Chicago, Ill.—"For about two years suffered from a female trouble so I was unable to walk or do any of my own work. I read about

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the newspapers and determined to try it. brought almost immediate relief. My tirely disappeared and I never had bet ter health. I weigh

65 pounds and am as strong as a man. I think money is well spent which purchases Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. Jos. O'BRYAN, 1755 Newport Ave., Chicago, Ill. The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's

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Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, peri odic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, and nervous prostration. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the standard remedy for female ills.

Neighborly Society.

never visited in the country. "I have just had a letter from my schoolmate Scrub Animal Is Particularly Expeninviting me to spend two weeks on her father's farm."

Mabel's mother looked up languidly, "Yes, 'Aar," she remarked, "and what does she say about the society in the neighborhood? Does she mention anyone?"

"No," answered Mabel thoughtfully, "but I've heard her mention the Holsteins and Guernseys."

"Oh, well," said her mother. "I presume they are pleasant people."-Rehoboth Sunday Herald.

PAIN? NOT A BIT ! LIFT YOUR CORNS OR CALLUSES OFF

No humbug! Apply few drops then just lift them away with fingers.

------ This new drug is an ether compound discovered by a Cincinnati chemist. It

> is called freezone, and now be obtainedy bottles as here shown at very little cost from any drug store. Just ask for freezone. Apply a drop or two directly upon a tender corn or callus and instant ly the soreness disappears. Shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it off, root and all, with the fingers.

Not a twinge of pain. soreness or irritation; not even the slightest smartng, either when applying reezone or afterwards. This drug doesn't eat up he corn or callus, but shrivels them so they loosn and come right out. It s no humbug! It works like a charm. For a few cents you can get rid of ev-

ery hard corn, soft corn or corn between the toes, as well as painful calluses on bottom of your feet. It never disappoints and never burns. bites or inflames. If your druggist hasn't any freezone yet, tell him to get a little bottle for you from his wholesale house,-adv.

Decorating a Savage. Florence Partello Stuart, in one of her delightful tales of the Moro charm boy. Plang, tells of an embarrassing situation. Plang had saved the gov ernor's life at the risk of his own.

"'Plang. I am about to decorate you with the emblem of our government these infantry cross-guns I shall pin on your breast'-the dignified governor reached forward to make good his words, but paused in embarrassment. the speech dying on his lips. He gazed in dismay at the scantily clothed little savage, standing straight and expectant before him.

began the worthy official. There was a titter among the spectators.

"Plang, eagerly eyeing the treasure. wondered why the governor delayed. Suddenly a glenm of understanding broke over Plang, and he grinned There is practically no danger from broadly. With the tip of his finger he touched the shining cross-guns, then his necklace of crocodile teeth. The situation was saved."-St. Nich-

His Turn.

Mrs. Wattles was clearly out sorts at breakfast yesterday. Urged to give a reason, she said, "Well, dreamed you tried to marry another

woman last night." "Well, it was my turn," replied Occy "You ran away and joined a dramatic troupe the night before."-Kansas City

Our idea of a sensible woman is one who doesn't kare how large her shoes are so long as they are comfortable.



CORRECT RATIONS FOR PIGS

Animals on Pasture Will Gain Rapidly If Given Additional Allowance of Grain Feed.

Pigs, grain-fed on pasture, will gain pound or more a day from weaning to a weight of 200 to 250 pounds, while those getting little or no grain will gain but one-half to three-quarters of a pound per day. This will bring spring pigs to a marketable weight in early fall, at the period of high prices, whereas those being pastured only are not ready for market until a month or two later. A grain ration, by bringing the hogs to an earlier market, reduces the time of feeding, the risk, and the interest on the investment. The animals are in higher condition, with finer and more palatable meat and

Farmers substituting pasture entire; ly for grain and other concentrated feeds to their market hogs through the summer will find that before marketing in the fall it will be advisable to feed grain to harden the soft fat and meat and put on additional weight.

Light but steady grain feeding on pasture, however, gives better results than a heavier feeding during a shorter finishing period.

"Oh, mother," cried Mabel, who had GOOD RAM ALWAYS CHEAPES?

sive at Present High Prices of Wool and Lambs.

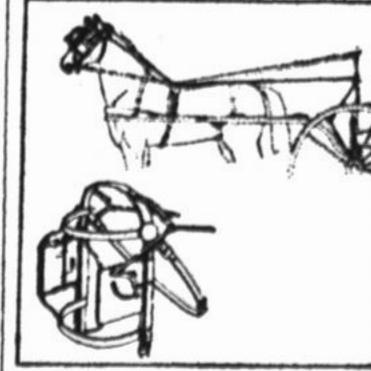
A scrub ram is expensive at any time but doubly so at the present high price of wool and lambs. A good ram has many times proved to be more than "half the flock," Many successful and progressive sheep breeders trace their start on the road to success to the purchase of a good ram. Sometimes the price of the ram has looked high, but time proved it to be the cheapest and by far the best investment ever made.

At the University of Missouri college of agriculture a good mutton ram, such as any farmer could purchase at \$30 to \$40, this season, bred to western (Colorado) ewes, sired lambs that av eraged two and a half pounds more at three months of age, when they were marketed, than lambs, out of the same class of ewes, which were sired by an inferior or scrub ram. Furthermore lambs sired by the superior ram sold for 60 per cent more per 100 pounds than by the inferior ram.

CHECK FOR RUNAWAY HORSES

Blinders So Hinged and Controlled as to Make It Possible for Driver to Stop Animal.

The blinders on this device are so hinged and controlled by a checking device as to make it possible for the driver to control the horse, if it starts to run, writes C. J. Lynde in Farmers



Checking Device for Runaways.

Mail and Breeze, by depriving it of its straight shead vision, or to stop it in the same way, in the absence of the driver, by arranging the checking device so it will be pulled by the turn of the wheel.

SWEET CLOVER FOR PASTURE

No Other Leguminous Crop, With Exception of Alfalfa, Furnishes as Much Good Feed.

With the exception of alfalfa on fertile soils, no other leguminous crop will furnish as much nutritious pasturage from early spring until late fall as sweet clover, when it is prop-"'I shall place this emblets,' again erly handled. Live stock thrive on it. Animals which have never been fed sweet clover may refuse to eat it at first, but this distaste can be overcome by turning them on the pasture as soon as the plants start growth. bloat from sweet clover, according to Farmers' Bulletin 820, "Sweet Clover; Utilization," which has just been issued by the United States department

HOGS NEED SUCCULENT FEED

of agriculture.

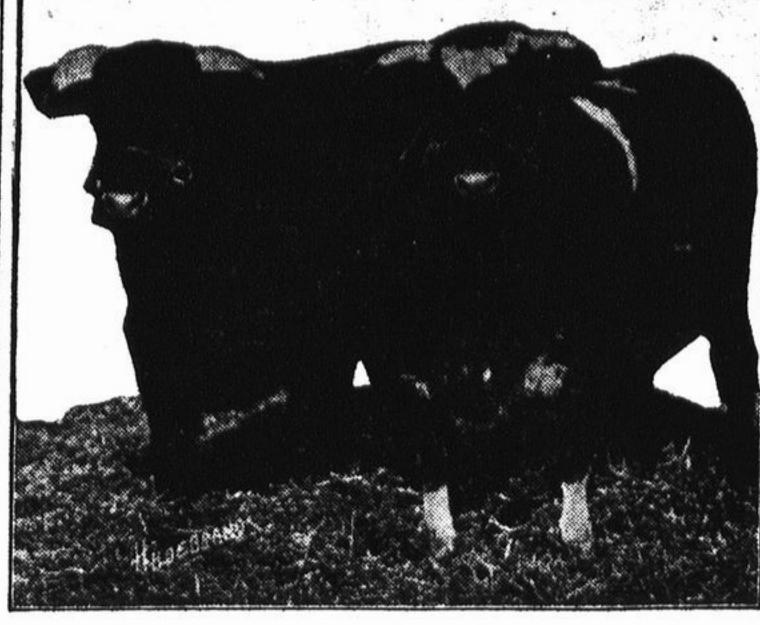
Pumpkins Are Excellent for Swine Because Seeds Are Especially Good Worm Exterminators.

Pumpkins make good hog feed. Hogs need a little succulence of some kind to keep them in good condition and help them make the best use of grains. Pumpkins are especially good for hogs because the seeds are excellent worm exterminators. Keep that in mind.

Decline in Sheep

The decline in sheep production in the United States has gone hand in hand with increasing land values. There is much waste land that has not gone up in price where sheep could be profitably raised.

Prices for Meat Animals. Although record prices are being paid for meat animals, they should be no inducement to cause a farmer to sell good ewe lambs or sow pigs. They will return a greater profit as breed



CHAMPION PAIR OF KANSAS BRED SHORTHORN STEERS.

Silage is just as indispensable to successful beef-cattle raising as it is to successful dairying. In fact, during these times of high-priced feedstuffs it is highly essential. As with sheep and horses, sliage alone is too wide a ration. Cattle receiving slinge exclusively will not do well. Cottonseed meal, linseed oil meal, clover alfalfa or pea hay should be fed with it. Fattening steers will eat 20 to 25 pounds per head daily. Wintering yearlings will do likewise. Calves may be fed all the sliage they will clean up twice a day, Grain and legume hay should, in all cases, be fed in addition. Bulls also thrive on silage. From 10 to 15 pounds per head daily plus hay and some grain are sufficient to keep them in good condition. Pregnant beef cows will eat 30 to 40 pounds of silage per head daily plus some hay.

PROTECT YOUNG PIGS FROM CHOLERA GERM

When Vitality Has Been Permitted to Run Down Animals Are Susceptible to Disease.

Protect young swine from cholera by so arranging the breeding pens and hog houses that good drainage, sunlight, and fresh air will be insured, is the advice of Dr. C. W. Hobbs, field veterinarian and superintendent of the serum laboratory at the Kansas milk cows. State Agricultural college.

"The young pigs are susceptible to pneumonia and other diseases," said Doctor Hobbs, "If allowed to nest in a draft, they may contract disease. Their vitality will at any rate be lowered, making them more susceptible to cholera. Overfeeding either the mother or the young pigs, especially with fat producing food, will also render the pigs more susceptible to disease

"Do not allow communication between your hog lot and the lots belonging to neighbors, as cholera germs may be carried easily on person's shoes. Wagons that have been used to carry infected or dead bogs will infect corn and other feed and in this way may be brought to one's farm. Frequent cleaning and burning of litter in the hog pens will prevent any latent

"Hog pens, feeding troughs, and buildings should be protected by regular use of a three per cent solution of cresol compound U. S. P. Hogs should be sprayed weekly with a four and one-half per cent solution of cresol

"Do not put new stock-either hogs or cattle-with hogs sirendy on the Newly purchased hoga should be put into separate inclosures well separated from the herd already on the farm and kept under observation for three weeks. This is necessary, as stock cars, unloading chutes, and pens are likely to be infected with hog cholera organisms,

"Burn up all carcasses of dead cattle, horses, hogs, sheep, or dogs on the day they die. Do not allow chickens or hogs to have access to a dead car-

"Ponds should be drained and thoroughly covered with lime. Where this cannot be done they should be fenced hogtight. Infected ponds and wallows become a source of infection on the farm for years and little or nothing can be done until they are drained. When wallows exist near the drinking troughs they should be plowed up and filled in after they have been drained and covered with air-slaked lime The use of the sanitary hog wallow eliminates this source of infection."

KILLING OF HEIFER

Country Is Paying Price of Foolish Practice and Should Profit by Lesson.

By GEORGE H. GLOVER, Colorado Agricultural Callege, Fort Collins.) "Men are but children of a larger growth," and cows were but calves three years ago. Again comparing human and real cattle we are reminded of the effect of war upon the standards of the human race, physically, numerically and otherwise, anent the war on helfer calves and the inevitable | them.

beef and milk shortage. Recent legislation making it unlawful to slaughter female cattle has caused us to sit up and take notice. arises whether or no the same eco-

Rape Leads Forage Crops.

Rape stands at the head of the list as a forage crop for hogs, which can be pastured with sheep and cattle by using proper caution. Rape will bloat cattle or sheep if they are turned on when it is wet from dew or rain.

For Covering Grapes. Earth is about the best material for covering grapes, raspberries roses, over winter. The p be well drained. No water brwed to settle over them.

the future cow in order to get the dirty dollar in our hand right on the spot? The farmer gets the dollar or two for the calf, and 16 cents a gallon for his milk in 30 days and this knocks him off his economic perch. Keeping the calf until it becomes a cow means an investment with slow returns, but with mighty satisfactory returns considering the present prices of good So now, behold the inevitable drought and famine from cutting of the stream at its source. Yes, the fact cannot be denied that we have killed so many calves that both our

nomic principle does not obtain in

time of peace. Argentina has long

since made it a felony to slaughter

helfer calves. If we kill all the culves

it is only a question of time before we

will have no cows. Is it not a "penny

wise and pound foolish" policy to kill

milk supply and our meat supply is on the blink and a good milk cow is almost worth her weight in gold.

Here is the proposition: In the long run, is a cow's milk too valuable to feed to a cow's calf?

GRAZING ABILITY OF HOGS NOT REALIZED

Men Who Understand Importance of Ample Growth and Tender Foliage Make Profits.

By C. W. HICKMAN, Animal Husbandry Department, University of Idaho.) Perhaps the high price of grain will awake farmers to the full appreciation of the grazing ability of hoga, There never was so great an incentive to save grain and use green forage, It is generally understood now that profitable hog-feeding in summer involves the use of pasture of some kind, but there is more difference in hog pastures than many people suppose, However a few men realize the importance of ample growth and tender palatable forage in a hog pasture, and they profit by the knowledge.

Very often the only hog-tight field on a grain farm is the small grass pasture near the barn that serves for all kinds of stock. Horses and sheep keep the grass too short for cattle or hogs. Instances have probably come to notice when hogs on such a pasture last year did not return market price for the grain they ate. Other farmers nearby whose hogs ran in al falfa, clover and rape figured that they got much more than market price for the grain fed, and in some instances twice as much. This means that their hogs in good pasture probably made twice as much pork from each hundred pounds of grain as was made by the hogs on short grass.

The hog will est an abundance of green forage if given a chance. The important thing to bear in mind is that the better the forage the more CALVES DISAPPROVED the hog will eat of it, and then the more grain there is left for other purposes. Good succulent pasture crops like alfalfa, clover or rape often make 400 to 800 pounds of pork per acre besides what can be accounted for through the grain fed.

EXCELLENT CROPS FOR HOGS

Legumes Are Rich in Protein Swine Thrive on Plants-Grazing Cowpeas and Beans.

The legumes are excellent crops for hogs. Being rich in protein hogs relish legume plants and will thrive on

The practice of grazing soy beans and cowpeas is a good one provided a supplementary grain feed is given. Often this is not the case. It must If it is bad economy to slaughter be remembered that soy bean and calves, and thus endanger the food cowpea plants are very rich and if supply, in time of war, the question | fed alone would be rather expensive, considering the value of the protein.

> Beef Blood is Essential. In raising baby beeves it is essential to have a herd with a fair amount of

> Buckwheat on Spare Land. As a catch crop on spare land or where another crop has failed, try buckwheat.

Destructive Hessian Fly. It is claimed that the Hessian fly de stroyed approximately one sixth p entire Kansas wheat crop last y



WARM WEATHER DAIRY HINTS

Cleanliness is of Great Importance-Cream Separator is Essential-Weed Out Poor Cows.

Unclean milk is especially danger-

ous during warm weather. Remember that the sun is an excellent disinfecting agent. Sun the milk and cream utensils after washing.

No dairyman can afford to be without a good cream separator. A separator removes practically all the fat from the milk. By the ordinary skimming method from 10 to 25 per cent of the butterfat is left in the milk.

By carefully testing and weeding out the poor cows you can increase the average production of each cow by more than forty pounds of butterfat per year.

No animal that gets only feed enough to support life can produce a profit. Feed your cows a balanced ra-

When a farmer makes and sells butter and feeds the skim milk to poultry pigs and calves, he is not sending away a great deal of his farm's fertility. Keep the farm's fertility on the farm. Some farmers would be better off if they sold their cows, and bought milk and butter. Yet they don't realize that they are losing real money on every "boarder" in their berds. Test each cow.

VALUABLE DON'TS

In rearing and developing

dairy heifers-Don't overfeed, Twice many calves are stunted by overfeeding as by underfeeding. Don't change suddenly from whole to skim milk.

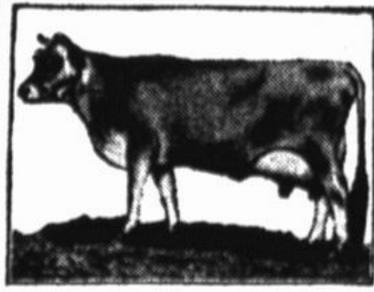
Don't leave calves in damp. dark, crowded, poorly ventilated

Don't feed milk in dirty pails, Don't be irregular as to time of feeding, temperature or amount of milk.

DIGESTIVE ORGANS OF COWS

Large Consumer of Feed and Water Is Always Most Profitable Producer-Best Conformation.

There are few cows of consistent high production which are not amply provided with storage room for consuming immense quantities of feed and water. The large consumer is almost always the most profitable produces and must, therefore, be provided with a large capacity for digesting and as



Champion Jersey Cow.

similating feed as indicated by the following points: Great length from withers to hip bone; full crop; well prung ribs that are broad, deep

When judging the capacity of cow, it is important to notice the ef ficiency of her digestive organs by studying her handling qualities. See whether her hide is soft, loose, pliable of medium thickness, and covered with a soft, sliky coat of hair, which indicates that the organs of digestion are in perfect working order.

PROVIDING COWS WITH SALT

One of Things Easily Forgotten While Animala Are on Pasture in Summer Months.

One of the things so easily forgotten in the summer months while the cows are on pasture is to provide them regularly with sait. The easy way not to forget it is to place rock sale where they can get at it every day, either in the stall while they are being milked or in a trough or box in the pasture where they can lick it whenever they have the desire to,

Studies made at the Wisconsin station by Professors Babeock and lyle showed that cows actually onire sait to thrive property. amount required depending upon the character of the feed which they re-

PLAN TO KEEP CREAM SWEET

Cool immediately After Skimming and Before Mixing With Older Cream -Keep in Cold Water.

Set the separator to skim nearly 50 per cent in hot weather. Cool the cream at once after skimming, and cool it before mixing with older cream. Stir it well to prevent the forming of lumps or masses. Keep it in cold water, stir with metal ladle, and have pails, cans, separator parts and all utensils and surroundings clean and

Cause of Poisoned Milk. Milk may be poisoned through bad air drawn into the lungs of a cow, or the bad odor will affect it in the pail

Importance of Milk Products. Above all things we will see to it that the crop of milk products does not fall. That would be one of the worst calamities imaginable.

after being drawn from the cow.

Tuberculosis Loss.

drink. His mother took him is bathroom and drew some water from a faucet, "My," exclaimed Charles, looking around the white enameled room, "Aunt Dell has a lovely numbhouse."

Where It Works. "Has Matilda a rack for her plano?" "Sure. All her hearers get their nerves on it."

"No. sir. I've never on

What is Castoria

ASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Off. Pare Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contain Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its antee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the of Constination, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoa; allaying F ness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and B aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural The Children's Panacea-The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for on 80 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made und his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-Good" are but Experiments trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

Genuine Castoria always bears the signature of



PALLID PEOPLE CARTER'S IRON PILLS



prepaid, 82.00 L. M. A. CO., 3242 S. 50th Ave., Gore, III. But Lottie Hadn't One. Flossie (alluding to her new ring)-

It isn't always what a present costs that makes it appreclated. Lottle (who doesn't think much of it)-No, dear. Very often it is what other people think it costs,

At times the still small voice of conscience seems to come from the big end of a megaphone.

In a kite frame patented by a Wis

"It feels like down."-Lampoo Any man who is able to dodge consin man ribs radiate from a central happiness is just about as happy as

disk of metal. Raise High Priced Wheat





The Government this year is asking farmers to put in respect acreage into grain. There is a great decised for arm labor to replace the many young men with here agreeable, railway facilities excellent, good schools churches convenient. Write for literature as 14 198

"There is a tide in the affairs men," said the man who habitually quotes Shakespeare, "which, taken at | den of love, She desired a hardy the flood, leads on to fortune."

"Yes," replied the man who had man ried an heiress. "I remember the tide that led to my fortune well." "What tide was that?" "It was an eventide and we were si

ting in the garden."

BEST KIDNEY MEDICIN

Kilmer's Swamp-Root and today I believe it is one of the best medicines on the market; and my patrons are very much pleased with the results obtained from its use and speak very favorably regarding it. Swamp-Root has been very successful the treatment of kidney, liver and bladder troubles according to the reports received and I have no hesitancy in recommending it for I have great faith in its merits.

Very truly yours OWL DRUG STORE Sedalia, Missouri.

Oct. 3, 1916. Letter to Dr. Kilmer & Co. Binghamton, N. Y.

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Singhamton, N. Y., for a sample sise bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Large and medium size bottles for sale at all drug stores.-Adv.

Almost Human.

A few days after the arrival of a family of kittens at a neighbor's, little four-year-old Isabel was invited to pay them a visit. Delighted with what she had seen, she returned in ecstasies to her mother.

"Oh, mamma," she rapturously ex-

claimed, "they have the dearest little pussy ents next door! But do you know that their papa has gone away on a long holiday and left their mam- date." ma alone to take care of them? Isn't it a shame?"-Stoux City Tribune

If a man occasionally fells a women how pretty she looks she will forgive

sing them on short not

time you wash your floors — the old way coarsens your hands — use our flours Helf-Wringing Mop; wash your floors as often as you please and serve the beauty of your hands. Your hands do not touch the water. You do have to bend. Absolutely the newest, neatest, cleanest article on the markery woman wants one. Every LADY must have one. Complete with

Terrible Mistake. "Oh, Cecil, the cook has given no tice; she says you swore at her on the "Good heavens! I thought it was

How Did She Know? "Do you shave up or down?" "Down."

is possible for man to be.

on Fertile Canadian Soil



Canadian Government Agents

Mer Choice. Hazel was at a loss to make a between two young spronts in her one that would thrive in any soll under any conditions. No shadow a prevent the sprout selected from gree

Every day could not have its allotment of sunshine. Which she choose? Either was pleasing the eye. Then came a day when I

wind blew hard-a draft from one as of the country to the other. One of the sprouts withered from the biting blast. The other thrived grew as though it had been with continual sunshine. Now Ham is happy. Her choice has been made

Indianapolis News, But She Didn's

She was a very newly fledge somehow or other, she came thick with a professor, as classical blokes would have it, and invited her to come to his obse to see the eclipse, says London

sor Squashnoodle invited me to com-"I'm sorry, but the whole thing over an hour ago," said the at

"I've come to see the cellp

told the professor's assistant.

"Then," said the dignified de

All Figurative "My dear," said a your man, "I have changed my m going out riding tonight,"

"May I be permitted to I reason why?" responded his "Well, what is the re

"My derling, in the first rather expensive, and, is place, I don't want to go." "I don't care a fig." "In that case, I pre