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How They Looked to Her.

I was visiting a friend's house with my little girl of 5 years. On being shown a photograph of English choir boys with their surplices on she exclaimed, "Oh, mamma, look at all these gentlemen waiting to be shaved."—People's Friend.

DOINGS OF THE WEEK

A WEEK'S HAPPENINGS IN SHORT PARAGRAPHS.

Dominion, Old Country and American Items Boiled Down for the Perusal of Busy Readers—Casualties, Crimes and Criminals.

THE AGRICULTURAL WORLD.

The official estimate of the wheat yield in Australia is 8,745,000 bushels. There will be a small surplus available for export.

THE RELIGIOUS WORLD.

St. Joseph's Sisterhood, at Hamilton, has received 17 young ladies who formally on the last day of 1897 renounced the world's joys, and decided to give their lives to the services of humanity.

THE FIRE RECORD.

One of the C.P.R. steamers on Kootenay Lake has been destroyed by fire.

Fire did $5,000 damage to the Turkish Bath Hotel in Montreal on Saturday night.

POLITICS—CANADIAN.

Mr. MacCallum was nominated at Watford by the Independents.

Hon. Dr. Borden, who is now in England, expects to sail for Canada on Jan. 12.

Sir Adolphe Chapleau gave a dinner at Spencerwood and announced that he would retire from the Lieutenant-Governorship immediately after the close of the present session of the Quebec Legislature.

Mr. Sifton says that the only practicable route to Dawson City is what is known as the White Pass, or commonly called the Lake route, commencing at Skaguay or Lynn Canal.

POLITICS—IMPERIAL.

The Marquis of Hertford, who has been spoken of as Lord Aberdeen's successor in Canada, says he knows nothing about the Imperial Government's intentions in that connection.

Rear Admiral Lord Charles Beresford has accepted the invitation of the Unionists of York to contest the seat in Parliament, made vacant by the death of Sir Frank Lockwood, Q.C.

SUICIDES.

Coroner Greig, of Toronto, has withdrawn the warrant for an inquest on the body of suicide Geo. [illegible] Whiting, of Thornhill.

Grieving and broken-hearted over the recent death of a favored [illegible], Mrs. James M. Matthews, of 140 Breckinridge street, Detroit, while alone in her home cut her throat with her husband's razor, dying several hours before her [illegible] husband and son returned.

POLITICS—FOREIGN.

M. Teplow, a councillor of State, has been appointed Consul-General for Russia at New York.

It is reported that the Afridis are assembling in tribal council with a view of concluding peace.

A Washington special [illegible] it is probable that Secretary Sherman will retire early in the New Year, in which event he will be succeeded by Ambassador Hay.

MUNICIPAL MATTERS.

According to a report issued by the City Engineer, the total estimated cost of buildings erected in London, Ont., for 1897 amounted to $270,000.

London, Ont., enjoyed a natural increase in population last year of 119 souls. There were 569 births, against 450 deaths. The marriages numbered 324.

A Toronto sessions grand jury expressed the idea that department stores should provide glass cases for their goods to prevent light-fingered folks from taking them.

THE LABOR WORLD.

The Blackman mine, operated by the Lehigh Valley Coal Company, suspended operations indefinitely, throwing 500 men out of work.

The Fairfield (Glasgow) ship yards, which have hitherto held aloof from the Employers' Federation, have posted lock-out notices, which become effective on Jan. 14. Many other Scotch yards will follow suit.

The cotton mill owners in the New England States have practically joined hands and will cut wages 10 to 11½ per cent. It is believed the operators will accept the reduction and not strike. Between 85,000 and 90,000 people are affected.

THE DEAD.

Thomas Madden, of Maxwell, Ont., is dead, aged 75.

Peter Purvis, one of the leading lawyers of Brantford, died on [illegible] day.

S. C. Stevenson, secretary of the Montreal Exhibition Company, died on Sunday, aged 49.

Mr. Robert Hewitt, of the Phoenix foundry at Markham, is dead. Born in Cumberland, Eng., in 1818, settled in Markham in 1855.

Colonel W. D. Hagar, who has been one of the managers of Buffalo Bill's show for many seasons, and is well known all over the country, died last night at Wauseon, Ohio, aged 50 years.

PURELY PERSONAL.

Magistrate Bartlett, of Windsor, celebrated his 75th birthday on Sunday, and is as hale and hearty as ever.

The Empress of Germany, who has been suffering from influenza, has suffered a relapse. Dr. Zuncker, her physician, is staying at the new palace.

Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Ambassador at Washington, has not recovered from a long and painful attack of rheumatism, which has kept him in bed for a good part of the last three months.

Miss Susan Galbraith, a domestic, is suing David Smith, farmer, of East Luther, Dufferin County, for $2,000 damages for injuries to her feelings for refusing to carry out his promise to marry her.

Farmer William Scrace, of [illegible] Township, who died three weeks ago, left an estate worth $20,972.45. The realty is $12,600, and personalty $7,[illegible]. His wife receives the income of the estate.

CASUALTIES.

Sunday night an accidental shot from the revolver of one Campbell, of Burlington, took a little piece out of the neck of Isaac General.

During the year 1897, no less than 36 lives went out in the waters of the Detroit river, six of which were suicides; as against 45 during 1896, nine of which were suicides. For the past [illegible] years the average has been 40.

While out fox hunting on Saturday G. Housman Rutledge of Hyde Park had his arm badly injured by the bursting of his gun.

A tidal wave, due to a southerly gale, swept up the river at Cheboygan, Wis., and caused a terrific shaking up among the vessels tied at the docks.

The steamer Rosedale is now in the dry dock at Kingston. Examination shows that she is in pretty bad shape. It will take $25,000 to repair her.

Edward Young, who lives three miles from Brookfield, Ont., has fractured skull from the limb of a tree falling on him. His recovery is not looked for.

Bert Wythe, an employe at the Office Specialty Company's factory, Newmarket, had his hand injured on Saturday while running a large press and lost one of his fingers.

A fast trolley motor struck Richard Hand's cutter at Carleton and College crossing New Year's night in Toronto and broke his collar bone. He is also suffering from concussion of the brain. Mrs. Hand was bruised, but the son with them was unhurt.

FOR MEN OF WAR.

The Chinese plenipotentiary had an audience at St. Petersburg with the Czar regarding the proposed loan.

At Hong Kong there is great activity in the Chinese naval yards although profound secrecy is maintained.

The British cruiser Crofton has taken on supplies of coal and ammunition and has proceeded to patrol the Chinese seas.

The attitude of Tsung Li Yamen towards Germany has stiffened, resulting in the demand for the evacuation of Kiao-Chou.

The mutilated body of General Sir Henry Havelock-Allan, it is announced from Fort Ali-Musjid, has been found and is being conveyed to Peshawur.

Vice-Admiral Sir Edward Hobart Seymour, K.C.B., who has been appointed British Commander-in-Chief on the China station, succeeding Admiral Buller, has started for Hong Kong, accompanied by his staff.

A despatch from Cairo announces that a French expedition has occupied Fashoda, on the Nile. The reports among the natives, to the effect that the French are descending the Nile, explain the expectation prevailing in military circles and the resumption of British operations towards Omdurman.

A London despatch from Labuan, British Borneo, says that in connection with a British expedition against the rebel leader Matzalleh, in North Borneo, Tallen, an escaped convict, attacked with a small following and took Limbowany, a small Government station on the Palas River. Mr. Fraser, the officer in charge, had a narrow escape. He is now returning with eight police and 30 free Dyaks.

CRIME AND CRIMINALS.

Wm. Gross has been arrested at Toronto on a charge of stealing $3,000 worth of diamonds in Allentown, Pa.

Charles More, for firing a frame house on the Bostwick line of Westminster township, Ontario, was given one year in the Central Prison.

On the last day of 1897 W. M. German, M.P.P., argued the Sternaman reserve case at Osgoode Hall. The court decided to hand out judgment at 11 o'clock Monday.

Theodore Durrant has again been removed to the death cell at San Quentin, Cal., prison to await the hour of his execution, which has [illegible] for 10.30 a.m., Jan. 7.

The criminal charge against Dr. Hutchinson, of Ingersoll, has been dropped, owing to the marriage in that town of Augustus Frezelle and Lizzie Doehan, the other parties in the case.

An action for $5,000 damages has been taken against Mr. T. Ouimet, warden of St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary, the plaintiff being an ex-convict, who claims that Mr. Ouimet did not deliver his letters.

Lawrence Walters, an aged farmer of Cass County, Mich., had no faith in banks and buried his savings, about $6,500, in a hole under the barn. Yesterday he found that robbers had got away with his fortune, and he is almost crazy about it.

Michael Snyder, of Bryson, Quebec, has been committed to jail for placing obstructions on the Pontiac & Pacific Railway line with the supposed object of wrecking an express train. As his sanity is questioned he will undergo a medical examination.

UNCLASSIFIED.

Brantford's free postal delivery will be inaugurated in a few days.

The Merchants and Traders Bank of Brunswick, Georgia, has failed. The capital of the bank was $100,000.

The Rothschilds of Paris and Vienna are fighting the Standard Oil Company with high flash Russian oil of 103 degrees for the British market.

The Army and Navy Clothing Company, Toronto, has been petitioned against by John Calder, Hamilton, to be wound up. The liabilities are said to be about $100,000.

Just before his departure from Dawson, W. E. Knowles, of Oakland, Cal., who was a passenger from Alaska on the steamship Alki, purchased claim No. 3 below Discovery, on the Bonanza, in the Klondike district, paying $25,000 in cash for it.

The yacht Catania, with Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt, his doctor and guests, left for Alexandria on a three months' cruise for Mr. Vanderbilt's health. He takes with him Dr. Jean Charcot, son of the celebrated Professor Charcot, whose fee will be £20 per day.

It has been discovered at Washington, D.C., upon a careful inspection of the permit granted by the British Government for the taking of supplies into the Klondike country free of duty, that the exemption extends only to such goods as are gratuitously distributed.

Major John L. Bittinger, United States Consul at Quebec, has been at his former home, St. Joseph, Missouri, eating his Christmas dinner, and he told his friends there was a movement on foot in Quebec to secure the independence of that province, because of hatred of the English race and religious differences.

A big mining deal has been closed by which the Rigi Group Gold Mining Company, of Colorado, an English syndicate, became possessed of the Rigi, Lizzie May, Yukatan and Lulu Lodges on Battle Mountain. A cash consideration of $500,000, together with 70,000 acres of the Rigi company's stock, was paid.

Three Years at Kingston.

Hamilton, Jan. 8.—James Campbell, the young man who shot Isaac General, an Indian, in Burlington on New Year's eve, was taken before the County Judge in Milton yesterday afternoon. He pleaded guilty to a charge of shooting with felonious intent, and was sentenced to Kingston Penitentiary for three years. He was liable to a life sentence for the crime.

Choked to Death by a Piece of Beef.

Ottawa, Jan. 8.—Angus McPherson, a farmer residing a few miles north of Maxville, met with a peculiar death. While eating his dinner a piece of beef which was not properly masticated, stuck in his throat. He died almost immediately in terrible agony.

FORTUNES MADE IN A DAY.

A Record-Breaking Clean-Up on the Montreal Stock Exchange.

Montreal, Jan. 10.—Saturday was the heaviest day on the Montreal Stock Exchange for five years or more, no less than 12,600 shares having changed hands within an hour and a half. The wonderful rise in Montreal Street Railway from 236 to 244 has made a difference of $400,000 in the capital stock, and the increased value of holdings represents little fortunes to many of the operators. James Ross stands to make $20,000 in a single day, and the Forgets the same amount. Mr. A. Turcotte is also $16,000 better off than on Friday, while Mr. A. D. Porcheron, one of the leading operators of the Street, made $7,000 during that bright Saturday morning. Others, of more or less note, have also made their little pile.

Montreal Notes.

Mr. Julius Scriver, M.P. for Huntingdon, is putting up a very strong fight for Hon. Mr. Bechard's seat in the Senate, and some close friends of Sir Wilfrid Laurier say he has a good chance of success.

Hon Judge Mathieu will likely become Dean of the Laval Law Faculty, replacing Hon. Judge Jette, who goes to Spencerwood.

Hon. A. W. Warburton, Premier of Prince Edward Island, was in the city Sunday, en route for Ottawa.

Troy is in a Bad Way.

Kingston, Ont., Jan. 10.—Troy, the respited Napanee murderer, will be brought to Kingston Penitentiary and placed in the criminal asylum. His conduct in Napanee Jail is very exciting. He raves and talks incoherently, but indignantly denies that he is the subject of hallucination. He says he does not expect to be here on Jan. 14; that before that day he will, in some unexplainable way, be removed. The medical men say that it is one of the strangest cases that ever came under their notice.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Business Being Rushed at the Assembly.

THE DATE OF THE ELECTIONS.

No Conclusion as Yet Reached by the Government—The Premier's Statement—Prorogation Likely to Take Place Within a Week—What Was Done on Saturday.

Toronto, Jan. 10.—The end of the session rush is now on, and if the expectations of the Government are realized this week will suffice to despatch the business on the programme. The Premier intimated that prorogation might, if the printing is sufficiently advanced, take place on Saturday, or at latest on Monday. Mr. Hardy was unable to satisfy the public curiosity as to when the election will be held. In response to an invitation by Mr. Whitney to unbosom himself of this important State secret, he intimated that the Government had not yet come to any conclusion as to the date.

The following bills were given a third and final reading:

To prevent the spread of the San Jose scale.

To make further provision respecting maternity boarding houses and the protection of infant children.

The Attorney-General gave notice that after to-day (Monday) there shall, unless otherwise ordered, be a morning as well as afternoon and an evening session of the House.

Hon. Mr. Davis' bill to amend the Ontario Companies Act passed the committee stage.

The Attorney-General's bill to amend the Manhood Suffrage Registration Act was read a second time.

Hon. Mr. Ross moved the second reading of his bill extending for six years the right of Victoria University graduates to five separate and distinct representatives on the Toronto University Senate.

Mr. Whitney asked if it was intended that at the end of the six years in question a complete fusion would take place.

Hon. Mr. Ross, in reply, expressed the hope that at the end of six years the fusion of the universities would be brought about easily and naturally.

The bill was read a second time, the Ministers leaving it an entirely open question as to whether, at the end of six years, the special representation should be again extended to Victoria.

Hon. Mr. Hardy read a second time his bill respecting the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1897, and it was also put through the committee stage.

The Attorney-General's bill to "further facilitate the purchase of toll roads by municipalities," was read a second time.

Hon. Mr. Gibson introduced and had read a first time a bill to amend the Act respecting the Association of Ontario Land Surveyors.

The Attorney-General introduced a bill "respecting the investment of court funds."

Mr. Whitney asked the Attorney-General for the probable date of prorogation.

The Premier, in reply, said that he thought prorogation should take place on Monday, Jan. 17, or perhaps next Saturday. As to the date of the elections he could not say. As a matter of fact, the Government had as yet decided upon no date.

THE CASE OF MRS. MAYBRICK.

Her Friends Abandon One Position to Take Another.

London, Jan. 10.—Recent advices show that the supporters there of Mrs. Florence Maybrick have finally decided to abandon the attempts which they have so long persisted in, to secure the release of the American woman from prison on technical grounds. Their future efforts will be based entirely upon the arguments that the punishment which she is suffering is excessive and disproportionate to the sentence customarily imposed for the crime of attempted poisoning, which, they assert, is all that was attempted to be proven against her, and upon appeals for clemency on account of Mrs. Maybrick's physical condition. The possibility that clemency will be extended to Mrs. Edith May Carow, who was convicted of poisoning her husband, by the British Consular Court in Japan, and who was recently brought to the English prison wherein Mrs. Maybrick is confined, has rekindled the hopes of Mrs. Maybrick's friends.

British Force in Egypt.

London, Jan. 10.—The Anglo-Egyptian force now operating on the Nile consists of 18,000 Egyptians, three battalions of British troops, and the Nile gunboats, all commanded by the Sirdar, Sir Herbert Kitchener. The latter refuses to allow the war correspondents to go beyond the rail head.

THE DEATH WATCH SET.

Mrs. Sternaman, Convicted of Murdering Her Husband, Now Continually Under the View of Sharp Eyes.

Cayuga, Ont., Jan. 8.—Man's mercy alone can now save Mrs. Olive Adele Sternaman from death. They notified the doomed woman yesterday that her appeal for a new trial had been denied and that her last hope lay in executive clemency. The death watch was put on duty in the morning, and from now until she goes to the gallows on Jan. 24 sharp eyes will watch her every movement.

Not in twenty years has the Crown demanded a woman's life as the cost of a crime and as the adequate warning to other lawless souls. Women have been hanged in Canada, but none of the rising generation can recall an instance. This fact adds to the interest aroused by Mrs. Sternaman's seemingly hopeless situation. Petitions have been scattered broadcast throughout Canada, and in every county of the Province of Ontario people are peddling them and securing signatures. Late yesterday afternoon W. M. German, of Welland, who defended Mrs. Sternaman, sent word to her that he would appear before the Minister of Justice early next week, and would appeal for clemency and urge a commutation of her sentence to life imprisonment. It is the last card, the final play in the woman's game with death. If it wins she will spend her life in Kingston Prison, in the murderess' ward. If it loses she will go to her death sixteen days from to-day.

Gen. Booth Sails.

Southampton, Jan. 10.—A great crowd assembled here Saturday to bid farewell to "General" William Booth, the head of the Salvation Army, who sailed for New York on the American Line steamship St. Paul.

The Extravagant Czar.

London, Jan. 10.—The Czar and Czarina will receive their friends at the Paris Exposition of 1900 in their own pavilion, which will cost £90,000.

The Jewin Street Fire.

London, Jan. 10.—It has been ascertained that the loss resulting from the recent so-called Jewin street fire (also known as the Cripplegate fire) amounts to £750,000. The inquiry is dragging, the evidence obtained being directed towards proving the fire of incendiary origin, and in the direction of demonstrating that the fire brigade is inefficient.

$3,000 Blaze in Trenton.

Trenton, Ont., Jan. 10.—Saturday night about 9 o'clock fire was discovered in the rear of A. W. Hawley's drug store, Front street. The stock was badly damaged by smoke and water. Loss about $3,000, covered by insurance. Cause of fire unknown.

A FREE TRADE RESULT.

The Canadian Binder Twine Industry in Danger of Being Swamped With Yankee Surplus Twine.

Ottawa, Jan. 8.—Messrs. Fielding and Paterson heard an influential deputation yesterday. It consisted of Senator Cox, Messrs. Mann, Hamilton, McAvity and Connor of St. John; R. D. McGibbon, James Wilson, J. N. Greenshields and other Montrealers, who discussed with the Ministers the present position of the binder twine industry. On Jan. 1 binder twine went on the free list, under the Fielding tariff of last session. The deputation claim that without some protection the industry cannot exist, that the surplus stock of the United States manufacturers will be dumped into Canada, and that the result will be to close up Canadian factories, while the consumer himself will not derive any benefit. It is said, while the Government cannot consistently recede from its position in favor of free binder twine, more protection will be given the manufacturers in other lines of twine.

Col. Turner on Duty Again.

Col. Turner, United States Consul-General, has returned from Connecticut, where he spent the Christmas holidays. He says that, provided the requisite permission is obtained from the British Government, a Connecticut regiment will be here on May 24 to take part in the Queen's Birthday celebration. The reported trouble in the regiment, to which the New York Sun gave currency, is said by Col. Truner to be a gross falsehood.

The Stolen Coins.

The Commissioner of Dominion Police has sent to all parts of Canada, the States and to Scotland Yard, London, a list of the valuable coins stolen from the National Art Gallery two days ago.

Dan. Rose's Contract.

Dan A. Rose of Toronto was here again yesterday in connection with his Ogilvie report contract with the Government. Dan has finally closed with the Department, and with the exception of a few rival and jealous publishers, it is conceded that he deserves credit for his smartness.

The Irrigation Accounts.

One of the Government bills to be introduced in Parliament the coming session will be to revise and consolidate the irrigation accounts. The experience of the past three years of the workings of those Acts in the Territories, demonstrated certain defects in the law, which it is proposed to amend, and at the same time to simplify the law.

Dominion Coal Co. Deal.

Premier Murray of Nova Scotia and Attorney-General Longley arrived here yesterday and had conferences with Messrs. Fielding, Mills and other Ministers. The special object of the visit is said to be in connection with the deal with the Dominion Coal Co., made in Boston recently.

TARTE IS AFTER THE SENATE.

Says It Must Be Reformed and Elevated and Made Democratic.

Montreal, Jan. 8.—"The Senate must be reformed; it must be elevated; we must give it character; we must give it the prestige it has lost; in a word, the Senate must be made more democratic."

The above is contained in an article which Hon. J. Israel Tarte writes concerning Canada's Upper Chamber.

"The composition of the Upper House is in constant conflict with the thoughts of the fathers of confederation, who certainly never dreamed of making the Senate a hospital for political invalids or an exclusively Conservative retreat. If we really have responsible Government, and if the Government and the House of Commons really represent the voice of the people, how then can that Government be left at the mercy of that body of immovables?"

It is about decided that eight of the ringleaders of the recent revolt at St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary will be flogged, although the date is withheld.

Mgr. Bruchesi left for Toronto last evening to consult the Archbishop of Toronto re the papal encyclical.

WHEAT HIGHER.

This is in Consequence of an Increased and Firm Export Demand—The Local Prices.

Friday Evening, Jan. 7.

Cash wheat in Chicago 1¾d higher at 92c.

Liverpool wheat futures closed ½d to ¾d higher.

Leading Wheat Markets.

Following are the closing prices to-day at important centres:

	Cash.	May.
Chicago	$0 92	$0 91⅞
New York	0 99	0 93½
Milwaukee	0 89½	0 91¼
St. Louis	0 93	0 94⅞
Toledo	0 91½	0 93½
Detroit	0 91¾	0 92⅞
Duluth, No. 1 hard	0 91½	....
Duluth, No. 1 Northern	0 91	0 91
Toronto, red	0 86	....
Toronto, No. 1 hard	1 02	....

Toronto Grain and Produce.

FLOUR—The market is quiet, with the tone a little firmer. Straight rollers are quoted at $3.80 to $3.95, middle freights.

WHEAT—The demand for wheat was better to-day, with prices firmer. Red winter sold outside at 82½c, high freights. Spring sold on Midland at 83½c for No. 2 and goose 78c Midland. Manitoba wheat steady, with No. 1 hard quoted at $1.02, grinding in transit, Toronto freight, and 91c at Fort William, and at 98c Owen Sound and Midland.

BARLEY—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. No. 2 is quoted at 32c west. No. 3 extra sold at 28c west and feed at 25c to 26c west.

OATS—The market was firmer to-day, with sales of white at 25c west and at 25½c Midland. Mixed sold at 24c west.

PEAS—The market is higher, with sales at 48c north and west and at 49c on Midland.

WHEAT. The market rules steady, with sales at 31c to 32c outside.

[illegible] The market is dull, with quotations unchanged at 44c west and at 45c to 46c east.

CORN—The market is quiet and prices unchanged. Sales at 27c west.

[illegible]—The demand is fair, with sales at $7.50 to $7.75 west. Shorts rule at $10 to $12 middle freights.

OATMEAL—The market is unchanged, with car lots in bags quoted at $3.20.

PROVISIONS—Trade remains quiet, with prices steady. Bacon, long clear, 8c to 8¼c. Breakfast bacon, 11c to 11½c. Rolls, 9c to 9½c. Mess pork, $14 to $14.25; do., short cut, $15 to $15.25; do., shoulder mess, $13.00. Hams, smoked, 10½c to 12c. Lard steady at 6½c to 6¾c for tierces, 6¾c to 7c for tubs and 7c to 7¼c for pails. Compound, 5½c to 6c.

POTATOES—The market is quiet, with car lots quoted at 58c to 60c per bag on track.

HOPS—Trade quiet, with choice qualities quoted at 14c to 15c, and old 8c to 9c.

Toronto Live Stock.

The receipts of live stock at the Western Cattle Market to-day were large, 42 car loads having come in, composed of 514 cattle, 427 sheep, 1400 hogs and 14 calves.

Prices for export cattle remain the same, $3.75 to $4.25 per cwt. being paid for small lots.

Export bulls $3.12½ to $3.65.

Prices at the present time are $1 per cwt. better than they were a year ago, yet many of the dealers complain of losing money, having paid the farmers too much for their cattle.

Shipping cattle, medium	$3 75 to	$4 25
Bulls, heavy exports, good quality	3 12½	3 65
Bulls, feeders, per cwt.	2 25	2 75
Stockers and medium to good	3 00	3 25
Feeders, heavy	3 40	3 75
Butchers' cattle, picked lots	3 60	3 85
" good	3 35	3 60
" medium	3 00	3 30
" inferior	2 85	3 00
Springers, each	25 00	40 00
Milch cows, each	25 00	44 00
Calves, each	5 00	8 00
Sheep, per cwt.	3 00	3 25
Bucks, per cwt.	2 25	2 50
Spring lambs, each	3 50	4 50
Hogs, 140 to 200 lbs.	4 75	5 00
" light fats	4 50	....
" heavy fats, per cwt.	4 50	....
" sows	3 50	3 75
" stags	2 00	....
" store	4 25	....

British Markets.

Liverpool, Jan. 7.—No. 1 Northern wheat, 7s 8½d to 7s 9½d; No. 1 Cal, 8s 1d to 8s 1½d; red winter, stocks exhausted; peas, 5s 1d; corn, 3s 2¼d; pork, 47s 6d for fine western lard, 25s 3d; bacon, heavy, l.c., 27s 6d; do., light, 27s 0d; do., short cut, 27s 6d; tallow, 19s 0d; cheese, 43s 6d.

Liverpool—Wheat futures steady at 7s 3d for March, 7s 1d for May, and 6s 10¼d for July. Maize steady at 3s 1½d for Feb., 3s 1½d for March, and 3s 2d for May. Flour 25s 3d.

London—Close—Wheat on passage quiet, er. Maize on passage quiet and steady. Clipped oats, Jan. and Feb., 14s 0d.

Paris—Wheat, 27f 90c for Jan. Flour, 58f 80c for March.

FATAL ADVERTISEMENT

Jennie Warren Found Her Affinity in the Matrimonial Column.

ROMANCE ENDS IN TRAGEDY.

The Denver Police Believe Frederick C. Sanchez Deliberately Murdered His Bride For Her Life Insurance—A Story of Dissipation and Deception.

In the Denver jail lies Frederick Capriano Sanchez, alias Jose Sanchez, only 23 years old, but charged with the deliberate planning and execution of a revolting crime—the winning of the affections of a foolish and unprotected girl, marrying her and at the end of two months murdering her for the insurance he had placed upon her life.

FREDERICK C. SANCHEZ.

The story of the crime, according to the belief of the Denver police, is one of carefully planned deception leading to the opportunity for its execution. The chance for its carrying out came through a matrimonial advertisement inserted in a paper by Miss Jennie Warren of Metropolis, Ills., an orphan 19 years old. By means of the advertisement she met young Sanchez, on a few days' acquaintance married him and went with him to Denver, where, according to belief, to meet death at his hands.

Young Sanchez is the son of J. H. Sanchez, a highly respected citizen and sheriff of Valencia county, N. M. The young man was known as a roistering blade in his home town, and one of his chief delights was to attend the Mexican chicken fights, which are a favorite pastime of his race.

Last June Sanchez attended a dance at Peralta, N. M., where one of those present was Miss Virginia Otero de Chaves of Los Lunas, niece of R. M. Otero, register of the United States land office, to whom he had been attentive. Becoming jealous of the attentions of other young men, Sanchez engaged in a quarrel and attempted to shoot the young woman, but was disarmed. He had previously made threats of killing her when she refused his attentions. Immediately after this by his father's aid, Sanchez was hurried out of the country, and because of the prominence of the families the matter was hushed up.

When his father sent him out of New Mexico he supplied the young man liberally with money, giving him $1,200 for his expenses, and bidding him remain away until his rash act was forgotten. Young Sanchez reached Denver some time in July and remained in the city about a month in idleness, spending money liberally, always well dressed, and inclined to be "sporty."

It was while lounging about that he noticed an advertisement in a matrimonial paper, signed by Miss Jennie Warren of Metropolis, Ills., seeking for a correspondent "with a view to matrimony." Sanchez answered the "ad.," Miss Warren replied, letter succeeded letter, photographs were exchanged, and it seemed that two kindred souls had found each other. Miss Warren's letters were ingenuous and trusting. She wrote that she was an orphan, unhappy in her environment and longing for relief from uncongenial surroundings. He painted a glowing picture of their happy future. The sight of the "counterfeit presentment" of her sweet face, he declared, had lighted the fires of love in his soul and time limped with laggard steps until he could make her his wife. He told her he held a lucrative position in the post-office, and sent her a fictitious letter of recommendation, signed by a mythical personage, one "A. S. Johnson." He also sent her an engagement ring on Aug. 10 and announced his intention of following it on Aug. 18, which he did.

Sanchez reached Metropolis on Aug. 21, and the marriage took place the next day. The couple left for the west a day or two later. The friends of the young woman were opposed to the marriage, thinking it too hasty, but she was evidently infatuated with the young man and impressed with the stories he told of his position and prospects in his western home, and would listen to no postponement of the wedding.

JENNIE WARREN.

They arrived in Denver on Aug. 26 and engaged rooms at the Windsor Hotel. It was only a few days before the people about the hotel were whispering that the young couple were given to quarreling. The wife was noticed with reddened eyes and Sanchez himself frequently wore a forbidding scowl. Soon they removed to the Columbia, a second class hotel, and here, too, the inharmonious relations of the pair were observed and commented on by the attaches of the house. Sanchez spent a good part of his time away from his young wife, he drank to some extent and his companions were not of the best. Finally the couple removed to the Colorado, a lodging house of a cheap and not of the most particular kind, and here the final tragedy occurred.

In the meanwhile, however, young Sanchez had professed great solicitude concerning his wife's welfare in case he should die, and had secured insurance upon his life to the amount of $5,000 in her favor. Not to be outdone in generosity she consented to take out $1,000 of insurance upon her own life in his favor. The policies were all made out and delivered, the last one, for $5,000, just two days before her death.

At this time it was evident that Sanchez's financial resources were running low. He already owed his landlord, and as he was earning no money and probably hesitated to call upon his father after having got rid of $1,200 in about three months, it is thought he determined to get rid of his wife and collect the insurance upon her life. He was away from the lodging house on Friday night preceding the murder, and about 8 o'clock went to the police station with a story that he had been "held up" and robbed of $5. Investigation by the police failed to discover the assailant, and they concluded that Sanchez's story was of doubtful truth. Subsequent events, however, seem to show that there was method in his madness.

At 8 o'clock on Saturday morning the inmates of the lodging house were aroused by the sound of pistol shots, and, getting up and rushing into the hall, found Sanchez, dressed in trousers and shirt, running about the place flourishing a revolver. He declared that some one had shot his wife and had run down the back stairs. An examination of his room revealed his wife dead in the bed, with a bullet through her brain and powder marks on her hair and the bed sheet, showing that the shot had been fired at close range. Sanchez declared that the assassin had fired from the doorway, which was at least ten feet from the bed; that he had awakened to see the man running away, and taking his pistol from beneath his pillow had shot at and pursued him.

The story was not believed, and Sanchez was immediately arrested. Since then, by the influence of solitary confinement and a liberal application of the "sweating" process, he has confessed that he himself fired the shot, but claims that it was accidental, and that he awoke at 8 o'clock, thinking of the hold up, and in a semiconscious condition seized his revolver, which exploded, causing the tragedy.

This version of the affair is not accepted by the authorities, and, as Sanchez lied in his first story of the killing, efforts will be made to force a further confession from him.

WOMAN WHO WOULDN'T.

And, as is Usually the Case, She Didn't—A Russian Incident.

An illustrative case of "the woman who wouldn't" is reported from Kharkoff. A pretty pleasant maiden in one of the suburbs of that Russian city was recently coerced by her relatives into consenting to marry a small proprietor of the neighborhood for whom she entertained a special dislike. The wedding party appeared, a few days ago, before the altar of one of the city churches. The service went on until the officiating priest put the usual question: "Wilt thou take this man?" etc. The girl to this replied with an emphatic negative, and all the persuasions of her friends failed to change her resolution. The wedding party returned to the house of the bride's parents, who again vainly endeavored to shake the girl's obduracy. The unfortunate and unwilling girl was then soundly beaten, not only by her parents, but also by the friends of the bridegroom. She was carried back weeping to church by the wedding party and the marriage service was recommenced. Again came the crucial question to the bride, and once more the unhappy girl, with tears and blushes, resolutely exclaimed: "No; a thousand times no!" and appealed to the protection of the priest, which was readily granted.

VACHER'S HORRIBLE MANIA

Monumental Crimes of the Frenchman Who Killed For the Sake of Killing.

There is nothing in modern history with which to compare the sanguinary career of the French slaughterer Vacher, the story of whose crimes has recently been told by cable. The Jack the Ripper murders in London ten years ago are completely eclipsed by it, and the revelation is

JOSEPH VACHER.

still incomplete. More than a score of assassinations have been brought home to this bloodthirsty wretch, and scarcely a day passes that another is not added to the list. It is doubtful if the murderer himself knows the number of his victims. He nonchalantly tells the story of some fresh tragedy to the examining magistrate from time to time as the details recur to his diseased mind. Investigation in each case so far has produced full corroboration of the murderer's narrative.

The story of this man, who killed merely for the sake of killing, should be made known throughout Christendom, for it constitutes the most startling warning of modern times against the criminal folly of turning loose upon society an individual subject to fits of homicidal mania. Vacher, who is only about 25 years old, was at one time confined in an insane asylum as a "dangerous monomaniac," but was discharged as fully cured. Dr. Gilbert, the well known expert in mental diseases, says that the physicians at the asylum released Vacher, although they knew he was not fit to be at large, because they were afraid of an outcry in the press against the arbitrary confinement of a citizen under the pretext that he was insane.

That was three years ago. Since then Vacher has wandered through the country districts of France, leaving everywhere a trail of blood, but undetected, even unsuspected, until by mere chance he was caught almost redhanded near Lyons about three weeks ago. Most of his victims were shepherd boys and girls whom he found tending their flocks in lonely fields or on hillsides, but sometimes he killed men and women.

Society Girls Learn Poker.

It seems odd to add the study of the noble game of poker to the curriculum of a young lady's education, but it is nevertheless true that an up to date and fashionable New York [illegible] has actually engaged an expert poker player to teach her daughters how to play. "Of course they are bound to gamble, and they might as well play well as badly," argued their mother. So, by the way of a lighter accomplishment, the little fair and high bred faces may be seen seated at a table with the professional, intent upon the intricacies of the game.

Safety Jail Bars.

Prisoners cannot escape from a new jail cell by sawing the bars or drilling through the floors, as the floor and each bar are hollow and under high pneumatic pressure and are connected with an indicator in the jailer's room to give an alarm as soon as the pressure is decreased by the cutting of a bar or floor plate.

What She Discovered.

"Charley is so tender-hearted," said young Mrs. Torkins to her husband's friend.

"Is he?"

"Yes. Last night, when he came home late, I heard him tell somebody who had walked that far with him that the kitty was doing well. Just think of a man as busy as he is taking so much interest in a poor dumb animal!"

In the Line of Business.

"Isn't Palette, the artist, drinking a good deal?"

"Yes; he has been trying to get a case of the horrors."

"Disappointed in love?"

"Oh, no; it's all in the line of business. He wants some new poster designs."—Chicago Post.

There'd Be Quite a Jam.

First Convict—Don't you wish all them as oughter be in the penitentiary would be sent here?

Second Convict—'Cause why?

First Convict—'Cause then they'd have to let us cove out to make room for 'em.—Brooklyn Life.

The Labor Question.

Hungry Higgins—As fur eight hours being enough for a day's work—

Weary Watkins—It ain't. Any man who'll do a day's work orter git six months.—Indianapolis Journal.

PAIN PAST ENDURANCE

G. W. COON HOPELESSLY CRIPPLED WITH RHEUMATISM.

Could Not Raise Either Hand or Foot and Had to be Fed and Dressed. The Doctors Told Him a Cure Was Impossible, Yet He Attends to His Business To-Day.

From the Millbrook Reporter.

Rheumatism has claimed many victims and has probably caused more pain than any other ill affecting mankind. Among those who have been its victims few have suffered more than Mr. G. W. Coon, now proprietor of a flourishing bakery in Hampton, but for a number of years a resident of Pontypool, when his severe illness occurred. To a reporter who interviewed him Mr. Coon gave the following particulars of his great suffering and ultimate cure: "Some seven or eight years ago," said Mr. Coon, "I felt a touch of rheumatism. At first I did not pay much attention to it, but as it was steadily growing worse I began to doctor for it, but to no effect. The trouble went from bad to worse, until three years after the first symptoms had manifested themselves I became utterly helpless, and could do no more for myself than a young child. I could not lift my hands from my side, and my wife was obliged to cut my food and feed me when I felt like eating, which was not often considering the torture I was undergoing. My hands were swollen out of shape, and for weeks were tightly bandaged. My legs and feet were also swollen and I could not lift my foot two inches from the floor. I could not change my clothes and my wife had to dress and wash me. I grew so thin that I looked more like a skeleton than anything else. The pain I suffered was almost past endurance and I got no rest either day or night. I doctored with many doctors, but they did me no good, and some of them told me it was not possible for me to get better. I believe I took besides almost everything that was recommended for rheumatism, but instead of getting better I was constantly getting worse, and I wished many a time that death would end my sufferings. One day Dr. Perrin, storekeeper at Pontypool, gave me a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and urged me to try them. I did so somewhat reluctantly as I did not think any medicine could help me. However, I used the pills, then I got another box and before they were gone I felt a trifling relief. Before a third box was finished there was no longer any doubt of the improvement they were making in my condition, and by the time I had used three boxes more I began to feel, in view of my former condition, that I was growing quite strong, and the pain was rapidly subsiding. From that out there was a steady improvement, and for the first time in long weary years I was free from pain and once more able to take my place among the world's workers. I have not now the slightest pain, and I feel better than I felt for seven years previous to taking the pills. I thank God that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills came in my way as I believe they saved my life, and there is no doubt whatever that they rescued me from years of torture."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills strike at the root of the disease, driving it from the system and restoring the patient to health and strength. In cases of paralysis, spinal troubles, locomotor ataxia, sciatica, rheumatism, erysipelas, scrofulous troubles, etc., these pills are superior to all other treatment. They are also a specific for the troubles which make the lives of so many women a burden, and speedily restore the rich glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. Men broken down by overwork, worry or excesses, will find in Pink Pills a certain cure. Sold by all dealers or sent by mail, postpaid, 50c. a box or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y. Beware of imitations and substitutes alleged to be "just as good."

GALAXY OF WHEELMEN.

Michael Confronted by an Army of European Racers.

Michael's recent easy victory over Starbuck is a notice to the army of European racers who have recently landed on our shores that they will have to do some brisk pedaling to keep in sight of the midget. One of the most promising of the invaders is A. A. Chase of Liverpool, England. In the past he has held the hour, 50 mile and numerous other records. On more than one occasion he has demonstrated that he is a man of grit and endurance. In his races this season he has been very successful, and his coming to America will give Michael another chance to demonstrate his ability in middle distance work. The best of the European talent, however, is from France. The most noted of the party is Stephane. He was born in Paris in 1868 and has been racing ever since 1879, when he was champion of his country on the ordinary. From then until 1891 he was a sprinter, and simply swept everything before him. In the latter year he became a stayer, and was defeated by Terront in a race from Paris to Brest and return. He won the Paris-Bordeaux 375 mile road race in 1892 and other important events, and in 1895 he finished first in a Paris race in 77 hours and 50 minutes. Then he retired until this year, when he came out again and acquitted himself well, credit during September and October. After Stephane comes Maurice von den Evnde, who is known to cyclists only as Maurice. He is termed "Le Brillant Belge," being a native of Antwerp, and is 27 years old. He held the world's record for the unpaced mile at one time, and during the season just closed lowered the unpaced records for long distance from 2 to 100 kilometers. He has the distinction of having received, like Chase, a present from the King of Belgium. [illegible] Taylor, who is hardly less [illegible] than Stephane and Maurice, is another of the French contingent, and is [illegible] middle distance man of the season. He is only 17 years old and closely resembles Jimmy Michael. He has been a professional only a short time, but has defeated some of the best men in France. Other members of the French contingent are Jean Gougoltz and Dominick Lamberjack.

Ignorance in Motion.

I do not in the least mind if England, when the people are less ignorant and more experienced in self government, eventually becomes a democracy. But violent, selfish, unreasoning democracy would bring expensive bureaucracy and the iron rule of a Cromwell. Let the demagogue remember "liberty that is [illegible] of others is license and indecorum, better than treason." The hero of the morning is so often the traitor of the afternoon. It was the mob which smashed the Duke of Wellington's windows on the anniversary of Waterloo. As Goethe says, "The worst thing in the world is ignorance in motion." The world would grow into the whole dog of worlds should all this babble and gabble everywhere succeed in impressing on the people that the obligations of contract are mere tyranny and that law is nothing but coercion."—Tennyson.

New Seat Post Device.

A new seat post fastener for bicycles does away with the bolt and nut, a more dainty finish being given the frame, rear stays, which merge into one where they meet the end of the perch tube. The only outward evidence of the existence of the adjustment is a lever about an inch in length that runs down the side of the tube from a small aperture. A slight inward pressure of the lever frees the post, enabling one to move it up or down with one hand.

"THAT TERR[illegible]

How it was [illegible] Nova Sc[illegible]

Who is well k[illegible]

IN TIME OF LEISURE

REV. DR. TALMAGE ON [illegible]

[illegible]