THE MARKETS

Carefully Corrected Each Week

Butter	0 22 to 0 26
Eggs	0 40 to 0 40
Winter Wheat	1 35 to 1 35
Spring Wheat	1 25 to 1 25
Oats	45 to 45
Barley	0 75 to 0 75
Peas	1 50 to 1 50
Buckwheat	1 00 to 1 05
Potatoes	1 30 to 1 30
Apples	4 00 to 4 00

Flesherton Tonsorial Parlors

We Aim to Give Entire Satisfaction

LAUNDRY—Basket closes Monday night, delivery Friday ev

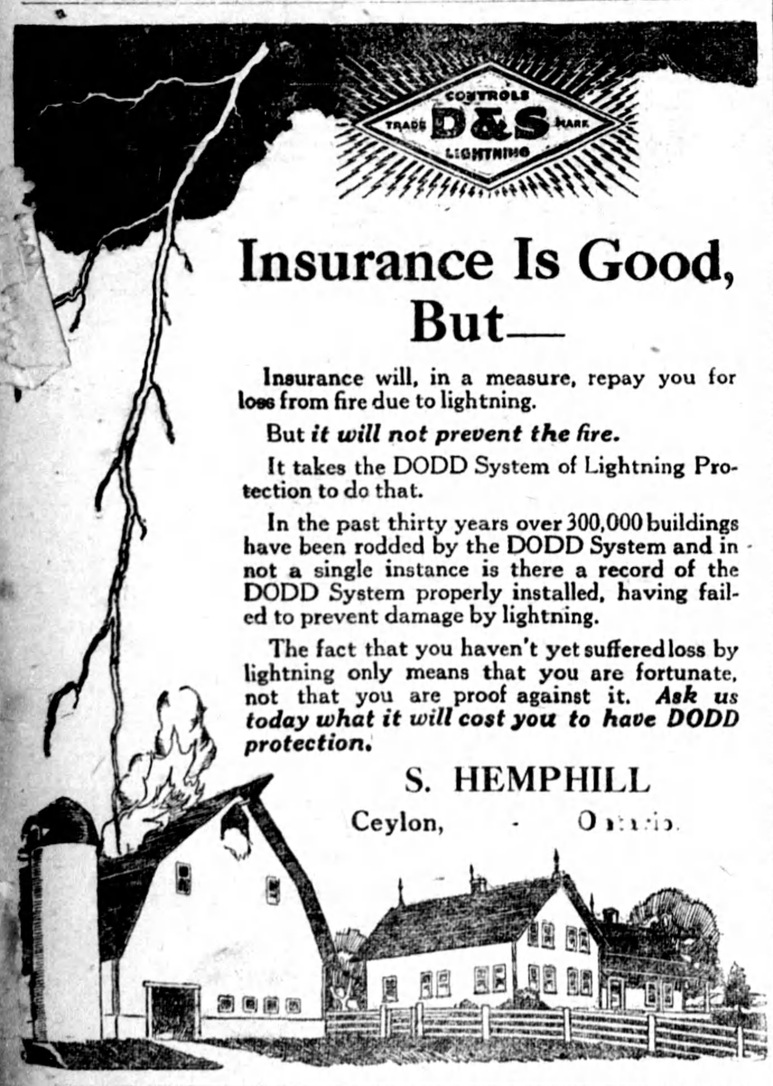
CLEANING and DYEING— We ar agents for Parker's Dy Works—Clothes leaned and dyed. feathers rejuvenated

T FISHER - -PROPRIETOR

Will Seek Pulpwood.

Announcement that the Government of Quebec intended to explore Labrador, Ungava and the Hudson Bay region for pulpwood, was made recently by Provincial Forester G. C. Piche, in the course of his address before the joint meeting of the Canadian Society of Forest Engineers and the Society of American Foresters. He stated that the Government intended to build various forest stations along the north shore of the St. Lawrence, the coast of Labrador, in the Bay of Ungava and also along the shore of Hudson Bay, where even airplanes would be utilized by the engineers in exploring the surrounding country. "These reconnaissances will enable the Government to better protect the country and also to put rapidly into value various units for pulp and power development," he stated.

"Quebec has over six million acres of timberland in private ownership, 45 million acres under license for timber and pulpwood purposes, and more than 79 million acres of crown lands that are as yet unoccupied. The Government aims to work in co-operation with the private owners by helping them to protect their holdings against fires and to reforest their waste lands, but no legislative power enables the Provincial Government to prevent destructive cutting," he said.



Insurance Is Good, But—

Insurance will, in a measure, repay you for loss from fire due to lightning.

But *it will not prevent the fire.*

It takes the DODD System of Lightning Protection to do that.

In the past thirty years over 300,000 buildings have been rodded by the DODD System and in not a single instance is there a record of the DODD System properly installed, having failed to prevent damage by lightning.

The fact that you haven't yet suffered loss by lightning only means that you are fortunate, not that you are proof against it. ***Ask us today what it will cost you to have DODD protection.***

S. HEMPHILL

Ceylon, - Ontario.

Up-to-date Clothing

Perfect in workmanship and style. Clothing made to orde. Serges, Worsteds and Tweeds on hand also a good line of Men's and Boys' stylish

Ready-to-wear Suits & Overcoats

All at lowest possible prices.

Cleaning, Repairing and Pressing

H. ALEXANDER

Merchant Tailor

Feversham, - Ontario

Flesherton Tin Shop

I have just placed on the shelves a full line of Tinware, Nickelware and Agateware for domestic use. Call on me and get your suppies.

Eavetroughing, Stovepipes and Stove Furnishings.

Repairing of a kin ls promptly attended to.

Pipefitting, including pump work.

Furnaces installed. Agent for Clare Bros. Furnaces.

D. McKILLOP

CHRISTOE BLOCK

FLESHERTON ONTARIO.

THE FARM CISTERN

A Good Supply of Soft Water a Household Boon.

The Farmer's Wife and Daughter Will Appreciate It—Location of the Cistern — Advice Given for Local Installment.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

Lucky indeed is the farmer who can boast of a never-failing supply of pure and fresh water from well or spring on his premises. Its value cannot be reckoned up in dollars and cents. Another source of water supply on the farm is the rain water caught on the roofs of the buildings and stored in large underground tanks, called cisterns. It is commonly called soft water in contrast to the hard water of wells and springs.

A Supply of Soft Water a Boon.

Every housewife who is fortunate enough to have a plentiful supply of soft water for washing dishes, clothes and woodwork, and for use in the bath, knows well how much superior it is to hard water. It saves a lot of soap, and the operations are more easily carried out and the results more satisfactory. This valuable supply of water comes down from the clouds in fairly copious amounts month by month, and costs nothing except a small outlay, probably $150, once in a lifetime for eave-troughing and a storage tank or cistern.

Over Ontario the average rainfall from April to December is about 2½ inches per month, and if all the buildings of an average-sized farm were provided with eave-troughing, no less than four barrels of water per day on the average over the whole year would be collected. This quantity of water will serve efficiently a family of six living in a home equipped with modern plumbing fixtures. The only draw on the well, or hard water, supply would be the amount required for drinking and cooking purposes.

A Good Cistern a Necessity.

To safeguard against a shortage of soft water in times of drought and during the winter season when rains are scarce, the cistern should be large enough to hold a two or three months' supply. This would require a storage tank at the very least 10 feet square and 10 feet deep, or its equivalent in different dimensions, or two smaller tanks having together this capacity. It is well to remember that the tank built in the cubical form, say 10x10x10, is more economical than one of the same size but oblong in form (6 2-3x15x10) for example. The cylinder form takes even less material than the cubical, but it may be a little slower and harder to build. Sometimes the bottle form is constructed. Either the cylindrical or bottle type is usually built of brick laid in a rich concrete mortar and finally well coated on the inside with a rich mixture of cement, preferably super cement, and fine sand. The 10x10x10 size will hold 6,250 Imperial gallons, or approximately 200 barrels. In U.S.A. gallons the capacity would be 1-5 more, or 7,500 gallons. To build the cube-shaped cistern (10x10x10) it would require 12 cu. yds. of concrete, the walls, bottom and top being six inches thick. Using a 1-6 mixture it would take approximately 18 barrels of cement and 15 loads of gravel. For the cylindrical shape it would take about 11 cu. yds. of material, and for the oblong shape (6 2-3x15x10) about 13 cu. yds. With a knowledge of local prices of material and labor, it would be an easy matter to estimate the cost of a 6,000 to 7,000 gallon cistern.

The Location of the Cistern.

The house cistern may be located in the cellar, or outside underground, according to conditions. If the cellar be large and provided with good drainage for the overflow of the cistern, there can be no serious objection to having the cistern in the cellar. If the roof of the house is not large enough to collect sufficient rain water for the water service of the home, the roofs of barns and other buildings may be connected up to another cistern at these buildings and the two cisterns connected for joint service if necessary. In this case probably the best arrangement would be to build one very large underground tank, 12 or 15 feet square and 10 feet deep, at a point where rain water from both house and barns would gravitate and collect. Between the barns and this cistern it would be advisable to build a settling basin to intercept dirt from roofs. The water system would be connected to this large cistern to supply the house or barn as required. The same water system could be used to supply the house or barn with the water from the well or other source used for drinking and cooking purposes.

In building a cistern do not make the serious mistake of making it too small. Then install some form of water system in order to have the soft water, both hot and cold, on tap throughout the house. In subsequent articles I will describe various types of water systems for the farm home.

The Department of Physics, O.A.C., Guelph, Ont., is prepared to advise you without charge regarding installation of water systems, plumbing, sewage disposal, etc.—R. R. Graham, O. A. College, Guelph.

Every farm and country home should feed itself, and to do this it is necessary for each family to grow garden vegetables and small fruits.

All corn cribs and grain bins should be carefully inspected to see that they are rat and mouse proof. A concrete foundation for storage buildings is advisable whenever it is practicable.

Our Bootleggers Go Abroad

That bootleggers have been active in Montreal for a long time past is probably no news to anyone, and it should not be surprising to learn, therefore, that detectives, whose business it is to foil the bootleggers, should infest that city. New York papers are at present giving considerable prominence to the exploits of a number of American prohibition agents who investigated the liquor situation in that city with a view of discovering who sells the liquor that reaches the United States, and how it is smuggled in. It is true that they made no seizures, but they believe that they received information which will make it necessary for the bootleggers on both sides of the border to revise their plans and find many new agents, since the names of the old ones are now in the hands of the American officials. The detectives were astonished to learn that people of good social and financial position in Montreal are active in the illicit liquor trade.

They struck their first clue in a Fifth Avenue Club, when one of them, personating a gentleman, became acquainted with a Canadian guest who was in New York for the purpose of selling a gold mine. The Canadian is said to have been formerly a member of Parliament, and after some time he admitted that he had liquor to sell as well as gold, and was well acquainted with the leading bootleggers in Montreal. The gent said that he knew an old man who had $60,000 which he might be induced to invest in the gold mine, and it was agreed that a meeting should take place in Montreal, where the matter would be discussed and where also liquor might be bought in wholesale quantities. In the meantime the owner of the $60,000 was supposed to have died, and his heir, named Harvey, was introduced. He seemed willing to examine the mine and went with the other detectives to Montreal.

They registered at the Windsor Hotel some time ago, three of them occupying one suite of rooms, while the fourth took a room immediately across the hall, in order that he might learn if the Canadians were having the Americans checked over. He found that they were, and that every move was being watched by spotters, evidently in the employ of the Canadians. This made it necessary for the Americans to move with the utmost caution, and they sought to keep the conversation on the subject of the gold mine. One of them, however, said that what he wanted to know was where he could buy several thousand dollars' worth of liquor. The negotiations for the mine proceeded, and the sale was agreed upon. The man called Harvey wrote a cheque for $10,000 on a bank in Trenton, New Jersey, as first payment. One of the Americans then induced the Canadian to give him the cheque, so that he could mail it to Harvey's brother in Trenton, who would cash it and bring the bills to Montreal.

The seeming payment of $10,000 had established the good faith of the Americans, and the man who sold them the gold mine hesitated no longer to take them into his confidence about the bootlegging industry. Other prominent bootleggers were introduced, and the Americans say that they were prominent and respected citizens who had invested in large stocks of liquor when it was possible to do so legally, and were quite willing to treble or quadruple their money by selling to any buyers. The Americans are said to have carried on with a large roll of dollar bills, with a hundred bill on the outside. This roll, which made a most pleasing impression upon the Canadians, was passed from one of the detectives to the others, and all made a fine "flash" before the all-too-credulous Canadians. We gather that they were so hospitably entertained that they never found any reason for spending money.

They agreed to make large purchases of whiskey, and learned how it would be delivered in the United States, safe delivery being part of the contract into which the Canadian bootleggers entered. Having acquired all the information they desired, they returned to the United States and reported at headquarters. However, it appears that the Canadian who thought he had sold the mine became suspicious and sent a detective to Trenton, where he learned that there was no such Harvey as was supposed to be approaching with the ten thousand dollars in cash. He went to prohibition enforcement officers in New York and said he purposed bringing an action against the officer who gave him the fraudulent cheque, but who was smart enough to get it back from him. He also with righteous warmth denounced the general conduct of the detectives, but it is feared that he got little sympathy.

John's Brain-Wave.

Miss Cross, the new governess, is coming to the conclusion that her pupil John ought to go to school. The other day she was giving John and his sisters a lesson on the heart.

"What happens," she asked, "to the man who smokes too much tobacco? He develops a tobacco-heart. The man who rows too strongly develops a rowing heart."

Here John cut in.

"And I s'pose," he said, "the boy who eats too many sweets gets a ——"

But Miss Cross was too quick for him, and her ruler playing a tattoo on his knuckles proved that the bad boy gets what he deserves.

Beds, tables, chairs, and stools are shown in Egyptian carvings as far back as 4000 B.C.

Greetings

As the holiday season marks the close of another year, we are glad to convey you a message which is not about business—for while friendships are a business asset, they are more; it makes life worth while when business brings one into contact with one's friends.

So we are glad of this chance to wish you a Happy and Prosperous New Year.

FRANK W. DUNCAN - Hardware

FOWL WANTED

We are in the market for all kinds of fowl

Chickens, Ducks and Geese

Cash or trade. Highest prices paid.

CARLOAD OF SALT just arrived. $3.25 per bbl., 2 sacks to the barrel.

JAMES McLEAN,

Pattison's Old Stand. CEYLON

FLESHERTON BAKERY

IT'S WORTHY—THE BREAD WITH A PURPOSE.

Yes, our Pure Food Bread has a worthy purpose. It brings health and strength and a meal time satisfaction to the folks who partake of it regularly. One slice calls for a loaf, one loaf forms the habit.

Bread is your best food—eat more of it.

PHONE 8

FRED PINDER, Flesherton

Small Ads.

Try Feversham Pas ry Flour, the best or your cook. All Ontario wheat

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Two young cows for sale, due to freshen Jan. 15—John O iver, Priceville.

Chopping done on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday—Graham Bros. Eugenia

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Wanted—About fifteen head of cattle to feed—Nat. Caswell, Proton P. O.

Dog Came Astray—Collie dog came to my premises recently—N. Archibald, Proton Station P. O.

Car of corn on the way to arrive this week. Ask for prices before buying elsewhere—P. Loucks, Flesherton

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Steers For Sale—Eight head of two year old steers. Will sell reasonable—T. Hughes,—Irish Lake.

For Sale—Frame house and lot for sale n Flesherton.—Apply to W. Sanderson at the Munshaw House.

For Sale— Birds pure wool Mackinaws in black, brown and grey, also knit stockings —H. Alexander, Feversham.

For Sale or Rent—The old egg factory in Flesherton, on easy terms. Apply to R. J. Sproule, Flesherton.

For Sale—Dominion Organ, 6 octaves, in first class condition, price reasonable —W. A. Hawken's Music Store, Flesherton.

Bull Calves For Sale—Two Shorthorn bull calves, one red and one roan; also a few pure bred cows safe with calf—W. J. Bowes Markdale, Ont.

For Sale—Choice tamarack sticks for barn timber and wood. Orders taken for scantling, planks and lumber. Apply Reg Stevens, Proton Station.

Baby Chicks—It is cheaper and more satisfactory to buy ready hatched chicks. We guarantee safe delivery of vigorous, pure bred, husky chicks of all breeds. Write for free booklet and prices. The Canadian chick Hatchery, Ltd., Dept., O M, Hamilton, Ont.

House and Lot For Sale —The property known as the Ashdown residence at Ceylon, an eight roomed dwelling, good cellar, stable, etc.; about an acre of land, would make a good home for a retired gentleman For terms and further particulars apply to W. J. Bellamy, Flesherton. 1 May t f

BUSINESS CARDS

SOCIETIES

PRINCE ARTHUR LODGE, No. 333, A.F.& A M, meets in the Masonic hall, Armstrong's Block Flesherton, every Friday on or before the full moon. Peter Muir. W. M R. G. Holland, Secretary.

DENTISTRY

DR. C MURRAY L. D. S., dental surgeon honor graduate of Toronto University and Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario, Gas administered for teeth eXtraction Office at residence. Toronto Street, Flesherton.

LEGAL

LUCAS, & HENRY—Barristers, solicitors, etc.—I. B. Lucas, K. C.; W. D. Henry, B. A. Offices, Markdale Lucas Block, Phone 24. branch offices at Dundalk and Durham.

WRIGHT, & TELFORD, Barrister, Solicitors, &c. Offices, Grey & Bruce Block, Owen Sound. Standard Bank Flesherton, (Saturdays). W. H. Wright, W. P. Telford Jr.

BUSINESS CARDS

WM. KAITTING, licensed Auctioneer for the counties of Grey and Simcoe. Farm and Stock sales a specialty. Terms moderate. satisfaction guaranteed. Arrangements for dates may be made at the Advance office, or Central telephone office Feversham or by addressing me at Feversham, Ont.

D. McPHAIL, Licensed Auctionee for the County of Grey. Terms moderate and satisfaction guaranteed. The arrangements and dates of sales can be made at The ADVANCE office. Residence and P.O., Ceylon, Telephone connection.

DR. A. TURNBULL, B.A., M.B., graduate from the Faculty of Medicine, University of Toronto. Office—Richardson Block, Flesherton, Telephone 35.

Yorkshires, Tamworths

Young Stock For Sale

For Breeding Purposes

Phone or write—GEO. W. ROSS

Osprey Tel. system Maxwell P. O.

Bull For Service

Pure bred Durham bull, No 143013 for service on lot 162, S W T & S R, Artemesia. Terms—$2 for grades. $5 for thoroughbreds. —G. AKINS, Prop may1

Boar For Service

Pure bred Registered Yorkshire Boar for service—Maxwell Jack 62903—on Lot 167, S. W. T. & S. R., Artemesia. Terms $1.50. Sows not returned will be charged same as those in pig.

10,4,19 T. J. STINSON

BOAR for SERVICE

Purebred Tamworth Boar for service on lot 167, S W T and S R, Artemesia. Terms—$1.50. Sows not returned will be charged same as those in pig.

Feb 15 —T. J. STINSON, Prop