braries and music festivals received \$25,005 while health facilities, including hospitals and nursing homes, received

Institutes which sponsor children in foreign countries paid \$15,288 under this plan and an additional \$16,600 went and adultional \$15,000 went to organizations such as the Canadian Cancer Society, the Mental Health Association, Children's Aid Societies, the Red Cross and the Heart

The board members were told to keep their eyes on the private members' bills which are currently before the Ontario legislature "to see how many incorporate ideas from resolutions we have passed, Mrs. Leonard Trivers of Thes-

salon told the meeting. Mrs. Trivers, who is resolutions convener, noted that there are at least five bills dealing with matters the institutes have discussed

These include requests for the addition of prescribed drugs and medication costs to the present family benefit payments; extension of Ontario Hospital Services Commission benefits to nursing home residents; extension of hospital insurance coverage to persons in chronic and con-valescent hospitals or in approved nursing homes; estab-lishment of a fund to pay the victims of crimes or violence or their dependents; and pro-hibition of the sale of nonreturnable bottles

project, making a total for two years of shown in this specific work. Bibeatinnal projects within the community, including the community, including the community, including to the community including the community including to the community including to the community including to the community including the community in the community in the community in the commu

Though institutes have given generously to international TORONTO — Ontario Wo-men's Institutes will assist in financing the training of a budget of \$304,470 was spent

tiring provincial president Mrs. Everett Small of Essex in their own con said Mrs. Clarence of RR 1, New Haml provincial public rela

Mrs. Everett Small of Essex announced at the annual board meeting of the Feder-ated Women's Institutes of Ontario here Tuesday. A donation of \$2,000 for On Contributions for tario's international scholarity betterment, such ship fund will help pay for nurse's training for a woman from Yalova, Turkey. She will be trained to act as a mid-wife and also take courses in the care of babies, nutrition

The money will be administered by the Aberdeen scholarship committee of the Associated Country Women of the World, Mrs. Small said. Turkey is one of the newest affiliates in the international

Secretary Mrs. John Charl-ton reported that Ontario WIs have raised \$2,493 for construction of a rural training centre in Villa Maria, a town of 17,000 in central Colombia. The original goal for this project, supported by Canadian and U.S. groups, was \$13,000 but costs are increasing and the fund will be kept open.

The primary function of this pilot project, sponsored by the Food and Agricultural Organization and ACWW, is to im-prove the nutritional status of children through the education of their parents.

parks, sports equipm feel recreation, beautificat help restoration of cemetel the talled \$111,889. Of this

mey "on the W.I. could be expected, we received many letters commenting on the article on

men's Institutes featured in our February issue. Some were complimentary; re extremely critical. think every organization must continually rethink and readapt its program to keep pace with the changes taking place in our society. Automobiles, ways, television, magazines, the changes taking place in our churches, the scientific developments, put new pressures on all organizations. They have

but to revamp their programs if they are to survive 000 was spent on cet lov article in our February issue focused attention on the role of the Women's uses and so stimulated thought and discussion among W.I. members of the need nong their role in today's society. We feel it has achieved its purpose. Now we was ed to give Velma Franklin the last word on the subject of the W.I. and its neath owing that it has as great a future as its members choose to give it. Institute disbanded because every member does

From Ontario:

I am one member of the Women's Institute o will not turn her back on the organization. Why? Because it has been of great value to me during the whole of my married life. Through the short courses I learned how to conduct a meeting according to parliamentary procedure but, most of all, I lost a lot of my self-consciousness and learned to speak up when occasion demanded. It taught me to take my place in church and community life

I am sorry Mrs. Franklin feels as she does. We all know that times have changed. But there is nothing which says a branch cannot change its own program to make it more interesting and up-to-date. Our own programs are interesting and we all hate to miss a meeting. There are younger members in most branches because one recent report said "most of our members are young married women with children

I believe the Institutes still fill a need in the lives of rural women. The contacts she makes, the friendly chats with neighbors and friends, are far better for her morale than sitting home listen-ing to the radio or watching TV. While the last two are entertaining and I would not like to be without them, they do not compare with warm visits with friends. A young woman with small children needs an association with other women. So do older people.

And, if we are not happy with the conditions in our organization, it is up to us to work to change those conditions for the better. If more people had the courage of their convictions they would work to change what they do not like and they would help rather than hinder those who are doing their best.

The history of Maxville W.I. is a record of achievement which merits more than passing recognition. For example, the W.I. organized the local horticultural society and public library. It donates high school prizes and annual scholarships; contributes to programs for crippled children, T.B. patients, the cancer society; sponsors polio clinics and the 4-H homemaking club; entertains grandmothers.

Summing up, the Maxville W.I. believes that its role is "to be cheerful, to be neighborly, to make our houses homes whose influence for life's best shall radiate throughout our community, to be helpful to every human life we touch, to be ready to pass along what we have learned and quietly teach those about us by word and action that fine spirit of co-operation which springs from our common ideal-right living. This, we hope, is the philosophy that, like a golden thread, runs through our work and serves as a link in the chain that unites our homes and communities and draws the women of the world into closer understanding."

The Women's Institute is a long way from being a has-been even in Ontario . . . when my children were small I attended Institute meetings three or four times a year at the most. They were the highlights of my life. I'd come home inspired with fresh incentive to improve my lot. I believe there are many women now with small children who have the same experience. Would you have the not go out and shoot dragons or run for Parlia-ment? Oh no! Let us keep the Institute. Call it an antique if you like but it still serves a very useful and acceptable role in rural Canada. *

We are not a large group but we are by no eans "old ladies." Several members have small children . . . we certainly do not feel that an afternoon at a W.I. meeting is just an "old ladies"

tea party." We cannot understand what kind of president Mrs. Franklin would make with an attitude of this kind. She certainly couldn't expect the full co-operation of executive and members.

We don't "continually go out to collect for funds." Our branch has an excellent reputation for quilting and our annual "Pioneer Night" with its old-fashioned country store with home-baking and candy provides us with all the working funds we need. Mrs. Franklin claims that home economics has outgrown the W.I. Yet, if she could see the results achieved by our 4-H homemaking club girls in sewing, gardening and cooking she would not feel that way. Our annual International Day is a highlight of our W.I. program We learn everything we can about another coun-try and lunch consists of the national dishes of that country. Our guests are always anxious to

We're glad we got credit for something! Our historical research for the Tweedsmuir village histories seems to be the only part of the W.I. program that pleases Mrs. Franklin. However, in our community, the older women did not prepare it; equally as many young women worked and they are continuing it.

We don't know what kind of community Mrs. Franklin lives in but in the over 40 years of our W.I.'s existence, no one can remember older members "voting down" the ideas put forward by younger members. In fact, it has been just the opposite; older members were anxious that younger members put their new ideas into action. * *

I am not a member of their (Maxville, Ont.) Institute. Mrs. Franklin's article is smug indicates lack of concern, sympathy or kindness

, she speaks of the humanities and then she injures the humans on her doorstep. . . I do not know what their average age would be but they are not all as elderly as she would have one think . . as for the program of the Institute perhaps it could stand an overhaul, a bringing up-to-date. Any member has the right to discuss the program and make suggestions for updating it. However, destruction, without effective construction, is useless.

From British Columbia:

These accounts of W.I. meetings both grossly understate and understate the importance of the work done by W.I. meetings both grossly understate and understate the importance of the work done by W.I. members, in B.C. at any rate. Our branch here has helped support (and we are not exceptional) a solarism for crippled children entirely supported by B.C. W.E.), a T.B. home for sick children, two refugees chill. a LB. home for sick children, two refugee chil-dren (one in India, one in Kores) at \$100 each annually; de-parched 400 pounds of washed.

1897 at Stoney, Creek, Ontario, by a group of women who wanted an organization to match the men's "Farmer's Institute." Their purpose was to raise the standard of me-making, to provide the women with a chance to learn better methods of house-keeping, and it was intended to include other topics of importance. Six classes of study were organized: domestic economy; architecture, with emphasis on heat, light, sanitation, and ventilation; health; horticulture; music and art; literature, including education sociology and legislation.

BY HILDA DOWNEY

The first Women's Institute was organized on Feb. 19,

The honorary president was Mrs. Adelaide Hoodless who addressed the first meeting and encouraged the women to organize. Her home at St. George has been purchased by the W.I. and is preserved as an historic site. As the W.I. became a world-wide organization, this home is of

importance to women all over the world.

The second branch of the W.I. was formed two years later, 1899, in Whitby and the third at Kemble in Grey County in 1900. By 1901, 33 branches had been organized and by the end of 1902, membership was 3,081

In 1899, the first government speaker and organizer, Miss Laura Rose, attended the Stoney Creek meeting. She was an instructor in the Dairy Department at the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph. It was she who suggested the W.I. motto, "For Home and Country" in 1902, and designed the W.I. pin in 1903. The colours, blue and gold, were chosen at an early W.I. convention in Guelph

The Macdonald Institute was erected at the O.A.C. with e aid of a \$200,000 grant from Sir Wm. Macdonald of Montreal, one of the big tobacco producers. Mrs. Hoodless was instrumental in securing this gift.

Annual conventions are held at the O.A.C. The first one was held in 1902 with 24 branches represented. Member-ship is open to all women and girls over 16 years of age. "regardless of class, politics or creed." Annual fees were only 25 cents for years, then crept up to 50 cents, and today inflation has raised them to \$1.00 per year.

The first branch in Alberta was organized in 1908; in Manitoba and British Columbia in 1909; in Quebec, New Brunswick and Saskatchewan in 1911; in Prince Edward Island and Nova Scotia in 1913; in Wales in 1915; in England and Scotland in 1917. By 1918, there were 1,200 branches in England and it spread rapidly from then on throughout the

wortu.
The first International Conference was held in Antwerp,
Belgium, in 1930, and the first Associated Country Women
of the World (ACWW) meeting was held in Toronto in
August of 1953.