NOW IN THE FIFTH PLACE

In 5 Years Canada Has Risen From 10th Place in Wheat-Producing Countries.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A statement prepared by the Census and Statistics branch of the Department of Agriculture shows that among wheat-producing countries of the world Canada now ranks fifth. In 1908 Canada ranked tenth. The total production of wheat in Canada last year is given as 166,744,000 bushels, as compared with 112,434,000 bushels in 1908.

Last year the wheat production by countries was as follows: Russia, 786,472,363 bushels; United States, 713,286,923 bushels; France, 361,050,500 bushels; British India, 253,592,377 bushels; Canada 166,741,000 bushels; Italy, 155,711,230 bushels; Spain 144,511,581 bushels; Germany, 138,399,277 bushels; Argentina, 133,581,000 bushels; Hungary, 125,363,287 bushels; Australia, 82,328,514 bushels; Great Britain and Ireland, 64,525,212 bushels. In 1908 the order of precedence in respect to production was as follows: United States, Russia, France, British India, Hungary, Argentina, Italy, Germany, Canada and Australia.

WITH THE MOUNTED POLICE

The Governor-General Will Explore the Northern Wilds.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The northern wilds of Canada will probably have a distinguished visitor this summer. Earl Grey, who last year visited the Yukon, is contemplating a journey overland to Hudson Bay. If the present plans are carried out, the Governor General will leave Ottawa in July for Winnipeg, and will there be taken by a party of the Northwest Mounted Police over the route of the Hudson Bay Railroad to Hudson Bay. This will involve a very stiff piece of wilderness travelling, much of it by canoe. At Port Nelson or Churchill, or Hudson Bay, whichever is chosen as the land terminus of the journey, the Governor-General will be met by the Government steamer Earl Grey, and in this vessel will journey through Hudson Bay and Hudson Straits, where commercial craft in a few years will be making regular voyages with cargoes of wheat and cattle from the Canadian west. The steamer will then come south and land His Excellency at Quebec. This will be the most ambitious piece of pioneer travelling ever attempted by a Governor-General of Canada.

FROM ALBANY TO NEW YORK.

Glen Curtiss Made a Flight of 150 Miles.

A despatch from New York says: Glenn H. Curtiss, known as the aviator who had captured the international speed trophy at Rheims, France, arose from the tide flats of Van Rensselaer Island at Albany at 7.03 o'clock on Sunday morning in the smallest biplane that has figured seriously in the world's great flights, sped upward to a height of 1,000 feet, maintained it for forty miles, then swung over the Catskills at a far greater height, once attaining a maximum of almost 5,000 feet, dropped down above the Hudson waters for another forty miles, and landed finally at Governor Island at noon. He had covered 150 miles in an actual flying time of 2 hours and 46 minutes.

WEATHER CHANGEABLE.

Snow and Sleet Follow a Hot Day in the West.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The weather man continues his queer vagaries. Friday was oppressively hot and close, ideal crop weather. Saturday was cold, with high winds; all night snow and sleet, and the thermometer close to freezing. Following recent rains, however, reports from all parts of the west are most optimistic. Some old farmers go as far as to say they cannot remember a season with less real cause for complaint. The early seeding, with the cold weather following, caused heavy rooting, and the growth will be very fast and strong when the hot weather finally arrives. Brandon district reports the crops looking as well as ever they did at the same time of the year. In four days of hot weather the growth was phenomenal.

A fire at Minneapolis destroyed four implement warehouses, on Saturday, doing damage to the extent of a million dollars.

THE KING'S BIRTHDAY.

Friday, June 3rd, Will be a Statutory Holiday.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The birthday of King George, June 3, will be a statutory holiday in Canada, although, in view of his Majesty's proclamation that he would follow the precedent of King Edward and keep May 24 as the Empire's general holiday in honor of the Sovereign, there will be no general observance of next Friday as a holiday. Being a statutory holiday, however, all banks will be closed, thus making the third bank holiday in Canada within two weeks. The Cabinet Council on Saturday decided that no proclamation should be issued to exempt Friday next from the provisions of the bills of exchange act, which declares that the King's birthday shall be a statutory holiday.

EDMONTON TO WINNIPEG.

Scheme of Navigation to be Carefully Investigated.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A survey is to be immediately commenced to ascertain the possibility of making a navigable route between Edmonton and Winnipeg by way of the North Saskatchewan River and Lake Winnipeg. Explorers have reported that a six or eight foot waterway can be established on this route at a comparatively low cost, with few lockages, as the river has a deep and broad channel for nearly the whole distance. A vote of ten thousand dollars was made in Parliament last session to defray the cost of the survey. The survey will be made under the direction of L. R. Boligny, who was one of the subchiefs on the Georgian Bay Canal survey. Five parties will go in and carry on surveying operations on as many sections of the route. It is expected that the work will be finished this summer.

Seventeen thousand persons have engaged passage to Europe from New York in the month of June.

ACCIDENTS TO WORKMEN

Dominion Labor Department Shows Cost of Living Is Higher.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Another instalment of the investigation of the Labor Department into the increase in the cost of living is published in the current issue of The Labor Gazette. The present chapter deals with the wholesale prices of hides, tallow, leather and boots and shoes, which are now higher than at any time in the past twenty years. Compared with the average prices for the decade 1890-99, the increase is approximately 35 per cent.

During the month of April the toll of death through accidents to workers in Canadian industries was 94. In addition, 246 serious injuries to work-people were reported to the Labor Department. Sixteen railway employees were killed and forty injured during the month.

During April there were 16 labor disputes in existence in Canada, six more than in April of last year. About 122 firms and 3,704 employees were affected.

The loss of time to employees through trade disputes during the month was approximately 49,110 working days, compared with 50,570 days in March. Ten of the disputes were settled. The employers were successful in two cases, the employees were successful in three, and compromises were effected in five cases.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Events.

CANADA.

The C. P. R. will rebuild the bridge at Lachine.

There have been no forest fires in Ontario this year.

The Government is sending the steamer Stanley with a surveying party to Hudson's Bay.

General Traffic Manager Tiffin of the Intercolonial is in favor of extending the railway to Toronto.

The Canadian Northern has filed plans with the Railway Commission for its entrance to Ottawa.

Manufacturers are successfully competing with farmers for men brought out under Government auspices.

Mrs. Mary Johnson, an aged widow of Stamford, was killed by a train at a railway crossing, on Saturday.

Luigi Rosso was fined fifty dollars at Niagara Falls for assisting his brother, a prohibited immigrant, to enter Canada.

Reggie Bell, aged three, of Parry Sound, and Leonard Friend, aged four, of Kingston, were drowned, on Saturday.

Amendments to the liquor laws, fixing the hours of closing barrooms and stores, were introduced in the Quebec Legislature.

The Rutherford Government of Alberta has resigned, and Chief Justice Sifton has been called on to form a new Government.

Nine mines shipped over 600 tons of ore from Cobalt last week, the largest consignments being despatched by La Rose and Kerr Lake properties.

Harry Southwell, a young Englishman, out of work and despondent, shot himself near Brantford. His body was found in the bush by some boys.

The 25th anniversary of the death of Dollard and his heroic band, who saved Ville Marie from an attack by the Iroquois Indians, was celebrated at Montreal on Sunday.

A right of way through Garden River Reserve has been secured for the railway from Sault Ste. Marie to Sudbury, and tenders for the construction of the road will be called at once.

The woodwork surrounding the boiler of a Grand Trunk locomotive attached to the International Limited caught fire near Brockville, on Friday, and the engine was considerably damaged.

It is reported that Sir William Van Horne will leave shortly for Australia to advise the Government regarding the construction of a railway across the continent, with extensive irrigation works.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Earl of Stamford is dead.

It is suggested that King George's coronation take place on Empire Day next year.

Twenty-two persons were drowned in a collision between two steamers in the English Channel.

Queen Alexandra received the High Commissioners of Canada and Australia in audience, and expressed her gratitude for the expressions of sympathy sent her from the oversea colonies.

UNITED STATES.

The Hill railroads are to float $80,000,000 worth of bonds in Europe.

Mr. Justice MacLaren of Toronto has been elected Vice-President of the World's Sunday School Association.

No person will be admitted to Sunday baseball games in Pittsburg except upon presentation of a ticket to be obtained only at some morning church service.

GENERAL.

Dr. Robert Koch, the famous bacteriologist, is dead.

Several Chinese were killed and a chapel destroyed in riots near Changsha.

The revolt in China is spreading, and a score of villages have been devastated.

Three hundred of the poorest Jewish families have been banished from Kiev.

Bookmakers shot and killed a jockey who pulled his horse on a Roumanian race-track.

The Spanish police believe that a bomb which exploded in Madrid on Monday was intended for King Alfonso.

The French submarine Pluviose was sent to the bottom with her 27 men in a collision with a cross-channel steamer.

All the Jews in Moscow with the exception of 191 families of the first guild have been ordered to produce proofs of their right to remain outside the pale.

A Portuguese Anarchist, accused of complicity in the plot which resulted in the assassination of the King and Crown Prince of Portugal, has made a confession, implicating 1,148 persons.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

MOST PERFECT MADE

We know and users of Royal Yeast Cakes know that these are the best goods of the kind in the World. Bread made with Royal Yeast will keep moist and fresh longer than that made with any other. Do not experiment—there is no other "just as good."

E. W. GILLETT CO. LTD. Toronto, Ont.
Awarded highest honors at all Expositions.

Winnipeg No. 225 Montreal

MADE IN CANADA

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, May 31.—Ontario Wheat—No. 2 mixed winter wheat, 99c to $1 outside.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 northern, 97c; No. 2 northern, 95c at lake ports for immediate shipment.

Corn—American No. 2 kiln-dried yellow, 64¾c; No. 3 yellow, kiln-dried, 67¾c; No. 3 yellow, 66c; Canadian carn, 61c to 62c, Toronto freights.

Oats—Canada Western, No. 2, 35c; No. 3 C.W., 34c at lake ports for immediate shipment; Ontario No. 2 white, 33c to 34c outside; No. 3 white, 32c to 33c outside, 36c on track, Toronto.

Barley—No. 2, 51c to 52c; No. 3 extra, 49c to 50c; No. 3, 46c to 47c outside; Manitoba, No. 4, 49c on track, lake ports.

Peas—No. 2, 70c to 71c.

Rye—No. 2, 67c to 68c.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 51c.

Manitoba Flour—Quotations at Toronto are:—First patents, $5.50; second patents, $5; strong bakers', $4.80; 90 per cent., Glasgow freights, 27s.

Ontario Flour—Winter wheat patents for export, $3.75 to $3.80 in buyers' bags, outside.

Millfeed—Manitoba bran, $19 per ton; shorts, $21 per ton, track, Toronto. Ontario bran, $20 per ton; shorts, $22 per ton on track, Toronto.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—Creamery prints, 22c to 23c; Separator prints, 20c to 21c; Dairy prints, choice, 19c to 20c; Inferior, 15c to 16c.

Eggs—19c to 20c per dozen in case lots.

Cheese—12c for large and 12¼c for twins. Old cheese, 12¾c for large and 13c for twins.

Beans—$2 to $2.10 per bushel for primes and $2.10 to $2.20 for hand-picked.

Potatoes—Delawares, 55c to 60c per bag out of store and at 45c to 50c on track Toronto, and Ontarios 35c to 40c per bag on track.

PROVISIONS.

Wholesale quotations:—

Pork—Short cut, $31 to $31.50 per barrel; mess, $28.50 to $29.

Lard—Firm; tierces, 16c; tubs, 16¼c; pails, 16½; stocks very light.

Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, tons and cases, 15¼c to 15½c; backs (plain), 21c to 21½c; backs (pea-meal), 21½c to 22c; shoulder hams, 14c to 14½c; green meats out of pickle, 1c less than smoked.

Rolls, smoked, 15c to 15½c; medium and light hams, 18c to 18½c; heavy, 16½c to 17c; bacon, 19c to 20c.

BUSINESS IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, May 31.—Oats—No. 2 Canadian Western, 37½ to 38c; No. 3, 36½ to 37c; Ontario No. 2 white, 36c; do., No. 3, 35c; do., No. 4, 34c. Barley—No. 3, 56½c; No. 4, 55c; feed barley, 54c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, $5.60; do., seconds, $5.10; Winter wheat patents, $5.25 to $5.35; Manitoba strong bakers', $4.90 to $5; do., in bags, $2.25 to $2.35; extras, $2 to $2.10. Feed—Ontario bran, $19.50 to $20; Ontario middlings, $22 to $23; Manitoba bran, $18.50 to $19; Manitoba shorts, $21 to $22; pure grain mouillie, $32 to $33; mixed mouillie, $25 to $28. Cheese—10¾ to 11¼c. Butter—From 23½ to 24½c. Eggs—Selected stock, 22 to 22½c; straight receipts at 19 to 20c per dozen.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, May 31.—Prime beeves sold at from 6¾ to 7½c per pound; pretty good animals, 5½ to 6½c, and the common stock at 4½ to 5¼c per lb.; milch cows, $30 to $60 each; calves from $3 to $10 each, or 3½ to 6c per lb.; sheep, 5 to 6c per lb.; lambs at $4.50 to $6 each. Good lots of fat hogs sold at 10 to 10¼ cper lb.

Toronto, May 31.—A limited number of choice heavy cattle are quoted as high as $7 and $7.30, but the average range for the best butcher stock was from $6.40 to $6.60. The medium and common grades of butcher cattle brought from $5.50 to $6.25. Cows and bulls for butcher purposes, $5.90 and $6 per cwt. for the best quality, with secondary grades from $4.50 to $5.25. Milkers and springers, $65 and $74 per head, with the low figure of the range fixed around $45. Sheep and lambs were steady. Hogs weaker at $9.50 to $9.75.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Minneapolis, May 31.—Wheat—May, $1.08; July, $1.07 to $1.07⅛; September, 96¼c. Cash—No. 1 hard, $1.11⅛ to $1.11⅝; No. 1 Northern, $1.08⅜ to $1.10⅝; No. 2 Northern, $1.06⅛ to $1.08⅝; No. 3, $1.03⅛ to $1.05⅝. Bran—$18 to $18.25. Flour—First patents, $5.30 to $5.50; second patents, $5.10 to $5.30; first clears, $4.15 to $4.25; second clears, $2.90 to $3.20.

Chicago, May 31.—Cash grain—Wheat—No. 2 red, $1.10½ to $1.11½; No. 3 red, $1.05 to $1.09; No. 2 hard, $1.08 to $1.11½; No. 3 hard $1; No. 1 Northern, $1.11; No. 2 Northern, $1.07½ to $1.10; No. 3 Spring, $1 to $1.07½. Corn—No. 2 59½ to 60c; No. 2 white, 62½ to 62¾c; No. 2 yellow, 60½ to 61c; No. 3, 58½ to 60c; No. 3 white, 61½ to 62c; No. 3 yellow, 59½ to 60c; No. 4, 55½ to 57½c; No. 4 white, 56½ to 60c; No. 4 yellow, 55½ to 56c. Oats—No. 2, 38 to 38½c; No. 2 white, 40½ to 41c; No. 3 white, 37½ to 39½c; No. 4 white, 35 to 37c; standard, 40¼ to 41c.

NEED OF MIXED FARMING

Mr. William Whyte's Prescription For the Prairie Provinces.

A despatch from Toronto says: Mr. William Whyte, Second Vice-President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, prescribes mixed farming for the western wheat grower.

"I know of no more indolent life than that of the wheat-grower," said Mr. Whyte, in an interview the other day. "After he has gathered his crop there is absolutely nothing for him to do until the following spring. Because of this we find the average westerner leaving his holdings and wintering at the coast or in California. I think if he could be induced to take up the feeding of cattle in the stalls and the raising of hogs, that it would be a blessing to him and to the great plains country as well."

"Years ago," said Mr. Whyte, "southern Alberta was one vast grazing country. Countless herds ranged there. To-day the great bulk of that land has been transformed into wheat lands. Unless the farmer takes up the work of feeding cattle in the stalls I do not know where the meat supply of the world is to come from. And take hogs. At the present market price of pork it is quite possible for a farmer to make his poor grade wheat, or the damaged variety, easily worth three dollars a bushel. Western packers tell me there is no better tasting or sweeter bacon than that raised on wheat. So you can see to what advantage the big wheat-grower could turn his surplus crop, provided he did so without making a regular business of it and so glutting the market."

"Anyway," he continued, "the westerner is being forced into diversified farming because of the difficulty in procuring men to harvest his wheat. Look at the great crop there now. It has all to be gathered in a short time or else the wind will break the husks and half of it will be lost. Last year we took out for him an army of 30,000 men. We had some difficulty in getting that number, and what will the situation be as the acreage extends?

"This year the area sown in wheat in the Provinces of Manitoba, Alberta and Saskatchewan will be from eight to eight and a half million acres. Saskatchewan alone will have about 4,600,000 acres, and there are ninety million acres of arable land between the 49th and 55th parallels of latitude in that Province alone. We have only touched the fringe as yet."

ROMANCE IN HIS LIFE.

But Now He's Charged With Trying to Kill His Wife.

A despatch from Brantford says: Antonis Steinposka, a Russian, was charged by his wife with attempted murder here on Wednesday. The evidence brought out an interesting romance. Steinposka was a guard at Warsaw, and secured life imprisonment for allowing a state prisoner to escape. He feigned lunacy and later escaped from the asylum to Canada. His wife followed him. Recently quarrels developed. The prisoner was remanded.

Bakes—Roasts—Broils—Toasts

BAKES bread, pie and cake—bakes them perfectly all through, and browns them appetizingly.

ROASTS beef, poultry and game with a steady heat, which preserves the rich natural flavor.

BROILS steaks and chops—makes them tender and inviting.

TOASTS bread, muffins, crackers and cheese.

No drudgery of coal and ashes; no stooping to get at the oven; no smoke, no dust, no odor—just good cooking with greater fuel economy. Irons and water in wash-boiler always hot. The

New Perfection
WICK BLUE FLAME
Oil Cook-stove

has a Cabinet Top with shelf for keeping plates and food hot. Drop shelves for the coffee pot or saucepans, and nickeled towel racks.

It has long turquoise-blue enamel chimneys. The nickel finish, with the bright blue of the chimneys, makes the stove very attractive and invites cleanliness. Made with 1, 2 and 3 burners; the 2 and 3-burner stoves can be had with or without Cabinet.

CAUTIONARY NOTE: Be sure you get this stove—see that the name-plate reads "NEW PERFECTION."

Every dealer everywhere; if not at yours, write for Descriptive Circular to the nearest agency of the

The Queen City Oil Company, Limited.
Toronto.