THE MARKETS

Prices of Grain, Cattle, etc in Trade Centres.

MARKETS OF THE WORLD.

Toronto, Sept. 9. — Wheat — Ontario wheats in fair offer, with sales of No. 2 white and red at 67½ to 68c west; exporters are quoting 65c. Manitoba wheat easier; No. 1 hard, 84½c grinding in transit, and at 78½c Goderich; No. 1 Northern, 83½c g.i.t., and 77½c Goderich, and No. 2 Northern, 81½c g.i.t., and 75½c Goderich.

Oats—The market is quiet, with feeling easier. No. 2 white quoted at 31c prompt shipment, and 29 to 30c September delivery.

Corn—The market is quiet, with sales of Canadian yellow at 62c west. No. 2 yellow American quoted at 68½ to 69c on track here.

Rye—The market is steady; No. 2 quoted at 48c west.

Barley—Offerings small and prices firm. Feed sold at 39 to 40c, middle freights.

Peas—The market is firm, with old No. 2 at 78c west, and new at 75c west.

Flour—Ninety per cent. patents, made of new wheat, quoted at $2.67 to $2.70 middle freight in buyers' sacks for export. Straight rollers, for domestic trade quoted at $3.15 to $3.20 in bbls. Manitoba flour steady. Hungarian patents, $3.85 to $4.10 delivered on track, Toronto, bags included, and strong bakers' $3.60 to $3.80.

Oatmeal—Car lots in bbls., $5 on track, and in sacks, $4.90. Broken lots 20 to 25c extra.

Millfeed—Bran is dull at $13 west, and shorts at $18 west. Bran is $15 to $16 here, and shorts $21. Manitoba bran, $16 in sacks, and shorts $22 in sacks, Toronto.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—The market is dull, with large supplies of medium and inferior qualities. We quote: Choice 1-lb rolls, 16c; selected dairy tubs, 15c; store packed uniform color, 13½ to 14c; low grades, 11 to 12c; creamery rolls, 19½ to 20c; do., solids, 18½ to 19c.

Eggs—Selected are firm, and other grades easy. We quote: Strictly fresh, 15½c; ordinary store collected, candled, 14½c; seconds and checks easier, at 10 to 11c.

Cheese—Market unchanged. We quote: Finest, 10 to 10¼c; seconds, 9½ to 9¾c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs are unchanged, with fair offerings. Cured meats in good demand at steady prices. We quote: Bacon, long clear, 11c in ton and case lots. Pork, mess, $21.50; do., short cut, $23.50.

Smoked Meats—Hams, 13 to 14c; breakfast qacon, 15c; rolls, 12 to 12½c; backs, 15 to 15½c; shoulders, 11½c.

Lard—The market is unchanged. We quote: Tierces, 10¾c; tubs, 11c; pails, 11¼ to 11½c; compound, 8¾ to 10c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Sept. 9. — The local market continues quiet and steady. Grain—Manitoba wheat, No. 1 Northern, 74c; No. 2, 72c for September delivery; oats, No. 2, Manitoba white, 43 to 44c; No. 2 Ontarios, 43 to 44c; No. 3 Ontarios and Manitoba feed oats, 42½c in store; new No. 2, 37c afloat. Flour—Manitoba best patents, $3.90 to $4.10; strong bakers, $3.60 to $3.90; Ontario straight rollers, $3.50 to $3.60; in bags, $1.65 to $1.75; Ontario patents, $3.80 to $4.10. Rolled oats—Millers' prices to jobbers, $2.40 to $2.45 in bags, and $5 to $5.10 in bbls. Feed—Manitoba bran, at $16 to $17, and shorts, $23, bags included; Ontario bran, in bulk, $15.50 to $16; shorts, in bulk, $23 in lots. Provisions—Heavy Canadian short cut pork, $25; compound refined lard, 9 to 9½c; pure Canadian lard, 11c; finest lard, 12 to 12½c; hams, 12½ to 14c; bacon, 11 to 15c; dressed hogs, $7.50; fresh killed abattoir, $9.25 to $9.50 per 100 lbs.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, Sept. 9.—Flour — Steady. Wheat—Spring. No. 1 limits on new wheat; old, in store, c.i.f. basis, No. 1 Northern, 80⅜c; winter dull and weak; No. 2 red, 71½c; No. 3 do., 67 to 67½c. Corn—Strong; No. 2 yellow, 67¾c; No. 2 corn, 66¾c; No. 3 do., 66¼c, through billed. Oats—Stronger, but no demand; No. 2 white, 33½c; No. 2 mixed, 29c; No. 3 do., 28½c. Barley—Western 54 to 65c c.i.f. Rye—No. 1, 55c. Canal freights—Strong.

Toledo, Sept. 9.—Wheat — More active; strong; cash, 72¼c; Sept., 72½c; December, 72¼c; May, 73¼c. Corn — Dull; strong; September, 61c; December, 42½c. Oats — Dull; firm; September, 32½c; December, 32c. Cloverseed—Fairly active; stronger; October, $5.52½; January, $5.37½; cash; prime, $5.47½. Rye—52c.

CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, Sept. 9.—Receipts at the cattle market to-day were 78 loads, with 1,227 head of cattle, 2,086 sheep and lambs, 722 hogs, and 50 calves. Business was at no time brisk, but still a fair amount was done, and prices were steady. Choice butchers' cattle were scarce, and there was a fair demand for the good cattle of this class. Medium to fair butchers were worth from $3 to $4. Choice picked butchers' from $4.50 to $5, but very few good enough quality to realize the top price. Export cattle, heavy, were selling at $5.50 to $5.75, a couple of loads of extra choice heavy steers fetched $5.85. Stock bulls, 950 to 1,300 lbs. were selling at $2.50 to $3.50. Mixed loads of butchers and shippers, $4.37 1-2.

Lambs were easier with prices off to $3.75 and $4. Export sheep, $3.50. Hogs were unchanged at $7.25 the top, with the market closing weak, and prospects lower for next week.

Export, heavy...	$5.25	$5.75
Export cattle, light.....	5.00	5.00
Bulls, export, heavy, cwt	4.50	4.90
do light.....	4.25	4.75
Feeders, light, 800 lbs. and upwards.....	3.25	3.65
Stockers, 400 to 800 lbs.	2.75	3.00
Butchers' cattle, choice..	3.20	4.85
Butchers' cattle, med.....	3.00	4.00
Butchers' picked.....	5.00	5.00
Butchers' bulls.....	3.25	4.00
Light stock bulls, cwt....	2.25	3.00
Milch cows.....	30.00	50.00
Hogs, best.....	7.25	7.25
do light.....	7.00	7.00
Sheep, export, cwt.....	3.25	3.40
Bucks.....	2.50	2.75
Culls, each.....	2.50	3.00
Lambs.....	3.75	4.00
Calves, each.....	2.00	10.00
Common rough cows and bulls.....	2.50	3.00

YUKON MURDERERS CAUGHT

Clever Work of the Northwest Mounted Police.

A Tacoma, Wash., despatch says: Dawson advices give details of the remarkable solution of a Yukon murder case, just accomplished by officers of the Northwest Mounted Police. On August 1st they became convinced that a triple murder had been committed on the Upper Yukon. A month later two men believed by the police to be the murderers, are in custody, and what seems to be a complete web of circumstantial evidence has been woven around them. Ed. Labelle was arrested Monday at Wadsworth, Nevada, and is now en route to Dawson. Peter Fournier was arrested at Dawson August 24th. These two men are charged with the murder of Leon Boutillette, Guy J. Beaudoin, and Alphonse Constantine, three French-Canadians from Quebec. Constantine had been on the Yukon for several years, and had induced the other two men to join him last spring. He met them at Vancouver in June. At White Horse they met Fournier and Labelle. These two men had been "boosters" in a Dawson gambling house. They were French-Canadians, also. All five purchased a boat at White Horse and started down the river. The boat was numbered, and its departure noted in the police records at White Horse. It never reached Dawson, but was found later on, on the Yukon banks. Fournier soon appeared in Dawson. Labelle did not reach there. July 14th the body of Boutillette was found near the Indian River with bullet wounds through the head. The body of Constantine was found above Selkirk, a hundred and thirty miles above where Boutillette's body came to the surface. Beaudoin's body was found August 1st. The police believe that Fournier and Labelle murdered these three for what money they possessed. Boutillette was a contractor, of St. Frances, Beauce County, Quebec. He left Vancouver with eleven hundred dollars in Quebec notes. Such notes to the amount of four hundred dollars were found on Fournier. He is 23 years of age and a college graduate. The police traced Labelle to Tacoma, thence to Spokane, and through Montana, Idaho, Utah, and Nevada, to Wadsworth, where he was found working in a railroad camp.

SHOT LOVER ON STAGE.

Actress Took Revenge for Being Jilted.

A despatch to the London Daily Chronicle from Vienna gives details of the tragic deaths on Wednesday last of an Austrian actor and actress at Samos-Ujvar, Transylvania, Hungary, as follows :—Julia Petky and Julius Bardos had been engaged but the latter had broken off the engagement. The two were acting the part of lovers in a performance, during which Julia was supposed to fire at Bardos. She charged her pistol with bullets and shot him dead. The curtain was lowered immediately, but the first persons who arrived on the stage found that Julia had committed suicide by opening her veins.

GROWTH OF INDUSTRIES.

Census Will Show Big Increase Over Those in 1891.

An Ottawa despatch says :—The Census Department is busy with the industrial schedules, and a bulletin dealing with the same will be issued. It is understood that the industries of the country will show, when the figures are issued, a large growth over 1891, notwithstanding that in the present instance there is a limit to the size of the manufactories to be included. Under the present census, no factory which has not five hands has been counted, while in 1891 everything was taken in. A comparison has already been made in the case of Toronto, and the industries there show a very large growth.

DOOMED TO DESTRUCTION.

Martinique Will Probably Hape to Be Abandoned.

A New York despatch says :—It is generally believed that the Island of Martinique is doomed to total destruction, and the fear is that when ing many houses and drowning scores loupe will be visited by an all-destructive tidal wave, cables the Point-a-Pitrie, Guadaloupe, correspondent of the Herald. Business is absolutely at a standstill. Few shops are open, and if it were not for the efforts of a small number of more valiant souls, hundreds would starve to death here, because of their fear of a more terrible death.

MOUNTAIN SWALLOWED UP.

Details that have been received during the last two days prove that the eruptron of Mont Pelec, August 30, was far more violent than any of the earlier explosions. As the eruptions continue the mouth of Mont Pelee grows in size. It is now of enormous proportions. Morne Lacroix, one of the peaks that reared skyward from the side of Pelee, has fallen bodily into the crater and it has been completely swallowed. There seems to be a side pressure on the crater, and the burning chasm widens perceptibly every day.

Clouds no more hang about the crest of Mont Pelee. The terrific heat seems to drive everything away. The column of smoke rears directly into the heavens, so that its top is lost to sight. In the darkness of the night it has the appearance of a stream of molten iron, standing fixed between heaven and earth.

BURIED UNDER ASHES.

From Morne Capote the relief troops were compelled to make a quick retreat, although they succeeded in taking out a few wounded. The entire country nearly to Fort de France is buried under a deep cover of ashes. This has made it almost impossible to find the bodies of those who have perished while fleeing to the sea coast.

At Grande Anse the tide swept three hundred feet inshore, destroying many houses and rowing scores of inhabitants. Even at Fort de France the most stout of heart have lost courage. Col. Lecourer has reported to his Government that it is his opinion that the entire Island of Martinique will have to be abandoned. He asks for assistance in transporting the inhabitants to other islands of the West Indies.

THE WORLD'S CROPS.

Hungarian Statistics Indicate Plenty.

A Budapest, Hungary despatch says :—The Hungarian Ministry of Agriculture estimates the world's yield of grain this year as follows :

	Bushels.
Wheat.....	2,905,320,000
Oats.....	3,004,720,000
Corn.....	2,973,480,000
Rye.....	1,579,040,000
Barley.....	1,141,680,000

The European wheat crop is estimated to give an increase of 193,120,000 bushels over the crop of 1901. A decrease of 136,320,000 bushels is expected in the European corn crop. The wheat crop of the United States is estimated at 646,100,000 bushels, with a surplus of 210,160,000 bushels. The Canadian wheat crop is estimated at 93,720,000 bushels, with a surplus of 29,820,000 bushels.

LOST 20 RELATIVES.

But Cronje is Prepared to Forgive and Forget.

A Cape Town despatch says :—Gen. Cronje, who has lately returned here from exile at St. Helena, said in an interview on Thursday that during the war he had lost from wounds and disease 20 dear relatives. He expressed himself as prepared, however, not only to forgive, but, as far as God had given him his power, to forget, and said he believed the British and Dutch races would work amicably together for the development of the country.

AGAINST INCOME TAX.

League Formed to Fight for Reduction.

A London despatch says: The revolt against the income tax is at last beginning to take practical shape. An Anti-Income Tax League is being organized under influential auspices. Inasmuch as the opposition to the income tax is strongest among the Unionists, it is probable that the Government will soon realize without the lesson of more bye-elections that the only hope of retaining any representative character will be to grant in the next budget a substantial reduction of the present crushing burden.

CHINA SELECTS CANADIAN.

St. John, N. B., Man Adviser to Minister of Mines.

An Ottawa despatch says: The Chinese Government has decided to appoint an European adviser to the Minister of Mines. Mr. Wallace Broad, a native of St. John, N.B., has been selected for the position. He is a graduate of the university of his native province, and of McGill University, Montreal. He was for some time on the staff of the geological survey of Canada, but of recent years he has been engaged in professional work in Rhodesia and West Africa.

MORE MEN WANTED.

Threshing Outfits in West Crippled for Lack of Hands.

A Winnipeg despatch says: "Manitoba's wheat is nearly all cut. Scarcely one-third of the work of harvesting remains to be done, and to do it the province is sorely in need of 6,000 more hands."

Such was the statement of Hugh McKellar, Deputy Minister of Agriculture. He returned on Saturday from a trip to Pilot Mound, and the foregoing was the conclusion he came to from what he saw and from communications he has received from all parts. Much of the grain that is cut is lying in the swaths, and it has yet to be stooked, stacked, threshed, and marketed, and to do this that number of men is urgently needed.

Fully two months of strenuous work will be required to accomplish all this. The impression in the east seems to be that Manitoba's harvest is so far advanced that it is hardly worth while coming West for all the work that is to be done. To correct this false impression Mr. McKellar on Saturday telegraphed to James Hartney, Government Agent, Toronto, telling him to leave no stone unturned to secure more help.

OUTFITS CRIPPLED.

Threshing outfits are crippled for want of men, and if they cannot be secured the effect will be felt not only in the handling of this year's crop, but also on the crop of the coming year, for threshing operations will be dragged out to such an extent that farmers will be unable to do fall plowing, or make any preparations for next year's seeding. This is a calamity which the Manitoba officials are trying to avert. Mr. McKellar said that the recent rains had delayed stacking to some extent, but not cutting, and as a consequence those who were behind in getting their binders to work are up to the more fortunate ones who had their grain-cutting under way first. He also said that threshing would be pretty general throughout the province Monday, but many machines would be tied up for want of men.

It is probable that if more hands can be secured in the east another series of excursions will be run by the C. P. R.

"We still have hope," he said, "that the east will come to our rescue, and will send enough help to save the immense crop that is now lying in the fields."

ON EXPERIMENTAL FARMS.

Director States That Crops Show a High Average.

An Ottawa despatch says :—Dr. William Saunders, director of the Experimental Farms, has returned from his annual tours of investigation in the West. During his absence he has inspected and arranged the work of the Western Experimental Farms and made many inquiries as to the general condition of agriculture in the Western parts of the Dominion. The crops on the Experimental Farm at Brandon are very good. The yields of wheat and other cereals will be considerably above the average. Peas, Indian corn, roots and potatoes also promise excellent returns. The grain crops were nearly all cut on the Brandon farm when the director left there on Monday last. The hay crop had also been good, and had given from 2 to 2½ tons per acre. At the end of last week it was estimated that two-thirds of the entire wheat crop of Manitoba had been cut. Dr. Saunders thinks that the Manitoba crop will average a little higher than last year.

RAND OF ONTARIO.

Great Mineral Wealth in Manitou Gold District.

A Toronto despatch says :—The Bureau of Mines has received a letter from Mr. Hugh D. Alston, the well-known mining expert, of Wabigoon. Mr. Alston reports that there is considerable prospecting work going on in the Manitou gold mining district. He speaks most enthusiastically of the prospects, and declares that ere long Manitou will be the "Rand" of Ontario, with a rich permanent future ahead of it. The gold is found in free mining quartz. That it is there in paying quantities is emphasized by the fact which Mr. Alston cites, that one company spent $10,000 in development work, and took out enough gold to reimburse them for all their expenditure. Although just now capital is not coming in very fast. Mr. Alston prophesies that as soon as these gold fields become known capitalists could not be kept out with a club.

THANKSGIVING IN OCTOBER

Twenty-third of Month Likely to Be Set Apart for Holiday.

An Ottawa despatch says: It is mentioned in official circles that Thanksgiving Day will likely be held on Thursday, October 23rd. Representations have been received from different parts of the country in favor of a day being chosen this year earlier than November. The transportation companies, however, would prefer the postponement of the holiday until after the season of navigation is over.

NEWS ITEMS.

Telegraphic Briefs From All Over the Globe.

CANADA.

Windsor spent $130 in cutting weeds this summer.

Rat Portage will have a new hospital and a nurses' home.

During August there were 175 deaths and 115 births in Winnipeg.

Rev. Prof. Elliott's eight-year-old daughter was fatally burned at Montreal on Saturday.

English directors of the Snowshoe Mines, at Grand Forks, B.C., will install another smelter.

Archibald Peffers, a Hamilton hotel keeper, took a dose of strychnine with fatal effect on Saturday.

Mrs Edward Yon of Montreal lost her life in a fire that destroyed the family dwelling on Saturday.

Provincial Treasurer Duffy at Quebec has a surplus of $24,492, after providing for all expenditure for the year.

Customs collections at Montreal last month were $1,138,266, as compared with $905,468 for August last year.

There are 33 members of the entrance class, Royal Military College, Kingston. Cadets this year number 90, last year 85.

The general freight agent of the Canada Atlantic Railway says that road has 4,000 cars to assist in handling the western grain.

A calf fell from a bridge in a runaway at St. Catharines, and lighted on a freight car en route to Buffalo, and was carried through to that city.

Rossland will have an ambulance to be called "Father Pat" in memory of the late Rev. Henry Irwin ; also a stone drinking fountain. Each will cost $500.

A mother bear and three cubs strolled into Fort Francis, Rainy River district, Sunday, and were given the freedom of the town—until the nearest shotgun was found.

Mrs. Martha Wilson, Hamilton, is suing the Grand Trunk Railway Company for $3,000 damages, for injuries sustained while standing on a platform at Waterdown, which gave way.

The resolution of the British House of Commons, thanking the regular and colonial troops for their services in South Africa, has been received at Ottawa and will be published in The Gazette.
add Britain

GREAT BRITAIN.

The English birth rate is declining.

The British shipbuilding trade is said to be very much depressed.

Conservative Parliamentary circles expect a general election in 1903, says the Manchester Guardian.

Welsh mining men advise the British Admiralty to store coal under water to retain its calorific quality.

The London Standard announces that a steel trust is in progress of formation among the English steel manufacturers.

The Prince of Wales' purchase of a property at Dersingham, the pretty village close to Sandringham, creates satisfaction in Norfolk.

London theatres have been notified that no further licenses would be granted unless they complied strictly with the fire-escape requirements.

A sturdy protest from Lady Florence Dixie against what she terms "the scandal of child labor in the United States," appears in the London Graphic.

The income tax returns for the year 1901 show that fifteen persons in Great Britain paid tax on incomes exceeding £50,000, their total incomes being assessed at £1,500,000. The greatest number of payments was on incomes between £160 and £200.

UNITED STATES.

John Cornettia died at Paterson, N.J., of hydrophobia, caused by a weasel's bite.

Charles M. Schwab has rented an entire flat in the Ansonia apartment house in New York, at a rent of $40,000 a year.

Prof. N. E. Donnell fell from a parachute into Long Island Sound, a distance of 200 feet, and is perhaps fatally injured.

While sitting in a hammock with his sweetheart, George Taylor, of Pitcher, N.Y., committed suicide by shooting. No reason is known.

A speed of one mile in a minute and twenty seconds is claimed by Mr. C. R. Flint's steam yacht in a test on the Hudson River on Saturday.

GENERAL.

Continuous rain in India is benefiting the crops.

It is estimated that already 9,000 Boer families have been settled on the farms in the Transvaal.

In the province of Helsingland, in Sweden, fifty new cases of leprosy have been detected during the past year.

By order of the Ameer compulsory military service is to be imposed upon one-eighth of the male population of Afghanistan.