The Finest and Purest Tea Sold

"SALADA"

There is genuine and unmistakeable pleasure in its daily use.

Black - Green or Mixed } **Try a packet from your grocer, but be sure it's "Salada"** B516

BUSH FRUITS AND THEIR CULTIVATION IN CANADA

(Continued from last week).

Descriptions of Varieties of White Currants.

Large White.—Fruit medium to large in long bunches usually about half filled; pale yellow; briskly subacid; quality above medium, better than most. Season early. A strong, upright grower and productive. One of the best.

White Cherry.—Fruit above medium in size in well filled bunches of medium length; pale yellow; acid; medium quality. Season early. A strong upright grower and one of the most productive.

White Grape.—Fruit medium to above medium in size in bunches of medium length about half filled; pale yellow; subacid, pleasant flavor; quality good. Season medium. A strong, moderately spreading grower, productive and one of the most reliable white varieties.

White Kaiser.—Fruit medium to large in medium to large bunches about three-fourths filled; pale yellow; subacid, pleasant flavor; quality good. Season medium. A strong upright grower, better in quality than most.

Varieties of Black Currants Recommended by the Experimental Farms and Stations.

Prince Edward Island—
Charlottetown.—Climax, Saunders, Ontario.
Nova Scotia.—
Kentville.—Saunders, Kerry, Topsy.
Nappon.—Kerry, Victoria, Magnus, Eagle.
New Brunswick—
Fredericton—Kerry, Topsy, Eclipse, Buddenborg.
Quebec—
Cap Rouge.—Climax, Saunders, Topsy.
Ste. Anne de la Pocatiere.—Magnus, Topsy, Saunders.
Lennoxville.—Saunders, Climax, Magnus, Topsy, Kerry.
LaFerme—Kerry, Climax, Eage.
Ontario—
Ottawa.—Kerry, Saunders, Topsy, Ontario. The following have done exceptionally well also: Clipper, Magnus, Eagle and Climax. Boskoop Giant and Victoria are not sufficiently productive, though very large.
Kapuskasing. — Climax, Kerry, Eagle.
Manitoba—
Brandon.—Magnus, Topsy, Saunders.
Morden.—Magnus, Topsy, Saunders, Kerr, Climax.
Saskatchewan—
Indian Head.—Victoria, Climax, Collins Prolific, Magnus.
Rosthern.—Topsy. Collins Prolific, Lee Prolific, Eagle.
Scott.—Kerry, Saunders, Climax.
Alberta—
Lethbridge.— Beauty, Saunders, Merville de la Gironde, Eagle.
Lacombe.—Climax, Naples, Beauty.
British Columbia—
Agassiz.—Boskoop Giant, Buddenborg, Victoria, Kerry.
Summerland.— Boskoop Giant, Victoria, Climax, Kerry.
Ivermere.—Collins Prolific, Naples, Topsy, Victoria.

Varieties of Red Currants Recommanded by the Dominion Experimental Farms and Stations.

Prince Edward Island—
Charlottetown.—Greenfield, Wilder. LaConde. Perfection is promising.
Nova Scotia—
Kentville.—Red Grape, Perfection.
Nappan.—Red Dutch, Greenfield. Red Grape.
New Brunswick—
Fredericton—Perfection, Red Cross, Red Dutch.
Quebec—
Cap Rouge.—Perfection, Fay, Red Cross.
Ste. Anne de la Pocatiere.—Perfection, Admirable, Red Cross.
Lennoxville.—Red Grape, Perfection, Red Cross.
LaFerme.—Red Dutch, Raby Castle, Red Grape.
Ontario—
Ottawa.—Perfection, Red Grape, London Red, Knight Large.
Kapuskasing.—Red Dutch, Red Grape, Raby Castle.
Manitoba—
Brandon.—Red Cross, Red Dutch.
Morden.—Red Dutch, Red Grape, Red Cross.
Saskatchewan—
Indian Head.—Victoria Red, Rankins, Red, Red Dutch, Red Grape.
Rosthern.—Stewart, Red Grape, Pomona.
Scott.—Stewart, Raby Castle, North Star.
Alberta—
Lethbridge.—New Red Dutch, Victoria, Moore Seedling.
Lacombe.—Red Grape, Pomona.
Fort Vermilion.—Red Dutch, Red Grape.
British Columbia—
Agassiz.—Pomona, Perfection, Fay.
Sidney.—Red Cross, Wilder, Greenfield, Perfection.
Summerland.—Fay, Perfection, Redpath Ruby.
Ivermere.—Fay, Perfection, Wilder.

The highest yield mentioned by Card in his work on bush fruits, is at the rate of 450 bushels per acre, obtained at the Geneva Experiment Station, N. Y. He gives the probable range from 300 to 500 bushels per acre. Bailey gives the average as 100 bushels per acre, but we believe this is much below what is grown in Canada.

White Currants Recommended.

White Grape is most generally recommended throughout Canada because of its hardiness, size of fruit, and good quality, but other good sorts are Large White, White Cherry and White Pearl.

The Gooseberry.

The gooseberry when compared with other cultivated fruits is not as important in America as it is in North Europe, and especially in the British Isles where it has long been very popular, and a wonderful improvement has taken place in its size during the last two or three hundred years. When it was first cultivated in Europe—probably in the 16th century—the wild fruit, if it was like what it is now, would be only about one-half an inch in diameter and less than one-quarter of an ounce in weight. The largest gooseberries which have been produced in recent years average several times this size, some speciments two ounces or more in weight having been recorded. The English and European gooseberries are derived from a species native of North Europe, called Ribes Grossularia.

As the gooseberry is a native of Canada and is found growing wild almost or quite to the Arctic circle, its culture will eventually do doubt be extended very far north.

There is a steady though limited demand for gooseberries in Canada, but the gooseberry has never been generally popular in this country. In Great Britain and Ireland gooseberries are used in great quantities for eating out of hand and for jam; in Canada few are used raw, most of the fruit being put into pies, or used as jam, or canned.

Propagation.

Gooseberries may be propagated either from cuttings or by layering. The average person will usually get the best results from layering, as cuttings are often very unsatisfactory To propagate by layering, the bushes should be pruned severely in the autumn or early in the spring to get the best results. This will induce a strong growth of young shoots the next season. When these have made most of their growth, which will be in July, the earth is heaped up around and through the bush until only the tips of the young shoots are left uncovered. The soil is packed down and then a covering of loose soil thrown over to retain moisture better. Most of the American varieties will have rooted well by autumn, and the young plants may be detached and planted in nursery rows either the same fall or the following spring, to be grown there for one season. English varieties usually take two years to root, and the soil must be left about the bushes for that time. Cuttings of American varieties will sometimes give fairly satisfactory results if made from well ripened wood and treated as currant cuttings. The cuttings are made six to eight inches or less in length, and buried in the soil over winter. In spring they are set out in nursery rows, planting deep enough so that only one or two buds are above the ground. Both American and English varieties may be progated from green wood cuttings in a greenhouse, or hotbed with bottom heat.

Soil, Planting and Culture.

The gooseberry is a moisture-loving plant, hence a soil should be chosen where there can be a constant supply of water during the growing season. In dry soils gooseberries suffer very much in a dry time, the foliage often falling prematurely and the fruit being scalded by the sun. The soil should be a cool one. Moist soils are usually this, but the surface of a sandy loam soil gets very hot in summer, hence it is not the best for this fruit. Well drained, heavy clay loams are the most suitable for gooseberries as these usually are cool and moist. The soil should have abundant plant food easily made available. A good application of well rotted manure thoroughly worked into the soil will do much to bring about these favorable conditions. The soil should be well prepared and made mellow as for a crop of roots. As gooseberries start to grow early in the spring it is usually preferable to plant in the autumn, and as the leaves drop early they may be planted in September and will be in good condition when winter comes. Well rooted cuttings or layers may be used as plants. They should be set in rows about six feet apart and four feet apart in the rows.

Cultivation should be very thorough so as to retain moisture and keep the soil cool, and as the gooseberry roots near the surface, cultivation should be shallow; mulching with straw is sometimes advisable to keep the soil cool.

As the gooseberry makes much more wood than it is desirable to leave, severe pruning is necessary. English varieties are usually trained to a single stem, but this is not necessary, although the freer circulation of air when trained in this way helps to prevent the spread of mildew.

(Continued Next Week).

LIFE WAS A MISERY TO HER

Says this Woman Until Relieved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Owen Sound, Ont.—"I suffered for ten years with female organic trouble, neuralgia and indigestion, and was weak and had such bad pains I could hardly walk or stand up at times. When I would sweep I would have to go and lie down. I could not sleep at night, and would wander around the house half the time. I tried everything but nothing did me any good, and the last doctor I had told me he never expected me to be on my feet again or able to do a day's work. One day one of your little books was left at my door and my husband said I should try a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I thank God I did, for it cured me, and I am now well and strong. I think there is no remedy like the Vegetable Compound for anyone who has my troubles, and have recommended it to my neighbors. You can publish my letter for the benefit of those I can't reach."—Mrs. Henry A. Mitchell, 1767 7th Ave., East, Owen Sound, Ont.

If you have any symptom about which you would like to know write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for helpful advice given free of charge.

TO-DAY! BUY

CATARRHOZONE

Gives Effective Relief in Five Minutes, and Cures Perfectly

FINE FOR COUGHS OR COLDS

It was their inability to reach the real source of catarrh and bronchitis that caused the medical profession to drop liquid cough medicines and adopt "Catarrhozone" instead. This wonderful inhaler provides a method of breathing into the lungs certain rare medicinal vapors which are so healing and comforting as to entirely banish coughs, catarrh and throat trouble in a very short time.

The most wonderful thing about Catarrhozone is, that no matter where the germs of bronchitis or catarrh are hidden, Catarrhozone will reach and destroy them.

Get the large size, lasts months, is sure to cure you, price $1.00; smaller size 50c; sample or trial size, 25c. All dealers.

MOTOR ROADS IN FRANCE.

The excellence of most of the French main roads has long been recognized; but the war inflicted on them immense damage, directly and indirectly, by destruction in some parts and by excessive wear, with reduced opportunities for maintenance, in others. In making good their roads the French are looking carefully to the character of the traffic which will pass over them and are developinfg particularly concrete construction.

A feature of the new roads will be the massive concrete abutment on each side, where heavy traffic is expected. The roadway itself in these cases will have a minimum thickness of 4.7 inches of concrete, the camber being 1 in 100.

The Friend of All Sufferers.—Like to "the shadow of a rock in a weary land" is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil to all those who suffer pain. It holds out hope to everyone and realizes it by stilling suffering everywhere. It is a liniment that has the blessings of half a continent. It is on sale everywhere and can be found whenever enquired for.

TOTTERING FOR 600 YEARS.

The famous Leaning Tower of Pisa is of pure white Carrara marble in the Gothic style. Its departure from the perpendicular has been variously interpreted, but there is little doubt that it rises from the softness of the soil on which it stands and which has given way. Notwithstanding its threatening appearance, it has now stood for more than 600 years without rent or decay.

Worms, however generated, are found in the digestive tracts, where they set up disturbances detrimental to the health of the child. There can be no comfort for the little ones until the hurtful intruders have been expelled. No better preparation for this purpose can be had than Miller's Worm Powders. They will immediately destroy the worms and correct the conditions that were favorable to their existence.

When Grant entered the federal army at the beginning of the Civil War, he was unable to buy his own uniform.

Fossils in China are known as "dragon bones" and are supposed to possess remarkable medicinal qualities.

Drives Asthma Before It. The smoke or vapor from Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy gives asthma no chance to linger. It eradicates the cause. Our experience with the relief-giving remedy shows how actual and positive is the succor it gives. It is the result of long study and experiment and was not submitted to the public until its makers knew it would do its work well.

Advice to Girls

By Miss Rosalind

Registered according to the Copyright Act

Miss Rosalind welcomes letters from young women asking for advice on any subject. All you have to do is to address your letter to MISS ROSALIND, 34 King William St., Hamilton, Ont

Dear Rosalind:—

I am a girl of 20 years, and would like to get a boy friend. I have met some, but they seem to have other girl friends. I live five miles from town and do not meet many. Please advise me what I should do as I value your advice very much.

SUNSHINE.

Dear Sunshine:—

It is pretty lonesome at times, I am sure, especially in winter. But there are silent friends that we may have with us all the time—I mean books. I'd like you to make up your mind to make this winter the best you have ever spent. Make up your mind first to go on studying where you left off at school. You will be amazed at how easily things come to you now. Then get some good stories. Borrow them from friends in town. Go to the library every time you go into town; and when you have the price of a good book, invest in one. It will pay you back a hundred times over. You will have an interest in life that will brighten you up and make you attractive to talk to, so that people will want to know you. Try it, to please me; and I know you will never be sorry.

ROSALIND.

Saskatchewan.

Dear Rosalind:—

I am a bachelor on the Prairie and would like some advice towards heart and social events.

Would it be proper for me to ask a married woman to have the first dance, providing her husband was not a dancer or he not being there, when it was only a small neighbor gathering?

Is it right for me to give a neighbor girl a box of chocolates if she has a fellow of her own, he sitting there when I give them to her? Should he care? I like a girl in this neighborhood about eighteen years old and I am twenty-seven; this girl has a friend with whom she has been going for over a year. Should I try to cut him out in a nice manner? I love this girl very much, but I have not got enough money to give her a good time.

Is it right for me to go along with a fellow when he is going to see his girl and sit and wait till he gets ready to go home?

Hoping to see this advice in the paper soon as I am worrying very much.

JIGGS.

Dear Mr. Jiggs:—

I enjoyed your letter, for I have lived on the Prairie and know those happy times—femininely speaking—when one girl was sure of half a dozen beaux.

The best way to answer your questions is to take them one at a time:

1. Surely, ask your married friends for dances, first or any other. If the lady's husband does not dance, she would have to sit that one out unless some bachelors asked her. And are you not all good friends together?

2. I am quite sure the girl would appreciate the chocolates at any time. If the man is sensible he will not care. If he is not engaged to the girl, it is none of his affair anyway.

3. There is nothing to prevent you taking your chance at making your neighbor care for you, unless she has already promised to marry another man.

If a girl loves a man, she will want him to save his money towards a home.

4. If the girl has asked you to call, and you really enjoy doing so and everybody else enjoys having you there, you may call when others are there and of course leave together. That business of sitting the other fellow out is not done in nice families.

Send me your full name and address on a stamped envelope and I'll have a really splendid girl of this column write to you.

ROSALIND.

Dear Rosalind:—

I have read your advice every week and would like you to give me some. I am fourteen. There is a young man whom I am fond of and he seems to like me. Should I send him a Christmas card or present or should I wait till I receive one? Am I too young to go with young men? I saw a young girl's letter who did not have any girl friends, I would be very pleased to write to her as I have not many, if you yould please send me her address, her name was "Violet."

ANXIOUS FOURTEEN.

My Dear Little Girl:—

I think fourteen is pretty young to talk about "young men." Girls of fourteen have school boy friends of that age and sometimes they exchange cards at various seasons of the year. I certainly would not exchange presents. Ask your mother about the card. When you are eighbeen you may begin to think about "going with" your friends.

If you will send me a stamped, self-addressed envelope I shall send you Violet's address.

ROSALIND.

Dear Sunshine:—

Please tell your father all about it right away. And then, go to your aunt or cousin or the nicest neighbor you have and tell her exactly what you have told me. I am more sorry than I can ever tell you, but I am powerless to help.

ROSALIND.

A MOTHER'S TRIAL

CARE OF HOMES AND CHILDREN OFTEN CAUSES A BREAKDOWN.

The woman at home, deep in household duties and the cares of motherhood, needs occasional help to keep her in good health. The demands upon a mother's health are many and severe. Her own health trials and her children's welfare exact heavy tolls, while hurried meals, broken rest and much indoor living tend to weaken her constitution. No wonder that the woman at home is often indisposed through weakness, headaches, backaches and nervousness. Too many women have grown to accept these visitations as a part of the lot of motherhood. But many and varied as her health troubles are, the cause is simple and relief at hand. When well, it is the woman's good blood that keeps her well; when ill she must make her blood rich to renew her health. The nursing mother more than any other woman in the world needs rich blood and plenty of it. There is no way to get this good blood so necessary to perfect health, and that is through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills make new blood, and through their use thousands of weak, ailing wives and mothers have been made bright, cheerful and strong. If you are ailing, easily tired depressed, it is a duty you owe yourself and your family to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial. What this medicine has done for others it will surely do for you.

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50c a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

OLD BONY SCRUB.

Good-bye, old Brindle, bony scrub.
The time demands a better breed.
You eat enough, but there's the rub,
You never pay for half your feed.
So after all these years we part,
But pray remember, as you go,
If this should break your loving heart
You broke my purse long, long ago.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.
Have used MINARD'S LINIMENT for Croup; found nothing equal to it.
CHAS. E. SHARP,
Minard"s Liniment Co., Limited.

A Nebraska inventor has invented a combination mangle and wringer, which coupled with an electric washer, is said to reduce the washday drudgery to a minimum.

Soft corns are difficult to eradicate, but Holloway's Corn Cure will draw them out painlessly.

A GREAT STOMACH BRACER

Makes You Feel Lively and Young—Removes That Tired Feeling.

At some period in our lives there is sure to come a time when the stomach is "off"—not working well—failing to enjoy and digest its food. Main thing then is to get the right remedy. You really want a soothing medicine, one quick to act, sure on results, combining the virtues of a gentle laxative with a tonic effect upon the stomach, liver and kidney.

Certainly the world affords no better medicines, for the stomach than Dr. Hamilton's' Pills of Mandrake and Butternut. Their laxative effect is ideal,—can't be beaten! But in adition to their helpful action upon the bowels, these pills contain certain ingredients that strengthen and invigorate the muscles of the stomach, thereby relieving all sourness, rising gas, headache and biliousness.

Just try Dr. Hamilton's Pills—they'll make you full of energy—brimming over with snap; they bring and maintain robust, sound, vigorous health, and isn't that just what you've looked for these many months? REFUSE A SUBSTITUTE FOR DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS. 25c per box, all dealers.

LESS LABOR—MORE WHEAT.

By giving proper attention to all the factors which enter into successful wheat growing, much larger yields can be produced. This has been established, times without number, by efficient wheat growers of Europe. The average man is disposed to say that Europe had until lately an abundance of cheap labor, which fact in itself accounts for the 30 bushels of wheat per acre which Great Britain harvests, as compared with the 18 to 20 bushels per acre which are gathered in Canada. Cheap labor has its counterpart in our highly efficient farm machinery. By adding a horse to the team and by using wider plows, wider harrows, disks, binders, etc., it is possible to reduce the man-labor required in raising wheat from 50 to 75 per cent. This is America's answer to European abundant and cheap labor.

The growing of wheat produces much more highly important food for each hour of man-labor put upon it, than do either potatoes or corn. When wheat yields 30 bushels to the acre, reliable figures show that one hour of man-labor produces 1 2-3 bushels of wheat. At prevailing yields, one hour of man-labor on potatoes produces about a bushel of that crop, while on corn, one hour of man-labor produces about 1¼ bushels. It is obviously a matter of labor economy to grow wheat.—Henry G. Bell, B.S.A.

CHILDHOOD AILMENTS

The ailments of childhood—constipation, indigestion, colic, colds, etc.—can be quickly banished through the use of Baby's Own Tablets. They are a mild but thorough laxative which instantly regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach. They are guaranteed to contain no harmful drugs and can be given to the youngest baby with perfect safety. Concerning them Mrs. Alcide Lepage, Ste. Beatrix, Que., writes:—"Baby's Own Tablets were of great help to my baby. They regulated her bowls and stomach and made her plump and well." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

13TH CENTURY TOMB.

An interesting 13th century tombstone has been discovered at Workshop, England Prior Church, which is being restored as a war memorial to the local men who fell in the war. The tombstone which is beautifully carved has been identified as that of Lady Furnival, who built the church in the 13th century as a thankoffering for the return of her son from Palestine, where he had gone in order to bring home the heart of his brother Gerald, who was killed by the Saracens. The tombstone bears evidence of elaborate brass work, but the metal itself has disappeared, apparently having been stolen or torn off. The Lady Chapel is one of the most characteristic specimens of early English architecture in England, and its lancet windows are considered among the most perfect in the country.

A Remedy for Bilious Headache.—To those subject to bilious headache, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are recommended as the way to speedy relief. Taken according to directions they will subdue irregularities of the stomach and so act upon the nerves and blood vessels that the pains in the head will cease. There are few who are not at sometimes subject to biliousness and familiar with its attendant evils. Yet none need suffer with these pills at hand.

A beggar, who had imposter written all over him, was calling from house to house trying to beg money for a night's lodging.

At last he struck the house of a Scotsman.

"If yer please guv-nor," commenced the beggar, "will you give me a few coppers for a bed?"

"Very likely," answered the careful Scot. "Bring the bed in—and let's have a good look at it!"

Unless worms be expelled from the system, no child can be healthy. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is the best medicine extant to destroy worms.

A bluejacket in the British navy is not permitted to cultivate a moustache. If he attempts it he is fined a month's pay.