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The Eyes of the Institute World Look in Gratitude to Stoney Creek



CHARTER MEMBERS OF FIRST INSTITUTE

Above are shown the Charter Members of the Stoney Creek Women's Institute at the 50th Anniversary Banquet on February 19. In the picture, left to right Back row—Mrs. H. P. Van Wagner, Mrs. McKinloy Morden, Mrs. G. D. Conant, speaker and daughter of the first president; Mrs. B. E. Thompson, Mrs. George, Mrs. Murray Neil. Seated—Mrs. J. B. Smith, Mrs. John Budge, rs. J. B. Davis, George A. Glüden, Mrs. Seby, Corman and Mrs. Walter Ptolemy.



LIGHTING CANDLES ON BIRTHDAY CAKE

Mrs. Hamilton Lee, senior surviving Past President, lights the candles on the thday cake at the 50th Anniversary Banquet of the Stoney Greek Women's Institute, the group, left to right, also are Mrs. A. E. Walker, Past President, F.W.I.C. and W.I.O.; Mrs. G. D. Conant, daughter of the first president; Mrs. Angus Jackson, resident of 1947, and Miss Anna P. Lewis, Director of the Women's Institute Branch of Home Economics Service, Ontario Department of Agriculture.



LEADERS AT W.I. 50th ANNIVERSARY BANQUET

Above are the calef participants in the programme at the 50th Anniversary Banquet the Stoney Creek Women's Institute. Lett to right, Miss Anna P. Lewis, Director of a W.I. Branch and Home Economics Service; Mrs. High Summers, President, and Women's Institutes of Ontario; Mrs. G. D. Conant, guest speaker and daughter Mrs. E. D. Smith, the first president; and Mrs. Angus Jackson, President, Stoney reek Women's Institute.

Wednesday, February 19, 1947, marked a memorable date on Women's Institute calendars all over the world for it was fifty years ago on that date that the Women's Institute idea was born in the little village hall at Stoney Creek, Ontario.

Mr. Erland Lee Instrumental in Arranging Meeting

Miss Marjorie Lee, a present member of the Stoney Creek Institute and daughter of Mr. Erland Lee tells us the story of origin.

"Stoney Creek, our village, is noted in every Canadian History as the site of a battle which marked the turning back of the American invaders in 1813 and saved Canada for the Crown".

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"This district was settled by United Empire Loyalist families, who had been driven from their comfortable homes to the South by the American Revolutionists. They came bringing but few worldly possessions, since they had to carry them by oxcart and on horse back, but rich in their loyalty to the Empire and with courage to build new homes and a strong nation. It was mainly descendants of these hardy pioneers who met in 1897 and organized the 'Women's Institute' which has carried the name of Stoney Creek far beyond the borders of Canada.

which has carried the name of Stoney Creek far beyond the borders of Canada.

"A Farmer's Institute with my father, Erland Lee, as secretary, had been formed about 1884. In the autumn of 1896 as a delegate from the Farmer's Institute father attended the annual 'Experimental Union' at the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, where he heard Mrs. Adelaide Hoodless deliver a very stirring address on the value and need of having domestic science and sewing taught in the public schools. My father was much impressed and resolved that at the first opportunity he would invite Mrs. Hoodless to address the women of Saltfleet. It was customary to invite the ladies to the evening meetings of the Farmer's Institute but the men objected to having a lady as speaker. However, they had instructed my father to engage speakers so he went ahead and extended a personal invitation to Mrs. Hoodless to address their meeting."

Mrs. Adelaide Hoodless Organizes First Institute

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"Mrs. Hoodless, in a day and age when woman's place was held to be in the home and not on a public platform had been aroused by a personal tragedy to the great need of homemaking education. Mrs. Hoodless' little son had died at the age of 18 months from drinking impure milk. She felt responsible for this death; that she should have known more about the care and preparation of food. It was her great longing to save others from the pain she suffered that drove her on to try to bring within the reach of all, homemaking education."

The Historic Evening Arrives
"The historic evening arrived and the meeting was called to order by my father as chairman. The Agricultural speaker had as his subject. "The Feeding of Calves". Then Mrs. Hoodless gave a stirring talk on the need of instruction on the feeding of people. She hoped farmers would devote as much thought to the diet of their animals.

"When my father arose to thank."

their children as they did to that of their animals.

"When my father arose to thank Mrs. Hoodless he said he was much impressed by her address and asked the audience why a similar society to that of the Farmer's Institute could not be organized for women. Then,

while the men studied the science of Agriculture the women could study the science of homemaking. The women were asked how many would come to such an organization meeting. It was quite an innovation for women of those days. Timidly at first hands were raised but finally thirty-five women expressed their willingness to attend the organization meeting."

Echrupry 19, 1897 at Squire's Hall

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"This meeting was called in the
days when there were no rural telephones so my mother and father
drove long hours notifying as many
women as possible and when, on February 19, 1897, the women gathered
in Squire's Hall, Stoney Creek, 101
women and 1 man were present. The
one man was my father who acted as
chairman and after an impressive
address by Mrs. Hoodless on the importance of education in Homecraft
and Mothercraft he conducted the
election of officers and the first
Women's Institute in the world came
into being.

Women's Institute in the world came into being.

"Many men were inclined to scoff at a women's society amounting to anything 'All spats and gossip' one man said. 'We'll start every meeting with a prayer, that should put us in a frame of mind above bickering' was Mother's reply to this. 'Teaching women folk extravagance' was another criticism. 'We'll be a drain on no man's purse' said Mother jotting down in her clear hand as the constitution and bylaws were being drawn up 'Yearly dues twenty-five cents'.'

Old Minute Book Tells Its Story

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The treasured minute book well preserved but with leaves yellowing with age, tells the story simply in these words:

"Organization meeting held February 10 1807

ruary 19, 1897.
"Mr. Erland Lee was chairman of

"Mr. Erland Lee was chairman of the meeting and an address was given by Mrs. John Hoodless. "Moved by Mrs. Melson, seconded by Mrs. E. Lee that we organize a women's department of Domestic Economy in affiliation with the Far-wer's Institute Carried

"It was decided that the name should be the "Women's Department of the Farmer's Institute of South Wentworth.

Wentworth.
The following officers were elected;
Honorary President—Mrs. John
Hoodless; President—Mrs. E. D.
Smith; Ist Vice-President—Mrs. Melson; 2nd Vice-President—Mrs. J.
Dean; Secretary—Miss M. Nash;
Treasurer—Mrs. J. H. McNeilly.
Thus the first meeting held on a winter's night in 1897 was recorded.
Little did those women assembled realize how profoundly the decision they made that night would affect the lives of countless thousands of rural women in many parts of the world.

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Much work was yet to be done to start this organization on the right road. Mr. Lee, on behalf of the members immediately contacted the Honourable John Dryden, Minister of Agriculture and Mr. F. W. Hodson, Superintendent of Farmer's Institutes asking for Government support and affiliation with the Farmer's Institutes. This support and affiliation was willingly granted.

With the help of Senator E. D. Smith and Major Carpenter, members of parliament, and Mr. Lee the women drew up their constitution and by-laws ready for presentation at the next meeting.

next meeting.

And so, from the second meeting we have the following minutes recorded:

"Meeting held at Squire's Hall,
February 25, 1897".

(Continued on page 2 column 3)