—Bursting of a dam near Austin, Pa., causes a loss of life estimated at 150. Royalist plot to seize Oporto defeated.

**OCTOBER.**

- 1—Turkey issues appeal to the powers against Italy's action. Lord Strathcona withdraws his resignation as High Commissioner.
- 2—Royalists invade Portugal.
- 3—Ecumenical Methodist Conference opens at Toronto. Population of Hamilton, Ont., is \$2,000,000. Bombardment of Tripoli by the Italian fleet.
- 4—Markdale Fall Fair encounters disagreeable weather.
- 5—Tripoli forts taken by the Italians.
- 6—The Laurier Government resigns; Mr. Borden agrees to form a new Cabinet. Duke of Connaught sets sail for Canada.
- 9—The Royalists in Portugal fail in their efforts. W. H. Hearst succeeds Hon. Frank Cochrane as Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines.
- 10—Premier Borden announces his Cabinet, who are sworn in.
- 12—Chinese uprising against Manchu dynasty makes rapid headway. The Royal party arrive at Quebec.
- 13—Duke of Connaught installed as Governor-General.
- 15—The Chinese rebels declare a Republic.
- 17—Official census of the Dominion places the population at 7,100,000, a gain of nearly 2,000,000 in ten years.
- 19—Dr. Sproule, of Markdale, appointed Speaker of the Ottawa House. Chinese rebels score a big victory at Hankow.
- 23—Death of the Earl of Onslow. The revolution extends to Northern China. Italians meet with a reverse near Tripoli.
- 26—Revolution in China continues to make headway.
- 29—Death of Joseph Pulitzer, proprietor of N.Y. World.
- 30—Emperor of China grants an immediate constitution and extension of nobles from the Cabinet.
- 31—Mr. N. W. Rowell, K.C., accepts the leadership of the Ontario Liberal party, in succession to Hon. A. C. MacKay, resigned.

**NOVEMBER.**

- 1—Gen. Yuan Shi Kai appointed Premier of China.
- 2—President Taft reviews the U.S. fleet of 99 vessels. Death of Lady Colia Campbell, well-known authoress.
- 3—Million-dollar fire at London, Ont. Contents of Franco-German treaty re Morocco and the Congo made public. Reported Italian atrocities at Tripoli discussed in the Imperial Parliament. Shanghai captured by the revolutionists. China granted a constitution by edict.
- 6—Death of Sir John Carling.
- 7—New York State goes Republican.
- 8—Hon. A. J. Balfour, resigns leadership of the Opposition. Death of W. Clark Russell, famous writer of sea stories.
- 9—Canton and other cities join the revolution.
- 10—Rev. Dr. Workman awarded heavy damages against the Wesleyan Theological College for wrongful dismissal and libel.
- 11—King George and Queen Mary leave England on a visit to India.
- 13—Andrew Bonar Law, a Canadian, elected leader of the British Unionist party. Minnis' Mill, Markdale, destroyed by fire.
- 15—Defeat of the P.E.I. Government at the polls. Opening of the new Dominion Parliament.
- 16—Duke of Connaught reads the speech from the Throne in Canadian Parliament. Russian troops ordered to Persia.
- 17—British suffragettes declare war on the British Government.
- 21—Two hundred suffragettes arrested in London for creating a riot.
- 24—Dr. Roper elected Bishop of Columbia.
- 27—Duke and Duchess of Connaught visit Toronto. The negotiations with Germany in the Moroccan crisis were explained by Sir Edward Grey. Death of Mr. Alex. Muir, Reeve of Artemesia.
- 29—At the first division in the new House the Borden Government has a majority of 44.

**DECEMBER.**

- 1—James B. McNamee pleads guilty to blowing up the office of the Los Angeles Times, causing the death of 21 people.
- 2—King-Emperor George and Queen-Empress Mary, given a magnificent welcome at Bombay.
- 3—Nanking taken possession of by the revolutionists.
- 7—The King and Queen loyally greeted at Delhi.
- 8—Persia rejects the demands for control of appointments by Britain in Russia.
- 11—At the Ontario Elections the Whitney Government was sustained.
- 12—The King proclaimed Emperor at the Delhi Durbar. Delhi made the capital of India. The House of Lords rejects the naval prize bill.
- 13—The Princess Royal and family were wrecked off the Morocco coast, and had a narrow escape from drowning.
- 14—The King reviews 50,000 British and Indian troops at Delhi.
- 15—House of Lords pass the State insurance bill.
- 17—Imperial Parliament prorogued.
- 18—President Taft denounces the Russo-American treaty. Death of Dr. Elmore Harris at Delhi, India.
- 19—Death of John Bigelow, the diplomat and author.
- 21—President Taft delivers his address to U.S. Congress.
- 22—Persia yields to the Russian demands.
- 24—Two persons killed and fifty injured in a street railway accident in Toronto.
- 27—Village of Frankford, Ont., almost wiped out by fire. Mongolia and Turkestan become Russian protectorates.
- 28—Dr. Sun Yat elected President of the Republic of China.