POLICEMAN'S BRAVE RESCUE

Woman and Child Taken From Burning Building in Montreal.

A despatch from Montreal says: Constable French rescued a woman and child from a burning building early on Wednesday morning on St. Catherine Street east. He noticed the fire and sent in an alarm, and then started to rouse the occupants of the house. They turned out in their night clothes, but after a short time the woman and child were missed. By this time the house was a mass of flames, but Constable French dashed into the burning building and up the dark, smoke-stifling stairway. The house was strange to him, and the darkness was intensified by smoke from the burning building below. He hurriedly groped his way about, and presently in one of the rooms stumbled over those whom he sought. The woman and child had fallen to the floor, overcome by the fumes of the fire, while endeavoring to make their escape. The constable gathered them up, and a moment later they were safe on the sidewalk, where the keen morning air quickly restored them to consciousness. Damage to the building was not very great, as the firemen succeeded in extinguishing the flames shortly after the rescue.

NO FEAR OF ANARCHISTS.

King Edward Went About Freely in Paris Unattended.

A despatch from Paris says: The mightiest Sovereign in Christendom walking about unattended and with no more fear of Anarchists than of ghosts was the spectacle the Parisians have had during the past few days. King Edward and Queen Alexandra during their stay here mingled freely with the public and were freely received with the most hearty expressions of welcome. They visited the leading theatres, and during the entr'actes King Edward walked about in the lobbies smoking his cigarette like any ordinary spectator. Nowhere was the slightest attempt at mobbing or staring. After bowing and showing discreet marks of deference, those present stood aside, treating the King as one of themselves. There were no signs of obtrusive curiosity. The King and Queen have delighted and tickled the vanity of Parisians by thus mingling with them like private individuals, and the Parisians, by their tactful politeness, have in turn won the hearts of King Edward and of Queen Alexandra.

TRAIN BURNED AT BELLEVILLE.

Twenty-Five Freight Cars, With Contents, Were Destroyed.

A despatch from Belleville, Ont., says: At a late hour Friday night fire broke out among some loaded G. T. R. cars which formed part of a train that was eastward bound. The train was upon a side track in the company's yard, about a mile east of the station. Before the flames could be checked, some 25 cars, with their contents, were destroyed. The flames spread very rapidly, owing to the fact that one of the cars contained a tank laden with oil, and the latter caught fire, sending burning oil in all directions. The local fire brigade were called out and rendered some assistance by the burning cars being shunted up near a hydrant. The cars destroyed were laden with grain, apples, and general merchandise. The loss at the very least will be $30,000. The fire is said to have been caused by an explosion in one of the cars.

INCREASE OF REVENUE.

Advance of $6,403,875 Over the Same Period Last Year.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The statement of revenue and expenditure shows a revenue of $50,658,693, compared with $44,254,818 for the same time last year, an increase of $6,403,875. The expenditure for the same period was $33,327,361, a decrease of about $600,000 compared with the same time last year, or a betterment of over $7,000,000. There was, however, an increase of over $1,500,000 in the capital account.

HIS WHOLE FAMILY FROZEN.

Western Settler Who Got Drunk Found Them Dead on Return.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Arthur Congdon, wholesale merchant, Winnipeg, has received word from a merchant at Alameda, that a German settler's wife and five children were found frozen to death a few days ago in their farm house north of Bienfait. The farmer had gone into the village to get fuel; there was no difficulty in securing fuel there, but he went to Estevan, where he became the worse for liquor, and on arriving home, three days later, discovered that every member of his family had perished, being without fuel.

A SAD HONEYMOON.

Bride and Bridegroom Found Almost Frozen on the Prairie.

A despatch from Maple Creek, Manitoba, says: John Duncan, a well known rancher, was married Monday, and started for his ranch on Skull Creek, with his bride. Their team wandered from the trail, and they were found on Saturday almost dead. They are in the hospital here, and Duncan's feet will have to be amputated. Many reports of people perishing in the storm are being received here.

SIR HOWARD RUSSELL DEAD.

Veteran War Correspondent Succumbs at 86 Years of Age.

A despatch from London says: Sir Howard Wm. Russell, editor of the Army and Navy Gazette, is dead. He was eighty-six years of age. He was a famous war correspondent, and in that capacity served the London Times at the Battle of Bull Run.

VICTIM OF EARTHQUAKE.

Mayor of Kingston, Jamaica, Dead — Injured While at Council.

A despatch from Kingston, Jamaica, says: Charles Tait, Mayor of this city, died on Sunday at the Public Hospital, as a result of injuries sustained in the earthquake. He was conducting a meeting of the Council and the building collapsed. Mayor Tait was 68 years old and of Scotch descent.

TO REPATRIATE EXILES.

Australia Will Help Workingmen Stranded in South Africa.

A despatch from London says: The Chronicle's Melbourne correspondent says the Commonwealth and State Governments are negotiating a scheme to repatriate Australian workmen stranded in South Africa.

ATMOSPHERIC NITROGEN

Can Be Extracted By Means of Electricity Says Prof. Saunders.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The progress of agriculture in Canada and the practical results obtained by the extension of the experimental farm system formed the subject of an address by Professor Wm. Saunders, Director of Government Experimental Farms, before the Agricultural Committee on Wednesday morning. As an illustration of the growth and importance of experimental work Professor Saunders stated that in 1890 his correspondence amounted to about eight thousand letters in the course of the year, while for the past seven years the average had been 68,797 letters. In 1887 the number of seed samples distributed amounted to 1,149, while last year the total was 43,885. Contrasting the wheat production of the various countries, he pointed out that Great Britain came first with 30.95 bushels to the acre, and Germany second with 28.25 bushels. Canada was well up, the average for Ontario being 18.92 bushels per acre, Manitoba 18.45 per acre, and the Northwest 9.13 per acre. Experiments with Canadian Red Fife wheat in England had been largely carried out, and proved remarkably successful. With regard to spring wheats Professor Saunders said that while goose wheat had proved eminently successful in certain localities, he could not advise Canadian farmers to plant it generally. Referring to recent experiments made by Sir William Crookes with a view of extracting by means of electricity nitrogen from air, to be used as a fertilizer, Professor Saunders said that when the scheme was perfected it would revolutionize agriculture. At Niagara Falls an American company had sunk a million dollars in endeavoring to establish an industry on these lines, but the cost of electricity was too high to allow the project to be successful. It seemed that if electricity could be produced for this purpose at a cost of $4 per horsepower the extraction of nitrogen from the atmosphere and the production of nitrate of lime for fertilizing could be carried out profitably. In Norway, where there were many large water-powers, a company had been established and was competing, he believed successfully, in the supply of fertilizers. The matter was an important one, as it had been estimated that the world's supply of nitric soda would run out in nineteen or twenty years, and it was necessary that something should take its place.

LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Feb. 12.—Wheat—Ontario — No. 2 white winter, 70½c to 71½c; No. 2 red, 70c to 71½c; No. 2 mixed 70c outside.

Manitoba—No. 1 hard, 85c; No. 1 northern, 84c; No. 2 northern, nominally 82c lake ports.

Oats—No. 2 white, 39½c to 40c, Toronto; No. 2 mixed, 38½c to 39½c.

Peas—80c to 81c outside.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, American, 51½c to 52c, outside; Ontario, 43c to 44c, basis Shatham freights.

Buckwheat—52c to 53c.

Rye—69c to 70c.

Barley—No. 2, 51c to 52c; No. 3 extra, 49c to 50c.

Flour—Ontario, 90 per cent. patents, $2.65 asked, $2.63 bid; Manitoba, first patents, $4.50; seconds, $4; bakers', $3.90.

Bran—Nominally $21 bid locally.

Shorts—$19 to $20.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—There is little change in the condition of the market.

Creamery, prints	26c to 27c
do solids	23c to 24c
Dairy prints	21c to 23c
do tubs	19c to 21c

Cheese—13½c for large and 14c for twins.

Eggs—New laid, 28c to 29c; select, 25c to 26c; storage, 24c; limed, 22c.

Poultry—The market is very quiet, with practically no change in prices.

Chickens, fresh-killed	10c to 12c
Inferior, frozen stock	8c to 00c
Fowl	8c to 00c
Ducks	10c to 12c
Geese	10c to 11c
Turkeys	11c to 12c

Honey—Firm at 11c to 12c per pound for pails and $2 to $2.50 for combs.

Beans—$1.55 to $1.60 for hand-picked, and primes $1.40 to $1.45.

Potatoes—Ontario are quiet at 70c to 75c per bag; eastern, 75c to 80c, in car lots here.

Baled Hay—Prices are generally weak at $11 to $11.50 for No. 1 timothy and $8.50 to $9 for No. 2, in car lots, on track here.

Straw—$7 to $7.50 in car lots, on track here.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, Feb. 12.—Buckwheat — 56c to 56½c per bushel.

Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 55c; No. 3 mixed, 65c ex-store.

Oats—On spot, No. 2 white, 52½c; No. 3 white, 41½c to 42c; No. 4, 40½c to 41c per bushel ex-store.

Peas—Boiling peas, $1 in carload lots, $1.10 in jobbing lots.

Flour—Manitoba spring wheat, $4.25 to $4.60; strong bakers', $3.90 to $4.10; winter wheat patents, $4.10 to $4.25.

Provisions—Barrels short cut mess, $22 to $23.50; half barrels, $11.75 to $12.50; clear fat back, $21 to $24.50; long cut heavy mess, $20.50 to $22; half barrels, do., $10.75 to $11.50; dry salted long clear bacon, 12c to 12½c; barrels plate beef, $11 to $12.50; half barrels do., $6 to $6.50; barrels heavy mess beef, $8.50; half barrels do., $4.75; compound lard, 8¾c to 10c; pure lard, 11¾c to 13c; kettle rendered, 13c to 13½c; hams, 13c to 14½c, according to size; breakfast bacon, 15c to 16c; Windsor bacon, 15c to 16c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, $10; alive, $7.25.

Butter—Fresh made creamery, 24c; rolls, in baskets or half barrels, 22c to 22½c; western dairy, selected, 22c; Manitoba dairy, 20c to 21c. Receipts this morning were 340 packages.

Cheese—October make is still quoted at 13½c and 13¾c. Receipts this morning were nil.

Eggs—New laid, 30c; selected stock, 26c to 26½c; No. 1 cold storage, 21c to 22c; limed, 21c.

BUFFALO MARKET.

Buffalo, Feb. 12 — Flour — Steady. Wheat—Spring firm; No. 1 Northern, 89½c. Corn—Firm; No. 2 yellow, 50½c; No. 2 white, 51½c. Oats—Strong; No. 2 white, 44½c; No. 2 mixed, 42½c.

NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.

New York, Feb. 12.—Spot strong; No. 2 red, 83⅝c elevator; No, 2 red, 85⅛c f.o.b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, 92⅞c f.o.b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter, 88⅛c f.o.b. afloat.

CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, Feb. 12.—It was the same old story, "Good cattle will bring the price, but poor stuff is off." The trouble is that the cattle being received now are practically all inferior. There are, of course, exceptions, and the prices paid for them give one an idea of what really choice cattle will bring.

Export cattle were firm and moderately active. One extra choice load of 1,360 lbs. sold at $5.35, but the most of the cattle sold came in the light exporter class, selling from $4.65 to $4.90. One heavy export bull sold at $4.25.

Butcher cattle were easier to-day, but this was principally due to the quality of the stuff on the market. Choice cattle continue in demand.

Stockers and feeders show little improvement. A few cattle were bought for the distilleries, but trade is limited to odds and ends. Prices, however, continue firm.

Milch cows are steady, with a fair demand for choice.

Calves are steady and unchanged.

Sheep are steady to firm. Common lambs are slow, and grain-fed steady.

Hogs are steady and unchanged at $6.85, fed and watered.

Seven miners were suffocated by a fire in a shaft near Wilkesbarre, Pa, on Saturday.

TERRORIST KILLED GOVERNOR

He Also Shot Three Others, Then Killed Himself

A despatch from Penza, Russia, says: S A. Alexandrovsky, Governor of Penza, was shot and killed by a young man as he was leaving the theatre on Thursday night. In attempting to escape, the assassin also killed the assistant Chief of Police and a policeman and wounded the manager of the theatre. The Terrorist then shot himself and died in a hospital. The assassin was not identified. The bullets which he used subsequently were discovered to be poisoned.

M. Alexandrovsky, who was well known as chief commissioner of the Red Cross in the field during the war between Russia and Japan, had just stepped out of the door of the theatre when a youth pushed his way through the crowd and shot the Governor in the neck. He fell dead on the spot. When the assistant chief of police, who was standing near the door of the theatre, tried to draw his revolver, he was shot dead by the Terrorist. Seeing that it was impossible to get through the crowds outside the building, the murderer dashed into the theatre, firing wildly. The manager attempted to grapple with the murderer, who fired at him, but missed, and killed a policeman who was in the line of fire. In a second attempt to catch the assassin, the manager was severely wounded. The Terrorist fled through what he evidently believed to be one of the exits, but found himself in the ladies' cloak room. An attendant, realizing the situation, pointed to the stairs as a means of egress, and so soon as the assassin disappeared, the attendant locked the door behind him. The stairs, however, only led to a loft, and the murderer subsequently was found there unconscious from a bullet wound from which he died later in the hospital.

IN DEPOT WITH THROAT CUT.

Kenora Man Lying in Smoking Room at Montreal.

A despatch from Montreal says: A sensation was caused at an early hour on Thursday morning in the Windsor Street Station by the finding in the smoking-room of a man with his throat badly cut. It was thought at first that an attempt had been made to murder him, but his possessions were found to be untouched, and it was decided that he had tried to commit suicide. At the hospital it was found that, while his throat was badly cut, his jugular vein had not been pierced, and there were hopes for his life. The man's name was discovered to be Oscar Sundstrain, of Kenora, Ont., as was shown by a cheque found in his pocket for 5,125 Finnish marks, as well as a promissory note for $50 and $3 in silver. He had also a return ticket from Montreal to Kenora. The Finnish marks would represent over $1,000 in Canadian currency. Sundstrain seems to be about 35 years of age. There is no clue as to the cause of the deed, nor could the knife with which it was done be discovered. The police are working on the case

WRECK OF N. Y. CENTRAL.

Adirondack and Montreal Express Sideswiped Freight.

A despatch from Ossining, N. Y., says: The engineer and fireman of the Adirondack and Montreal express on the New York Central Railroad were killed and five other persons, four of them passengers, were injured when the express, northbound, "sideswiped" a freight engine a mile south of this village on Friday night. The dead are:—Wm. Kirk, engineer; James Armitage, fireman. Both men were buried in the wreckage, and it was some time before their bodies were recovered. None of the passengers were dangerously injured though two sustained injuries necessitating their removal to a hospital here.

THE OIL KING'S GIFT.

Rockefeller Gives $32,000,000 to General Education.

A despatch from New York says: Thirty-two million dollars' worth of income-bearing securities is given by John D. Rockefeller to the General Educational Board. When it assembled for a special meeting in this city late on Thursday the benefaction was announced by Mr. Rockefeller's son, John D. Rockefeller, jun. The donation is for general education throughout the country. It is the largest single benefaction for such purpose ever known. Mr. Rockefeller had previously given the board $11,000,000 for the same work.

The Immigration Department at Ottawa consider the reports of the suffering of settlers in the west is greatly exaggerated. The R. N. W. M. P. are patrolling with instructions to look out for all such cases.

COST OF PUBLIC HEALTH.

Urban Companies Spend Thirty-Two Cents Per Head.

A despatch from Toronto says: Aside from the extraordinary expenditure of $26,000 at Fort William as a result of the typhoid fever epidemic, the cost of maintaining health in the 497 urban municipalities of this Province was only thirty-two cents for each inhabitant. This fact was brought out on Wednesday afternoon at the quarterly meeting of the Provincial Board of Health. Dr. C. A. Hodgetts, chief health officer of the Province, reported that the expenditure of 497 urban municipalities had been $60,000, of which $26,000 was spent at Fort William. A motion was passed drawing the attention of the Minister of the department to the matter of pollution of the Muskoka Lakes and pointing out the necessity for immediate steps to maintain the purity of the waters of the summer resorts of the Province, especially Muskoka and the Kawartha Lakes.

MONUMENTS TO HEROES.

Japanese Erecting Two On a Hill at Port Arthur.

A despatch from Harbin, Manchuria, says that the Japanese are erecting two monuments on Peropelochny Hill, Port Arthur, to the memory of the Russian and Japanese soldiers who fell in the siege. In proximity to the monument to the Russians a Russian chapel will be built, bearing this inscription: "In memory of the heroes who met their death in defence of Port Arthur."

SIX FROZEN TO DEATH.

Party of Wood Choppers Lost Near Darwin, Manitoba.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: A report reached the city on Friday night to the effect that six wood choppers in the vicinity of Darwin, which is on the border between Manitoba and Ontario, were frozen to death a few days ago, having lost their way in the woods. Three of the men were Davis, Schultz and Graining. The first-named leaves relatives here.

CHINOOK AVERTS RUIN.

Cattle in Alberta Now Have Easy Access to the Grass.

A despatch from Medicine Hat, Alta., says: The Chinook on Wednesday raised the temperature 90 degrees in a few hours, and, as a result, the hills are bare of snow and the cattle have easy access to grass. Ranchers regard the situation as saved.

War is imminent between the republics of San Salvador and Honduras, in Central America.

It is stated in Berlin that the high protectionist party will be stronger in the new Reichstag than in the old.

NOTE GAVE CHEESE AWAY

Brand Was "Brockville," But Message Was From New York.

A despatch from Brockville says: The Dominion Dairy Commissioner, J. A. Ruddick, has given out a letter received from an influential English importer of London, protesting strongly against the finding in a cheese alleged to have been exported from the Brockville section a glass bottle containing a note. When the cheese was cut the bottle became broken in the middle, and the great danger of anyone partaking of the produce cut from the vicinity of that bottle was emphasized. The writer roundly scored this silly method of makers or manufacturers communicating with customers.

The incident reveals another case of the fraudulent exporter selling New York State cheese as Brockville's. The cheese from which the bottle was taken was branded, "Brockville, registered No. 53, Dairy Act, 1897, Canada," and the note was as follows: "When you receive this, please reply and tell me how you like my uncle's cheese. Address Miss D. Pearl McClary, Pulaski, N.Y.S."

The Brockville Cheese Board will likely take this matter up promptly, and ascertain how it is that a cheese purporting to have been made in Brockville section appears to have been made in New York State, and how it is that a Brockville registered brand is in use across the line.