THIRTY YEARS OF DISFIGURING ECZEMA CURED

"Ever since I was a little girl, thirty years ago, I had suffered tortures from eczema in one of its worst forms. The disease runs in my family, and mine was of a scaly and most disfiguring kind. The eczema formed in round rings, and then scales all over my face and limbs. I have been smothered from head to foot. I was born in Leamington, which is famous for its sulphur baths and pump waters, and one would think that after taking the treatment there regularly as I did, the disease would long ago have been cured, but it was not. I attended the ——— Hospital for years and years, so you will see I gave it a fair trial. Everyone in the town knew of my case. My face was disfigured very badly. A doctor told me that I should never get rid of it. I spent pounds in doctors' bills, and I attended several hospitals but nothing did any good.

"Then one day an uncle of mine recommended the Cuticura Remedies. I took his advice, and commenced to use the Cuticura Soap. To my astonishment an improvement at once set in, and my hair, which had been a complete mass of scales and scurf, soon began to look in splendid condition. Then I bought a box of Cuticura Ointment, and this cleared my skin wonderfully. In a few weeks' time all traces of the scaly eruptions had completely disappeared. Now my skin is clear and healthy, and thanks to the Cuticura Remedies I am completely cured of eczema. All my neighbours were astounded. The Cuticura Remedies are worth their weight in gold, and one tablet of Cuticura Soap goes further than four cakes of cheaper soaps. It has brought happiness into my home." (Signed) Mrs. Butler, 17, Francis Rd., The Cotterridge, King's Norton, Birmingham, Eng., July 26, 1910.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, but those who wish to try them without charge may do so by sending to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., 82 Columbus Ave., Boston, U. S. A., for a liberal sample of each, post-free, with 32-p. skin book.

VENTRILOQUISM.

Most people believe that ventriloquism is a gift almost unattainable by the ordinary mortal, but this view is quite wrong. The fact is that anyone can learn to ventriloquize if he has sufficient patience to practice long enough. It is merely a question of deceiving the ear. Practically all the would-be ventriloquist has to learn is the facility of speaking without moving his lips, and, of course, the knack of misdirecting the attention of the spectators. In connection with "stomach talk"—which, by the way, has a misleading derivation, since no man can produce sounds otherwise than from his larynx—it is said that the ancient Egyptian priests made great use of it for the purpose of working their oracles.

CURED OF CONSTIPATON

Mr. Andrews praises Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills.

Mr. George Andrews of Halifax, N.S., writes:

"For many years I have been troubled with chronic Constipation. This ailment never comes single-handed, and I have been a victim to the many illnesses that constipation brings in its train. Medicine after medicine I have taken in order to find relief, but one and all left me in the same hopeless condition. It seemed that nothing would expel from me the one ailment that caused so much trouble, yet at last I read about these Indian Root Pills.

That was indeed a lucky day for me, for I was so impressed with the statements made that I determined to give them a fair trial.

They have regulated my stomach and bowels. I am cured of constipation, and I claim they have no equal as a medicine."

For over half a century Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills have been curing constipation and clogged, inactive kidneys, with all the ailments which result from them. They cleanse the whole system and purify the blood. Sold everywhere at 25c a box. 2

LETTER FROM THE CAPITAL

INTERESTING GOSSIP FROM ONTARIO'S CAPITAL.

"Abolish the Bar" is Now the Issue—Newspaper Proprietor's Optimism—Removal of Government House.

(We have arranged for a weekly letter about Toronto affairs, which, we believe, will be of great interest to many of our readers. These letters will be from the pen of one of Canada's foremost journalists, a man who has covered some of the world's greatest happenings and now occupies a leading position on one of the Toronto dailies.)

Not since the last years of the Ross government has there been as much interest in the Legislature as was occasioned by the announcement of the "Abolish the Bar" policy decided upon by the leader of the Opposition. There has not been since the Whitney Administration came into power any great issue between the parties. There have been skirmishes on matters of detail, but no issue big and broad enough to reach every elector, and make him search his heart or his prejudices, to see which side he really stood on. The temperance policy advanced by Mr. Rowell furnishes such an issue. It will bring the political gladiators to grips. And no one can tell at this date what the outcome will be. There will be plenty of time for consideration, for, of course, there is no reason why there should be an election for another four years.

THE ISSUE.

From expressions of opinion already made it is evident that opposition to Mr. Rowell's policy will come from three main sources:

1. Those who do not believe in further restrictive legislation.

2. Those who are sincere in their desire to see the liquor trade curtailed or abolished, but who do not believe that the enforcement of such restrictions as are proposed could be enforced.

3. Those who, to borrow a phrase from British politics, may be described as "whole hoggers," and who will not be satisfied with any temperance policy which does not provide for the total prohibition, including the abolition of shop licenses and club licenses, as well as the bars, and perhaps, also, the prohibition of the manufacture of intoxicants.

On the other hand those who believe with Mr. Rowell, say, in answer to these three groups respectively:

1. The liquor traffic is an evil which deserves no quarter.

2. The abolition of the bar is capable of effective enforcement.

3. The wiping out at one swoop of 1,800 tavern licenses is a big enough job to tackle at once; that accomplished we can, if desired, go after the others.

Such is a concise statement of the issue. It contains all the possibilities of a red-hot campaign. It is a campaign that has been inevitable. The wonder is that it has been so long in coming.

THE LAIRD OF DONLANDS

One of the cheerfulest institutions in Toronto these days is the World newspaper, owned by Mr. W. F. McLean, M.P. It is simply bubbling over with joyousness, and all the gladness of springtime. Its optimism is of that variety which its owner, who, however his contemporaries may differ with him, recognize as a master journalist, knows so well how to impart. One day he declares that Eaton's are to move uptown to the "mystery block" at Yonge and Carlton streets, the next that some unknown has purchased a thousand acres of land away out at Leaside, paying from $1,000 to $4,000 an acre. Every day he records deals and impending deals, showing how Toronto is growing. He proposes to organize a "Big Eye" club for people who see a million people in Toronto in a few short years.

His enthusiasm is not to be wondered at when it is known that Mr. McLean is not only a newspaper publisher, but a landed proprietor. For years past he has been accumulating land at Donlands, a short distance northeast of the city. To-day he has a thousand acres. If anyone should offer him a thousand dollars an acre for that property "Billy" Maclean would be a millionaire.

A FAMOUS CORNER PASSES.

Twenty years ago most visitors to Toronto were entertained by a visit to the intersection of Simcoe and King streets, which was considered quite a show place, because its four corners represented respectively, education, legislation, damnation and salvation. On one corner stood Upper Canada College, education; on the second Government House, legislation; on the third, St. Andrews' Church, salvation, and on the fourth a saloon, damnation.

In another month, salvation alone will remain. Damnation and education departed long since, the former because of the mutability of the liquor trade, and the latter when Upper Canada College decided to move out into the country. Government House, encircled by freight yards and factories, has remained the official residence of the Lieutenant Governor. But now the railways have secured the property from the Government. And May day, long a favored moving day among less distinguished people, will this year see the first citizen of the Province engrossed in the business of moving vans. And the official residence, around which circle many interesting historical incidents and memories of distinguished visitors and gay social functions, will be immediately demolished.

THE NEW GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

The new Government House is being built in Chorley Park, North Rosedale, several miles from the old location. The Government has been criticized for selecting a site so far removed from the Parliament buildings, but the Lieutenant Governor's duties are not generally so onerous that he will find the distance from his work much handicap. Meanwhile, since the selection of Chorley Park, property in the vicinity has quadrupled in value, and land speculators have been reaping a harvest.

Until the new residence is finished the Lieutenant Governor is obliged to go into rented quarters. The residence of Mr. Walter Beardmore, at the corner of St. George and College streets, has been secured at a rental of some $800 a month. The Province will, of course, foot the bill.

WHO WILL BE NEXT?

At the time of the formation of the Borden Cabinet last October one of the interesting rumors was to the effect that Mr. A. E. Kemp, M.P., for East Toronto, who had some claims to party preferment, was not a candidate for the Cabinet, but that he would be called upon to be the next Lieutenant Governor of Ontario. The rumor is now revived. His private residence, Castle Frank, is sufficiently impressive to be used for gubernatorial purposes while the new house is being completed.

Mr. Kemp is a man of wealth, which he has rapidly acquired as the head of the Kemp Manufacturing Company, which turns out all classes of kitchen utensils. He has long been high in the counsels of the Conservative party. In East Toronto he had in 1908 some trouble with an element of the party, and was defeated by Joseph Russell, but he showed how to "come back" in the last contest. He is an Orangeman, having been initiated into the order about a year ago.

Sir John Gibson, whose term is drawing to a close, has been indefatigable in his attendance at public functions, and has had the unusual honor of acting as host to the Duke and Duchess of Connaught. Sir John is an enthusiastic Mason, being a Past Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Canada, a fact which doubtless added a bond of sympathy between him and his guest.

It is noteworthy that as far as the public knows there has been absolute harmony between the Lieutenant Governor and the Premier, though for the first time since Confederation days, they have been of opposite political faiths. However, Sir James and Sir John have always been warm personal friends, even in the days of active conflict in the House when Sir John was Attorney General and Sir James was leader of the opposition.

Secure & Profitable Bonds Paying 6%

¶ Price Bros. & Company have been in business in Quebec over 100 years. It is the largest industry in Quebec Province. Their holdings of pulp and timber lands are 6,000 miles in extent, and have been valued by experts at over $13,000,000. The net earnings in 1910 were $448,000,000. The new pulp mill now under construction will double these earnings. Timber limits are insured with Lloyds of England against fire.

¶ Price Bros. & Company First Mortgage Bonds pay 6 per cent. interest on their present price. They will assuredly appreciate in value. Considering interest return, security, and future increase in value, they are an unusually attractive investment.

On application we will send you literature fully describing these bonds.

ROYAL SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED

BANK OF MONTREAL BUILDING . . . YONGE AND QUEEN STREETS
TORONTO

R. M. WHITE
Manager

MONTREAL-QUEBEC-HALIFAX-OTTAWA
LONDON (ENG.)

BRUCE'S SEEDS

BRUCE'S BIG FOUR FIELD ROOT SPECIALTIES

BRUCE'S GIANT ROSE FEEDING BEET—The most valuable Field Root on the market; combines the rich qualities of the Sugar Beet with the long keeping, large size and heavy cropping qualities of the mangel. 1-4 lb. 20c., 1-2 lb. 34c., 1 lb. 55c., postpaid.

BRUCE'S MAMMOTH INTERMEDIATE SMOOTH WHITE CARROT—The best of all field carrots. 1-4 lb. 68c., 1-2 lb. $1.24, 1 lb. $2.30, postpaid.

BRUCE'S GIANT YELLOW INTERMEDIATE MANGEL—A very close second to our Giant Feeding Beets and equally easy to harvest. 1-4 lb. 20c., 1-2 lb. 34c., 1 lb. 55c., postpaid.

BRUCE'S NEW CENTURY SWEDE TURNIP—The best shipping variety, as well as the best for cooking: handsome shape, uniform growth, purple top. 1-4 lb. 18c., 1-2 lb. 24c., 1 lb. 40c., 4 lbs. $1.40, postpaid.

FREE—Our handsomely illustrated 112-page catalogue of Vegetable, Farm and Flower Seeds, Plants, Bulbs, Poultry Supplies, Garden Implements, etc., for 1912. Send for it.

John A. Bruce & Co., Ltd., HAMILTON, ONTARIO.
Established Sixty-two Years.

Keep "Dick" At His Best.

He'll give you his sweetest song only when he's in the pink of condition. Put him there, and keep him there, by feeding him on

Brock's Bird Seed

He'll enjoy it more, thrive better on it, look finer and sing more sweetly. The seed is a scientific mixture—a perfectly balanced food for songbirds in this climate—and the cake of Brock's Bird Treat in every package is a splendid bird tonic.

Let "Dick" try this Bird Tonic at our expense. Mail us the coupon below, filled in, and we will send you, absolutely free, two full-size cakes of Brock's Bird Treat. 46

NICHOLSON & BROCK
9-11 Francis Street, Toronto.

For this coupon please send me, free of charge or obligation on my part, two full-size cakes of Brock's Bird Treat, and oblige.

NAME.....

ADDRESS .....

MAKING SAFE INVESTMENTS

AT PRESENT TIME BANK SHARES YIELD ABOUT THE SAME RETURN AS MUNICIPAL BONDS.

But They Possess Prospect of Appreciation in High Degree Owing to Increase in Reserves During Last Few Years, as Market Prices Have Generally Declined.

(By "Investor.")

The articles contributed by "Investor" are for the sole purpose of guiding prospective investors, and, if possible, of saving them from losing money through placing it in "wild-cat" enterprises. The impartial and reliable character of the information may be relied upon. The writer of these articles and the publisher of this paper have no interests to serve in connection with this matter other than those of the reader.

(By "Investor").

The question of the rate of income on bank stocks is an important consideration which is too often confused with the percentage the dividend bears to the par value of the shares. One buys Dominion Bank shares, bearing a twelve per cent. dividend, to find that at the present market price, 230, the return on the money invested is 5.2 per cent., while on Bank of Montreal the return is 4.1 per cent., and on Commerce is just slightly over 4 1-2 per cent., although both these stocks pay 10 per cent. Of the listed stocks the highest yield is that of the Banque Nationale, with returns 5.7 per cent., while Bank of Montreal is the lowest. The return on this class of security is scarcely as high as on sound municipal bonds, which yield in the case of the City of Toronto 4 1-4 per cent. at the present market, and range up to 5 1-4 in the case of the City of Nelson, B. C. As compared with other shares, there is an average difference of about 2 points.

In point of convertibility bank shares do not stand particularly high. Being now-a-days strictly investment shares, the market for them is narrow and confined to investors. Therefore, except occasionally, there is no demand for more than a few shares at a time. Consequently, if a large block, say of 500 shares, was offered at a forced sale the price might decline many points before a purchaser could be found, unless time could be taken to work it off.

In the matter of prospect of appreciation bank stocks for purely investment securities stand particularly high at the present time. The fact that they have not, on an average, appreciated in value to any extent—even declined in many cases—for several years, they are in shape now to make some advance. As was pointed out recently, the process of laying up reserves increases the book value of bank stocks every year, with the result that in many cases that I have worked out, the market value of the stock is considerably below the book value. As a result, the price of the shares is likely to approximate closely to the book value by an adjustment in the market.

Another reason why bank shares are likely to advance is due to the fact that their expanding business requires yearly more and more capital. In order to sell the new stock advantageously and to give their shareholders a profit the management usually issues the stock at a price which gives them a substantial discount from the market price and, as it is almost always offered first to the shareholders, the resultant profit adds materially to the income.

Like all stocks, and particularly stocks with a narrow market, bank stocks are not particularly stable in price, and so anyone who cannot afford to take chances of market fluctuations should not buy bank stocks. In fact, they should confine themselves wholly to bonds.

A bite of this and a taste of that, all day long, dulls the appetite and weakens the digestion.

Restore your stomach to healthy vigor by taking a Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablet after each meal—and cut out the "piecing".

Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets

are the best friends for sufferers from indigestion and dyspepsia. 50c. a Box at your Druggist's. Made by the National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited.

149

WONDERS OF PORCUPINE

AN UNBIASSED ACCOUNT OF ITS PRESENT STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT.

The Dome, Hollinger, McIntyre, Vipond and Other Important Properties Described From a Personal Visit.

A representative of this paper has just returned from a trip to Porcupine, where he found Ontario's gold camp passing from the prospect stage into the producing era. He had the pleasure of handling a bar of the yellow metal valued at $3,000, the product of a few days' run of a ten stamp mill on the McIntyre Mine. He saw the mill itself at work and was told by Mr. C. B. Flynn, the Vice-President of the Company, that the daily output would immediately be raised to $1,000, and that it was hoped before the end of the year to take out $500,000 from this property alone.

THE DOME'S BIG MILL.

The most impressive thing in Porcupine to-day is the new big mill of the Dome mine. This is a huge structure containing forty stamps and accompanying equipment, which probably makes it one of the most up-to-date mills in the world. One is told that it cost between $300,000 and $400,000, and that it will have a capacity of 400 tons of ore a day. The other equipment on the property is on a similar scale. There is a power house worth $100,000 and residences for the managers, club house, dining halls, etc., the latter are all of brick, indicating plans for permanency. Altogether it is estimated that somewhere between a million and a million and a half dollars have been spent on the property. These figures are eloquent of the confidence the owners have in the future of the mine. The owners represent interests close to the United States Steel Corporation and Standard Oil Company, and also own the International Nickel Company, the big Sudbury concern, and control the Nipissing Mines Company at Cobalt.

FORTY STAMPS AT WORK.

The mill has just begun operation, and the sight of the stamps pounding away on the ore, pulverizing it to a powder, so that the gold can be removed, was worth going a long way to see. The mill would have been running several months ago had it not been for the fire of last July, which swept away everything. The mine gets its name from the fact that fairly regularly the gold is found distributed in a great dome shaped hill of rock, which has been found to broaden as it goes down, and is known to carry gold to great depth. The entire mass will be milled, and is expected to yield about $8 a ton, the cost of production being perhaps $3.

HOLLINGER'S RICH ORE.

A visit was also paid to the Hollinger mine, which vies with the Dome for supremacy. Here a 40-stamp mill is nearing completion. The ores found in this property occur in fairly regular veins, and is very rich, running, it is said, $28 a ton. The only question is as to the extent of the veins, but the main one has already been traced 1,000 feet on the surface, and to a depth of 200 feet. We descended to this level in the Hollinger and also in the McIntyre and in the Vipond mines, and it was encouraging to see the well defined quartz veins at this depth, and to be able to pick out samples carrying discernible free gold. Mr. Arthur Cole, mining expert of the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway Commission, accompanied the party, and secured some striking specimens.

The Vipond is also rushing a mill to completion, and it is expected that within a couple of months the mills on the Vipond, Hollinger, McIntyre and Dome will be running and will have an aggregate capacity of 800 tons of ore a day. It is estimated that by the end of the year $1,500,000 in gold bars will be produced thereby at long last, putting Ontario in the list of gold producing areas.

Other properties visited included the Little Pet, which contemplates putting in a five-stamp mill, and the Dome extension.

PORCUPINE'S HOPES.

Porcupine hopes that it will, in a few years, develop one of the great gold camps of the world. The next few months, with the four mills in operation, and with the pushing forward of underground work, will do much to show how well founded is this hope. Already on the leading properties an aggregate of some 3,500 feet in shafts have been sunk, and some 15,000 of drifting and tunnelling done. On the whole, the results of this underground work have been satisfactory, though some of the prospects have disappointed their owners.

To celebrate the opening of the Dome mill a celebration was held under the auspices of the South Porcupine Board of Trade. The arrangements were in charge of the President, W. Proctor Smith, who with a fund of anecdote and wit, proved to be a delightful companion, and as a host attended to every desire of his guests.

IS THE WHITEST, LIGHTEST,

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

NEW STYLE LABEL

NEVER ANY FAILURE OR DISAPPOINTMENT WHEN

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

IS USED.

CONTAINS NO ALUM.

COSTS NO MORE THAN THE ORDINARY KINDS.

MADE IN CANADA

SUBSTITUTE FOR LEATHER.

A Fortune Awaits You if You Can Hit On a Capable One.

There is a fortune of many millions in store for the man who can discover a substitute for leather. The price of the real article is steadily rising, dealers say, and the reason is that in spite of the duty removed the growth of the world's population is faster than the increase in the number of cattle raised.

"There is a growing disproportion between the number of hides marketed and the demand for leather," says an expert. "The question is where the future supply will come from in quantities sufficient to meet the country's future needs. If some genius will only find a substitute for leather he'll be a wealthy man in a day."

The self-made man usually tries to monopolize the spotlight.

Why Should a Chicken Lay a Soft-Shelled Egg?

Because, Willie, the chicken don't know how to create a hard shelled egg unless it has some food with lime in it.

So chicken-raisers often provide limestone gravel, broken oyster shells or some other form of lime.

Let the chicken wander free and it finds its own food and behaves sensibly.

Shut it up and feed stuff lacking lime and the eggs are soft-shelled.

Let's step from chickens to human beings.

Why is a child "backward" and why does a man or woman have nervous prostration or brain-fag? There may be a variety of reasons but one thing is certain.

If the food is deficient in Phosphate of Potash the gray matter in the nerve centres and brain cannot be rebuilt each day to make good the cells broken down by the activities of yesterday.

Phosphate of Potash is the most important element Nature demands to unite albumin and water to make gray matter.

Grape-Nuts food is heavy in Phosphate of Potash in a digestible form.

A chicken can't always select its own food, but a thoughtful man can select suitable food for his children, wife and himself.

"There's a Reason" for

Grape-Nuts

Sold by Grocers.

Made by Canadian Postum Cereal Co. Ltd., Pure Food Factories, Windsor, Ont., Canada.