HOUSEHOLD.

SOME GOOD RECIPES.

New York Tea Cakes.—Rub four ounces of butter into two pounds of flour, add a pinch of salt and six ounces of caster sugar. When all is mixed thoroughly, make a hole in the middle of the yeast. Dissolve three-quarters of an ounce of yeast in a quarter of a pint of warm milk, then pour it into the flour, etc., and make up into a light dough, adding more milk if necessary. Stand this dough in a warm place for an hour, scatter pickled Sultanas over it, and divide into small portions of equal size; mold them into form of buns, set on greased baking tins, and again prove fo r half an hour. Bake in a warm oven and set on a sieve. Serve hot, split open and buttered. Cinnamon may be used as flavoring, if liked.

A New Way to Serve Eggs.—Dissolve half an ounce of butter in a tablespoonful of good gravy, add the same quantity of milk with a seasoning of pepper and salt. Prepare some buttered toast and spread it sparsely with anchovy paste. Break three eggs into the gravy, etc., which should be heating over the fire, and stir over gentle heat till lumpy. Take the pan off and stir the contents till set. Pile the mixture on the pieces of toast prepared. Scatter chopped parsley over and serve very hot.

Baked Apples, Long Island Style.—Peel some sound cooking apples of medium size, take out the cores, and roughen the outside of the fruit with a fork. Now roll the apples in coarse, brown sugar, stand them in a large buttered pie dish, fill the hole in each apple with any red preserve, and bake slowly till tender. Baste the fruit while cooking with the juice which runs from it. When cooked, allow the fruit to get cold before setting in a glass dish to serve.

To Preserve Butter.—Make a good brine. Boil two pounds of salt, six lumps of sugar, and as much saltpetre as will lie on a shilling in one gallon of water for ten minutes. When cold, wrap each pat of butter in wet muslin or cloth and put it into the brine. The butter must always remain under the surface of the brine, and then it will keep good for months, and a pat can be taken out as required.

French Sauce For Cold Meat.—This is prepared as follows: Chop some tarragon, chives, capers, parsley, cress, and a very little shallot; pound these in a mortar,. add a tablespoonful of tomato sauce, or two anchovies and a little French mustard, the yolks of two raw eggs, and season with salt and pepper. Place all the ingredients in a basin and with a wooden spoon work in drop by drop three dessertspoonfuls of best olive oil; the mixture should be very thick, and then be diluted slightly with a little chili vinegar.

A Hair Oil, of excellent quality may be prepared as follows: Take the yolks of two eggs, one ounce of tincture of cantharides, half a pint of olive oil, and half a pint of rum. First beat up the yolks of eggs in a bowl, then add gradually the oil and rum. When thoroughly mixed, pour in the tincture of cantharides, then add two drams of essence of lemon and one of bergamot, Shake the bottle every night before using it. Pour out a teaspoonful and rub it into the hair, which must be brushed before and after the application.

Essence of Beef for invalids can be made at home easily from this recipe: Take half a pound of lean beef, freed from skin and gristle, and mince it finely on a board. Set the meat in a jar, cover with a greased paper closely, stand the jar in a saucepan of boiling water and simmer for four or five hours. Strain off the essence and free it of any fat with white paper.

Savory Sippets are extremely nourishing, and can often be taken by children and invalids when meat cannot be digested. Set two or three sippets of toast on a very hot plate, and pour over them good gravy which has been freed from all fat. Scatter over the toast a little chopped parsley, and serve very hot.

GOOD BREAD IN WINTER.

There is more heavy bread eaten during the winter than all the remainder of the year says a writer in Ohio Farmer. This is because the yeast demands and must have warmth, a uniform warmth at that, in order to rise well. We have adopted a different method of setting our bread from formerly and it is giving excellent results. We have heretofore used tin bread pans for raising the bread in. But tin does not retain heat. And unless one has a very favorable place for setting, and the bread is well wrapped in the bargain, it is almost sure to get chilled.

We always bake both graham and white flour bread at each baking. So I got two thick, four-gallon stone jars, and we use them for raising the bread in the first time. While we are mixing the bread we have the jars sitting on the back of the stove on lids, with warm water in them and covered up to keep in the steam. The jars get thoroughly warmed but not hot. When the bread is mixed the jars are emptied, dried, and greased. The bread is then put in and covered tight by putting both a cloth and cover over the jars. The jars are then set on chairs in a warm place behind the stove, and are occasionally turned around. The heat is simply perfect if this plan is operated right. The bread rises as light and quick as on a June day.

If bread rises well the first setting there is no danger but the loaves will rise well also. We always make our sponge in a stone jar for rising over night. No other vessel is so good. In summer it keeps the sponge cool and keeps it warm in winter. In fact, we have become very enthusiastic over the use of stone jars in bread-making, and regard them as very necessary factors in supplying the table with good bread.

SCRAP BASKET.

The pincushion is not put on the centre of the bureau any more at all. It is put in the upper right-hand corner.

The very latest pattern for a centerpiece is in pine cones, the needles themselves being worked in green and the stems in brown.

A specialty which women's exchanges should take up more than they do is that of clothing for invalids. This might include easily adjusted underwear, as well as the dainty bed jackets and sitting-up gowns that are needed.

The well dressed, careful woman never has a gaping placket to mar the effect of her costume. If your placket opens at the side have hooks and eyes on the inner edge, and see that they are always securely fastened. If the placket is at the back do not have your pocket put anywhere near it. Let the waistband of the skirt lap far over, if the placket opens at the back,and even then, you need safety hook and eyes.

Many women have decried the high collars, especially those who have pretty throats, but when one comes to think of it they have had their mission, and the coming woman will hold up her head as a natural result of the stiff-neck reign, and the very attitude imparts dignity, which is a trait devoutly to be desired in this age of progression, and something that the new woman sometimes almost forgets in her haste for mannish honors.

When stitching up long seams on the machine it is customary t oleave three end of the seam, and which are tied or fastened in some manner so as not to rip. This takes considerable time. A better way is to commence to stitch the seam about an inch from the end and sew out to the edge; then turn the garment or whatever is sewed, and run up the entire length of the seam. When the other end is reached the garment is turned again and is stitched back in the same place for an inch or more. The ends of the thread may no danger of the seam coming apart. then be cut close and there will be

KANGAROO HUNTING.

Riding to Hounds After the Nimble Brutes in Australia.

There are two ways of hunting kangaroos in Australia, one followed by native hunters and the other by white men. The natives surround a herd of the animals, narrow the circle and then, when the kangaroos dash at them in wild efforts to escape,. kill them with short spears and clubs, commonly called waddies. It is lively work for the native. The kangaroo uses its hind legs viciously, and with great judgment,and dogs, horses and men have been torn open by the nails of its hind feet.

The white men prefer to follow the kangaroos with fdogs. Every herd of kangaroos has a leader, known as the old man or bomer, which warns its followers of the approach of danger by stamping the ground with its hind foot, making a booming sound that starts all the kangaroos in hearing on a run. A scared herd will run twenty or thirty miles at times, or until it reaches safaty. A male weighs from 100 tg 175 pounds and is seven or eight feet long. The English make up parties of hunters and follow the kangaroo with dogs somewhat like foxhounds, but of greater size and strength. Women and men join in the sport, riding to the hounds on good horses.

"Riding to the place where a herd of the beasts had been seen the day before by bushmen," a writer says, "we came trees and tree ferns, fit to brush one off his horse. Quiet was the word of caution passed when he came near the sparsely grown ground beyond the bush where the kangaroos hadr been seen. The dogs were called in, and then we rode from the bush into view of the herd's sentinel, and then away went the kangaroos followed by the dogs, and we were at the tail tips of the dogs. The kangaroos could not run, but folding their fore legs across their breasts,they sat down. Then, with tail and hind legs, away they went by hops, no hop being less than twenty feet long, and others being more than thirty feet, They cleared shrubs twelve feet high.

"Curiously enogub, the kangaroo travels faster up hill than down, the dogs catching up on the down slopes. The beast sometimes breaks its neck while running down hill by going head over heels. The does began to throw their young out of their pouches, and we knew they were hard pressed. They turned suddenly for the water. We found the dogs at a water hole with two boomers at bay. We dismounted, and drawing our knives, waited an opportunity to run in and hamstring them. A dog rushed in and was caught by a hind leg of a boomer and pressed under water, where it was quickly drowned. Then a dog got one of the beasts by the back and threw it,whereupon my cousin quickly hamstrung it, while I rapped its nose with my whip, killing it. We had kangaroo tail soup and steaks for dinner for several days.

ELECTRIC LOCOMOTIVES.

They May Revolutionise the Land Travel of the Future.

A new electric locomotive of large dimensions, calculated to draw trains of double the weight of those attached to ordinary engines at a rate of 62 miles an hour, has been tried with success on the Western railroad of France line. The first experiments of this kind were made in 1893 between Havre and Beuzeville, with an electric locomotive, which behaved well throughout the trial trip. Owing to the success of this machine the company's engineers constructed two larger locomotives, and it is one of these which has just been tested. It is 57 feet long and of 1,350 horse-power. In spite of their size they wear out the rails less than ordinary locomotives, as the weight is distributed on eight axles, instead of four or five. They are safer than the others, owing to their elastic character, which enables them to make curves with security at full speed. Great things are, in fact, expected from these contrivances, which, when perfected, will do 100 to 115 miles an hour.

YOUNG FOLKS.

THE NEEDLE AND THE PIN.

A Pin and a Needle, being neighbors in a work-basket, and both being idle folks, began to quarrel, as idle folks are apt to do.

"I should like to know," said the Pin, "what you are good for, and how you expect to get through the world without a head?"

"What is the use of your head," replied the Needle, rather sharply, "if you have no eye?"

"What is the use of an eye," said the Pin, "if there is always something in it?"

"I am more active, and can go through more work than you can," said the Needle.

"Yes; but you will not live long, because you have always a stitch in your side," said the Pin.

"You are a poor, crooked creature," said the Needle.

"And you are so proud that you can not bend without breaking your back."

"I'll pull your head off if you insult me again."

"I'll pull your eye out if you touch me; remember, your life hangs on a single thread," said the Pin.

While they were thus conversing, a little girl entered, and undertaking to sew, she very soon broke off the Needle at the eye. She then tied the thread around the neck of the Pin, and attempting to sew with it, she soon pulled its head off, and threw it into the dirt by the side of the broken Needle.

"Well, here we are," said the Needle.

"We have nothing to fight about now," said the Pin. "It seems misfortune has brought us to our senses."

"A pity we had not come to them sooner," saith the Needle. "How much we resemble human beings, who quarrel about their blessings till they lose them, and never find out they are brothers till they lie down in the dust together, as we do!"

HER OPINION OF GROWN FOLKS.

A little girl was asked to write down her impressions of grown-up persons. Her compositions ran as follows:

"In the first place, they are bigger; then, some of them don't like sweets; then, they don't climb up trees; then, they are not so fond of donkey rides, because there are other things they like better. They write books and go to meetings, but they don't let their children go with them because they are in the way. Sometimes they make children do what isn't right; they don't like us to ride on donkeys because they are afraid of being kicked; but children don't mind a bit; on the contrary, they think it rare fun. They are much older; some of them twice as old as others.

"You've got to be 21 before you are grown up, and then you remain grown up. Grown-up people fancy that children are naughty and children think grown-up folks are naughty. Then there is another difference: They can swim —that is, some can—but there are children who can swim, too. They live for money; many—not all—spend it on useful things, such as children. Some are fond of giving away things, and I know a person who lives entirely for children, and that is grandma. I don't think there could be anybody like grandma.

"They have long coats and trousers Generally, that is to say, sometimes, they take greater interest in their friends than in their children; but the lady I was speaking of doesn't do that. They have different ways of doing up their hair. Some twist it round; only the men have it cut short, but then they wear a beard. Many grown-up people are nice and kind, but so are many children, too; but that one person, grandma, is nicer than any child. I don't know any other difference."

ONE, ONE, ONE PUFFS.

"Norah, will you let me make something for tea?" asked Marjorie, coming into the kitchen one afternoon.

"Sure, an' I will," said Norah, "for it is a fine little cook you're getting to be and a great help to me."

"Thank you, Norah," said Marjorie, as she tied on a gingham apron over her pretty plaid dress. "You see, this recipe is very easy to remember, for it's one of everything."

The first thing Marjorie did was to take a big, yellow bowl from the closet and carefully sift one cupful of flour into it. Then breaking a fresh egg into another bowl, she beat it until it was light. Having poured one cupful of sweep milk into the flour, she added the egg and mixed them all carefully together, beating the batter with a wire spoon until her arm was tired.

"I almost forgot the salt," she said, adding a pinch.

Taking a muffin pan which contained eight rings Marjorie greased each one liberally, and then dropped a spoonful of the batter into it.

"Before I put them in the oven to bake I must see that it is not too hot, because, Norah, if it is, they won't rise, and that's the beauty of them."

The oven proved to be just right, so Marjorie put the pan in, and then looking at the clock, said:

"I must let them bake for fifteen minutes, and I musn't even look at them once either because it makes them fall, and spoils them to open the door."

Marjorie watched the clock anxiously, and when Norah rang the bell five minutes before six, she could hardly keep still.

"It will take the folks five minutes to get down, Miss Marjorie, and I thought you'd be ready by that time."

"Why, what's that?" asked papa a few miuntes later, as flushed and excited Marjorie entered the dining room with a plateful of golden brown cakes.

"They are one, one one puffs," cried Marjorie.

"They're delicious, that's what they are," said brother Jack, helping himself to a second.

And that's what they all said.

NO OTHER COURSE OPEN.

How did you happen to discharge that last girl, Mrs. Meekly?

I just had to. She only allowed me two afternoons a week.

NOT A QUARTER

But Just 20 Cents, and 40 Doses in a Vial of Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills.

No Pain, no Bad After Effects, Pleasure in Every Dose—Little, but awfully Good.

Cure sick headache, constipation, biliousness, nausea, sallowness. They are purely vegetable. In big demand, and all druggists sell them. Mere granules in size.

Sold by W. E. Richardson.

He filled the stove with gasolene,
And with the house was blown up,
But did he mind? Ah, no; 'twas not
! The first time he'd been blown up!

NO AVAIL.

Adam Soper of Burk's Falls Found All Remedies for Kidney Disease of No Avail Until He Used South American Kidney Cure—To-day He is a Well Man and Gives the Credit Where it is Due.

"For a long time I have been a great sufferer from disease of the kidneys. The pains I suffered were the severest. I had tried all kinds of remedies, but all to no avail. I was persuaded to try South American Kidney Cure. Have taken half a dozen bottles, and I can confidently say that to-day I am a cured man, and can highly recommend this great medicine to all sufferers from kidney trouble."

Sold by W. E. Richardson.

Queen Victoria was crowned in Westminster Abbey; she was married at the Chapel Royal, in St. James' palace.

MAN AND WIFE IN DISTRESS

From Chronic Catarrh—But Instantaneous Relief Follows the First Application of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder—Don't Neglect the Simplest Cold in the Head, it May Develop Into This Disgusting Malady Almost Before You Can Realize it.

Rev. Dr. Bochror of Buffalo says:—"My wife and I were both troubled with distressing catarrh, but we have enjoyed freedom from this aggravating malady since the day we first used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. Its action was instantaneous, giving the most grateful relief within ten minutes after first application. We consider it a godsend to humanity, and believe that no case can be so chronic or deeply seated that it will not immediately relieve and permanently cure."

Sold by W. E. Richardson.

Tagleigh—"Balloon sleeves were bound to go up in the end." Wagleigh—"Sure. That is why they were named balloon sleeves."

HEART'S HEALER.

Mrs. Mugger, Wife of Capt. Charles Mugger, of Sydney, C.B., Got Relief in 30 Minutes From Heart Disease of Four Years' Standing, and Declares She Owes Her Life to Dr. Agnew's Cure For the Heart.

"It affords me great pleasure to commend Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. I was sorely afflicted with heart trouble, accompanied with dizziness, palpitations and smothering sensations. For over four years I was treated by best physicians, and used all remedies known to man. I determined to try Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. The first dose gave me great relief inside of thirty minutes. I used two bottles, and feel to-day I have been completely cured."

Sold by W. E. Richardson.

Cumso—"Well, Johnny, how do you like your new teacher?" Johnny—"Not much. She don't know anything. To-day she asked me who discovered America."

A NEW MAN.

C. G. Chapin, Jeweler, of Burk's Falls, Says He is a New Man Since Using the Great South American Nervine —His Testimony is Endorsed by Thousands of Others.

"For years I have been greatly troubled with nervous debility and affection of the kidneys. I believe I tried every proprietary medicine under the sun, but none seemed to give me any relief until I had tried South American Nervine. To my surprise the first bottle gave me great relief. I have persevered in taking it, and can say that I have not felt so well for years. I do heartily recommend this great cure."

Sold by W. E. Richardson.

What do you think a man should get that deliberately tries to cheat another out of a fortune.

Nothing.

FROM AGONY TO JOY.

Acute Sufferings From Acute Rheumatic Ailment Relieved by South American Rheumatic Cure When Hope Had Well-Nigh Gone—Mrs. W. Ferris, Wife of a Well-Known Manufacturer of Glencoe, Cheerfully Tells the Story of Her Cure.

"I was for years a great sufferer from rheumatic affection in my ankles, and at times was so bad that I could not walk. I tried every known remedy and treated with best physicians for years, but no permanent relief. Although my confidence in remedies was about exhausted, I was induced to try South American Rheumatic Cure. I purchased a bottle. The very first dose gave me relief, and after taking two bottles all pain had vanished and there has been no return of it. I do cheerfully recommend this great remedy."

The curfew bell was rung for the first time in Ottawa on New Year's night.

Itching, Burning Skin Disease Cured For 35 Cents.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment relieves in one day, cures tetter, salt rheum, piles, scald head, eczema, barber's itch, ulcers, blotches and all eruptions of the skin. It is soothing and quieting, and acts like magic in the cure of all baby humors. 35 cents.

Sold by W. E. Richardson.

HEART FAILURE.

Great Danger Involved in Weak Heart Action.

The Trouble Can be Cured, and Mr. D. A. Bullock, of Georgeville, Points Out the Road to Renewed Health.

From the Magog, Que., News.

Mr. D. A. Bullock, boatbuilder, of Georgeville, is well and favorably known to all the residents of that village. He has passed through a very trying illness from which his friends feared he could not recover, but he is once more happily enjoying good health. To a correspondent of the Magog News Mr. Bullock recently gave the particulars of his illness and cure, saying that he would be very glad if his experience would prove helpful in enabling someone else to regain health. He says:—"There is no doubt in my mind that Dr. William's Pink Pills brought me from the horrors of death to the glad cheerful world. Some years ago, owing to overwork and trouble I was reduced to a weak state of health, wherein the heart failed to do its work properly, and not unnaturally the stomach became inactive. I had visits from three doctors, but without beneficial results. The medicine given by one of them caused a nervous shock that prostrated me for several weeks. The last one who treated me gave me a preparation of strychnine which upset my kidneys to such an extent that I was confined to the house and daily growing weaker. I had to keep stimulants constantly at my side to keep the heart at work, and even with this artificial aid its action was very faint. Then I began to try advertised medicines, but still without any good results. I lost strength, flesh and hope I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and that reminded me that I had a box of them at my place of business, which had been lying there for more than a year. Without very much confidence in them I decided to give the pills a trial. The result I must confess seemed to be almost magical. I had not taken the Pink Pills long when I was able to rest in my chair and take good refreshing sleep, something that had not taken place for months before. From that day with the use of the Pink Pills I continued to gain in strength, and am to-day a strong and healthy man. I believe that even Pink Pills should be assisted in their good work on the system, and that assistance is exercise, and this exercise I took from the time I began to regain my strength. I have now every faith in this medicine and believe if those who are sick will use it, health will be the reward.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills strike at the root of the disease, driving it from the system and restoring the patient to health and strength. In cases of paralysis, spinal troubles, locomotor ataxia, sciatica, rheumatism, erysipelas, scrofulous troubles, etc., these pills are superior to all other treatment. They are also a specific for the troubles which make the lives of so many women a burden, and speedily restore the rich glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. Men broken down by overwork, worry or excesses, will find in Pink Pills a certain cure. Sold by all dealers, or sent by mail postpaid, at 50c. a box, or six boxes for $2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N.Y. Beware of imitations and substitutes alleged to be "just as good."

UTILIZING SCIENCE.

Package, sir, said the agent as Mr. Sharp came to the door. There is $2 express charges on it.

Be kind enough to wait a moment, said Mr. Sharp, as he disappeared indoors. Presently he returned, Just allow me to throw this -Xray on that package, please.

The tell-tale light revealed three bricks carefully done up in raw cotton, and, unopened, they were returned to the would-be joker, marked Refused.

HEART DISEASE KILLS.

Relief in 30 Minutes.

The most pronounced symptoms of heart disease are palpitation, or fluttering of the heart, shortness of breath weak or irregular pulse, smothering spells, swelling of feet or ankles, nightmare, spells of hunger or exhaustion. The brain may be congested, causing headaches, dizziness or vertigo. In short, whenever the heart flutters, or tires out easily, aches or palpitates, it is diseased and treatment is imperative. Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure has saved thousands of lives. It absolutely never fails to give perfect relief in 30 minutes, and to cure radically.

Sold by W. E. Richardson.

GUN OF THE EVENING.

I suppose there were some bright things said at Mrs. Lionunter's literary dinner party last night?

A few.

Who got off the most interesting?

The butler—when he remarked that dinner was ready.

FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS.

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER

THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

LARGEST SALE IN CANADA.