

# CHAMBERLAIN AT BIRMINGHAM

## Appeals to Patriotism and Self-Interest for Support.

A London despatch says: "Joseph Chamberlain made a speech on Wednesday evening to a gathering of 9,000 of his fellow-townsmen at Bingley Hall, Birmingham. It was by far the largest audience the former Colonial Secretary had faced during the fiscal campaign, and the enthusiasm naturally exceeded the remarkable scenes witnessed in the others, and was emphasized by the Chamberlainite victory at the previous municipal election in Birmingham.

Before Mr. Chamberlain arrived the vast audience kept shouting to Mrs. Chamberlain, "Where's Joe?" The speech was marked throughout by tumultuous enthusiasm, especially at the end, when with true dramatic instinct he drew from a piece of brown paper two enormous, equal-sized loaves of bread, representing the taxed and untaxed loaf, and holding them at arm's length, laughingly asked, "Which is which?"

**LITTLE ENGLANDERS.**

After dealing with conditions during the past fifty years under free trade, and quoting figures to sustain his argument, Mr. Chamberlain quoted Cobden as saying that the United States would eventually abandon manufacturing, and that their workmen would go back to the land and dig and do for us." Americans, however, said Mr. Chamberlain, had not so conceived their national destiny. Behind the tariff wall they had built up their industries, until they had reached a stage where, unsatisfied with the extent of their own markets, they were invading those of the United Kingdom.

Reverting to the question of a preferential tariff for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain charged those opposed to his plans with being "little Englanders," lacking in the desire to bring the colonies closer to the Mother Country, and preferring to do more for strangers than for their own flesh and blood.

Mr. Chamberlain spoke for nearly two hours, in the main repeating his

former arguments, and appealing to the patriotism and self-interest of the people of the United Kingdom to sustain his fiscal project.

**TIES WITH COLONIES.**

The gist of the speech was an appeal to the English people to lose no time in binding closer the units of the Empire. If Britain were out of sympathy with the colonies and refused their offers, if she could not co-operate in sustaining the Empire, she would lose her opportunity, and it might never recur.

Then there should never be the bond of commercial union which at one time was the ideal of Lord Rosebery, and with no commercial bond they could never secure that Imperial federation for which Lord Rosebery declared he was willing to die. A large party in the country regarded the colonies as a costly encumbrance. He was not quite sure whether the modern leaders of free trade shared those anticipated views, but at any rate, instead of appreciating the importance of Imperial unity, all they thought of was the unity of the Radical party. Continuing, Mr. Chamberlain said: "We revered and gloried in those family ties with the colonies, mutilating them and sending them out to buy. Children have been lured in hundreds to North Central, and East Russia by promises of remunerative occupations. The tongues, eyes, faces, arms, and legs of the victims have been mutilated, and in this condition they have been compelled to seek alms on the pretext that they were sufferers from Turkish barbarities in Macedonia. Printed circulars have been found on some of these children giving details of their cases. The police have made a number of arrests, and the public agitation is so great that soldiers are required to guard the prisoners over which I presided in London.

"When I remember how all the colonies responded to their allegiance and sent men by thousands, and paid their money during the recent war, I feel confident that these men negotiate without any fear of the result, and that they will show great generosity and patriotism."

## DEATHS FROM CONSUMPTION

Statistics Show Falling Off in Mortality.

A despatch from Toronto says: The returns received at the Provincial Health Office show a largely decreased number of deaths from consumption for last year compared with some years past. The deaths from consumption last year, 2,604, show a decrease of 549, compared with 1901, and 800, compared with 1900, when the deaths totalled 3,484.

The figures for the past six years are as follows:

1897	3,754
1898	3,291
1899	3,405
1900	3,494
1901	3,243
1902	3,694

1903 19,731

The falling off is believed to be the result of sanitary measures, and better care of tuberculosis patients.

While diphtheria has fallen off from the figures of last year there is this year a great increase in the number of scarlet fever cases for the Province as a whole.

**MUTILATING CHILDREN.**

**Cruelly Treated By Greeks and Sent to Beg.**

An Odessa despatch says: "Revolted discoveries have been made here concerning the practices of a Greek organization which has engaged in the business of importing Greek children, mutilating them and sending them out to beg. Children have been lured in hundreds to North Central, and East Russia by promises of remunerative occupations. The tongues, eyes, faces, arms, and legs of the victims have been mutilated, and in this condition they have been compelled to seek alms on the pretext that they were sufferers from Turkish barbarities in Macedonia. Printed circulars have been found on some of these children giving details of their cases. The police have made a number of arrests, and the public agitation is so great that soldiers are required to guard the prisoners over which I presided in London.

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**ARMY OF IMMIGRANTS.**

Arrivals for the Past Ten Months Number 121,115

An Ottawa despatch says: "The Government returns show that 121,115 immigrants came to Canada during the ten months up to the close of October. Of this number 51,511 were from the British Isles, 39,016 from the United States, and 33,528 from various countries of Europe.

Buckwheat—The market is firm, with quotations 41 to 42c at outside points.

**FLY COUNTRY PRODUCE.**

Apples—The market is quiet, with no change in prices. Winter fruit quoted at \$2 to \$2.50 per bushel, in car lots, and at \$2.50 to \$3 in small quantities.

Bananas—There is a quiet trade, with prices steady. Unshipped \$1.75 a bushel, and hand-picked, \$1.90 to \$2.10.

Honey—The market is quiet at 6 to 6c per lb, for bulk, and at \$1.25 to \$1.50 for comb; Choice clover honey, 7 to 7c per lb.

Jay—Demand is fair, with receipts only moderate. No. 1 timbre quoted at \$9.50 to \$10 on track, Toronto, and mixed at \$7 to \$7.50.

Straw—The market is quiet at \$7.50 per ton for car lots on track.

Hops—The market is quiet, with this season's crop quoted at 22 to 25c.

Potatoes—The offerings are fair, with little change in prices. Cans of good quality offered to-day at 53c per bag on track, and inferior at 50c.

Douglas—The market continues dull and weak, with sales difficult to make. Dry plucked turkeys quoted at 10c per lb., geese at 6 to 6c, ducks at 7 to 8c, chickens at 7 to 8c, and fowls at 6c per lb.

**THE DAIRY MARKETS.**

Butter—The market is fair, active, with demand good for the finest qualities. We quote—Finest 1-lb. rolls, 18 to 19c; selected dairy tubs, 16 to 17c; secondary grades, 13 to 16c; creamery prints, 22 to 23c; soids, 20 to 21c.

Eggs—The market is firm, with sales of limed at 17 to 18c. Fresh eggs are quoted at 20c, and strictly new laid at 23 to 24c.

Cheese—Market is quiet, with prices steady. We quote—Finest, 11c to 12c per lb., and seconds, 10c to 11c.

**HOG PRODUCTS.**

Dressed hogs are unchanged, with car lots quoted at \$6.75 to \$7.00 per head.

Cured meats, steady, with a fair demand.

We quote—Bacon, long clear, 10 to 10c in ton and case lots; Mess pork, \$17; do, short cut, \$20.

Smoked meats—Hams, light to medium, 13c to 14c; do, heavy, 13c to 14c; rolls, 11c; shoulders, 10 to 10c; backs, 16c; breakfast bacon, 14c.

Lard—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. We quote—Tiers, 8c; sides, 8c; tubs, 8c; pails, 9c; compound, 8c to 9c.

**BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.**

Montreal, Nov. 10.—Manitoba meat has dropped to 82c for No. 2 Northern, Fort William, and many buyers expect to get lower.

For this reason, and partly on account of undervalue of prices

Manitoba mowers have lowered their prices, 20c a barrel for all grades;

this, however, is not likely to last

long, as freight will go up 10c

to about 10c a barrel on Ontario flour in bags, but the scarcity of barrels keeps up the price of barrelled flour.

The cheese trade is suffering from a scarcity of cheese boxes,

which has forced many factories to close down, though receipts of cheese

are falling off, exports have decreased

still more, it is hard to get more

than 10c for the latest Westerns,

but few holders will sell at that,

and the cheese of a couple of weeks

ago is held at 11c. Butter is fairly

firm, especially for the cheaper

grades; selected Western dairy butter

is scarce and in demand at 17c,

while there is nothing to be had under 14c.

Owing to the warm weather little poultry is arriving,

and much of it is out of condition

when it gets here. Grain—Peas,

71c to 72c, afford here; rye, 58c

east, 58c; oats, 30c; buckwheat,

58c; No. 2 oats, 30c less; flaxseed, \$1.16

on track here; No. 2 barley, 50c.

## UNION WITH CANADA.

Political Party Formed in Newfoundland.

A St. John's, Nfld., despatch says:

"A sonation has been created here by the formation by former Premier Sir William Whiteway and former Attorney-General Donald Morrison of a political party which will appeal to the country next year on a policy having in view union with Canada. The party will also oppose the present Bond Ministry and the royal Opposition led by Alfred Mor-

## THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese, and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, Nov. 10.—Wheat—The market is quiet, with the feeling somewhat easier. No. 2 white and red winter quoted at 75c east and 70c west. Rolled oats—\$1.90 per bushel. Fed—Manitoba bran \$1.70 to \$1.80; shorts, \$20, bugs included; Ontario bran, in bulk, \$1.65 to \$1.70; shorts, 1b, bulk, \$20.50 to \$21.50. Beans—Choice prime, \$1.60 to \$1.64 per bushel in car lots. Provisions—Heavy Canadian short cut, \$20.50; compound refined lard 8c; pork, \$20.50 to \$21; light short cut, \$20; Canadian lard, 8c to 9c; Kettle rendered, 8c to 10c; ham, 12c to 14c; bacon 14 to 15c; fresh killed abattoir hogs, \$7.50 to \$7.74. Eggs—Candled, selected, 22c; straight receipts, 19c; Montreal lined, 18c; Cheese—Ontario, 11c; Townships, 10c; Quebec, 10c; Interprovincial, 10c; Manitoba creamery, 21c; Quebec, 20c; Western dairy, 16 to 17c.

**UNITED STATES MARKETS.**

Duluth, Nov. 10.—Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 hard, 82c; No. 1 Northern, 80c; No. 2 Northern, 77c; December, 56c; May, 77c.

St. Louis, Nov. 10.—Wheat—December, 80c; May, 77c.

Buffalo, Nov. 10.—Flour—Pork, 5c; Nothing doing. Corn—Dull.

Minneapolis, Nov. 10.—Wheat—December, 80c; May, 77c.

Buffalo, Nov. 10.—Flour—Pork, 5c; Nothing doing. Corn—Dull.

Kingston, Nov. 10.—Wheat—December, 80c; May, 77c.

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