American & Swiss WATCHES.
Gold and Silver Cases. Close Prices.

Fall Stock Complete

American Clocks. Best Makes.
Spring and Weight.

Friends, Neighbors, Countrymen!—Lend me your attention: I have a large stock of fine goods, carefully selected by myself, from first-class wholesale houses, and am in a position to sell for Cash better goods at Closer Prices than any jeweller in Central Grey. My Warrants on Watches and Clocks cover 1 to 2 years. First-class Lathes, Tools and Material for difficult Watch repairing, and personally attended to. Goods and work as represented.

Lazarus & Morris and BOSS SPECS, 130 *pair.* 25 *cts. to* $2. *Warranted to suit.*

W. A. BROWN,
RELIABLE JEWELLER, - MARKDALE, ONT.

FINEST QUADRUPLE PLATE **Silverware.** *Wedding Rings, — 18 k.*

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral.

No other complaints are so insidious in their attack as those affecting the throat and lungs: none so trifled with by the majority of sufferers. The ordinary cough or cold, resulting perhaps from a trifling or unconscious exposure, is often but the beginning of a fatal sickness. AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL has well proven its efficacy in a forty years' fight with throat and lung diseases, and should be taken in all cases without delay.

A Terrible Cough Cured.

"In 1867 I took a severe cold, which affected my lungs. I had a terrible cough, and passed night after night without sleep. The doctors gave me up. I tried AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, which relieved my lungs, induced sleep, and afforded me the rest necessary for the recovery of my strength. By the continued use of the PECTORAL a permanent cure was effected. I am now 62 years old, hale and hearty, and am satisfied your CHERRY PECTORAL saved me. HORACE FAIRBROTHER."
Rockingham, Vt., July 15, 1882.

Croup.—A Mother's Tribute.

"While in the country last winter my little boy, three years old, was taken ill with croup; it seemed as if he would die from strangulation. One of the family suggested the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, a bottle of which was always kept in the house. This was tried in small and frequent doses, and to our delight in less than half an hour the little patient was breathing easily. The doctor said that the CHERRY PECTORAL had saved my darling's life. Can you wonder at our gratitude? Sincerely yours, MRS. EMMA GEDNEY."
159 West 128th St., New York, May 16, 1882.

"I have used AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL in my family for several years, and do not hesitate to pronounce it the most effectual remedy for coughs and colds we have ever tried. A. J. CRANE."
Lake Crystal, Minn., March 13, 1882.

"I suffered for eight years from Bronchitis, and after trying many remedies with no success, I was cured by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. JOSEPH WALDEN."
Byhalia, Miss., April 5, 1882.

"I cannot say enough in praise of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, believing as I do that but for its use I should long since have died from lung troubles. E. BRAGDON."
Palestine, Texas, April 22, 1882.

No case of an affection of the throat or lungs exists which cannot be greatly relieved by the use of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, and it will *always cure* when the disease is not already beyond the control of medicine.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS.
Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure, and *effectual destroyer of worms* in Children or Adults.

JOHN J. DALTON,
Dominion Topographical Surveyor, Provincial Land Surveyor, Civil Engineer, &c., &c.
Levelling and Architectural Drawings.
CHATSWORTH, - COUNTY OF GREY, ONT.

Farms For Sale and To Rent.

Lot No 2, 8th con., Osprey Township, for sale cheap. Terms easy to the right man.
Lot 8, 10th con., Osprey Township, to rent for a number of years. Terms reasonable to right man.
Apply to P. K. M. BURNS, proprietor, on the premises.

The Well-Bred Durham Bull,
"GRAY CHAMPION,"
Will be for service the season of 1885 at Lot 142, 1st Range West, T. & S. Road, Artemesia, near Flesherton.
TERMS $1.00,
Payable 1st January, 1886.
ROGER LEVER, Proprietor.

CAUTION!

EACH PLUG OF THE
MYRTLE NAVY
IS MARKED
T. & B.
In Bronze Letters,
NONE OTHER GENUINE.

Burdock Blood Bitters.
WILL CURE OR RELIEVE
BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,
And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.
T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK.

FLESHERTON:
THURSDAY, OCT. 22, 1885.

Burk's "Leather Medal."

To the Editor of the Advance.

Dear Sir,—In perusing your last week's paper, of course I came across that noted item, "A Leather Medal for Burk." You seem to be rather uncertain about it, but I may assure you it is really so, and that I value it most highly, as a souvenir from my many friends in your Township, as well as in my own, you know I have been in the habit of attending many public gatherings and most fairs, and as I was a good boy and stayed at home a couple of the late fairs, perhaps that is the reason why those magnanimous friends of mine made the memorable presentation, to encourage me to do so again. I must say that I thank them all from the very deepest recesses of my heart, even down to the *slipper;* and I may say that I shall certainly remember the one who sent it in my will, even though it be with only a pair of old boots. Small favors thankfully received, large ones in proportion.

Yours gratefully,
R. Y. BURK.

A Trip to Parry Sound.

From our own Correspondent,

Leaving Cuckoo Valley in our rear we pass Epping just as we reach the summit of the mountain and passing through, an excellent fruit-bearing and grain-growing country over an excellent road we find another stretch of hill and dale before us with the little village of Griersville in our midst. A little later and we see Meaford lying apparently under our feet and stretching beyond the Georgian Bay appears the medium of traffic between the various ports on our grand chain of fresh water seas. In a few minutes more we are in Meaford and doing justice to one of the famous meals of the Paul's Hotel. Shortly after two o'clock p.m. we leave the station and in about an hour we draw up along side the steamer "Northern Belle," we leave the dock as soon as the baggage is transferred and soon and soon leave Collingwood in the distance. The tincovered roof of the steeple of the little church at Gafernbaine glistens in the sun off on our starboard quarter. The boat is considered very safe and fast and under the eye of Capt. Jas. Bosset the passengers all feel secure although it is rather lumpsy, as they say, we glide through between the Christian island light on our port well sheltered in a natural habor; passing Hope Island and its new light also on our port we once more strike the open and feel the force of the fresh west wind which is blowing. After a run of about two hours and a half we Love Rock and enter the Parry Sound archipaelago. The rocks and islands of all shapes and sizes that here greet the eye are absolutely countless. I was told that Admiral Bayfield when serveying this shore counted 27000 and said that he had not seen anything like all of them. They are mostly located by tourists and some have quite handsome summer residences erected on them. They are all deserted now though as this season threatened to be so short; after passing the light we wind in and out through buoys and around beacons and passing between Killbens Point on our left and Thomas Long's Island on our right we enter the Sound which is about seven miles in length and from two to three broad. It presents a splendid surface for vegetable and all water sports and we are told is used very much by the pleasure loving people of Parry Sound In fact although it is 8.30 as we awake the echoes from the surrounding hills with our whistle numerous parties are out enjoying, the delightful evening rowing and sailing. Just here we pass through a channel about 150 yards wide with Parry Island the Indian Reserve on our right and as we emerge into the harbor we see two or three of the dusky Ojibways paddling their birch boats across to their island home. This island has an area of 28 square miles and has a native missionary and a school teacher, we had intended to put up at the large hotel which stands on the hill commanding the Sound but on reaching the dock we were told that it was just closed for the season being only a tourists hotel. I went up in the Seguim House "bus" and next morning went around to inspect the large mills here. The nearest was the water mill situated on the Seguin River and owned by the Parry Sound Lumber Co'y. This is a valuable mill site and in a long season this will turn out 15 million feet of lumber and 4 million pcs of lath. Their store and offices are situated not far from the mill on the main street their large stables are also near and I was told they cost $7000. The next mill I saw was the Conger Lumber Coy's steam mill it is run by It is run by steam power and is capable of cutting from 8 to 15 million feet of lumber in a season; about half a mile across the bay is the large mill of the Midland and North Shore Lumbering Coy's also steam power; capacity about 15 million; they also own a plaining mill near the saw mill. I enjoyed the pleasant breezes and fresh air until Monday morning when I took passage in the little side wheel steamer "Chicontini" for Penetanguishene. Before leaving Parry Sound in the distance however I must not fail to notice the buildings which I found their. I had expected to see a rough place but I find everything in the village quite town like. The Methodist church is a very neat and commodious building the music furnished by the choir was excellent. The Court House Registry office and Lock-up are very neat buildings. The public school building is a large and very fine building. The Belvidere Hotel and Mr. Wm. Beatty's residence, are admirably situated on one of the numerous hills surrounding the village. Mr. J. B. Milller the President of the Parry Sound Lumber Coy has a residence worthy of any of the largest of our cities, it is heated with hot air and water and lighted with gas. On the other side of the Seguin River there are the residences of Mr. David Beatty and Mr. J. W. Fitzgerald, both very commodious and well situated. While I am writing this, however, we are entering two mile narrows. The steamer is put under check and swings around in almost her own length in a channel not more than ten feet wider than herself. We cross the five mile Bay and pass through Seven mile narrows where we can see the gravelly bottom. Now we pass by the island behind which the hull of the Waubuno lies and see the Haystack shoals on which her machinery lies, round Moose Point the only place where we are exposed to the sweep of the Georgian Bay on this the famous "Inside Route" we reach Penetanguishene at 1 p. m. and take our places for "home again."

FIZ.

Now is the time to gather seeds.

To the Editor of The Advance.

SIR,—Every one is beginning to admit that the chief beauty and often one of the principal values of a farm is its possession of wind breaks and sheltering plantations. Those who wish to procure these and have the misfortune to reside on farms destitute of them will find that though it be the slowest, it is yet an excellent method to sow tree seeds for themselves. Seed is, this year, plenty in the forest and this is the month for gathering the following. Sycamore, Mountain ash, English and native ashes, Basswood, Buck-thorn and Hawthorn, Locust, Oaks, Hickories, Walnuts, Butter-nuts, Beech, Chesnut, Pines and other Evergreens, Hard Maple and Ash-leaved Maple or as it is now called Manitoba Maple

If they wait to gather these till some dry day, after the first frost, it will be found best. The Maple ash, and such seeds, as well as all kinds of nuts, should be kept in a cool dry place till they can be sown. Seeds which have, (like the Mountain ash) a pulpy covering, will need bruising with a hoe, or macerating through the hands, the pulpy matter then washed off, and the seeds partially dried, when mixing with sand will facilitate the sowing process. The fall is nature's time for sowing seeds and we shall not go far wrong if we imitate her. A light loam is the best, but in a clay soil; covering the seeds with sand does well. It is well to cover the seed twice the depth of itself, and tread it firmly down, then cover all with about two inches of leaves, straw, corn stalks, or strawy manure. They must be so mulched to ensure success. In the spring, this, if of a fertilizing nature, can be raked between the rows, and will keep weeds down, and the soil moist; If too bulky, remove it altogether. Next summer, from a small bed thus treated, you will obtain thousands of plants of any variety you have sown, and these transplanted out the next season, will soon be fine young trees, far better rooted, and therefore more likely to live when finally planted out, than forest seedlings.

Yours &c.,
R. W. PHIPPS.

Toronto, Oct. 9th 1885.

Catarrh—A New Treatment.

Perhaps the most extraordinary success that has been achieved in modern medicine has been attained by the Dixon treatment for Catarrh. Out of 2,000 patients treated during the past six months, fully ninety per cent. have been cured of this stubborn malady. This is none the less startling when it is remembered that not five per cent. of patients presenting themselves to the regular practitioner are benefited, while the patent medicines and other advertised cures never record a cure at all. Starting with the claim now generally believed by the most scientific men that the disease is due to the presence of living parasites in the tissue, Mr. Dixon at once adapted his cure to their extermination—this accomplished, he claims the Catarrh is practically cured, and the permanency is unquestioned, as cures effected by him four years ago are cures still. No one else has ever attempted to cure Catarrh in this manner, and no other treatment has ever cured Catarrh. The application of the remedy is simple, and can be done at home, and the present season of the year is the most favourable for a speedy and permanent cure, the majority of cases being cured at one treatment Sufferers should correspond with Messrs. H. A. Dixon & Son, 305 King street west, Toronto, Canada, and enclose stamp for their treatise on Catarrh.—Montreal Star, Nov. 17, 1882.

NOTICE, NOTICE!

Flesherton WOOLLEN FACTORY.

The undersigned having leased the Flesherton Woollen Factory & put the same in a thorough state of repair, and secured the services of the late proprietor, Mr. N. Campbell, is now prepared to carry on the business in all its branches as has been done in the past & would solicit the patronage of all those having work to do in his lines, and feels confident in guaranteeing satisfaction to all.

I will endeavor to keep on hand a stock of CLOTHS, FLANNELS, and YARNS to sell for Cash or Exchange for Wool.

W. H. FLESHER.

"BUY AT HOME."

The following, which we clip from the *Monetary Times*, strikes the nail so well on the head that comment on our part would be superfluous. We do not know that the sort of thing referred to by the *Monetary Times* is carried on to any great extent in Flesherton; but we do know that our village is not entirely free from it. To save (?) five cents some men would take their trade fifty miles from their own village, forgetting that if everybody else followed their example they themselves would soon "go to the wall." The following is the article from the *Monetary Times*:—

A well-known American trade journal remarks that no town can be permanently prosperous in which the citizens and tradesmen dependent upon each other do not patronize each other. The merchant wants a harness, for instance, and although his neighbor is a good harness maker and trades with him, he imagines he can save fifty cents by sending to another town or another State for his harness. The harness-maker, in turn, sends away for his groceries, boots and clothing. The shoemaker sends away for his coat, and the tailor for his boots and so it goes. As a result, the farmers, coming to town to trade, see all the tradesmen sending to other towns for goods, because they say they can save money by so doing, come to the conclusion that they can do better elsewhere, and then everybody growls about bad times and no business.

No wonder! The business men themselves turn the tide of trade elsewhere, for if they can supply themselves to better advantage by depriving their neighbors of their trade, others learn to try the same experiment. It is a dangerous one to inaugurate, for even if a trifle can be saved in the purchase of a harness, a pair of boots, a suit of clothes, a hat, a barrel of flour or a yard of calico, ten dollars are lost where one is saved, and the entire business of the place goes to decay. The fact is, they gain nothing but loss in sending away their trade from themselves. Show us a town in which the people make it a rule not to send away for anything they can get at home, and we will show you a town in which business is lively and everybody busy, and trade entering from abroad. Prices are low and tradesmen patronize each other, having no suspicion that confidence will be abused.

Let it once be understood that the business men of any town are in the habit of sending abroad for their purchases, and the business of the town will languish. Having no confidence in each other, how can they expect others to have confidence in them? That's not the way to build up a town. Patronize each other. and keep all your business at home.

If you would have appetite, flesh, color, strength, and vigor, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, that incomparable tonic and blood purifier.

Osprey News.

From our own Correspondent,

[The following was accidentally misplaced and hence did not appear, last week's issue.—ED.]

MARRIED.—At the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Charlie Hudson and Miss Mary Julian were happily united in the bonds of marriage on the 7th inst., Rev. Mr. Arkells officiating. The groomsman was Mr. T. McGirr, of Feversham; Miss Elizabeth Julian, sister of the bride, was bridesmaid. After the hymeneal service and the banqueting which usually takes place on such occasions, the happy couple went to Ravenna, where they intend residing in future. The newly married couple are highly respected and have the best wishes of those with whom they are acquainted.

BIRTH.—The wife of Mr. Joseph Suley, of a son.

DEATH.—Mr. George Paul, of Collingwood Township, died on the 6th inst. He leaves a young widow to mourn his loss.

A picnic was held in the Buckingham Methodist church last Tuesday, but owing to the disagreeable weather, it proved a failure.

The Gospel Army.

After several weeks of earnest, unremitting, and devoted labor in Dundalk, Major, and Mrs. Sutherland and Miss Ellerby, took their departure for a time at least on Monday last. They have been laboring this week at Inistioge. Should the church at Corbetton be ready for occupation, they may possibly spend a short time there, otherwise they will in a few days commence their work at Maxwell. During their stay in Dundalk, they have labored earnestly, and most unselfishly for the salvation of souls, and their labors have been abundantly blessed. Their devoted labors, and blameless christian example, have won them many friends. Scores will hold them in kindly remembrance all through future life, and will regard the Gospel Army as the means of inducing them to lead a new life. We commend them to the people of Maxwell, as earnest, consistent Christian workers, and trust that the Divine blessing may continue to follow them, and their faithful efforts in the vineyard of the Lord. At first, there may have been some prejudice against their methods of work but their consistent conduct, and disinterested efforts for the good of others, entirely removed this, and to know them fully, was to esteem them highly "in love for their work's sake.—*Dundalk Herald.*

THE REBELLION!

In the North-West is practically ended, but the Immense Bargains in every department of

E. J. Grier's Store, Priceville,

Still continue. 20 per cent. Reduction to Cash Customers for next 30 days.

Just Notice!

SOME OF OUR PRICES

And you will be convinced that we are amply prepared to back up every statement we make:

Factory, 30 yards for $1.00
Ottoman Corded All-Wool Tweeds, Carpet, &c. at Bottom Prices.
Teas at 8 Cents per lb.
Soap, 50 bars for $1.00.
25 lbs. Rice for $1.00.
Prints, from 5 Cents per yard up.
Ready-Made Clothing, full size, from $5 per Suit up.

E. J. GRIER.

☞Highest Market Price paid for Butter and Eggs.

Wm. Clayton

Has on hand a large stock of
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS
BOOTS & SHOES!
Also just received a large assortment of
Mens Frost Proof Felt Boots!
First-class and cheap. A fresh supply of RUBBERS and OVERSHOES just received.

FARMERS AND OTHERS
—USE THE—
Peerless Machine Oil
Which is unexcelled by any other Oil in the market. First prizes at all Exhibitions for 1883 & 1884. Manufactured at
The Queen City Oil Works,
S. ROGERS & CO.

Largest, Cheapest, and Best stock of
--STOVES!--
IN THIS SECTION OF COUNTRY, AT
STRAIN'S,
FLESHERTON.

FLESHERTON.
MARBLE WORKS!
E. VANZANT,

ALL KINDS OF
Marble and Monumental Works,
Such as Monuments, Tomb Tables, Headstones Counter and Table Tops—in American and Italian Marble and Granite, and made on short notice. Also Mantles in Marble and Marbleized Slate, &c., &c.
Flesherton, Aug. 30, 1883.

HEALTH FOR ALL.
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT
THE PILLS
Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the
Liver, Stomach, Kidn'ys, and Bowels.
They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For Children and the aged they are priceless.
THE OINTMENT
Is an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers. It is famous for Gout and Rheumatism. For disorders of the Chest it has no equal.
For SORE THROAT, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS
Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases it has no rival; and for contracted and stiff joints it acts like a charm.
Manufactured only at Professor HOLLOWAY'S Establishment,
78, New Oxford Street (late 533, Oxford Street), London,
and are sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box or Pot, and may be had of all Medicine Vendors throughout the World.
☞ *Purchasers should look to the Label on the Pots and Boxes. If the address is not 533, Oxford Street, London, they are spurious.*

J. W. BATES,
Furniture Dealer and Undertaker.
FLESHERTON, - ONT.

FARM FOR SALE.
FIFTY ACRES, being South-East quarter No. 3, in the 5th Con. of Euphrasia, within one mile of the flourishing Village of Kimberley and four miles from Eugenia; 40 acres cleared, good House and Well, with suitable Barn and Stable. On the leading road to Meaford. Terms easy.
E. & W. S. O'BRIEN, Eugenia P.O.

THE KEY TO HEALTH.
BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS
Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness and General Debility; all these and many other similar disorders yielding to the happy influence of Burdock Blood Bitters.
Sample Bottles free, Regular size 50 cts.
For sale by all Druggists.
T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, Toronto.