

RUSSIANS WILL MAKE A STAND

Gen. Kourapatkin's Message to Czar Points to Big Battle.

GREAT BATTLE IN SIGHT.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Paris Matin says that Gen. Kourapatkin has informed the Czar that the forthcoming battle south of Liao-Yang will be of the most desperate character. This is taken to indicate that the Russians have abandoned their tactics of retreat.

JAPS' STRATEGY.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says:—The Agence Russie has a telegram from Liao-Yang, stating that the Japanese have commenced a general movement north. The extreme left of Gen. Oku's army is marching towards Mount Dalinsky, and Gen. Nodzu is marching towards Mount Modenobu. Gen. Kourapatkin's left is at Salmitsa. It is rapidly moving north. The renewal of activity by the Japanese is believed to have for its object the threatening of the Russian communications with Liao-Yang and Mukden, thus compelling Gen. Kourapatkin to abandon his position at Liao-Yang without giving battle;

DEARTH OF OFFICERS.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says:—The demand for naval officers is so pressing that all the officers detailed for duty at the Naval College have been ordered on active service, and the college has been closed. Gen. Cyril has returned here from Gubkow. He will accompany Vice-Admiral Rojestovskiy, commander of the Baltic fleet, to the Far East.

GUNS DISMANTLED.

A despatch from Tsingchou says:—All the ammunition from the battleship Czarevitch and the three destroyers here has been removed and stored in the German magazine. The guns of the warships have been completely dismantled. The terms of their parole oblige the Russians to remain at Tsingchou until the end of the war. The sailors are making all possible repairs to the ships. The officers who are able to get about are being royally entertained by the Germans.

CRUISERS RIDDLED.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says:—Admiral Alexieff reports that the Rossi and Gromoboi arrived at Vladivostock last Tuesday. Three of the Rossi's funnels were pierced and three of her boilers were useless. The Rossi was struck eleven times below and near the water line. The Gromoboi was hit six times. The losses of both amounted to 50 per cent of their crews and 25 per cent of their officers and 25 lost. It is reported that a large force has left Haicheng and is retiring to Tatschikow. Three days' rain has temporarily checked all movements. Chinese bands are more active than ever.

RUSSIANS WEIRD BRAVE.

A despatch to the Jiji Shimpou, of Tokyo, from Sasebo, gives an interview with Vice-Admiral Kamimura, who said he preferred to endure criticism rather than risk disclosing the tactics of his squadron. He had an important duty to discharge. He added that recently he made a ten-day cruise, but did not find the enemy. He was much disappointed. While returning to his station he found the Vladivostock squadron as it was about to enter the Tsushima Strait. The two squadrons had probably been steaming side by side in the darkness. In another hour he would have been too late and the Russians might have easily got out of sight. They turned to the northwest, which placed the sun at the back of the Japanese and in the Russian gunners' faces. The Japanese took advantage of this. Admiral Kishimoto expressed admiration of the bravery of the Russians. He was impressed by their care in avoiding needless sacrifice of life. The Japanese, however, they had similarly placed, would have committed suicide. He ordered his squadron to do its utmost to save life, even those of the pets belonging to the Burki. He believes the Rossi and Gromoboi have lost their efficiency temporarily. The Japanese saved 63 Russians, including a priest and sixteen officers.

The Asahi says that most of the surviving engine-room hands from the Burki are wounded. Most of the Russian ships which struck the Japanese vessels did not explode.

THE BALTIK FLEET.

A despatch from Paris says: It is reported that the Russian Baltic fleet will be on its way to the Far East before Sept. 1. Eleven transports laden with 65,000 tons of English coal have already sailed, to take up stations along the route that is to be followed by the fleet.

RUSSIAN RESERVES.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: The mobilization of the reserves troops in five of the seven districts of the Province of St. Petersburg has been completed, and the mobilization of those of the Russian capital itself is expected to be announced in a few days. Probably thirty thousand men will be taken out of the population and called to the colors.

RUSSIA TO BACK DOWN.

It is understood at St. Petersburg that Russia will recognize the validity of the British and American view differentiating between condi-

GERMAN FARMER'S DEED.

Struck Arrior Blacksmith With a Pickaxe.

An Ottawa despatch says:—Gustave Middlestadt, a well-known and prosperous farmer of Grattan Township, in Renfrew County, is under arrest for the murder of Ernest Eggert, an Arrior blacksmith, as the result of a blow struck by the former while under the influence of drink. On Wednesday afternoon Middlestadt went to Eganville, accompanied by his wife. He visited a number of the hotels and was drinking, and though generally of a good disposition was not considered accountable for his actions when under the influence of liquor. He had occasion to visit Eggert's blacksmith shop, where he spent considerable time. Eggert suggested to him in a good-natured way that he had better go, as his wife was waiting. The man left the shop, but in a few minutes he was back again. Eggert told him to go. Middlestadt stepped toward the door as if to leave, but went savagely at Eggert, striking him with the point of the pick-axe he had laying hold of it. Eggert, striking him with the point of the axe in the region of the temple. In this he went to his rig and drove home. An alarm was raised, and Eggert was taken to a surgery and later to his home. Despite medical aid he gradually sank, death occurring this afternoon. The dead man was 50 years of age and leaves a widow. Middlestadt is about 42 years old, and is the father of a large family. Immediately after Eggert's death Middlestadt was arrested and taken to Eganville, where an inquest has been commenced. The victim of the tragedy was a hard-working, industrious man.

A SECOND ARMY.

Paris, Aug. 17.—A despatch to the Echo de Paris from St. Petersburg announces that Viceroy Alexieff, who is now in Vladivostock, is engaged in organizing a second Russian army to be commanded by either Gen. Karchev or Gen. Gonchukomiloff. The formation of this army, says the correspondent, of which Gen. Kourapatkin has not been informed, will, it is thought, diminish the influence of the Commander-in-Chief and to a large extent interfere with his movements.

It is considered in military circles at St. Petersburg that the choice of generals in the Far East leaves much to be desired.

AWAITING DECISIVE BATTLE.

A despatch received at St. Petersburg from General Kourapatkin, dated from Anshanshi, and conveying the congratulations of the army to the Emperor on the birth of an heir to the throne, says:—"We await a decisive battle with the Japanese at my advancing upon us, gladly participating meeting the foe, and proving our ability to our Emperor and country."

BIG FLANKING MOVEMENT.

A despatch from LiaoYang says: A general Japanese flanking movement is developing to the east and parallel with the railway, involving all the troops from Daili Pass to Dioldishan, on the Taitsze River, 35 miles southeast of Mukden. It is evident that these troops have combined to force the Russians out of LiaoYang without a fight, and thus secure advantageous winter quarters. It is not thought the Japanese have enough men to consummate the movement until the release of a fiery coating.

When the sailors saw it they rushed at the shield, which they found was moving like an electric fan. The captain ordered several of the crew to move some iron chains lying on deck, but they were unable to do so, although the chains did not weigh more than seventy-five pounds each.

Everything was magnetized, and chains, bolts, splices and bars adhered to the decks as if they had been riveted. The cloud was so dense that it was impossible for the vessel to proceed. The captain could not see beyond the decks, and every thing appeared to be at mass of glowing fire.

Underneath the cloud lifted, the phosphorescence on the ship began to fade and in a few minutes the cloud passed away and could be seen moving over the sea.

TELEGRAPH MONEY ORDERS

British Government May Establish Service.

A London despatch says:—The Postmaster-General's report for the year ending March, 1904, says the question of establishing a telegraph money order service with the British Colonies is under consideration, and he hopes it will be possible to effect a desirable extension at an early date. The estimate of the weight of letters and postcards despatched to Canada is 115,000 pounds; circulairs, book packets, newspapers, etc., 12,125,000 pounds; the corresponding figures from Canada are 107,000 pounds and 500,000 pounds. The number of parcels despatched was 120,672; received 51,345. Under the heading of detailed statement of gross receipts and net produce and revenue appear the items:—From the postage collected by colonial offices and postmasters abroad, £32,948; for postage collected for credit, of colonial offices, £182,194.

BIG RUSH NEXT YEAR.

Many Immigrants Will Come to Canada.

An Ottawa despatch says:—Thomas Duncan of the Canadian Immigration Office, London, in the city on a holiday trip, to New York, says 50,000 British and 35,000 foreign settlers have been sent to Canada for the first six months of this year. Next year will see a big rush, as the tide is now in Canada's way in earnest. He says a better class are coming than ever before.

WILL USE GAS LIFE BUOYS

Life-Saving Apparatus to Be Tested on Steamers.

A Chicago despatch says:—Some of Chicago's passenger steamers are to be supplied with gas life buoys to rescue those who fall overboard. The buoy, above will burn a brilliant gas jet for a considerable time, is lighted as soon as it strikes the water. Extensive tests of the buoys have proved satisfactory. Sailors and passengers falling from steamers in the night, though in many cases able swimmers, have almost always perished through inability to find life preservers cast overboard for

MAXIM'S FLYING MACHINE

Believed to Have Solved the Problem of Aerial Flight.

A London despatch says:—The Evening News reports a first view of Sir Hiram Maxim's new flying machine, which, it says, has probably solved the problem of aerial flight. The machine resembles a gigantic swallow. It is twenty-foot long and is painted a vivid scarlet. It is described as a masterpiece of mechanical ingenuity. It flies on the principle of a kite.

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THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese, and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, Aug. 23.—Wheat—Ontario grades are firmly held. No. 2 white and red Winter being held at \$1.08 to \$1.04 for milling. Manitoba wheat is quoted at about 25¢ higher. No. 1 Northern at \$1.07; No. 2 Northern at \$1.04, and No. 3 Northern at \$1.01. Georgian Bay ports. Grinding in transit prices are 6¢ above those quoted.

Butchers' bulls ... 1.75 2.50
do medium ... 1.75 2.50
do light ... 1.25 1.75
Light bulls ... 2.25 2.75
Feeders, short-keep ... 4.25 4.50
do good ... 3.75 4.00
do common and rough ... 2.00 2.50
Bulls, export ... 3.50 4.00
Butchers picked lots ... 4.25 4.00

do good to choice lots ... 4.00 4.25
do fair to good ... 3.75 4.15
do mixed lots, medium ... 3.50 3.75
do good cows ... 2.85 3.35

do common and rough ... 2.50 3.00

Milk cows, each ... 30.00 50.00
Export ewes, per ewt. 3.65 3.75

Sheep ... 3.00 3.25

Spring lambs, each ... 4.50 5.00

Lambs, per ewt. ... 4.25 4.75

Calves, per lb. ... 34 5

do each ... 2.00 10.00

Hogs, selects, per ewt. ... 5.85

do lights ... 5.35

do fats ... 5.25

do common and rough ... 2.50 3.00

Milk cows, each ... 30.00 50.00

Export ewes, per ewt. 3.65 3.75

Sheep ... 3.00 3.25

The majority of the shearers in Ottawa have had their rates increased from 36 to 42¢ per hour, making \$3.44 for a day.

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