Flesherton Advance.

"TRUTH BEFORE FAVOR."—"PRINCIPLES, NOT MEN."

VOL. IV., NO. 170. FLESHERTON, ONTARIO, SEPT. 18, 1884. SINGLE COPIES, 5 CENTS EACH.

THE ADVANCE.

One of the leading Local and Family Newspapers in Northern Ontario. Published

Every Thursday,

FROM THE OFFICE,

Collingwood Street, - - Flesherton, Ont.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

$1.00 per annum in advance; $1.50 if not paid at the end of one year. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up; and no subscriptions taken for less than one year, except when special arrangements for shorter periods are made with the publisher.

ADVERTISING RATES, &c.

Casual advertisements, 8 cents per 1st insertion and 3 cents per line each subsequent insertion.

Transient advertisements to be paid for when ordered. Advertisements without special directions will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

Liberal inducements to regular advertisers.

Notices among reading matter, 10 cents per line each insertion.

No advertisement discontinued until all arrearages are paid up.

Copy for advertisements should reach this office not later than noon on Tuesday to ensure insertion in current issue.

A. R. FAWCETT,
Editor and Publisher.

Book & Job Printing!

In every style of the art, at reasonable prices and on short notice Orders by mail will receive prompt attention. Terms, strictly cash.

Flesherton Meat Market.

SEPT. GOOD, - PROPRIETOR

Cash paid for fat Cattle and Sheep.

Fresh Meats constantly on hand for Cash. Orders promptly filled.

Flesherton

MONTHLY CATTLE FAIR.

THE next Fair will take place on MONDAY, OCT 6th, 1884

A. O. U. W.

FLESHERTON Lodge No. 142, meet in their Lodge Room, Strain's block, Toronto street, on the 1st and 3rd Monday in each month, at 7:30 p.m. sharp. Visiting brethren welcome.

M. P. MCMASTER, M.W. W. G. PICKELL, Rec'r

DUFFERIN LODGE NO. 186

I. O. O. F.

Flesherton.

MEETS every Tuesday Evening at 8 o'clock. Lodge Room, Strain's block, Toronto street. Degree Lodge, 1st Tuesday in each month. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

JOS. BLACKBURN, N.G. A. S. VANDUSEN, R.S.

Business Cards.

Look Here.

Do you want a new House or Barn? If so I think you will find it to your advantage to call and see me. As I do a large business I can build on small profits. All contracts promptly attended to and work guaranteed. Thanking the public for past patronage, and by fair prices and good work, I hope to merit a continuance of the same. Yours respectfully,

JOHN WHITTEN.

STRAIN & LARGE,

Builders and Contractors,

FLESHERTON.

Are prepared to attend to Brick & Stone Work in all its branches. Orders left at the ADVANCE Office will receive prompt attention. Good work at Fair Prices.

J. M. Webster,

EUGENIA,

LICENSED Auctioneer for the County of Grey. Money to lend as usual, at reasonable rates. Fire and Life Insurance. Communications addressed to Eugenia P.O. promptly attended to.

John W. Armstrong,

FLESHERTON, CO. GREY.

DIVISION COURT CLERK, COMMISSIONER in B. R., Conveyancer, &c. Agent for purchase and sale of lands. Appraiser for C. L. C. Com. and F. P. B. & S. Society. Money to Loan on the most reasonable terms. ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Alexander Brown,

ISSUER of Marriage Licenses, General Agent &c. Licensed Auctioneer for County of Grey. PRICEVILLE P.O., Ont.

W. J. BELLAMY.

TWP. CLERK ARTEMESIA.

ESTATE & INSURANCE AGENT COLLECTOR, AUCTIONEER.

MONEY Loaned on good security on the most favorable terms and at moderate rates of interest. Mortgages bought. Office nearly opposite Town Hall, FLESHERTON.

Dentistry.

J. P. MARSHALL, L.D.S

DENTIST,

GRADUATE of Toronto School of Dentistry, will be at Markdale the 1st and 3rd Wednesday of each month, and at Flesherton on the 1st and 3rd Thursday in each month for the practice of his profession.

Legal.

A. D. PERRY. J. BALDWIN HANDS.

HANDS & PERRY,

Successors to Lauder & Hands,

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, NOTARIES, CONVEYANCERS, &c. Money to Loan at Lowest Rates of interest. Offices. 16 King Street East, Toronto.

FROST & FROST.

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, CONVEYANCERS, &c. Office Poulett Street, OWEN SOUND, and every Thursday at FLESHERTON.

J. W. FROST, LL.B.

ALFRED FROST, Crown County Attorney.

Hotels.

Allison Hotel,

MAXWELL, - - - ONT.

Good accommodation; best brands Liquors & Cigars. Good Stabling and attentive Hostler. The only Hotel in the place.

JOS. ALLISON, - - PROPRIETOR.

Flesherton Station Hotel.

Alex. Hannah & Son, Proprietors.

THE above Hotel having been thoroughly refitted throughout, now affords excellent accommodation to the travelling public. The bar is well supplied with choice Liquors and Cigars. In fact, ample accommodation is afforded here to both man and beast. 150-1y

Medical.

Dr. Hixon.

Physician, Surgeon, and ACCOUCHER,

PRICEVILLE, - ONTARIO.

All calls promptly attended to.

W. S. GRIFFIN, M. D.

M. C. P. S., ONT.

Will be in Flesherton every Tuesday and Friday from 12 to 4 p. m.

OFFICE.—in Wm. Strain's block.

ADVERTISE IN THE ADVANCE. IT WILL PAY YOU.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

ONTARIO DIVISION.

Change of Time.

Commencing Tuesday, Sep. 9, 1884.

Toronto, Grey & Bruce Division.

TORONTO, depart, 7.20 a.m.		4.40 p.m.
do. arrive, 10.45 a.m.		8.35 p.m.

*Connects with C.P.R. Steamships at Owen Sound. Runs only Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

NOTE.—Mixed train leaves Parkdale 7.30a.m.

CREDIT VALLEY DIVISION.

TORONTO, depart, 7.10 a.m.		4.50 p.m.
" arrive, 9.20 "		7.00 "

NOTE.—Mixed train leaves Parkdale 1 a.m.

ONTARIO & QUEBEC DIVISION.

4.50 p.m, Depart	Toronto	Arrive	10.45 a.m.
6.10 a.m. "	Parkdale	"	7.50 p.m.
6.34 a.m. } "	Norwood	"	{12.08 "
2.00 p.m. }			{8.57 "

W. WHYTE, GEN'L SUP'T. D. MCNICOLL, GEN'L PASS. AGT.

TRAINS LEAVE FLESHERTON STATION:

Going North,...at 11:35 p.m, 8:55 p.m., & 4:35 p.m.
Going South,...at 6:45 a.m., 4:35 p.m., & 9:10 a.m.

THE MARKETS.

FLESHERTON.

Flour	$5 00 to	5 50
Fall Wheat	$0 70 to	0 80
Spring Wheat	0 70	8 00
Barley	0 50	0 60
Oats	0 30	0 34
Peas	0 60	0 65
Butter	0 16	0 00
Eggs, fresh	0 16	0 00
Potatoes	0 30	0 35
Pork	7 00	7 50
Hay, per ton	7 50	8 00
Hides	4 00	6 50
Wool	15	20
Sheepskins	0 50	0 50
Geese	00	00
Ducks, per brace	00	00
Chickens, per brace	00	00
Wool	15	18

Flesherton's Progress.

An Enterprising Merchant's Faith in

FLESHERTON'S FUTURE!

That some men have strong faith in the future of Flesherton as a business centre, is evidenced by the handsome business premises lately erected and others now in course of erection in our village. The store or rather block of stores erected by Mr. M. RICHARDSON, and into which he moved his stock last week, is not surpassed and we do not know that it is equalled in the County of Grey for its capacity, finish, convenience and completeness.

The exterior presents a most imposing double frontage on Sydenham and Durham streets. The tower surmounting the corner is very handsome, and is utilized as the receptacle of an eight day public clock, with transparent plate glass dial, so that, when illumined behind, the time is indicated by night as well as by day.

The main store fronts on Sydenham street, and has two handsome plate glass windows—each of them large enough to hold a pony and cart should the proprietor wish to follow the eccentric practice of some Toronto merchants. The floors are laid in strips of cherry and maple. The counters are beautiful works of cabinet art, built of choice grained butternut with polished cherry tops. The store is ninety-two feet long, and at the rear end there is an elevation fitted out for the Millinery department. There are several openings on the South-West side; the first leading into the business office, the next into a large wareroom intended to store groceries in bulk, or unbroken packages for jobbing or wholesale trade; the next opening leads into the Boot & Shoe department—a very handsome wareroom completely fitted with drawers, shelving, tables, &c., for storing and showing this class of goods.

From this room, ascending a few steps, we come into the department for Ready-Made Clothing, Hats, &c., which being well lighted by the large arched window, filling in the whole of one side, facing Durham street, is admirably adapted for showing the extensive stock generally kept by Mr RICHARDSON in these lines of goods. At the rear of this is a work room for milliners.

Descending again to the boot & shoe department, in the passage from thence to the main store is an opening leading down a few steps into another handsome store, which has a frontage on Durham street. This store is over fifty feet in length, and is fitted up, the front half for Hardware, and the other half for Glassware and Crockery.

The whole establishment is lighted with gas manufactured by one of Phillips' machines, being produced by forcing common air through a number of cells filled with gasoline, these being contained in a tank sunk eight feet underground some thirty feet distant from the building. The building is heated with one of Gurney's large hot air furnaces. There are many other points of interest which the proprietor was very willing to show us, but which it would be too tedious to describe.

We asked Mr. Richardson to furnish us some information relative to his business experiences in Flesherton, which he willingly did, and which may be interesting to many of our readers.

Mr. Richardson came to Flesherton in November, 1865—nineteen years ago—and entered upon business in partnership with Mr. W. J. McFarland, in the little rough-cast store now occupied as drug store, and which then stood on the corner. Flesherton was but a small hamlet then and the place was generally known by the name of "The Boyne," or Boyne Water. The post-office was then called Artemesia P. O. There was no railway nor telegraph for many years after, and the difficulties experienced in getting in goods in the Spring and Fall were great, attended with much delay and were expensive. Indeed the first package bro't in was a cask of sugar, which cost twelve dollars to haul it from Collingwood, and the man who brought it hardly covered his expenses. A few years after this date when Mr. Richardson was importing dry goods from England direct (for he was the first direct importer in this section) he paid as much on one occasion to get some cases of dry goods from Collingwood as it cost to bring them from Liverpool to Toronto. Mr. McFarland withdrew from the partnership at the end of 9 months, as his business in Markdale—then known as Cornabus—was rapidly developing and demanded all his time and attention. At that time the manfacture of Woollen and Cotton fabrics in Canada was insignificant as compared with the output of the mills of to-day. A few grey cottons were made at Dundas, Montreal, and some other places, but no bleached cottons, prints or cottonades. The best productions of the woollen mills were very far short in quality, finish and patterns compared with the productions of to-day. The bulk of our dry goods were brought from Great Britain and excepting in boots and shoes, the greater proportion of our manufactured goods were imported. As early as 1870 Mr. R. began to import direct cottons, woollens, linen and general dry goods; but as rapidly as Canadian manufactures grew, he has constantly aimed to handle as much as possible home productions, believing that wherein they fell short of imported goods, it was more in finish and appearance than in quality; and that time would bring these external qualities up, and to-day there is no Canadian prouder of the steady growth of our home industries and the rapid development of the manufacturing interests of Canada than he. He has visited the old country twice since coming to Flesherton and on his last visit was proud to see Canadian made axes, scythes, steel forks, rakes, hay knives reapers, mowers, seed drills, all competing and that successfully with English made goods, in their own home markets. Even Canadian made cottons are now being sold in Manchester.

We wish Mr. Richardson every success in his new premises, and that his enterprise may encourage others to erect as handsome and commodious premises. He has strong faith in the future of Flesherton as a business centre. The country around it is rapidly improving and its resources developing. We want other improvements to aid our grain market facilities, and these, we believe, will not be long wanting. So that Flesherton will offer inducements to the farming community to do their business second to none in the County of Grey.

Mr. Richardson will be, no doubt, happy to see all his old customers in his new store. He has no thought of monopolizing the trade of the place, as he has often expressed a wish to see his compeers, who are all men of equal experience, pushing their business enterprises to successful issues.

Sabbath Desecration in Flesherton.

To the Editor of the Advance.

DEAR SIR,—Is it not a pity and a shame that a number of our intelligent young men (who have been taught better, and for whose encouragement and instruction, the people of this village are willing to make reasonable sacrifices) should so forget themselves, their parents, and their God, as to repair to the woods last Sabbath for the purpose of smoking, playing cards and Duck on the Rock, and will not the Law take hold of such, and make examples of them. If parents and officers of the law fail to discharge their duty, one thing is certain, that *He* who gave the Command "Remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy," will not hold them guiltless.

ONE WHO LOVES THE YOUNG MEN.

A SAD NEGLECT.—Neglect a constipated condition of the bowels is sure to bring ill health and great suffering. Burdock Blood Bitters regulate the Bowels in a natural manner, purifying the blood and promote a healthy action of the stomach, liver, kidneys and Bowels.

Honor to Whom Honor is Due.

SIR,—As a Canadian I ask the favor of a space in your columns to express my disapproval (and my reasons for the same) of giving the Hon. Oliver Mowat an ovation for what he has done in connection with the boundary award. I have yet to be convinced of one reason that would justify the liberals as followers or [illegible] to applaud him for defending the interests of the province of Ontario. It is his duty to protect and secure every right he can for the province that she inherits from her confederation birth. It is what the majority of the people of this province expect of him. But that the people of the province of Ontario should hoist a banner of exultation in the face of our young sister Manitoba because we got the lion's share of the loaf, is not to my mind the best way to live as a happy family of Canadians. If Mr. Mowat's statesmanship had secured for Canada her rights with a foreign neighbor, then and only then could I understand an ovation. But what has he done? Nothing more, I repeat, than the people would expect him to do, to look after the interests of the province. If Ontario received any advantage over Manitoba, I see no reason for a jubilee, for the thousands of people who own property in Ontario own property in Manitoba. Fathers and mothers, uncles and aunts, may be living in Ontario, while sons and daughters, nephews, nieces and cousins are living in Manitoba, and the prosperity of either is the gain of both, and the prosperity of Manitoba and Ontario is the pride of Canada, and the misfortune and downfall or injury of either is the affliction of Canada, and no truly patriotic man can look it from any other standpoint. And the party and the people who glory in their gain over Manitoba are false to their country and to themselves. If it is an ovation over Sir John, as it appears to be, the people and the party who think they are paying him a tribute of contempt are greatly mistaken. It will fall like rain on a duck's back in the eyes of every fair-minded man in Canada. Sir John is the most patriotic man that lives in Canada to-day. Why should he be otherwise? A country he adopted at the sunrise of his life, and one which has raised him to wield her destinies for nearly half a century, and gave him all the honor, power and distinction that was in her gift. Ungrateful, unnatural and unworthy of him should his heart beat or throb only in his country's glory. And all men who will admit what their hearts and honest mind would have them to say will say it is wronging Sir John to accuse him of despotism or unfaithfulness to Ontario, the golden province that placed him in power in 1878. I am not a blind partizan, I see, and feel proud to say Mr. Mowat has done well for the province of Ontario, he has used all his skill in advancing her educational and railway projects, and much honor is due him for doing so; but, to say that, he and the party he belongs to presume to take honor where honor is not due him or them, and strive to raise a hallalujah of contempt for a man who has seen fit to honor and trust as much and more than him or them, they are awakening but feelings of party strife and bitterness, and all sensible men's contempt. The politician and statesman that any country will honor while quick and dead, is the memory of the charitable and just, expressed so beautifully by Montgomery in tributary poem to Richard Reynolds.

"Not in the fiery hurricance of strife
'Midst slaughtered legions he resigned his life,
But peaceful as the twilight's parting ray
His spirit vanish'd from its house of clay
And left on kindred souls such power imprest,
They seemed to him to enter into rest.
Hence no vain pomp his glory to prolong,
No airy immortality of song:
No sculptured imagery of bronze or stone
To make his lineaments forever known
Reynolds requires, his labors merit name.

. . . . . .

But give in every age a Reynold's birth
In every age a Reynold's born to stand."

It should be the desire of all men who love the prosperity and happiness of Canada to encourage a broad liberal spirit towards our statesmen and everything between the Pacific and the Atlantic and the borders of their great sister republic to the hyperborean lands to the north, that is progressive and truly advantageous to our one grand prosperity. I might just here state that along with being a Canadian I am more than a colonial Canadian, I am a nationalist.—E. E KNOTT, in the Toronto World.

Toronto, Sept. 10, 1884.

AN EX-ALDERMAN TRIED IT.—Ex-Alderman Taylor of Toronto, tried Hagyard's Yellow Oil for Rheumatism It cured him after all other remedies had failed.