Worried By Pimples And Eczema

Complexion Unblemished after Six Weeks of Kruschen

"For the past two years," writes a woman, "my face was covered with hard pimples and red blotches, and I also had eczema on my neck and forearms. I tried lotions, creams and ointments, without the slightest effect. I was so worried. Fortunately I decided to give Kruschen a trial, and without any exaggeration, within six weeks my face was without a blemish, and I have not had a sign of eczema since. I take Kruschen regularly every morning, and would not be without it."—(Mrs.) J.A.

Pimples and eczema are frequently due to impurities in the blood—irritant poisons which sluggish body organs are failing to expel from the system. Kruschen Salts help to keep the body organs functioning normally and healthily, thus preventing the accumulation of impurities in the blood.

Tax on Tobacco Grown in England

SALISBURY, Eng.—A new appeal to the Government to aid the revival of the English grown tobacco industry by a rebate of duty is being considered here.

It is urged that if the industry were given sufficient protection to put it on a secure basis, work would be found for 3,000 persons to every 1,000 acres planted.

Tobacco growing in this country has been carried on for some years by A. J. Brandon, of Church Cookham, Hampshire. He has had 30 acres under cultivation, and last year's harvest yielded 4,200 lbs. of tobacco of good quality.

Mr. Snook, manager of the Salisbury firm which manufactures and markets tobacco from this source, outlined the case for the industry.

"The grower of English tobacco has to pay the same rate of duty as is paid on leaf from the Dominions," he stated. "The industry has never been given a chance. Many people think that because the tobacco is grown in England it pays little or no duty.

VALUE IN AN EMERGENCY

"Thousands of acres, unfit for rotation cropping, would be tilled and owing to the nature of this form of cultivation, brought to a condition capable of producing grain at a time of national emergency.

"Petitions and deputations to the Government have been sympathetically received, but applications for a substantial reduction of duty seem to have fallen on deaf ears and the output from Church Crookham remains small."

A big trade is done here in home-grown cigarette and pipe tobaccos. Manufacturers have many customers in India, and Salisbury residents smoke the English tobacco in preference to other brands. They point out that 300 years ago tobacco was cultivated in 31 English counties, and, in addition to supplying the home demand, there was a lucrative export trade.

"There is no intrinsic vice in wealth: the devil is in our greed."
—Sir Rabindranath Tagore.

Alleged WIT

Read it or not:—

In North America recent figures showed 185,383 Sunday schools, Teachers and officers 2,197,400, and pupils, 20,627,652.

—o—

A parasite gets by unnoticed untill he beings to stick his tentacles into our bank roll.

—o—

That settles that:—"I don't suppose you don't know of nobody who don't want to hire nobody to do nothin', do you?

—o—

Young Bride (looking in window of jewelry store)—George, I'd love to have that bracelet!

George—I can't afford to buy it for you, dear.

Bride—But if you could, you would, wouldn't you?

George—I'm afraid not.

Bride—Why?

George—It isn't good enough, dear!

Bride—Oh, you darling!

—o—

A wise wife is the one who makes her husband believe he is the head of the house when he is really only chairman of the ways and means committee.

—o—

The acid test of a man's Sunday religion is his Monday's behavior.

—o—

A girl asked her father: "Dad, don't you believe that two can live as cheaply as one?" "I certainly do," he answered. "What's more, right now, your mother and I are living as cheaply as you."

—o—

There are plenty of men who are willing to work until their tongues hang out if they get what they call fun out of it instead of money.

—o—

A very stout lady, walking through a park during an extremely hot day, observed that she was being followed by a man.

Stout Lady—What do you mean by following me?

But the man, without replying, slipped away.

Then, when the stout lady resumed her walk, she spied the man following her again, and again she accosted him:

She almost fainted when she got this reply:

Man—For heaven's sake, lady, don't call a cop and chase me away. You are the only shady spot in the whole park.

—o—

Mrs. Pennington—How did you like the sample of my marrow jam I sent you?

Mrs. Jamieson—Was that marrow jam? Oh, dear, I'm so sorry. My husband is using it for sticking the stamps in his album.

—o—

Customer—Give me some of that prepared orthocaetylsalicyic acid.

Druggist—Do you mean aspirin?

Customer — Yeah! I never can think of that name.

All of us know some persons who spend all their energy in talk.

—o—

Hard work and no play may make a dull boy, but he usually has money in the bank.

—o—

A travelling salesman visited a large factory and told the boss he could pick out all the married men among the employees. He stationed himself at the door, and as the men came from dinner he pointed to those he thought were married. In almost every case he was right.

Boss (amazed) —How do you do it?

Travelling man—Oh, it is quite simple, quite simple. The married men all wipe their feet on the mat. The single men do not.

—o—

Johnny Bull—We have some very large birds in England. Why, once, while I was standing in a zoological garden, I saw a man come in on an eagle.

Yankee Tourist—Brother, that's nothing! Once, while standing in a ball park, I saw a player go out on a fly!

She Likes Church

She is an attractive girl, eighteen years old, has had a limited school education and works in a factory in an Ontario city where she has lived only a few years. We happened to meet her the other day, asked her how she was getting on and, among other questions, asked her if she attended a church. Her face brightened.

"Oh yes! We go to the nicest little church—it's really quite a small one—I know everybody who goes to it, I think. It's so different from some other churches I've been to. Everybody's so friendly. Nobody has much money, I guess. They're nearly all like us—they work in the factories and they all seem to like the church. I go to Young People's on Monday nights. We had a box social there a while ago and we had lots of fun. I'd been there only a few times when they put me on the social committee. And Dad goes to the men's club every week. They play carpet ball. . . oh, he never likes to miss it. The ladies have their meetings, too, and Mother goes to them. Everybody seems to like the minister. No, he's not such a young man but he's into everything and he comes to the house sometimes."

We would like to have a phonograph record of what the young lady said about her church so that we could send it on to the man who ministers to this "friendly" flock. It would warm his heart.

Those who are "again" something usually make the most noise, and there are too many who are too thoughtless in their criticism of the church Those who "like their church" are quiet about it, but, after all, their number is legion. Every day of the year the thousands of churches across Canada are the friendly meeting spot of tens, scores and hundreds who find it good to come together for worship, for service or for fun.

GARDENING

By GORDON L. SMITH

Grass seed may be compared to good tobacco. The best seed is a mixture or blend of different grasses. A proportion of those more expensive and slower germinating but permanent grasses will be mixed with a certain quantity of cheap, quick-growing seed. It is the former which form the fine-stemmed, deep green permanent turf which goes on improving with the years. A certain amoun' of the cheap, quick-growing kinds are needed to shelter and nurse along the others for the first summer, but sowing these alone is not sufficient for a permanent lawn. Hence, a well-balanced, high quality mixture is recommended.

SOW LAWNS EARLY

Grass makes its growth in cool weather; therefore, early sowing is advisable.

The ground should be allowed to settle after digging or plowing, and then levelled again. If there is time it is advisable to repeat this process several times. The top soil should then be raked fine and the grass sown at a liberal rate, once across and once lengthwise. This double sowing insures an even distribution. For obvious reasons seed is sown on a day when there is no wind. In covering, the gardener is advised to rake one way only and then firm the soil with a heavy roller or pounder.

The first actual gardening operations, if the ground is ready and free from surplus moisture, will be to plant those extra early flowers like sweet peas, cosmos, marigolds, and other hardy annuals and almost any of the perennials. This is also the time, authorities advise, to get in grass seed. In the vegetable line, first sowings of lettuce, spinach, carrots, beets, and even potatoes, will be made.

At first, one is advised to make small sowings and so spread out the harvesting season. Then, if winter return again after these first seedings are made, the loss will be only trivial. Seed, after all, is the cheapest thing about gardening and one of the few factors over which the gardener has absolute control. On these counts alone, it is highly important that only the best seed from reliable Canadian sources should be used. Everything else is wasted; soil; fertilizer and labor if the foundation seed is not right.

The Business of Farming

Poultrymen and particularly hatchery men will be more than pleased at the judgment recently handed down by the Supreme Court of Canada which allows the appeal of the Attorney-General of Canada against the Smith Incubator Company and the Buckeye Incubator Company of Cleveland, Ohio, in the case of the King and the two companies named, observes the St. Catharines Standard. It is estimated that the appeal is allowed with costs of the Supreme Court of Canada as well as those of the Exchequer Court of Canada; that the information of the Attorney-General shall be maintained and there will be a declaration that the letters patent issued to Samuel B. Smith are invalid and void and that the same are cancelled and set aside.

The case began in Canada in the Winter of 1934-35 when the Smith Incubator Company of Cleveland, O., served notices against a number of hatcherymen and breeders that the incubators they were using constituted an infringement of patent rights held by their company in Canada and actually took out an injunction proceedings against a number of incubator operators. This action was a sequel to many similar actions in the United States and had every indication of covering a wide area in Canada.

As a result of representations made to members of Parliament and Government Departments requesting that the Dominion Government intervene, particularly in view of the extreme breadth and comprehensiveness of the principles of physics involved, more particularly under Claim I of the Smith Patent under which these representations and injunction proceedings against Canadian operators had been taken, the Government of Canada through the Attorney-General decided to take steps to impeach the Smith Patent in Canada. The case was heard before the Exchequer Court of Canada commencing October 14, 1935. Coincident with the case instituted by the Attorney-General, the case of the Smith Incubator Co. against certain individuals to whom injunction had been served, was heard.

The Exchequer Court gave two decisions late in January, 1936. One granted that the Smith Patent was valid and the other that the Seiling Incubator, under which the injunctions had been taken, was not an infringe-

In due course the Smith Incubator Company appealed to the Supreme Court on the Seiling judgment and the Attorney-General of Canada in turn appealed the case to the Supreme Court on the Smith Patent. Both cases were heard by the Supreme Court in November, 1936, the judgment of which has just been given.

The Supreme Court judgment reverses the Exchequer Court judgment on the validity of the Smith Patent, and this automatically upholds the judgment of the Exchequer Court on the injunction proceedings under the Seiling Patent.

The judgment as rendered is unique in that it is one of the first cases in which the Dominion Government has taken action to impeach a patent which itself had previously granted.

The principal witness for the Attorney-General were Prof. W. R. Graham of the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, and Milo Hastings, of Tarrytown, N.Y. Prof. Graham gave extended testimony on the history and progress of incubation. Mr. Hastings gave testimony on the prior art, having built an incubator embodying the principles of the Smith incubator a number of years prior to the granting of the Smith Patent. Norman Hickox of Chicago gave corrobating evidence on the operation of the Hastings Incubator at Muskogee, Okla.

Thus is removed one of the most disquieting influences to affect farming in its many branches in recent years.

Surgeon Sees Hope For Cancer Victims

WASHINGTON.—Research work is bringing more complete understanding of the cause of cancer and development of more effective methods of treatment, Surgeon General Thomas Parran of the Public Health Service said this week.

"I think we may be on the eve of important developments in getting at the factors which cause cancer and thereby eliminating them,' he said.

That belief, he added, is inspired not by the discovery of methods preventing cancer but, paradoxically, because many chemical substances have been found which produce cancer.

Some of these substances, Dr. Parran explained, have been derived from coal tar, which long has been known to cause cancer, and are closely related chemically to normal constituents of the body.

This suggests, he said, that it may be possible to develop other substances which will retard the production and growth of cancer, just as coal tar derivatives promote growth.

Scientists of the public health service believe that the explanation of the cause of cancer will be found in changes which occur in the chemical reactions of the body.

Senator Bone, Democrat, Washington, and Representative Magnuson, Democrat, Washington, asked Congress yesterday to spend $1,000,000 for a government cancer research program.

Only about $500,000 annually has been spent on cancer research in all the laboratories of the country. Dr. Parran said. This includes the government's expenditure of $115,000.

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—

And You'll Jump Out of Bed in the Morning Rarin' to Go

The liver should pour out two pounds of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Gas bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Harmful poisons go into the body, and you feel sour, sunk and the world looks punk.

A mere bowel movement doesn't always get at the cause. You need something that works on the liver as well. It takes those good, old Carter's Little Liver Pills to get these two pounds of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up". Harmless and gentle, they make the bile flow freely. They do the work of calomel but have no calomel or mercury in them. Ask for Carter's Little Liver Pills by name! Stubbornly refuse anything else. 25c.

Issue No. 16 — '37

POISONED KIDNEYS

Stop Getting Up Nights

To harmlessly flush poisons and acid from kidneys and correct irritation of bladder so that you can stop "getting up nights" get a 40-cent package of Gold Medal Haarlem Oil Capsules and take as directed. Other symptoms of kidney and bladder weaknesses are scant, burning or smarting passage—backache—leg cramps—puffy eyes.

Classified Advertising

HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES

200 HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES FROM 5 cents up. Send for price list to Smallwares Co., 179 Craig St., West, Montreal.

7½c Andy Anderson's Chicks 8½c

I WILL SHIP YOU MY VERY BEST BLOOD Tested big Barred Rocks for 8½c or large English White Leghorns for 7½c. Month old pullets 35c. Day old White Leghorn roosters $2.75 per 100. 100 per cent live delivery. 10 per cent with order. Balance C.O.D. Andy Anderson, Box WP, Essex, Ontario.

STAMPS

The Hobby of Kings
35 AUSTRALIAN LYRE, KOOKABURRA, Birds, Victoria, McArthur, Jubilee, Air, Commemoratives. 25c. Bedworth, 200 Davenport, Toronto, Ontario.

AGENTS WANTED

STEADY WORK — EVERY DAY A PAY Day supplying thousand families, 200 guaranteed necessities. Make up to $35 weekly. No risk. Experience unnecessary. Free Catalogue and Details. Familex Company, 570 St. Clement, Montreal.

PLAY MUSIC BY COLOR

ORIGINAL, SENSATIONAL, YET VERY practical way of playing piano, guitar and ukulele, by matching colors. Canada's own, but the world's latest musical sensation. No teacher or instruction necessary. You can play today the Musicolor Way. Write for free Booklet now. Representatives wanted, with first-class references. Write Simplay Instruments, Limited, 60 Front St. West, Toronto.

REMEDIES

DR. McGAHEY'S LEG ITCH HEMEDY — One application stops itching, stamping biting. $2.00. Kemptville, Ontario.

POULTRY

BUFF ORPINGTON COCKS, PEKINS AND Rowen drakes, 250. William Waterbury, Picton Ontario.

BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCK BREEDERS

IMPROVE YOUR STOCK BY ADDING northern blood from heavy layers and registered sires. Buy six to ten weeks old cockerels at fifty to seventy five cents. Also started pullets at attractive prices. Montmagny Hatchery (Certified) 228, Montmagny, Que.

OPPORTUNITIES

— Diesel Engineering —

NATIONAL SCHOOLS OFFER A PROVEN course in Theory and Practical training. We have trained men for the past 32 years and are equipped to enable our students to actually put their knowledge to work to get better jobs.
If you are mechanically inclined and you believe you can qualify then write to
A. SWANSTON, Manager
NATIONAL SCHOOLS
323 Bloor Building
Dept. M. TORONTO
Investigation and Enquiries Invited

THE FAMOUS RUBBING LINIMENT

Rub on — pain gone. Get the new large economy size—Also available in smaller, regular size.

65¢ MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

HOW'S YOUR STOMACH?

YOU lose vital nerve force if you allow your stomach to distress you. Acid stomach, indigestion, gas or biliousness and "costiveness" cause the blood to be poisoned and will eventually destroy health and nerve force. This is what W. J. Fisher of 4 Sanford Ave., N., Hamilton, Ont., said: "I suffered with my stomach, could eat but very little and that would cause distress. I grew weaker daily and suffered from headaches. My weight went from 176 to 134 pounds. I took Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and was soon able to eat normally, I gained in weight and strength and could resume my work. The 'Discovery' made a well person of me." Buy now!