A REPLY

In reply to the item in the Flesherton Advance last week. I want people to understand that we do not owe the Township Council one cent, and as for the parcel which the U. F W. O. Club brought, it was returned some weeks ago, to the same party who brought it. I think the people made a mistake and brought the parcel to the wrong house at Rock Mills That is why there has been so much broadcasting done.

—SAM FISHER.

DANCE AT PROTON STATION

A dance will be held in Proton Station Orange Hall on Friday, June 3rd. Good orchestra music. Admission: gents 25 cents, ladies free.

WHEN DO WE "GO DOUGHNUT"

The doughnut or super-balloon tire is now hovering in the background of the automotive picture. While engineers are experimenting and the known benefits of the large sized tire are being weighed, standardization of size is already under discussion by manufacturers. Seven sizes are understood to have been approved by leading tire manufacturers. The smallest of the seven is 6.50x16 and the largest is 9.00x16.

ENGAGEMENT

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Boyce, 4th Line Artemesia, wish to announce the engagement of their daughter, Beatrice Marion to Mr. Kenneth Russell McKee of Toronto, son of Mr. and Mrs. John W. McKee, 4th Line, Artemesia, the marriage to take place early in June.

Beware the Fire Peril

USE

The NEW IVORY GYPROC Fireproof Wallboard

WHEN you are building, is the best time to make your home safe from the damage fire can do.

Order time-and-labour saving Gyproc Wallboard for all interior walls, ceilings and partitions.

When remodelling, extra space may be gained by dividing the attic and basement with Gyproc partitions.

You can paper it or panel it if you wish and it is an excellent base for Gyptex or Alabastine.

Gyproc may be easily identified by the name on the board and the Green stripe along the edge.

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11

For Sale by
Flesherton Planing & Chopping Mills, Flesherton

Where The "Merit System" Works

Take a drive into the country a little later in the season and note the different kinds of crops being grown in the farm fields. Some of these will produce grain, while others are primarily for hay and pasture. Of these latter, only rarely will crops be found other than good old red clover, alsike, alfalfa, timothy or corn.

It must seem curious to the average person that one can count on the fingers of two hands the number of important crops that are grown to any extent as feed for live stock while, as a matter of fact, there are thousands of distinctly different kinds of grasses and legumes growing wild Surely some of these plants, which grow naturally, should be equally as good or better than those which now occupy the fields.

Undoubtedly there are still valuable discoveries to be made, but before these can qualify as field crops they must pass a very vigorous test with respect to several important qualifications. The truth is that exceedingly few wild plants can succeed as cultivated crops. Many have been called, but few chosen. This is a case where the "Merit stystem" works perfectly.

Before a hay or pasture crop can ever become widely used it must be able to produce a satisfactory yield of hay or pasture and plenty of good seed; it must have good feeding quality and be able to resist disease and compete with weeds. It must also be winter-hardy, drought resistent in some areas, and able to mature seed in our comparativelyl short growing season. Not only do crops differ in these respects, but some varieties of the same crop are much more satisfactory than others.

It is clear that accurate knowledge is required to enable farmers to decide what to grow and how it should be grown. This need is being supplied by the Dominion Experimental Farms throughout Canada, which are able to give this service by virtue of their excellent facilities and wide experience with farm requirements and varieties of field crops. Plant breeders are always on the lookout for valuable new plants and occasionally a discovery is made, as for example Crested Wheat Grass in the Prairie Provinces and Reed Canary grass for certain conditions in Eastern Canada The standard crops, also, such as alfalfa, red clover and timothy are being improved by selecting, testing and multiplying the seed from individual plants of special merit.

Renew your subscription now.

Osprey Council

The Municipal Council of the Township of Osprey met in the hall at Maxwell on Saturday, May 28th at 10 a.m. and held a Court of Revision of the Assessment Roll of 1932.

A list of eight appeals were placed before the chairman, Mr. Taylor, of which number seven were heard and dealt with, as follows: Mr. J. Brown, Lot 24, Con. 12, assessment sustained; E. H. Connor, Lot 30, Con. 3, assessment reduced by $100; W. J. Ferris, Lot 38, Con. 3, assessment sustained; E. Hardy, Lots 36-37, Con. 3 N., assessment reduced $50; S. Rowley, Lot 36, Con. 3 S., reduced $100; Wm. Seeley, Pt. Lots 11-12, Con. 6, assessment sustained; A. Hutchinson, Lot 18, Con. 13, reduced by $300.

General business was proceeded with, after the Court arose, and after confirming of minutes of the preceding meeting, the communications were read from the Dept. of Health, Dept of Agriculture, re meeting of weed inspectors, Mrs. N. Priddle, requesting grant for library.

Mr. Evans and Mr. W. Kernahan addressed the Council on insurance for the township and the Council instructed the Reeve to make application for a renewal policy.

The Treasurer was instructed to receive the Rolls from the Collectors with the remaining taxes uncollected.

General accounts passed and ordered paid were: G. H. Burk, stamps and Collector's salary $30,50; J. K. Rinn, exchange and Collector's salary $36,94; R. Fenwick, sheep valuator $1.75; A. Hutchinson, sheep valuer $2.25; H. Grummett, sheep claim $4; John Robinson, sheep claim $12; Jas Bleakley, sheep claim $5; Herb Poole sheep claim $2; Mrs. N. Priddle, library grant $19; G. H. Long, library grant $10; D. Stephens, Assessors salary $85; C. M. Heron, stamps $6; Bank of Toronto, stamps $3; E. Robinson, stamps for Clerk $6.

Roads accounts were as follows: J. J. Jamieson $12.40, W. Davidson, $12.40, J. S. Winters $27.20, W. J. Bannerman $1.40, J Fawcett $10.20 R. Pedlar $11, J. McLachlan $1.25, H. McInnes $8.15, A. McDonald $8.20, A Campbell $13, T. H. Stinson $25.60 Geo. Young $18.80, Township of Nottawasaga $48.32, F. Hale $12.20, S. J. Arnott $6, S. Rowley $6, I. Ottewell $11, J. Black $15, J. Sewell $5, W. Seeley $26.40, L. Moore $8, P. Priddle $13, L. Cox $16.30, Jas. Aitkins $10, H. McInnes $39.20.

Council adjourned to meet at Feversham on Saturday, June 25th at 2 o'clock p.m.

Is Not Perfect Man

Frank Irwin, editor of the Durham Chronicle quotes both statistics and "the woman in the case" to show that he is not a "perfect" man:

"We can never pass for the 'perfect man.' The other day we read the specifications. Among them was the requirement that one must be 5 feet 8 inches, have a waist of 31 inches, and weigh 140 pounds. This was only part of the statistics. On checking up we found we were 5 feet 7 inches, weighed 185 pounds and had a waist line of 44 inches. We quit right there. We don't give a darn what the other specifications are. And so, we're not 'perfect," and once again the woman in the case was right. She had been telling us the same thing for the past twenty years or more. How in tarnation can a fellow pose as "perfect" when he is the same distance around the ankle as the "statistics" says he should be around the waist?"

[Ed. Note—Never mind, Frank, be at the old home week picnic here in August, get in the races and run some of it off. You're eating too much at home. Ship the wife away for a time and you'll reduce.]

WEED CONTROL

Careful and thorough cultivation, a short rotation of crops, using varieties of grain suitable to the soil will solve the weed problem, stated Arthur H. Martin, assistant director, Crops and Market Branch, in a recent address to weed inspectors. Mr. Martin recommended more extensive use of early after-harvest cultivation and summer fallow as a means of cleaning up weedy fields. Practical farmers have found that sow thistle and similar perennial weeds can be controlled by cutting hay earlier than usual, plowing the land immediately afterwards, and follow up with thorough cultivation during the remaining part of the season. Fall wheat, buckwheat, rape and all hoed are effective in controlling sow thistle. The latter gets its greatest start in oats and other spring grains. As a protection to productive land, road superintendent and city town and village weed inspectors are urged to keep all weeds cut on roadsides, vacant lots and other urban property. Valuable work in stimulating interest in weed control is being done by Mr. A. R. G. Smith of New Hamburg district weed inspector of Western Ontario, who has addressed numerous meetings this spring.

Thornbury may secure another industry as the Canadian Frosted Products, Limited, plans to establish a plant there if it can get contracts for as much fruits and vegetables as it needs for the business.

Health Service

OF THE

Canadian Medical Association

Edited by

GRANT FLEMING, M.D. — ASSOCIATE SECRETARY

A PERSONAL MATTER

The progress which has been achieved during recent years in the conquest of disease has been made possible through the accumulation of scientific knowledge concerning the cause or manner of the spread of certain diseases.

Diseases such as typhoid fever and cholera are practically non-existent where water and milk supplies are safeguarded. Proper diet banishes scurvy and ricketts. We have available the means whereby we can be successfully armed against smallpox and diphtheria. The application of our knowledge of infant care has reduced infant mortality.

There are many diseases concerning the cause of which we know little or nothing, and we are therefore unable to prevent or control them. We do know. however, how to treat some of these diseases successfully and so reduce the number of deaths which they cause. In general, it may be said that such treatment must be given early in the course of the disease if it is to be of real value.

Diseases which cannot be prevented but which can be cured by early adequate treatment are entirely a personal matter. It rests with the individual to secure the treatment required early in the disease. It is necessary for each one to have sufficient understanding of these diseases because they are a personal matter, purely individual diseases.

We notice that appendicitis takes an unnecessary toll of human lives year after year. The reason for this is failure to secure early treatment. The pain in the abdomen caused by appendicitis is not considered to be of any significance, and, worst of all, it is often treated with a laxative, which leads to disaster.

Cancer is another disease, which, in many cases, could be cured if treated early. It is because we fail to pay attention to sores which do not heal, to persistent or growing lumps, or unusual discharges or bleeding, or to chronic indigestion, that cancer cases so often come too late to the doctor's attention.

Pain is a danger signal, and pain should never be disregarded. Appendicitis causes pain, but cancer, (and this is the most important point) does not, as a rule, cause pain in its early stages, at the time when it may be cured by proper treatment.

It is obvious that the responsibility in such cases rests with the individual. Neither the public health department nor the medical profession can take the responsibility over. It is a personal matter, first and last.

Securing New Teachers

The Flesherton High School Board are advertising for three teachers to replace the present staff, who were given notice a short time ago that their contracts had expired and that the board would be advertising for teachers. Why this action was necessary is unknown, as the report from the Inspector strongly advised the retaining of the present staff. It does not seem to be that the action was taken through money matters as it is reported that the teachers in question would have taken a salary cut to conform to the present rate of salaries in other places.

ANNUAL

U.F.O. PICNIC

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FLESHERTON
JULY 1, 1932

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Program - Addresses
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AT PRICES THAT YOU CANNOT RESIST BUYING

All New Dresses Out at These Low Prices

LININE DRESSES $1.89 Each

In attractive shades with contrasting trim, all sizes 14 to 42, each $1.89

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In pastel shades, all snappy styles $3.95

NEW VOILE DRESSES $3.95 Each

Here again is value that is far below par. All attractive patterns and new styles, Each $3.95

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Here is the ideal frock for summer wear, all snappy styles, each $1.49

LADIES' PANAMA HATS

The latest thing in style and quality, 3 days only at a new low price $1.50-$1.95

MEN'S FINE SHIRTS 69c

A smart range of patterns, all sizes; Each 69c

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Value! Value! A shirt that is made to give extra wear and service, at this low price, each 59c

MEN'S KHAKI PANTS $1 Pair

A pant that is made to give long wear and service, sizes 34 to 44, pair $1.00

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A regular $1.50 garment, out for a 3 day special, sizes 4 to 8 yrs., each 98c

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