General Earle's Column to Advance on Gordon-Another Fight 1mminent

A last (Sunday) night's London cable says: The Canadian voyageurs who left Cairo on the 5th inst. are expected to arrive here on the 18th. They will leave Queenstown on the 20th by the Allan line for Halifax, and will reach home about the 1st of March. There is some talk about giving the brave fellows, of whom all the officers with whom they were brought into rising would take place in Arabia against contact are so praiseful, some kind of public reception on their arrival in this country.

THE PLAN OF ATTACK.

forces to stand the marches.

longed. Messengers were despatched every few minutes between Downing street and the War Office and the Admiralty. Telegrams were received at short intervals from Wolseley. In these Wolseley expresses the belief that the entrenched garrisons at Abu Klea and Gubat are not endangered, although the continued absence of news concerning Bereaford's attempt to relieve Sir Charles Wilson causes anxiety.

It is rumoured an order has been telegraphed to Wolseley to ascertain if possible, before taking decisive action, whether Gordon is dead or alive. It he discovers he still lives, he is instructed to try to terminate the campaign without further Soudan. fighting. This instruction is thought to imply a desire on the part of the Government to secure the release of Gordon and his companions, by means of a ransom.

After the Cabinet council this afternoon there was a long conference between the Secretary of War, the First Lord of the Admiralty, and the Chancellor of the Exchequer. It is stated that arrangements were made for despatching 8,000 troops to Egypt in the quickest practicable manner to reinforce Wolseley.

The War Office and Admiralty have issued a number of important orders look. ing to the relief of the troops in the Soudan. It is reported an army corps of 10,000 men will be sent to Khartoum via Abyssinia, accompanied by a seige train.

GEN. GORDON'S STRUGGLE.

When on the road to Khartoum, Col. Wilson was told by natives that Gordon had been fighting hard fifteen days. On his raturn several natives reported that Gordon and all the Coptic troops who had death. Later on several Shagiyeh men came aboard and said Gen. Gordon, Consu Nicoli, 50 Greeke, and some soldiers, when pressed to desperation, shut themselves u in the Catholic Church, whither they had removed a quantity of ammunition and provisions.

THE SITUATION AT GUBAT.

Advices from Gubat, Feb. 1st, state that Gen. Stewart's men have been placed on three-quarter rations. Shendy and Metamma are occasionally shelled by steamers. Troops were busily clearing the ground in front of the camp, and were at work in an troops for service in Egypt. adjoining village. The main earthworks erected for the protection of the camp from the river front had been greatly strength. Mahdi's Council of War consists of the ing in Lewiston. She was a fine Chester?" "Eh, but," she answered, desert battles had died. The remainder Obeid and Tendelm. All war plans are spent all last summer together at Squirrel up I should die." "And the other," said of the Royal Artillery and Naval Brigade formed by the Ameer of El Rasher. The Island. In October she was suddenly pros. Mr. Gladstone, "is my work, and I must with ten guns, including one Gardner, had Prophet's soldiers are paid every Friday by trated and died after an illness of six days. do it the best way I can." arrived. A convoy had been sent back to the Mahdi's uncle. Provisions for the She died at noon. At 10 o'clock the same Mrs. Gladstone was going out for a walk. night the pickets exchanged shots with the El Aisgumer. Seventy-four Dervishes act request. She said but a few words after castle when a party of visitors met her. Arabs. It is stated that Wilson has on the as prayer reciters for the camp. Eight the wedding ring was put on her finger, "I say, is the old gentleman at home?" island where he was stranded 250 refugees hundred women and many children are and in two hours the bridegroom was a said one of them. "Yes," said Mrs. Gladtroops at Gubat are in good spirits. The

AT WOLSELEY'S HEADQUARTERS.

A despatch from Wolseley's headquarters states that a courier accompanied by an escort, now on their way across the Bayuda desert, are expected to arrive at Korti to-night. The courier conveys report of Beresford's attempt to rescue Wilson and his party. Late advices from Gubat show majority of the deputies are in favor of him, and crying, "Josie!" as if he expected that the camp daily sends out foraging Mancini's proposal that the Italian troops an answering voice to issue from the waves. Chizzola. and take whatever forage and cattle they can procure. Whenever the owners of the Soudan and Red Sea littoral. The only Democrat.

supplies appear they are paid for them. to command the Soudan expedition new being organized.

Gen. Wolselev late this afternoon was still without definite news of Gordon's fate. He had sent further spies to Khartoum land to foot the bills. with the promise that they would be liber-

The Royal Irish Regiment, escorting 120 wounded from Gubat, arrived safely at Gakdul on the 5th inst.

It is believed a brigade of the Guards Europe. will be ordered to Egypt. No tidings was received at the War Office up to midnight concerning Gordon or Wilson.

TURKISH RESISTANCE.

A fleet of Turkish vessels of war have month. This is interpreted to mean a been agreed upon. Maglini, the Minister of now survive. Dr. Beith, of Stirling, is 88; with twenty to forty parts drowsiness

The War Office reports that no troops can be spared from Ireland.

THE CAMPAIGN TO GO ON.

acked for specific orders should do in the event of

Gordon is still alive, but it dead he fell while fighting the rebels. The Mahdi, he Irish-Italy's Assistance-The Voya- says, would respect Gordon as a prisoner, " England is a friend who has rendered a halt." "And what do you pay for gates?" geurs' Beturn-No Word Yet From and might be willing to open negotiations to exchange Gordon for Arabi Pasha whom the Madhi hopers as a true servant in the cause of Mahomet. The Mahdi night make a partial peace with England, but never a permanent peace. He would refuse to accept the title of Vicercy or any other title from the Khedive or Bultan, but would remain the Mahdi. He simed at the conquest of the Soudan, and hoped the Turks.

TREACHEROUS PASHAS.

has been held at which General Stephenson | camp near Metemma, dated February 1st, | Buller captured six prisoners. advised the retreat of the troops from say: It is reported that previous to the Great activity prevails at Chatham, was Mr. Gladstone," said the tradesman. Metamneh on Korti and a concentration fall of Khartoum the Mahdi sent Gordon Woolwich and Aldershot. Preparations "Mr. Gladstone," responded the hauler of the entire force towards Berber, and a uniform and informed him that Khar. for sending reinforcements to Egypt are " I dun know what he'll think o' me, then, after the capture of Berber that the arrival toum was in the Mahdi's power. Gordon being rapidly pushed. The Twentieth for I never sur'd him, nor nothin'. of the expedicion coming to Suakim be frequently tried to make arrangements for Hussars, Third Battalion of the R.f. Bri. | thought he was some farmer." awaited before making an advance on the departure of himself and comrades, gade, now at Aldershot, a battalion of Northep, like most other important Khartoum. Military authorities estimate The latter became disheartened over the Scotch Fusiliers, a battalion of Coldstream villages, has its carrier. This man visite that this plan involves a delay in the non-arrival of the British, and anger and advance upon Khartoum until the autumn. | mistrust were rampant. The two pashas The hot weather which begins next month | who betrayed the city were formerly slaves once to Suakim. Three bastalions of the districts through which he passes. On will make it impossible for the English whom Gordon made pashas. There has been a further fall of the Nile of three feet The Cabinet meeting to-day was pro- at Gubat and navigation is dangerous.

A JOURNALISTIC OPINION.

The Army and Navy Gazette considers it would be insane to reduce the number of European soldiers at the garrisons in Hindustan at present. It says if General Earle succeeds in reaching Berber he can hold the place and fortify it in such a way as to be able to await the advance from Suskim, and in the meantime drive Osman Digna from his present control of the route between Suakim and Berber. From Berber, General Earle, by controlling the line of march from Suskim, would command a better base of supplies than is now possessed by the English troops in the

EXPLANATION TO THE PORTE.

Granville to-day categorically informed Tehme Pasha, the Turkish envoy, that the English Government intended, for political and financial reasons, to evacuate Egypt, but that it was impossible to specify the exact period for withdrawal. The Government would not permit withdrawal without some reward for Eogland's sacrifice. He said the proposed Turkish expedition to Suskim was inopportune, and assured Tehme Pasha the Sultan's sovereignty over Egypt would be respected. Granville counsels the Porte not to raise a question with Italy in connection with the annexation of Beilul. He held that Italy's commercial interests in Assab compelled her to extend her authority over the adjacent dis-

PREPARING FOR AN ATTACK.

states that the rebels are preparing for 30 years of age. Thinking he was in disanother active encounter. Loopholes are being made in the outside of the houses at stood by him had been captured and put to Metemneh, and the enemy's videttes maintain an active lookout, fearing the British attack on the town. A recent convoy met a thousand rebel cavalry and infantry three miles from Gakdul. The rebels were shelled and dispersed. The convoy was unhurt. A light camel corps has arrived at Gubat. The Mahdi is drawing immense quantities of supplies from the Merawi district. TWENTY THOUSAND INDIAN TROOPS WANTED

Sir Evelyn Baring, British Consul General, has telegraphed the Government quently he concluded to be a lawyer, and alone? Why not settle down here in your advising the despatch of 20,000 Indian

THE MAHDI'S COUNSEL.

Ameers of El Rasher, El Aisgumer, El musician and artist. He and his affianced "that is my work, and I think if I gave it

Mancini, Minister of Foreign Affairs, reply- Bath, took a tox of fuel and a supply of ing to numerous questions, said it was provisions and went to Squirrel Island. He

now in Egypt or on their way thither be His friends fear he is incurably insane. His allowed to assist the British in holding the condition is critical.—St. Louis Globedifficulty is on the score of expense. If General Newdigate is mentioned as likely England would guarantee the cost of the Italian expedition there would be no doubt of the cordial co-operation of the two countries in defeating the Mahdi and Osman.

DISCUSSING THE SITUATION.

England hitherto has not asked that the Italian Government should co-operate with her in the Soudan. Frequent con- Of the four hundred ministers who on ferences have been held between the British the 18th May, 1848, walked in the historical parts in ten thousand cause indisposition; Ambassador and Mancini, the Minister of procession from the Assembly to Tanfield twenty parts produce difficult breathing, been ordered to prepare for sea within a Foreign Affairs, but nothing definite has Hall, in Elinburgh, it is said only a few fixed determination on the part of Lurany to opposes the expedition upon the ground that the treasury is already nver.

Sea littoral of Egypt, and to prevent any burdened, but the majority of the majority o bers of Parliament support is and mrs that it be carried forward on a grand scale.

The thesitical sensation of to day in carried forward on a grand scale.

The thesitical sensation of to day in carried to may redistrict and scale.

The thesitical sensation of to day in carried to may redistrict are closed. In the district are closed. In the district of Grangetown, where there are closed of the sensation of the district of Grangetown, where there are closed of the sensation of the district of Grangetown, where there are closed of the sensation The Observer this morning says Wolseley | We do not wish the hesitation on our part | ried, notwithstanding the lawsuit."

fon being Italians are Machiavellian. This is is Italy a duty to being so." Diritte says: uty to a siet and strice route and secure Wolseley's line of some yer was tion. Public opinion will applicate the line in support. England has always been Italy's suxpence," said the carter. "What weight friend." Riforms, the Ministerial organ, says: have you on the cart?" "About ton and ing for an offensive and defensive alliance "On. I mun get

as follows: The advance guard of Earle's | When they reached the top the hauler said, column, consisting of a squadron of cavalry | " You an' me's been as good as a chain under command of Col. Buller, surprised a horse." "Well, well," said the stranger, large body of the Monesair tribe, under | " I don't know how the horse's legs are, but The War Office authorities have had a Wadgams, the murderer of Col. Stewart, mine ache very much indeed. I suppose special were laid into the office sonnecting encamped at Shakoob Wells. The cavalry you can manage now?" "Yes, thank you, The War Office maintains the utmost with the Falmouth terminus of the Eastern | charged the encampment, and the enemy | said the hauler, and, wishing good day, they reticence regarding the plans and move. Telegraph Company's cables in order to fled in every direction, leaving behind separated. As soon as the stranger was ments of Wolseley. Cairo telegrams have direct communication with Wolseley. | thirty men killed a large number of camels gone, a tradesman asked Griffiths if he knew received to-day report that a council of war | Advices received to-night from the British | and cattle and many Remington rifles. | who had been helping him. " No," said

> Guards and a squadron of the Fifth Chester once or twice a week, and carries Lancers have been ordered to proceed at all manner of good for the inhabitants of Guards and four battalions of infantry, one occasion he brought a barrel of beer including two from Malta and two from from Chester for a farmer living in Moor Gibraltar, have been ordered to Egypt. lane, the entrance to which is close to one Two battalions of infantry and a regiment of Mr. Gladstone's lodges. Arriving at this of cavalry have been ordered from India spot, he stopped his horse, and was of troops ordered from England, Malta, barrel lowered, for he was to leave it b Gibraltar and India are sent at the request | the lodge, as the farmer had agreed to of Wolseley. The Guards will leave fetch it from there himself. At this England at the end of the present week. moment up came Mr. Gladstone, with Two battalions of English infantry in his axe upon his shoulder. "Hey, Lower Egypt will proceed immediately to old comrade," said he, "come and the Soudan. It is stated that the nine give us a hand with this barrel." Without battalions after reaching Suskim will open any hesitation the Premier assisted him to the road between Suakim and Berber, and lower it to the ground. "Now, old tellow," attempt to form a junction with the British | said the carrier, "if thou'll come up into forces on the Nile.

> > CRAZED BY GRIEF.

and Lost.

A sad romance is connected with th strange apparition seen by a fisherman while sailing out of Booth Bay harbor yesterday morning, says a despatch from Bath, Me. Near the mouth of the harbor lies Squirrel Island, in summer a fashionable resort, but in winter a bleak and desolate spot, inhabited only by hotel and cottage. Yesterday was one the coldest of the winter. As the fisherman went by the island he saw a man heard above the booming of the surf, which | W. H. Giadstone's marriage, and, as News from Gubat dated the 3rd instant stranger was a hard ome fellow not over tress and needed aid, the fisherman approached within hailing distance. As soon as he could make himself heard, he shouted to the man on the rock, but received for reply, only the anguished cry, " Joeie ! Josie! Josie!" repeated again and again. Realizing then that the young man was The Arabic journal Mubashir says the became engaged to Miss Josie Perkins, liv. yourself about this going to and from In the Chamber of Deputies to-day, grave. Finally he chartered a steamer at them, "she must be his wife!" inopportune as yet to explain Italy's posi- remained three days on the island, and it by Anton Rubinstein, is to be performed was he whom the fisherman saw standing at Leipsic. Most of the Cabinet Ministers, and a on the rock where the spray splashed ever

Not in a Harry.

The Government is prepared to send The boy is, however, very lazy. A few ally rewarded if they could definitely 85,000 troops to the Soudan. All days ago the judge said: "My dear boy, ascertain whether Gordon was dead or political rarties express warm sym. why don't you study more industriously? irritating remedy. pathy with England and the strongest I want you to become a famous jurist. You desire for close alliance. Italian states. have not touched your books to-day." " ] men now see an opportunity for Italy to am not going to study any to-day, assert herself as one of the first powers of responded the indolent boy, " I don't see that it makes much difference, pa, whether I become a famous jurist a few days sconer or a few days later."

About prompt, energetic and resolute per on for carrying the iron. "Six and

us great services and never asked us for a "Eighteen pence." "How much does it man or a penny. It is our duty and to our cost to keep the mare?" "Thirteen shilinterest to unite with her." Ressegna says: lings a week." Presently they reached the "No troops will be sent to the Soudan by foot of the Mill-hill. "How are you going Italy unless under a formal treaty provid- to get up this hill?" asked the stranger. " I'll help you and guaranteeing Italy English aid in the push up here?" event of war with any maritime Power." | a bit," said he, and at once put his shoulder Wolseley telegraphs to-day from Korti to the cart and pushed up the hill well. he, "he's a perfect stranger to me." "That

Egypt. The nine battalions wondering how he could manage to get the the village I'll pay for a pint o' the best for thee." " No, thank you. You are welcome to my assistance," said Mr. Gladstone and walked away towards the castle smil-A Bereaved Husband on a Storm-Beaten ing. A villager, who was standing a little Island Calling the Name of the Loved | way off, then came up to the carrier, and asked him if he knew who had been helping him. "No," was the reply. "Why, said the villager, "that was Mr. Gladstone!" "What a fool I be," said the carrier; "but he's a good old chap. He

helped me, and thou knows he done it so willing like." At the Hawarden Flower Show of 1884 the Premier was seen arming about the lonesome man who is left in charge of the castle grounds, where the show is annually held, a fat old carrier woman, whom he humorously introduced to the visitors as "Ludy Margaret." This notable personage, standing on the rocky shore shouting at the Margaret Hughes, the carrier woman, was top of his voice. His cries could barely be at one of the feasts given in honor of Mr. chances are the result will never be conbeats against the ledge with great fury. usual at such gatherings, toasts were intro-Coming nearer, the fisherman saw the queed. It fell to Margaret's lot to propose the Premier's health. Springing to her feet, she, in her very homely, yet appropriate terms, made her proposition. Mr Gladstone, responding, thanked them al for their good wishes, more especially "Lady Margaret," as he called her—the mention of which caused roars of laughter. The title has clung to her from that day to this, and letters are often addressed to her crazy, the fisherman put back to shore and | bearing that title. On one occasion she said summoned aid. The young man was to the Premier, "On, sir, why do you not kindly cared for, and to day his sad history | come and live with us always, where everybecame known. It is a most pitiful story, body thinks so much of you, instead of He is a graduate of Williams College, and going up to London and bothering yourself became a journalist in New York. Subse. with those fellows who will never let you was admitted as a student in the office of | beautiful house and enjoy yourself?" one of the leading legal firms in New York | "Well," said Mr. Gladstone, "let me put He has a fortune inherited from an uncle you a question. Why should you not sell who died worth \$2 000,000. A year ago he your horse and cart, and give up troubling

army are under the care of the Ameer of forenoon they were married, at her earnest She had got a short distance from the widower. Since that day the young man stone. "We want to see him," said he. Premier Depretis, and Ricoti, Minister has been failing bodily and mentally, and "Follow me," was her reply, "I'll take you Mabdi has threatened to attack the camp of War, are resolved that Italy shall enter his grief has been something terrible. He to him." She led the way to the front upon a course of energetic action in Egypt went to New York, but had to return, and door, and called out, "William, you're spent the most of his time at his wife's wanted." "By golly," whispered one of

Raphael Joseffy goes to London this summer under the management of C. A.

In the Receuil de Medecine Veterinaire Dr. Cagny calls attention to the indiscriminate use of the tincture of arnica for horses. He says that it is often employed in considerable quantities for petty strains and Texas Siftings: Judge Wakefield, of bruises, and is kept in contact with the Waco, has a son of whom the judge is very affected surfaces until they are swollen, cians-It is not believed that Italy will ask Eng. proud. He thinks the boy has a judicial heated, and often blistered, thus greatly mind, and will grow up to be a great jurist. aggravating the original trouble. He also cites cases in which erysipelas has been induced in men from an overuse of this

minating gas is due, according to Grube's researches, not to the continuance of its great benefit. action, but to its concentration, or the percentage of it in the air. It is asserted that air containing five parts in ten thousand can be breathed by men and animals for hours, and even days, without any injury to the health; from seven to eight want to know how to get well, which is answere Fanfulla, the Ministerial organ, says: London is an intimation from St. Ste. cover if brought quickly into fresh air. 748 houses, and a population of 4,675, then "We will not wait for England to ask our phen's Review "that on his return Lord Breathing air heavily charged with car-

s the agh all that he experienced Is is not necessary that they should. Let them profit by his hard-tarned knowledge Some men do not seem to know how to make this knowledge available for their sons. Instead of endowing them with a knowledge of how to make money and how so use it to the best advantage, they give them all they want of it. Boys insting tively know how to spend money.

Some of the most noted spendthrifts and total wrecks are the sons of men who made their fortunes by hard work and the cleans economy. Through a desire to see their sons enjoy the fruits of their labor they made gentlemen of them instead of busi-

A boy with a decided taste or aptness for any calling is easily disposed of. It is the one with no special genius who is hard to fix. Such a one is usually a good all. round scholar, can make a sled, tinker a sewing machine, play the piano, make a passable drawing, dance well, write a fair essay-in short do almost anything tolera.

Now, what is to be done with such chap? He does not play the fiddle well enough to make a good living fiddling; his aketches are not strong enough to guarantee success as an artist; his pen is searcely trenchant enough to justify making an editor of him; his skill as a tinker does not indicate any mechanical genius in short, the surface indications are in a manner useless, none of them being strong enough to warrant an investment. What is to be done with him?

If he has no money and has to make his own way in the world, perhaps the best thing is to pay strict attention to his habita and his morals and let him go. Being forced to earn his own bread, he will very soon find a niche in which he is comparatively comfortable.

However, if he is so situated that he does not have to work for a living, it is not probable that he will do much skirmishing. but wait contentedly for something to tam up. He knows the dinner-bell will ring and the tailor be paid all the same, whether he works or not. If there is no way b which he can be dumped out into the world and made to feel that his existence depends upon his own efforts, the next best thing. probably, is to assist him in choosing a trade or a profession and then put him at it in earnest, keep him down to it until he shows signs of positively liking or disliking it, and let him be governed accordingly.

The country is full of doctors, lawyers and preachers, who are such because it was not known what else to make of them, and a sorry lot they are.

It is a clear waste of raw material to try to make a lawyer out of a born mechanic, a doctor out of a natural artist, or a business man out of the stuff intended for a dancing masier. While it may not be clear waste to make either out of a mixed stick, the sidered a great success.

Well-formed habits and good morals constitute the best start a jack-of-all-trades can have. With these there is but little danger of his going to the bad, even if he does not make a great hit in life. Without these he is just as liable to go down the hill as up, to sink as to swim.

The worst mistake made by parents are when they pay no attention to the surface indications, and set their sons up in professions because they want to see them there. Some do this when they are morally certain the place is not suited to them. Failure in such cases is inevitable.

Loss and Gain. CHAPTER I.

" I was taken sick a year ago With bilious fever."

" My doctor pronounced me cured, but I got sick again, with terrible pains in my back and sides, and I got so pad I Could not move!

I shrunk ! From 228 lbs. to 120? I had been doctoring for my liver, but it did me no good. I did not expect to live more than snree months. I began to use Hop Bitters. Directly my appetite returned, my pains left me, my entire system seemed renewed as if by magic, and after using several bottles, I am not only as sound as a sovereign, but weigh more than I did before. To Hop Bitters I owe my life."

Dublin, June 6, '81. CHAPTER II. Malden, Mass Feb 1 1890, Gentlemen-

I suffered with attacks of sick headache. Neuralgia, female trouble, for years is the most terrible and excruciating manner. No medicine or doctor could give me relief or cure, until I used Hop Bitters. " The first bottle

. R. FITZPATRICE.

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" Nearly cured me;" The second made me as well and strong as when a child. "And I have been so to this day."

My husband was an invalid for twenty years with a serious "Kidney, liver and urinary complaint,

"Pronounced by Boston's best physi-"Incurable " Seven bottles of your Bitters cured him

and I know of the " Lives of eight persons" In my neighborhood that have been saved The injurious effect produced by illu. by your bitters,

And many more are using them with "They almost

Do miracles ?" -Mrs. E. D. Slack. How to GET SICK.—Expose yourself day and night; est too much without exercise; work to hard without rest; doctor all the time; take a the vile nostrums advertised, and then you will in three words—Take Hop bitters!

None genuine without a bunch of greet Hope on the white label, bhun all the vila poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hope" in the

help, but will give it without bargaining. Garmoyle and Miss Fortescue will be mar- bonic oxide for a long time may likewise out of the 748 houses, 378 have been