

THE WEEK'S NEWS.

CANADIAN.

It is understood that the Quebec Legislature will meet on the 10th or 12th of January.

The transfer of the Dominion's London account to the Bank of Montreal will be effected in January.

Anthony O'Hara, of Collingwood, Ont., was asphyxiated in an hotel at Toronto early the other morning.

Mr. Justice MacLennan, of Toronto, has been elected honorary president of Queen's University Alma Mater Society, Kingston.

Premier Cayley declared, in an interview at Winnipeg, that he was not in favour of Separate schools in the North-West Territories.

It is stated that the coloured cotton combine, which controls all the coloured cotton mills of the Dominion with the exception of the Parks mill, of St. John, N. B., has secured control of the latter.

An old lady named Mrs. Gibbons, residing at Tuckersmith, about four miles west of Seaford, Ont., committed suicide by hanging herself to a beam in a barn. It is said that she was temporarily insane.

A Mrs. Dermody, of Hamilton, was seized with a fit of coughing which continued some hours and resulted fatally.

Mrs. Thomas Hall, of Eramosa township, Ont., who had been afflicted with mental derangement for some months past, drowned herself in a cistern the other morning.

Rev. Dr. Griffin, of Guelph, Ont., has been appointed treasurer of the superannuation fund of the Methodist Church, in place of the late Rev. James Gray, subject to the endorsement of the General Conference.

The total shipment of cheese from Montreal to the United Kingdom for the past season was 1,632,628 boxes, being an increase over the shipments of 1,391,958 boxes.

A Montreal newspaper states that in well-informed circles it is considered settled that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company will get the Government contract for the fast Atlantic mail service, and that the line will probably be established next summer.

The principal of the Model school at Kingston has been advocating single sermons on Sunday, religious teaching of the children in the morning, and that the afternoon of the holy day be given up to recreation for those who feel inclined that way. Several members of the school board have taken objection to his views.

Two boys, Samuel Arscott and Willie Kelloway, were playing with a gun at Killarney, Man., on Saturday. The former was looking down the barrel when the latter pulled the trigger, and the top of Arscott's head was blown off.

The principal of Wesley College, Winnipeg, has received a letter in which the writer desires his name to be entered for a subscription of \$10,000 to the fund of the new college building, and promises another \$10,000 if bona fide subscriptions to the amount of \$80,000 are given.

Mr. Richard Hinder, an employe of the Grand Trunk Railway Company at Stratford, Ont., was found dead in his bed Tuesday morning, when his wife went to awaken him. On the previous night he appeared to be in his usual health.

Lord Kensington headed a deputation that waited upon Sir Charles Tupper to urge the advantages of Milford Haven over Liverpool as the terminal point in Great Britain for the proposed Canadian line of fast transatlantic steamers. Sir Charles Tupper said he would submit the matter to the Dominion Government.

BRITISH.

The Gladstone Cabinet has decided that Parliament shall meet on January 26th.

The Rev. Mr. McCree, the celebrated English temperance reformer, is dead.

Mr. William O'Brien denounces the eviction of tenants as a "sordid, wicked business."

It is rumoured that the British Indian Government intends establishing a State bank in India, with a large capital and a note circulation.

There has been a general resumption of the tin plate industry in Wales, resulting from extensive orders from the United States.

Mr. Knox, Nationalist M. P. for West Caven, connects many of the Irish land troubles with the present unsettled state of the silver market.

The British Foreign Office has complained to the Italian Government regarding the recent attack by brigands on Mr. Gray, the British Vice-Consul at Marsala, Sicily.

Summonses have been issued in London, England, against the proprietor of a comic paper which makes a specialty of guessing competitions for money, for infringement of the lottery laws.

The English Church Missionary Society is anxious that the British East Africa Company shall remain in Uganda, and is trying to raise £40,000 yearly to subsidize the company.

The statement that Sir William Harcourt, owing to the failure of his eyesight and general debility, was about to resign, is emphatically denied.

There are rumours in English political circles that Mr. Gladstone's mantle may fall upon Lord Rosebery and not upon Sir William Harcourt, who has been generally regarded as the waiting man.

The British Government, it is said, are experiencing great difficulty in finding a suitable Commissioner for Uganda, over which it has been decided to establish a British protectorate.

Mr. John Morley has taken to Dublin a draft of Mr. Gladstone's Home Rule bill for submission to the Irish leaders. It is understood that the measure provides for retaining the full strength of the Irish party in the Imperial Parliament.

The Rev. Charles Sterling, vicar of New Malden, England, resigned last week. In his letter of resignation he denounces the ritualism which is invading the Established Church. Having been for forty-one years a plain English clergyman, he declines to be any longer associated with Romish priests.

Mr. Shaw-Lefevre, the British First Commissioner of Public Works, has promised work for some of the London unemployed by the demolition of the Millbank prison, and the erection on the site of the building to contain the Tate collection of paintings.

Mr. Tooley, a London solicitor who is greatly interested in Mrs. Maybrick, serving a life sentence for poisoning her husband, has laid a review of the case before Home Secretary Asquith, alleging that the trial judge was biased. A special cable despatch to The Mail says Mrs. Maybrick's health is very poor.

UNITED STATES.

Detroit has had 12 murders during the past year.

Dr. Scott, father of the late Mrs. President Harrison, is dead.

Masked burglars are still operating in Chicago. Two saloons were robbed on Monday night.

At Enterprise, Ky., Carl Burnham killed his wife by cutting her throat with a razor, and then committed suicide by shooting.

A general strike on the "L" road in Chicago is threatened owing to the discharge of a number of employes.

Meyer Greenburg, 10 years old, died in a dentist's chair in New York while having a tooth pulled.

Zach Henry, the slayer of five men, has just died in Kansas City. In a fight with a man and his four sons in Kentucky he shot the whole five, firing only six times.

Ex-Secretary Blaine's condition is improving, and he is recovering from the illness of last week.

A case of cholera, which is pronounced to be of the genuine Asiatic type, is reported at Rangely, Me.

It is probable that the United States will purchase the Renan library, which consists of some ten thousand volumes.

Seven State prisoners, confined in the Decatur gaol, Ga., made their escape on Friday, and a large reward is offered for their capture.

It is proposed to have a health congress in connection with the Chicago Fair next year, to which representative sanitarians from the whole world will be delegates.

Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt's elegant summer residence at Newport, R.I., was destroyed by fire on Friday. Three hundred thousand dollars is the estimated loss.

According to statistics published by the Washington Census Department there are 980,941 Canadians in the United States, of which number 380,167 are in the New England States.

George Southerd, a farmer living near Indianapolis, a member of a religious sect that believes that the exercise of sufficient faith will enable the members to perform miracles, in pursuance of his belief handled a rattlesnake, which stung him, and he died a raving maniac.

Miss Eva Frear, of Poughkeepsie, has commenced an action against the Central Hudson railway for damages on the ground that John Braggall, to whom she was engaged to be married, was killed in an accident due to the carelessness of the railway officials.

GENERAL.

Panama is celebrating the seventy-first anniversary of the independence of the isthmus.

A special cablegram from Rome says the Italian Government has decided to go into the tobacco raising industry in Sicily.

Emperor William is very angry about the interview supposed to have been given by Prince Bismarck to a French journalist about the Ems despatch.

M. De Rothschild's proposal before the Brussels Monetary Convention, to enhance the value of silver by the annual absorption of 30,000,000 ounces by a European syndicate, is meeting with general favor.

The Montreal correspondent of The Mail says the Future of Canada meeting on Monday night was largely an advertisement for Sohmer Park, and it would be ridiculous to attach any importance to the vote, which was carelessly taken.

Chancellor Caprivi is straining every nerve to ensure the passage of the Army bill and is seeking every possible means to conciliate the Centre, which controls ninety votes and will probably decide the fate of the measure.

Emperor William has warmly congratulated Count von Caprivi upon the success of his speech in the Reichstag.

The death is announced of Cardinal Lavigerie, who took such an active interest in the suppression of the African slave trade.

A band of 250 dervishes, presumably part of Osman Digna's force, attacked Fort Tameyna, near Tookar, but were repulsed by the Egyptian troops garrisoning the fort.

It is intimated in Berlin that the Government will endeavour to purchase the support of the Centrist party for the Army bill by permitting the passage of a measure allowing the return to Germany of the Jesuits.

Prince Bismarck, in an interview, referring to the Ems despatch, said that he wanted a war in 1870 for the purpose of pulling into the fire and roasting the German provinces and that the first pretext served his purpose.

Arthur Corna, a Mexican merchant, through an Indian, has discovered a gold mine of fabulous wealth, which is supposed to be one of the ancient Aztec mines, from which they obtained such large gold supplies centuries ago.

C. Hilton Davidson, who is charged with forgery on the Bank of Hamilton, and who was discovered in Mexico by Detective Murray, refuses to return to Canada unless extradition papers are procured. The detective is awaiting instructions from the bank management.

Decline of Polygamy in Utah.

The Governor of Utah territory, in his report to the Government of the United States last year, expressed a belief that the law against polygamy was being obeyed by the Mormons. Twelve months' observation have not led him to change this opinion, which is repeated in the annual report lately received at Washington. The governor does not think that the Mormon leaders have sanctioned any polygamous marriages in the year under review, and he is convinced that the people themselves sincerely intend to prevent such marriages in future.

Lady Brooke's latest fad is a Shakespearean garden, in which there is to be planted every flower and shrub named by the great dramatist in his works. The first specimen was set out by the royal hands of the Prince of Wales.

DYING CHILDREN INSURED.

Startling Developments Made by Denver's Humane Society.

A Denver, Colo., despatch says:—Some startling revelations are likely to be brought to light as a result of a quarrel between Secretary Thompson, of the Colorado Humane Society, and the insurance agents of this city. The exposure of the graveyard insurances of Pennsylvania is still alive in the minds of most persons residing in this city, but they will be horrified to learn that it is highly probable practices similar, and even worse, exist in Denver. Secretary Thompson avers from cases that have come to his knowledge that a most fiendish practice is carried on here by certain insurance agents. According to the information he has collected, these agents must watch with ghoulish delight for a death in a poverty-stricken family. While the wretched parents are bemoaning the loss of one of their children in walks the heartless insurance man, and, pointing to the still warm corpse, has the hardihood and impudence to suggest how much better off they would have been had the child been insured, and ends by urging the insurance of the living offspring.

Secretary Thompson asserted to-day that he has known of more than one case where the parents neglected a sick child that was insured in order that they might secure the insurance money when it died. "Ten" cents a week is only a small amount to pay, but \$75 or \$100 is a large sum to a poverty-stricken household, and many wicked deeds have been committed for less than that, said Mr. Thompson; "I had a case," he continued, "where a woman adopted a comely child that could not possibly live and had it immediately insured. Such cases are, unfortunately, by no means rare. The insurance companies are crazy to insure, and, except in certain cases, they are ready to accept the statements of parents or guardians and make no medical examinations at all. The facility with which insurance is thus secured, acts as an inducement to hear less parents to rid themselves of their children for the purpose of securing money."

Secretary Thompson is still collecting facts in regard to this awful practice, and says that he will create a sensation soon by bringing charges against certain insurance companies and a number of persons whose children have died under suspicious circumstances.

HE FOUND A HAWK'S EGG.

And a Band of Apaches Found Him at the Same Time.

A bird's nesting adventure that came near ending in a tragedy is described by Capt. Bendire.

The Captain was riding along the banks of Rillito Creek, Arizona, one fine day in the year 1872, when he saw a big black hawk. He followed the bird, and a distance of about five miles from camp he found it perched on a dead limb of a tall cottonwood tree. On nearing the tree he discovered a bulky nest placed in a fork close to the main trunk and about 40 feet from the ground. The mate of the hawk which he had been following was sitting on the nest.

With the intention of robbery the Captain climbed up to the nest, in which he found a single pale blue egg, the parent birds meanwhile circling around and manifesting their anger by shrill screams. He put the egg, which was as big as a hen's egg, into his mouth, and was about to descend when he caught sight from his elevated perch of several Apache Indians crouched down in a little canyon about eighty yards distant. They were evidently watching him.

It was a case where the only chance of safety lay in presence of mind. Without exhibiting any signs of having made the alarming discovery, the Captain proceeded to descend in as leisurely a manner as possible, still retaining the egg in his mouth. If he had manifested symptoms of being in a hurry, the Indians would have perceived that they were spied and they would have been waiting for the egg-hunter at the foot of the tree before he could get down. In that case death by torture of fiendish ingenuity would doubtless have been his fate. As it was, he reached the ground in safety, mounted his horse, and started for camp.

In an instant the Apaches were after him, and they chased him nearly to the camp before abandoning the pursuit. He got there all right, however, with the egg in his mouth. It was unbroken. Owing to its large size the Captain had great difficulty in getting it out of his mouth without injuring it, but he finally succeeded, though, as he says, his jaw ached for some time afterwar's. It is now included in the Smithsonian zoological collection.

Sir Andrew Clark has often been heard to say that Mrs. Gladstone is quite as much entitled to the name of the Grand Old Woman as her evergreen husband is to that of the Grand Old Man. On January 12 last Mrs. Gladstone's eightieth birthday came round and she passed the morning in writing letters to her friends in England, a task she accomplished without wearing glasses of any kind as aids to her sight. In fact she has never yet known what it is to wear spectacles, and yet her eyes are as bright as those of a young woman. Every morning passed by Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone at Hawarden sees them both at church, nearly three-quarters of a mile away from the castle.

A Veteran's Story



Mr. Joseph Hemmerich, an old soldier, 529 E. 146th St., N. Y. City, writes us voluntarily. In 1862, at the battle of Fair Oaks, he was stricken with typhoid fever, and after a long struggle in hospitals, lasting several years, was discharged as incurable with consumption.

Doctors said both lungs were affected and he could not live long, but a comrade urged him to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Before he had finished one bottle his cough began to get loose, the choking sensation left, and night sweats grew less and less. He is now in good health and cordially recommends

Hood's Sarsaparilla as a general blood purifier and tonic medicine, especially to his comrades in the G. A. R. HOOD'S PILLS are hand made, and are perfect in composition, proportion and appearance.

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE TONIC

—AND—

Stomach and Liver Cure

The Most Astonishing Medical Discovery of the Last One Hundred Years.

It is Pleasant to the Taste as the Sweetest Nectar. It is Safe and Harmless as the Purest Milk.

This wonderful Nervine Tonic has only recently been introduced into this country by the proprietors and manufacturers of the Great South American Nervine Tonic, and yet its great value as a curative agent has long been known by a few of the most learned physicians, who have not brought its merits and value to the knowledge of the general public.

This medicine has completely solved the problem of the cure of indigestion, dyspepsia, and diseases of the general nervous system. It is also of the greatest value in the cure of all forms of failing health from whatever cause. It performs this by the great nerve tonic qualities which it possesses, and by its great curative powers upon the digestive organs, the stomach, the liver and the bowels. No remedy compares with this wonderfully valuable Nervine Tonic as a builder and strengthener of the life forces of the human body, and as a great renewer of a broken-down constitution. It is also of more real permanent value in the treatment and cure of diseases of the lungs than any consumption remedy ever used on this continent. It is a marvelous cure for nervousness of females of all ages. Ladies who are approaching the critical period known as change in life, should not fail to use this great Nervine Tonic, almost constantly, for the space of two or three years. It will carry them safely over the danger. This great strengthener and curative is of inestimable value to the aged and infirm, because its great energizing properties will give them a new hold on life. It will add ten or fifteen years to the lives of many of those who will use a half dozen bottles of the remedy each year.

IT IS A GREAT REMEDY FOR THE CURE OF

Nervousness, Nervous Prostration, Nervous Headache, Sick Headache, Female Weakness, Nervous Chills, Paralysis, Nervous Paroxysms and Nervous Choking, Hot Flashes, Palpitation of the Heart, Mental Despondency, Sleeplessness, St. Vitus' Dance, Nervousness of Females, Nervousness of Old Age, Neuralgia, Pains in the Heart, Pains in the Back, Failing Health, Broken Constitution, Debility of Old Age, Indigestion and Dyspepsia, Heartburn and Sour Stomach, Weight and Tenderness in Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Frightful Dreams, Dizziness and Ringing in the Ears, Weakness of Extremities and Fainting, Impure and Impoverished Blood, Boils and Carbuncles, Scrofula, Scrofulous Swellings and Ulcers, Consumption of the Lungs, Catarrh of the Lungs, Bronchitis and Chronic Cough, Liver Complaint, Chronic Diarrhoea, Delicate and Scrofulous Children, Summer Complaint of Infants.

All these and many other complaints cured by this wonderful Nervine Tonic.

NERVOUS DISEASES.

As a cure for every class of Nervous Diseases, no remedy has so harmless in all its effects upon the youngest child or the oldest and most delicate individual. Nine-tenths of all the ailments to which the human family is heir are dependent on nervous exhaustion and impaired digestion. When there is an insufficient supply of nerve food in the blood, a general state of debility of the brain, spinal marrow, and nerves is the result. Starved nerves, like starved muscles, become strong when the right kind of food is supplied; and a thousand weaknesses and ailments disappear as the nerves recover. As the nervous system must supply all the power by which the vital forces of the body are carried on, it is the first to suffer for want of perfect nutrition. Ordinary food does not contain a sufficient quantity of the kind of nutriment necessary to repair the wear our present mode of living and labor imposes upon the nerves. For this reason it becomes necessary that a nerve food be supplied. This South American Nervine has been found by analysis to contain the essential elements out of which nerve tissue is formed. This accounts for its universal adaptability to the cure of all forms of nervous derangement.

A SWORN CURE FOR ST. VITUS' DANCE OR CHOREA.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, IND., June 22, 1887. My daughter, eleven years old, was severely afflicted with St. Vitus' Dance or Chorea. We gave her three and one-half bottles of South American Nervine and she is completely restored. I believe it will cure every case of St. Vitus' Dance. I have kept it in my family for two years, and am sure it is the greatest remedy in the world for Indigestion and Dyspepsia, and for all forms of Nervous Disorders and Failing Health, from whatever cause.

JOHN T. MISHL.
State of Indiana, Montgomery County, ss:
Subscribed and sworn to before me this June 22, 1887.
CHAS. W. WRIGHT, Notary Public.

INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA.

The Great South American Nervine Tonic

Which we now offer you, is the only absolutely unfailing remedy ever discovered for the cure of Indigestion, Dyspepsia, and the vast train of symptoms and horrors which are the result of disease and debility of the human stomach. No person can afford to pass by this jewel of incalculable value who is affected by disease of the stomach, because the experience and testimony of many go to prove that this is the one and ONLY ONE great cure in the world for this universal destroyer. There is no case of unmalignant disease of the stomach which can resist the wonderful curative powers of the South American Nervine Tonic.

HARRIET E. HALL, of Waynetown, Ind., says: "I owe my life to the Great South American Nervine. I had been in bed for five months from the effects of an exhausted stomach, Indigestion, Nervous Prostration, and a general shattered condition of my whole system. Had given up all hopes of getting well. Had tried three doctors, with no relief. The first bottle of the Nervine Tonic improved me so much that I was able to walk about, and a few bottles cured me entirely. I believe it is the best medicine in the world. I can not recommend it too highly."

MRS. ELLA A. BRATTON, of New Ross, Indiana, says: "I cannot express how much I owe to the Nervine Tonic. My system was completely shattered, appetite gone, was coughing and spitting up blood; am sure I was in the first stages of consumption, an inheritance handed down through several generations. I began taking the Nervine Tonic, and continued its use for about six months, and am entirely cured. It is the greatest remedy for nerves, stomach and lungs I have ever seen."

No remedy compares with SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE as a cure for the Nerves. No remedy compares with South American Nervine as a wondrous cure for the Stomach. No remedy will at all cure Indigestion and Dyspepsia. It never fails to cure Chorea or St. Vitus' Dance. Its powers to build up the whole system are wonderful in the extreme. It cures the old, the young, and the middle aged. It is a great friend to the aged and infirm. Do not neglect to use this precious boon; if you do, you may neglect the only remedy which will restore you to health. South American Nervine is perfectly safe, and very pleasant to the taste. Delicate ladies, do not fail to use this great cure, because it will put the bloom of freshness and beauty upon your lips and in your cheeks, and quickly drive away your disabilities and weaknesses.

Price, Large 16 ounce Bottle \$1.00; Trial Size, 15 Cents. EVERY BOTTLE WARRANTED. If not kept by Druggists order direct from Dr. E. DETCHON, Crawfordsville, Ind.