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MARKDALE STANDARD.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 12, 1895.

The Week's Commercial Summary.

The stock of wheat in Toronto is reduced to a minimum. It amounts to only 3,700 bushels. Still the wheat market is depressed, millers not being able to sell their flour.

The failures in the Dominion last week show a large increase as compared with the week before, the numbers being 43 and 25 respectively, and still less in the same week of a year ago, when the number was only 22. Ontario leads with 24, being nine more than the previous week. Quebec had 14, an increase of five, none of which were of any commercial importance. Manitoba and New Brunswick had two each, and Nova Scotia one. None were recorded in Prince Edward Island or British Columbia.

Although no big break has occurred in wheat, the general tendency has been steadily downward, and the aggregate loss for the week is considerable. Nothing has occurred to check the decline except a reported decrease in the visible supply of 997,000 bushels when only half a million were estimated. But this had little influence, while the weakness was helped along by official figures increasing the yield of winter wheat by half a bushel to 10.02 per acre. This would make the yield 230,670,775 bushels winter wheat, but even then the total crop would fall below four hundred million bushels according to the Government reports.

The volume of business shrinks, as is natural in August, and the shrinkage seems rather larger than usual because transactions in July were somewhat inflated for the month. Some industries are doing more than ever before in August, and the prospect for fall trade is good in others, although much depends on crops, and the outcome is less clear than speculators on either side are disposed to admit.

Notwithstanding the confidence recently felt in the United States sugar market, and the expectation of better demand and higher prices, it has been necessary to shade list quotations a sixteenth in order to transact business last week. Muscovado raw sugar is now quoted at 2.93, while refined was reduced slightly for some grades, although cut loaf and crushed are maintained at 5.06. Foreign markets are not at all helpful, and the business enacted is of an immediate nature, buying being limited to necessary quantities.

A firmer tone prevailed last week in the anthracite coal market. The price of good free burning coal averaged about $2.70 per ton f.o.b. in New York harbor, showing an advance of 20 cents from the lowest point reached. The Lehigh grades of coal were foresold, and commanded about $2.80 per ton. The demand was very light, as dealers were indisposed to buy coal to put into stock until a firm agreement among the roads appeared likely; 166 production was said to have been materially curtailed. Were dealers buying as much as usual at this season the market might easily absorb the current output of coal, but there are large stocks unsold which also enter into the question. Reading receipts for the week ending August 31 were entitled to 21 per cent. of the tonnage. The number of coke ovens in blast this week is 15,212, with an output of 14,988 tons, and the current price in contracts is for foundry $1.25 at furnace.

The market for staple cotton shows unabated strength in all plain goods, and a number of advances have again been recorded in brown and bleached. The condition is a peculiar one, inasmuch as whilst there is little evidence of an important demand, sellers are kept just as far sold ahead as they care to be. The market for raw cotton still exercises a powerful influence over the selling end, and manufacturers, particularly in brown goods, are so indifferent to business, except at prices which large buyers are not yet prepared to pay, that they have turned down bids probably for nearly as many goods as they have sold. Indications would point to neither brown nor bleached having yet reached their top price limit. In dress cottons prints are in good demand as are both printed and woven patterned napped fabrics, but ginghams are quiet with staples in fair request. Woollen and worsted dress goods show a satisfactory supply, military business in most lines, but men's wear woollens and worsteds generally dull. Silks firm with fair sales. Linens in improved demand and fair business done in new spring lines of cotton underwear.

Here and There.

Some men do all their dreaming in the day time.

Bachelors are going to be mighty lonely in heaven.

Success is often the beginning of disappointment.

Love can be depended upon to keep a woman out of politics.

To regard one's marriage as a mistake is to prove that it is.

If the bicycle were ridden side-saddle there would be few women riders.

No man can ever hope to know as much about himself as his neighbors do.

Women are not likely to become any more advanced than men wish them to be.

Too many people repeat the words of the marriage ceremony with a mental reservation.

Differences of opinion regarding the popular internal and external remedy, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil—do not so far as known, exist. The testimony is positive and concurrent that the article relieves physical pain, cures lameness, checks a cough, is an excellent remedy for pains and rheumatic complaints, and it has no nauseating or other unpleasant effect when taken internally.

In the new woman's Bible "the father of lies" should be changed to "the mother of gossip."

There are eighteen Spanish generals in Cuba at present. Perhaps this is the reason Spain cannot put down the rebellion. Napoleon once said that one poor general was better than two good ones.

A New Ribbon Bicycle Chain.

A Frenchman has patented a metallic ribbon, intended to replace the chain now in use on bicycles. The objection to the chain is that it quickly becomes smutty. The metallic ribbon is made of steel of the quality used in piano wires, and at regular intervals orifices are cut. The sprocket wheel engages the ribbon with the aid of these holes. This ribbon can be cleansed in a moment, a point that will be appreciated by cyclists who have been called upon to perform the noisome task of cleansing the chain with kerosene after a single day's journey.

Cool in Their Absence.

Van Shott—"I don't care to go to the country this summer."

De Bois—"How's that?"

Van Shott—"Well, you see, all my creditors have gone out of town and I think the city will be about as cool a place as I could strike."

Dealer—This is an elegant family wheel, sir; why have you brought it back?

Married Man-Gracious, man—I don't dare to keep it; there isn't any saddle on it for our cook.

Bilkins—Great goodness, Pilkins, how did you ever get engaged to a hump-backed girl?

Pilkins—Well, I always met her when we were bicycling, and I hadn't been to notice it.

TOPICS OF A WEEK.

The Important Events in a Few Words For Busy Readers.

CANADIAN.

Masked burglars are operating in Quebec.

Scarlet fever is becoming prevalent in Winnipeg.

A crisis in Montreal's financial affairs is threatened.

C.P.R. officials' wages are being restored to the former rate.

The Quebec Legislature will probably be called for the end of October.

The new Sydenham glass works at Hamilton will be opened September 3.

Governor Hastings, of Pennsylvania, states that Holmes should be tried in Canada.

Brantford has denied the usual grants to the Horticultural and Agricultural Societies.

Windsor will erect buildings at a cost of $100,000 if it is made the capital of Essex county.

The deadlock in the London West Council on the question of fixing the tax rate continues.

The warships Canada and Magicienne, now at Halifax, will visit Montreal during the Exhibition.

Michael Benoit, late manager of the Banque Nationale, will likely be appointed City Accountant.

The losers by the mail robbery at Kingston last November are to receive pro rata the amount recovered.

A canal scheme from Lake Winnipeg along the water courses to the Hudson Bay is being promoted.

Judge Elliott, of London, has reserved judgment on the charge of extortion against Constable Jeffries.

The Canadian Sault Ste. Marie canal is to be opened on September 9th. There will be no public ceremony.

The report of the experts appointed to examine into the affairs of the Banque du Peuple will be presented September 7.

It is reported at Charlottetown, P.E.I., that a party of seven, five men and two women, are missing from Cape Bauld.

An order has been granted for the winding-up of the Canadian Trading and Shipping Company, and appeal has been entered.

Shareholders of the Commercial Bank of Newfoundland have been called upon to pay the reserve liability of $200 per share.

Summonses are being served on the witnesses in the Smythe-Harty protested election case, to be tried at Kingston, September 16.

Government Engineer Schreiber reports satisfactory progress on both the Peterboro' and Balsam Lake sections of the Trent Valley canal.

General Gascoigne, the new commander-in-chief of the Canadian militia, will sail for this country by the steamship Parisian on the 19th September.

Harrison Watson, curate of the Canadian section of the Imperial Institute, London, has arrived in Montreal to secure better exhibits of Canadian products.

Wallaceburg now numbers among her industries a glass blowing establishment. It promises to be a large addition to the town, employing, as it does 250.

Counsel for Gauther, who murdered the young girl Consigny, has presented a petition to the Attorney-General for Gauther's examination as an alleged lunatic.

John Glenn, of Au ora, was arrested and brought to Toronto, charged with arson. Accused is suspected of having set fire to the freight shed of the G.T.R. at Aurora.

The steamer Dawnmore, belonging to W.R. Grace and Company, New York, has been wrecked near Bandon, Oregon. One of the crew of thirty was killed and another fatally injured.

Charles Molson and Morris Moles were yesterday arrested by Provincial Detective Greer at Duck's Lake, Parry Sound district, charged with murdering James Barrett, one of their neighbors.

At a meeting held yesterday in Hamilton of the Investigation Governors of the Royal Canadian Humane Association, medals and parchment certificates were awarded for heroic action.

Mrs. Charles Graham, of Buffalo, who several weeks ago fell over the bank at Niagara Falls into the gorge, owing to a defective guard, has entered suit against the Queen Victoria Park Commissioners for $20,000 damages.

Mr. R. W. Shepherd, proprietor of the Ottawa River Navigation Company, vice-president of the Molsons Bank, died at his summer residence at Como Friday, at the age of seventy-six. He had not been long ill, and death is attributed to general debility.

The laborers employed in the construction of the Central Counties railway, to the number of one hundred and forty-seven, have struck work until they are paid their arrears in wages. It is stated that they are five or six months behind in their wages.

At Thursday's session of the High Court of the Ancient Order of Foresters, held at Guelph, Mr. A.O. Jeffrey, of London, Ont., was elected High Chief Ranger. It was decided by a large majority to hold the next biennial meeting at Owen Sound, and the demonstration next year at Stratford.

During Wednesday night's storm near Corunna, Ont., a row-boat containing five persons was upset, and four drowned. The names of the drowned are:—Frank Dorush, of Froomfield, Ont., and Mrs. Dorush, Miss Ella Comber, and Miss Della Shynsky, Marysville, Mich. Miss Minnie Shamrock, of Marysville, was saved.

While at Kingston, Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, president of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, was waited on by a civic deputation, who asked for a concentration of the workshops at Belleville and Brockville at that place, and assured the officials that the Councils and city would deal most favorably with the company.

At Friday's session of the Canadian Medical Association at Kingston, a committee appointed at the last meeting of interprovincial registration reported that it was considered most desirable that a uniform standard of matriculation, education and examination for the whole Dominion be established, in order that medical practitioners in Canada be placed on British register.

While a gang of men were digging for terra cotta clay on Wednesday on the farm of the Rathbun Company at Napanee Mills, they discovered under a foot of earth the skeleton of a man or woman, with a large knife sticking in the breast. The knife was dagger-shaped, about fourteen inches long, and much eaten by rust. The skeleton and knife were placed away, but disappeared during Wednesday night.

The Ideal Home.

It has been remarked that the best housekeeping is the sort that one never notices, and the same may be said of furniture and decorations.

In a certain drawing-room the preponderance of brass and onyx stands at once attracts the attention of the caller, who feels an irresistible impulse to be continually counting these gorgeous little tables to make sure that there are seven and not eight of them in sight. The effect of such sameness in furnishing, especially when very noticeable articles are used, is to counteract whatever daintiness the room might otherwise possess, and to suggest a lamentable want of taste on the part of the owner, or, rather the mistress.

The ideal home gives evidence in every part of woman's softening influence, and of her desire to provide restful surroundings that will quiet the wearied eye, brain and body. All colors are soft, cheerful and tastefully combined. Easy-chairs abound, and are evidently intended for practical service. The sunlight is freely admitted by day. Softly shaded lights are used by night. There is no lack of footstools, soft pillows and head rests, and, best of all, the true domestic spirit broods over the whole, lending a charm that money cannot buy or poverty exclude.

Gananoque is to have a new summer hotel.

Business failures throughout the Dominion this week number 42, as against 40 same week last year.

Customs Collector Young, at Fort Erie, was held up by footpads and robbed of $200.

Kingston is seeking to secure a concentration of the G.T.R. work shops at Belleville and Brockville.

The liabilities of the Canada Suspender Company, at Quebec, amount to $34,000 and assets $15,000.

It is understood that the Federal and Provincial Governments will be asked to make grants for the work.

Shareholders of the collapsed Commercial Bank of Newfoundland have been advised by counsel that they are not bound to pay the reserve liability.

Major-General Gascoigne, the new Commander-in-Chief of the Canadian militia, has taken passage by the Allan line steamship Parisian, which sails for Montreal on September 19.

The Jesuit Fathers of Montreal are considering a proposal to establish an observatory in connection with St. Mary's College. They intend to make it second to none on the continent.

Mr. Edmund L. Newcombe, Deputy Minister of Justice for Canada, who is in London on behalf of the Canadian Copyright Act, has had a cordial reception from Mr. Joseph Chamberlain. He said in an interview that he has the greatest confidence that the matter will be adjusted in the manner Canada desires.

The city council of White Pigeon, Mich., has been petitioned by a considerable body of the citizens of that place to prohibit women from wearing bloomers on the street. An ungallant "whereas" in the petition alleges that horses are scared by the bloomer apparitions. At Coldwater, in the same state, some of the women bicyclists recently passed out of the bloomer stage and took to men's knickerbockers and golf stockings.

From various reliable sources in Manitoba and the North-West Territories it has been learned that this year's crops will be the greatest in the history of the country. Messrs. Clark and Brady, two experts, who have just returned from a trip over the Pembina branch, say that the returns will be enormous. Superintendent Vandersice, of the Northern Pacific, says that every where along his line the returns are exceeding the most sanguine expectations.

UNITED STATES.

Business failures in the United States this week number 190. A year ago, 193.

A boy sting killed Walter Gibson, a youth, at Hume, Mo., yesterday.

Montana Methodist Conference has decided to admit women as members, with all privileges.

Pittsburg has been selected as the place of meeting of the next triennial encampment of Knights Templar.

State commissioners for the promotion of uniform legislation throughout the United States are in annual session at Detroit.

The Academy of Music, the oldest playhouse in Buffalo, was burned on Sunday morning. The property was worth $250,000.

An earthquake shock was felt in the city of Philadelphia Sunday morning. Houses were shaken violently, and window-panes broken.

Five empty rowboats were picked up by steamers near Spring-us Friday. Many lives are reported to have been lost during the storm.

At Little Rock, Ark., Judge Wilson has dismissed, at the city's cost, the charge against a Mrs. Noe for appearing on the street in bloomers.

Henry D. Fitzgerald, attorney, and former United States Commissioner, was kidnapped at Buffalo, and held until he paid $60 for his liberty.

Snakes bereft a widowed mother of three children at Sullivan, Mo. A fourth fell into a well while the mother was trying to save the lives of the others.

FOREIGN.

The Grand Duchess of Oldenburg is dead at Berlin.

An exhibition building is to be erected at Bogota for foreign and domestic products.

Huantingo, Mexico, has been flooded by a cloudburst. A dozen persons were drowned.

A German torpedo-boat capsized in the North sea on Wednesday, and thirteen persons were drowned.

Pilgrims, assembled at the Armenian monastery of St. John have been brutally maltreated by brigands.

M. Benedetti killed M. Allessandri, his rival political candidate, in a duel in Ajaccio, Corsica, yesterday.

Prince Ernest de Rohan is dead at Vienna from the accidental discharge of a gun while hunting. He was heir to a great fortune.

The British Government has decided not to make any further enquiry into the condition and progress of the Scotch crofters who emigrated to Saltcoats, Canada.

Four thousand additional laborers have joined in the Dundee (Scotland) millworkers' strike. It is estimated that fully 100 persons are now idle because of this strike.

A resolution has been presented by the municipality of Eunnan, asking the other municipalities of Columbia to join in a petition to the Government to recognize the Cuban patriots as belligerents.

There is likely to be trouble between England and Belgium over the death of the English trader Stokes, who was hanged by the Belgians in the Congo district, on a charge of selling arms to Chief Kibonge, with whom the Belgians are at war.

Messrs. Gompers and McGuire, the American delegates to the Trades Union Congress in London, are busy attending meetings of trade unions prior to the opening of the congress. During the week they will visit Liverpool, Manchester and Dublin, making addresses in each place.

A special to the New York Recorder from Guanajuato, Mexico, says that three men, who have been spending several months hunting and making explorations in the country north of there, have discovered a large ancient pyramid. Their excavations into this pyramid have brought to light many relics of the Aztecs and other ancient people of Mexico.

The Paris Matin in an article referring to the dispute with Brazil guarding French Guiana's boundary, expresses the hope that Brazil will accept with France the good offices of the King of Sweden. Meantime, the Matin says, it is urgent that a mixed commission shall be instituted in order to end the anarchy and pillage in the disputed territory.

Horrible Discovery.

Kingston, Ont., August, 30.—A horrible discovery was made on the farm of the Rathbun Company at Napanee Mills on Wednesday. A gang of men were digging for terra cotta clay when they discovered, under only about one foot of earth, a skeleton of a man or woman with a large knife sticking in the breast. The body was not enclosed in a coffin or any kind of box. The knife is dagger-shaped, about 14 inches long, and much eaten by rust. The discovery has caused intense excitement, and is generally connected with the disappearance of a man a few years ago. The skeleton and knife were removed to a place of safety for the purpose of investigation, but mysteriously disappeared during Wednesday night.

Opening of the Sault Ste. Marie Canal.

Sault Ste. Marie, Sept. 3.—The first boats passed through the new Canadian canal at 10.45 this morning. They were the American tugs M. F. Merrick and Latham D. Smith, and the Canadian tugs Clara Hickler and Jessie. This cannot properly be termed an opening, as the tugs passed through for the purpose of making the captains acquainted with the channel. Officers of the American and Canadian canals were aboard the tugs. The canal will be opened for general traffic by Sunday.

THE HOLMES HORROR.

More Evidence as to the Death of Howard Pitezel.

NEW EVIDENCE SECURED.

An Inquest Being Held—A Bottle of Cyanide of Potassium Found Buried in the Barn—An Alleged Accomplice—The Death Trap—Killing of Annie Williams.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 30.—More evidence has been secured in the Holmes tragedy, every item showing that the Pitezel boy was murdered in the cottage at Irvington by H. H. Holmes, and that the body was burned in the stove at night, and the charred bones jammed into the chimney hole. It was learned yesterday that the trunk which mysteriously left the hotel was taken to Irvington by train, and from the platform removed by Holmes to the house. It contained the clothing of the girls, which he wanted to dispose of before taking them to Toronto, where they were murdered. Mrs. Pitezel, mother of the murdered boy, was telegraphed at Galva, Ills., and identified the trunk and the boy's coat. Other articles which belonged to him have also been found in the chimney hole.

Coroner Carter took charge of the bones, and held an inquest, at which the officers and others testified. The grand jury is in session, and Judge McCray ordered it to proceed at once to taking testimony, and to-day the witnesses will be examined. The Court said every effort will be made to bring Holmes here for trial.

The drug with which Howard Pitezel is thought to have been killed before his body was burned in the big stove in the Irvington cottage was found to-day. A part of a bottle of cyanide of potassium was found buried in the barn. It was given to the coroner, who said:—"If there is killing to be done this is the drug with which to do it." Boys digging under the Holmes house in an unfinished portion of the cellar found the two foot of Howard Pitezel. They had been burned, but not destroyed, and were evidently too bulky to put into the chimney hole. With the feet was found buried a five quart can. There was some coal oil in it.

An Alleged Accomplice.

New York, Aug. 30.—A Herald special from Little Rock, Ark., says:—"J. C. Allen, alias Caldwell, the horse thief, now serving a ten years sentence in the penitentiary here, has made a statement to Warden Moore regarding his knowledge of H. H. Holmes and his operations. In the course of his statement he said he met Holmes in Tennessee in 1893, and met Pitezel in Chicago later. Allen further said that Minnie Williams, who was living with Holmes as his wife, was present at a meeting in St. Joseph, Mo., of Holmes, Pitezel and himself. The Minnie Williams' property in Fort Worth was then and there decoded to Allen by Minnie Williams. The deal was made with the distinct understanding it was to be a swindling operation. Allen thinks that Minnie Williams was persuaded or scared into making the transfer of the property by Holmes. In a few days the property was transferred by Allen to Pitezel, Holmes making the transfer without Allen's knowledge or consent. Then, Allen continued the party, with the exception of Miss Williams, went to Fort Worth, where they were joined by Patrick Quinlan. The latter and Holmes talked of a plan to kill Pitezel, who had $1,000 insurance on his life, because he was drinking, and apt to talk too much, and also know too much. Allen was to assist, and a trunk was bought in Fort Worth in which to put the body. Pitezel was then in Kansas City. At this point Allen says Holmes patted Allen on the back and said: —'Muscot, it is $10,000 and a trip to Long Branch, and from there to California, and more buildings.' Pitezel was to be 'fixed' in Chicago. Holmes asked Allen, the latter says, to insure his life, for $10,000, which Holmes was to collect in his own peculiar way, but Allen thought of the large trunk bought for Pitezel, and would not do it. He declares he then parted company with Holmes, and hasn't seen him since. He absolutely denies having participated in any murders.

"Allen says he saw Minnie Williams at St. Joseph, Mo., at the meeting referred to. He thinks she went to India, as he saw letters from her, and knows Holmes sent $1,600 to her there.

"Referring to the 'castle' Allen says:—'It was used for a death trap, for I heard Holmes and Quinlan talk about putting people out of the way. A stranger to the city during the World's Fair was decoyed into that 'castle' and murdered for his money. He did not have as much money as Holmes thought, only $3,500. A bright little boy was enticed into the castle during the fair, and held in a room for five days for a reward for his recovery. No reward being offered they were afraid to turn him out, and the gas was turned into his room at night, and he was suffocated."

"I was not in Chicago when Annie Williams was killed, but was at the castle two or three days afterwards. Holmes and Quinlan coolly discussed the manner of her murder to me. Holmes' version was that she was knocked on the head with a stool by Minnie Williams, and then given some drug by Holmes to make her die easy. The cause of her killing, as explained by Holmes, was that one of the girls must be put out of the way, and that he could manage Annie easier than he could Annie. Minnie Williams was crazy in love with Holmes, and she was jealous of her sister, as Holmes was paying her some attention too, and he took particular pains to increase her jealousy to work her up to the point of killing Annie. The death trap in the castle was made by Quinlan, who is a fine mason, and a negro, whose name I have forgotten. Quinlan is equally guilty with Holmes in taking human life; Holmes doing the planning and Quinlan the execution. Quinlan's wife knowing all of their work of this kind. I will state here that Pitezel's wife, I am thoroughly convinced, knew of the murder of her husband and children. Holmes and she were very confidential and she knew what was going on."

Holmes Accuses Hatch.

Philadelphia, Aug. 31.—Lawyer Shoemaker had another long conference with Holmes yesterday, during which the prisoner protested his innocence of complicity in the killing of Howard Pitezel, whose bones it is said have been found in a dwelling near Indianapolis. Holmes states that he is almost certain that the fragments of human bones unearthed by the detectives are those of the missing lad, but declares that the boy was murdered by the mysterious Hatch. He further positively asserts that Hatch killed both of the other Pitezel children. When Detective Geyer returned from the West he called upon Holmes, and was furnished with a clue which led him to Indianapolis.

Holmes appeared to be willing and anxious to aid the detective in locating Howard Pitezel, and gave Geyer valuable information that led to the finding of the bones. Mr. Shoemaker says that his client can prove beyond a doubt that he could not possibly have killed the young Howard. He admits that he was in Indianapolis with the boy, but that Howard was turned over to the care of Hatch, and that he (Holmes) was not in Indianapolis at the time the crime is said to have been committed. Holmes said that he had met Hatch in Chicago, and that he was given to believe that Howard and Miss Williams had gone to Buffalo. No steps have been taken by the district attorney in reference to the new developments, and perhaps nothing will be done until Detective Geyer returns.

One of the few sights more mournful than an old woman trying to appear young is a very young man trying to look old.

Golden Eagle's Eggs.

At a recent auction sale of zoological rarities in London a fine set of golden eagle's eggs, two in number, were "knocked down", at £25, and 3 guineas were exchanged everly for one egg of the swallowtailed kite.—St. Louis Republic.

DOINGS IN MONTREAL.

Importance of the Pacific Cable Project—Quebec Legislature.

Montreal, Aug. 29.—Interest in the Pacific cable project has been considerably augmented by the announcement since the return of Mr. Hosmer, of the Canadian Pacific telegraph, that Mr. John W. Mackay, president of the Commercial Cable Company, who accompanied Mr. Hosmer on his trip to the coast, was much impressed with the idea. It seems a most remarkable fact that the only cable line on the whole Pacific coast is the Canadian Pacific cable connecting Vancouver Island with the mainland, a distance of some twenty-one miles. The great Orient is therefore practically shut out of fast communication with the West, with which its interests must ever be closely identified. "That is our new empire," said Mr. Hosmer, speaking to your correspondent on the subject again to-day. "The trade with the Orient, is as yet merely in its infancy, and is destined to assume gigantic proportions. The construction of a cable to Japan, which would cost the comparatively small sum of four millions, would do more than anything else to stimulate this trade."

No action, however, is likely to be taken in this direction until the Imperial Government expresses its policy, and Mr. Chamberlain's attitude on the question is awaited with considerable interest.

The Cattle Embargo.

A meeting of the Montreal cattle shippers was held this afternoon to consider the question of the embargo on Canadian cattle. The meeting was largely attended, and after a long discussion a resolution was passed to the effect that Sir Charles Tupper be communicated with to urge upon the British Government to meet the wishes of the Canadian Government by sending experts to this country to determine whether pleuro-pneumonia existed. It was also decided in the event of this proposition not being acquiesced in that the Canadian Government be memorialized to effect some reciprocal arrangement by which American cattle can be shipped by Canadian ports.

Petition to Wind Up.

Messrs. MacMaster and McLennan this afternoon made a petition in the Superior Court on behalf of the Finsbury Distillery Company, of London, England, asking for a winding-up order against the Canadian Shipping and Trading Company, in which they claim that the firm owes the plaintiffs $7,153, and are secreting and disposing of their goods under cost price. The firm have also taken out an action against the company for the above amount.

Notes.

It is expected that the Quebec Legislature will be called together for the end of October.

John Crowe, who was to day sentenced to three years for robbing $200 from a companion, has had a rather chequered career, and is well known in Toronto, where he formerly resided. Some eight years ago Crowe was charged in Toronto with killing his young child, but the trial did not proceed. Crowe has a wife and family in Toronto.

An important shipment of cattle, consisting of 275 head of British Columbia cattle, will be made from here to morrow.

Mr. H. V. Roy, of Montreal, has just returned from an exploring tour of Alaska and the Yukon country, in the course of which he made an exhaustive survey of the mines. He reports the progress of the mining operations as very satisfactory, and regards the prospects for increase as exceedingly good.

FROM THE CAPITAL.

Bluejackets Reviewed—Thieves Sentenced—Drowned in a Well.

F.X. Boulanger, of River du Loup, aged 26, was found drowned in a well yesterday. He leaves a widow and child.

The Paris (France) Council has notified Mayor Parent that a party of Sappers are coming here to study our fire brigade system.

Oliver Robitaille, of St. Arsene, has been found lying dead in a ditch where he is supposed to have been thrown out of his vehicle.

Giroux, who stole a watch, revolver, bicycle, etc., from the Canadian Pacific railway station at Vanneichiche, has been sent to the penitentiary for seven years, and his confederate, Perron, for four years.

In the High Court of Foresters to-day the newly-elected officers were installed and made inaugural speeches, and after the usual votes of thanks the court adjourned. The new High Chief Ranger of the province is Bro. Miller, of Windsor Mills.

The Dominion Cold Storage Company, limited, of Montreal, offers, in return for the assistance it asks from the city, to put up a building of a capacity of 500,000 cubic yards, and a capacity of containing ten thousand tons of butter, cheese, etc., at a cost of $150,000.

Quebec, Aug. 30.—Detachments of bluejackets were landed from H.M.S. Crescent, Canada and Magicienne this morning, and marched out to the plains, where there was a review and a sham fight. The fine band of the Crescent accompanied the troops. The sailors are a fine, able-bodied, strapping looking lot of fellows, nearly all young men.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

Duke of Cambridge's Retiring Allowance—The Grant to Newfoundland.

London, Aug. 30.—In the House of Commons to day Mr. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury, announced that the Duke of Cambridge would not receive a special pension upon his retirement from the command of the army, but only the usual retiring allowance to a field marshal of £1,700.

The Government declined to make any further enquiry into the condition and progress of the Scotch crofters, who emigrated to Saltcoats, Canada, but gave assurance that the Secretary of State for Scotland and the Colonization Board would continue to give careful attention to them.

Mr. Chamberlain, Colonial Secretary, stated that he failed to find good reasons why the late Government granted £80,000 relief to Newfoundland.

Notes.

A non-intoxicating beer has been thrown upon the market at Topeka.

During the past year Japanese foreign commerce amounted to $230,000,000.

The industrial census in Germany gives the city of Berlin a population of 1,616,381.

It is said that the famous German carp live principally on the spawn of other fish.

The two trees planted by General and Mrs. Grant in Uyono Park, Tokio, are still hale and vigorous.

It is now estimated that this year's cotton crop will be about 8,000,000 bales, and prices are expected to take a tumble.

Rhode Island, in proportion to size and population, is among the richest of the commonwealths, being assessed at $362,536,673.

The Brooklyn courts have ascertained that John Y. McKane embezzled $5,517 from the town of Gravesend, of which he was the autocrat a year ago.

The value of all property used for educational purposes in the United States is placed at $600,000,000; the public school property alone is valued at $400,000,000.

According to Dr. Paul Garnier, chief medical officer of the Parisian prefecture of police, lunacy has increased 30 per cent. in Paris during the last sixteen years.

A snake fourteen feet long has, according to report, been stealing ducks, eggs, chickens, peacocks and other delicacies from a farm at Cold Springs Harbor, L.I.

It is estimated that the New York city elections this year will cost $459,000. There are 1,880 election districts in the city and the service of 11,040 officers will be required.

Potatoes are selling for $1.25 a barrel in Newport, R.I. As the farmers showed an inclination to hold on to them, but now they are only too anxious to get rid of them.

A schoolmarm in Massillon, O., who has been teaching the rising generation ever since the year 1845, was recently given a pension of $240 per year by the Board of Education of that city.

A [illegible]EDY.

A YOUNG LADY IN ELGIN COUNTY TELLS HOW IT SAVED HER LIFE.

The Case Baffled the Family Doctor and He Gave It Up—Relief Came When Hope Had Almost Gone—Health Again Restored.

From the Tilsonburg Observer.

Mr. J. W. Kennedy, who resides on the 8th concession of the township of Bayham, is one of the most respected farmers in the township. Recently an Observer representative visited his home for the purpose of learning the particulars of the recovery of his daughter, Miss Alice Kennedy, from a severe and trying illness, through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, after medical assistance had failed. Miss Kennedy now presents the appearance of a healthy and active young woman of twenty, and bears no indication of having passed through an illness that baffled the doctors' skill. To the reporter Miss Kennedy said that in the autumn of 1893 she was taken ill and a physician was called in. Despite all the doctor did for her she continued to grow worse. She suffered from severe headaches, became very pale, rapidly lost flesh, and her limbs were cold and swollen. She suffered great pain and it was with much difficulty she could move about, and would sometimes lie for hours in a half stupor. At last the doctor said he could do nothing more for her, and the family asked his advice as to her using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He said he was of the opinion that they would not help her. In spite of this adverse opinion, however, she determined to give them a trial, and before the first box was finished the wisdom of the decision was made manifest. An improvement was noticed, and with joy Miss Kennedy continued taking the Pink Pills until she had used fourteen boxes, when she felt that she was completely cured. She has not taken any since the early summer, and has not had any recurrence of her old trouble, and never felt better in her life. Indeed Miss Kennedy says that as a result of the Pink Pill treatment she has gained 25 pounds in weight. A short time after she began the use of the Pink Pills, the doctor who had previously attended her called and was much surprised at the improvement in the young lady's appearance, and said that if Pink Pills had caused the transformation by all means to continue their use. Miss Kennedy's statements were corroborated by her father and sister, both of whom give all the credit for her marvelous recovery to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are especially valuable to women. They build up the blood, restore the nerves, and eradicate those troubles which make the lives of so many women, old and young, a burden, dizziness, palpitation of the heart, nervous headache, and nervous prostration speedily yield to this wonderful medicine. They are also a specific in cases of locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, the after effects of la grippe, etc. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from overwork, mental worry, or excesses of any nature. They are sold only in boxes, the trade mark and wrapper printed in red ink, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y.

Distinctly Foreign.

Visitor—"Is your disease local?"

Van Pelt—"Lord, no; it's worth the price of a call to hear the doctor pronounce the name of it."

Free and easy expectoration immediately relieves and frees the throat and lungs from viscid phlegm, and a medicine that promotes this is the best medicine to use for coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all affections of the throat and chest. This is precisely what Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup is a specific for, and wherever used it has given unbounded satisfaction. Children like it because it is pleasant, adults like it because it relieves and cures the disease.

One of the few sights more mournful than an old woman trying to appear young is a very young man trying to look old.

Pectoria, Pectoria, Pectoria.

Are you suffering from cough or cold on your lungs. Ask your druggist for Pectoria, and take no other. Just try and see for yourself how soon Pectoria will cure you. Send to Allan & Co., 53 Front St., Toronto, Proprietors. 25 cents a bottle.

More Attractive Price.

Tapeleigh—"These goods don't seem to sell at all."

Floor walker—"What's the price of them?"

Tapeleigh—"A dollar and a half."

Floor walker—"Mark them up to a dollar and ninety-nine cents. They'll go then."

There never was, and never will be, a universal panacea, in one remedy, for all ills to which flesh is heir—the very nature of many ailments being such that were the germs of other and differently seated diseases rooted in the system of the patient—what would relieve one ill, in turn would aggravate the other. We have, however, in Quinine Wine, when obtainable in a sound unadulterated state, a remedy for many and grevious ills. By its gradual and judicious use, the frailest systems are led into convalescence and strength, by the influence which Quinine exerts on Nature's own restoratives. It relieves the drooping spirits of those with whom a chronic state of morbid despondency and lack of interest in life is a disease, and, by tranquilizing the nerves, disposes to sound and refreshing sleep—imparts vigor to the action of the blood, which, being stimulated, courses throughout the veins, strengthening the healthy animal functions of the system, thereby making activity a necessary result, strengthening the frame, and giving life to the digestive organs, which naturally demand increased substance—result, improved appetite. Northrop & Lyman of Toronto, have given to the public their superior Quinine Wine at the usual rate, and, gagged by the opinions of scientists, this wine approaches nearest perfection of any in the market. All druggists sell it.

Some men reach a turning point in life every time a woman in bloomers rides by on a wheel.

The fruit dealers who desire to prominently exhibit their wares upon the sidewalks only ask for the privilege of being known by their fruits.

Cast Its Shadow Before.

In one of Hawthorne's eerie tales, suggested, as he tells us, by fact, the shadow of a terrible event is cast before through the medium of a picture.

A painter while taking the portraits of a bridal pair was moved by some mysterious impulse to make a sketch for his own keeping, representing the bridegroom, with a look of frenzy in his face, in the act of plunging a knife into the bosom of his terrified bride.

Time passed, and the painter revisiting their home beheld the ill fated young man, with the very look and attitude he had portrayed, about to fulfill the pictured crime and was only just in time to stay his hand. —London Tit-Bits.

A Knowing One.

"I don't gamble," said the cannibal, as he took the lid off the sailor soup, "but I guess I'll open this jack pot."

A new mohair with an almost corded weave will be one of the favorite fabrics for autumn gowns. All-wool Bedford cords will also be in vogue.

The summer girl is wearing a belt of Dresden ribbon which is interlined with fiber chamois. The belt never wrinkles, and the ribbon may be changed according to one's fancy. The modish swing of the skirt is also effected by the interlining of fiber chamois.

PEOPP—D UP BY PILLOWS FOR EIGHTEEN MONTHS.

A Terrible Experience With Heart Disease, Yet Cured by Dr. Agnew's Cure For the Heart.

Do not our largest sympathies well out to those who suffer from heart disease? It comes so suddenly, and its symptoms are usually so distressing that the keenest agony is experienced by the patient. The case of Mr. L. W Law, of Toronto, Junction, Ont., who was unable to lie down in bed for eighteen months owing to smothering spells and palpitation, is by no means exceptional. Who would have thought the case could be cured, and yet one bottle of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart removed trouble in this case. It gives such speedy relief, that even where the symptoms are less dangerous, it ought at once to be taken as a means of driving this terrible disease from the system.

NO EQUAL IN THE WORLD.

Rev. W. H. Withrow, D.D., Now Touring Europe with a Canadian Party, is One of Many to Talk Favorably of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powders.

There are few more travellers than the Rev. W. H. Withrow, D. D., editor of the Canadian Methodist Magazine, and of other publications of the great Methodist church of this country. He is a wide traveller, and enjoys the opportunities that travel gives of judging broadly of the merits of any article. He has expressed the written opinion that Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is a most excellent remedy for cold in the head and various catarrhal troubles. One short puff of the breath through the Blower, supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder diffuses the powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use, it relieves instantly, and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsilitis and Deafness. 60 cents. Sample bottle and Blower sent on receipt of two three-cent stamps. S.G. Detchon, 44 Church Street, Toronto.

TERRIBLE RHEUMATIC PAINS.

Lose Their Sway After Using South American Rheumatic Cure.

The pain and suffering caused by rheumatism is indescribable in language. The bent back, the crippled limbs, the intense neuralgia pains that are caused by this trouble almost drive the victims to despair. The blessing comes to those who have learnt of South American Rheumatic Cure, which is simply marvellous in its effects, curing desperate cases in from one to three days. About some things there is no certainty, but of the certain cure that comes from South American Rheumatic Cure there is no doubt.

Dead Kidney Disease Quickly Removed.

To even bunch the many words of praise written