

The Downers Grove Reporter

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BOOST!—Don't Knock

JOBLESS MAN AND MANLESS JOB BROUGHT TOGETHER.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 8, 1915. "Farmers, and other employers, do you want help?" "Men and women, do you want work?" These questions are asked in posters just sent out by the Department of Labor to postmasters and field workers of the Department of Agriculture, who are designed to drum up trade for Uncle Sam's new employment agency. Accompanying the shipments to postmasters is literature explaining how all employers of labor may make their labor wants known, and how the laborer seeking employment may obtain the aid of the government.

The Department of Labor's Employment Bureau has opened business with the largest force and the most comprehensive system of governmental aid for unemployed workers ever utilized by a nation. There are 250,000 government employees enrolled as volunteer workers in Secretary Wilson's plan of "bringing the manless job and the jobless man together."

The applications, which may be obtained at any postoffice by job seekers contain blanks which will show the name, weight, sex and race of the applicant, the wages expected, the trade, if any, whether married or single, and if married whether his wife would accept employment as a domestic, and what amount of money he could pay for railroad fare.

Blanks on which employers make application for laborers state the nationalities preferred or acceptable, whether single men, or men accompanied by their families are preferred, whether transportation will be advanced and whether, if advanced, it will be deducted from wages. Other information will be given as to labor conditions, prices of rent, board and lodging, length of employment, and hours of work.

If employers advance money to pay railroad fare the ticket will be bought by the official of the Department of Labor at one of the eighteen distribution zones nearest the place where employees are to be sent, the ticket will be delivered to the applicant, a receipt will be taken, the baggage will be checked and checks mailed to the employer, and the applicant will be placed on a train.

If unable to speak English a tag bearing his address and directions will be placed on him. Identification slips are to be given to the employe, giving his name and the name and address of the employer to whom he has been directed. There are other blanks on which the employer will notify the Department of Labor that the employe arrived and gone to work.

There are separate blanks for employment of farm laborers, and for employment of laborers or men of other occupations than farm work. There are also blanks for settlers, farm tenants and for the object being to fill the blanks.

COUNTY FARM REPORT For the Period Beginning April 1st, 1915 and Ending November 30th, 1914.

Cash Expenditures.	
Lumber and cement	\$ 31.30
Veterinary services	217.10
Creamery supplies	60.50
Hardware supplies	293.73
Limestone and rock phosphate	253.50
Mill feed purchased	2,731.32
New farm machinery	524.30
Harness and repairs	39.15
Horseshoeing	57.75
Cow testing association dues	25.00
Alfalfa seed	31.70
Gasoline and oil	130.11
Livestock purchased	810.00
Shavings and sawdust	72.10
Clover seed	43.64
Drugs	6.90
Freight and express	96.73
Holstein Friesian association	32.00
Miscellaneous expense	686.37
Pay roll	385.31
Salary R. S. Standidge for farm	833.20
Board and lodging of hired men	1,680.00
	\$10,800.91

Cash Receipts.	
Milk, butter, cream and eggs	\$ 4,809.70
Veal, beef, hogs, hides, etc.	1,244.33
Potatoes, 55 bu. at 70c.	36.50
Miscellaneous receipts	131.91
Hauling 736 tons of coal for Alma House	368.00
Farm products and feeds on hand—	
Clover hay, 73 tons at \$14.	1,022.00
Alfalfa hay, 35 tons at \$16.	560.00
Oat straw, 20 tons at \$5.	100.00
Corn silage, 194 tons at \$4.	776.00
Oats, 1,200 bu. at 59c.	708.00
Corn, 475 bu. at 65c.	308.75
Seed corn on hand, 12 bu. at \$2.	24.00
Clover seed, 13 1/2 bu. at \$10.	135.00
Cotton seed meal on hand, 6 1/2 tons	171.60
Dried brewers grains, 10.3 tons	236.05
Shavings and sawdust	15.75
Increase in livestock and farm machinery	370.00
	\$10,998.99
Balance in favor of farm for the 20 months	254.08
Farm Loss.	
Hogs with cholera	\$ 1,000.00
Two registered Holstein cows	420.00
One draft mare	250.00
	\$ 1,670.00

GEO. BOGER, Chairman.
WM. HAMMERSCHMIDT.
GEO. KELLER.

Inexpensive Gifts in Collars and Vestees



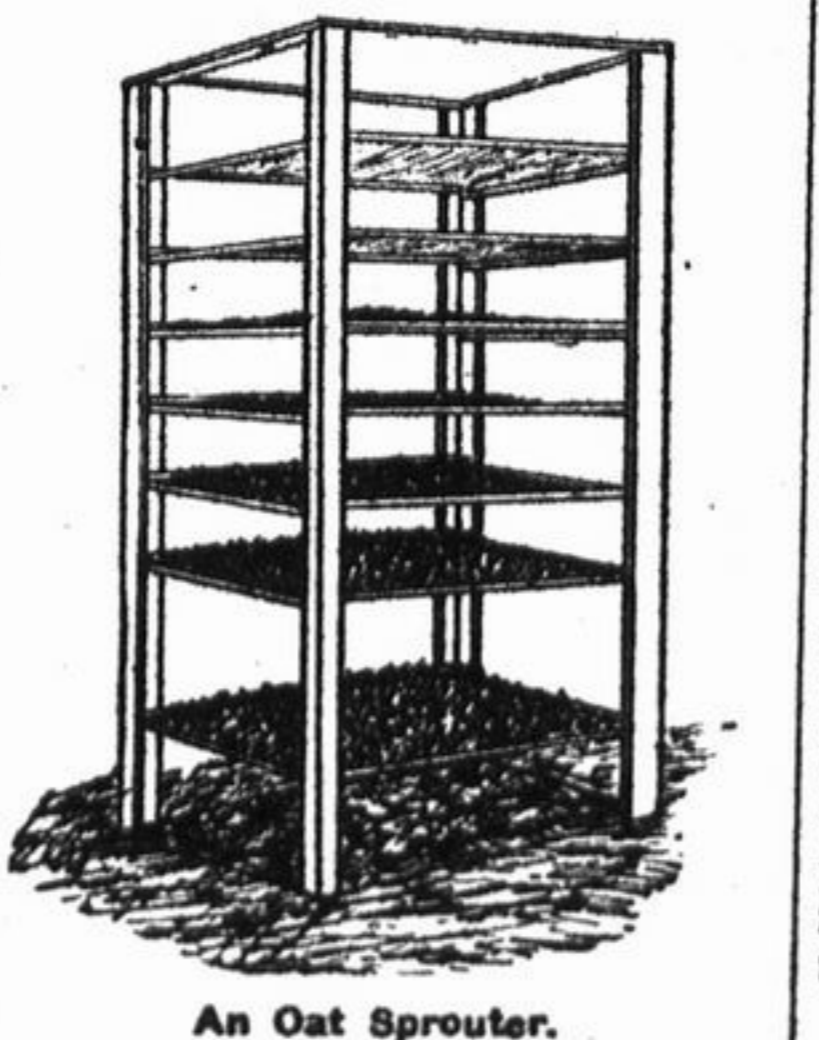
A COLLAR and vestee in sheer organdy, to wear with tailored suits will be welcomed by every woman and costs almost nothing but the time for making. The flaring collar is finished with hand-embroidered scallops or a row of fine narrow swiss embroidery, which extends down each side. The collar and vestee must be cut and joined at the neck line. The collar is wired to make it stand up correctly. The vestee, with collar and lace, is pictured made of velvet and shadow lace. The vestee is to the waist line and hangs into points. It is made of the points with three small ornaments. The vestee is a fine gift for the night.

POULTRY

ESSENTIALS IN HEN HOUSES

Comfortable Fowl Will Prove Far More Profitable Than One That is Not So—Best Location.

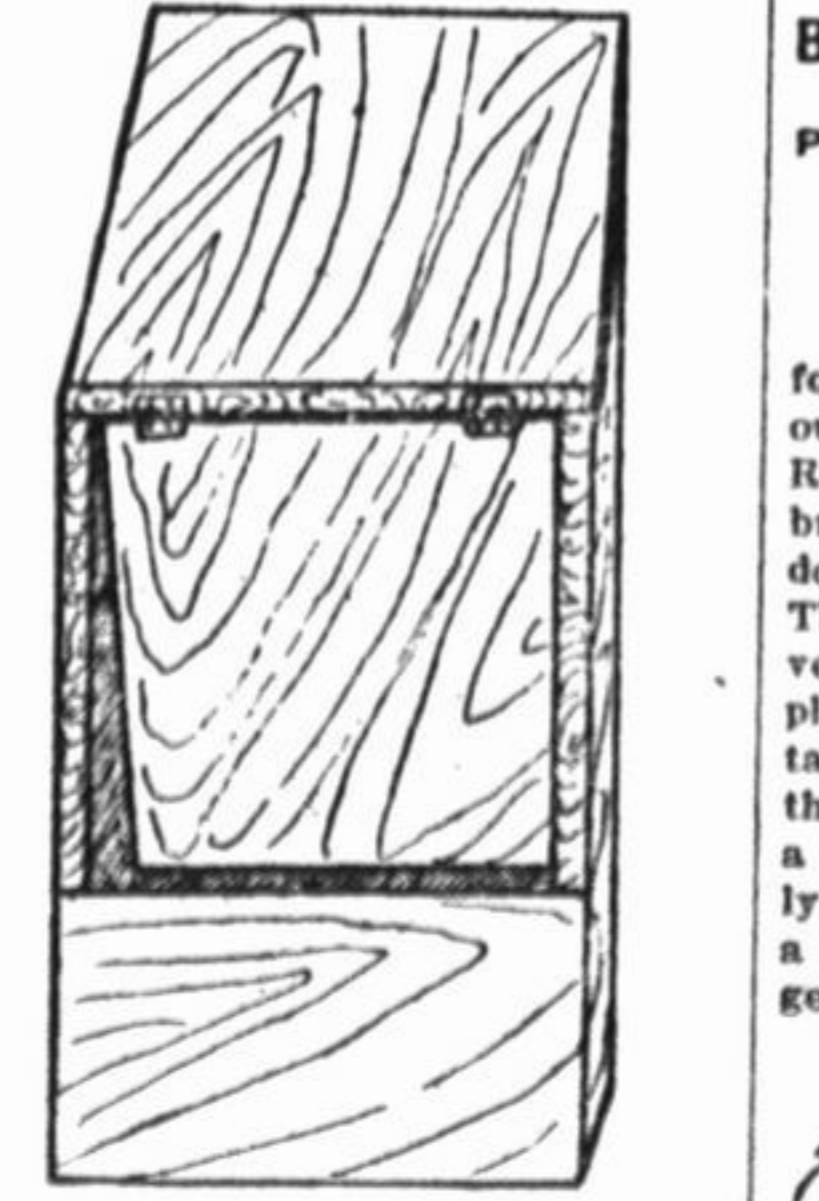
(By A. R. LEE.)
The prime essentials in poultry houses are fresh air, dryness, sunlight and space enough to keep the birds comfortable. No particular style of house is particularly adapted to any section of this country. A house which gives satisfaction in Maine will also give good results in Texas or California, but it is preferable to build more open and consequently less expensive houses in the South than in the North. The best site for the poultry house depends principally on the



An Oat Sprouter.

local conditions. The location should have good drainage, so that the floor and yards will be dry, while the house should not occupy a low pocket or hollow in which cold air settles, and it should be situated for convenience in management and adapted to the available land. Wherever possible a southern or southeastern exposure should be selected although this is not essential if there is any good reason for facing the house in a different direction.

To prevent waste of feed in poultry houses and reduce the handling of the dry foods and grits, it is necessary to use hoppers. Green food is essential as a part of the winter ration for the fowls. When cabbage and beets are not available, sprouted oats can be easily fed. Soak the oats in a bucket for at least 24 hours and then place



A Grit Box Saves Waste.

in a pile on a shelf of a sprouter. On the third day spread them out on the different shelves and let them grow to a height of not over two inches, then feed them. Keep the oats in a room of moderate temperature and dampen every day.

FURNISH SOME GREEN FOOD

Either Lettuce Grown in Hotbeds or Sprouted Oats Are Excellent for the Little Chicks.

Be prepared with some sort of green stuff for the little ones. Either lettuce grown in hotbeds or sprouted oats, handled in boxes. Whatever it may be, it should not be omitted, as it is just as essential as fruit and vegetables are to the average person. Have convenient and sanitary water vessels so made that chicks can drink without being able to get into the water with their dirty feet. These should be well scalded out at least once a week where used for the right little ones. Soft feed, if used, should be fed either upon fresh papers each time or in small troughs, and not thrown on the ground, which may contain all kinds of filth and contamination. Striving to avoid all the points of common carelessness and dirty conditions is the road leading to success with chicks.

Comfortable Chicken House.

If your chicken house is not real warm and tight, get some burlap and make a curtain to hang around the perches at night. Hang the curtain to the roof, and have it long enough to reach the floor. This will cost little and will pay well.

Get Incubator Ready.

It's none too early to make sure that the incubator is in good repair and ready for business. If buying a new one, don't wait too long before starting it.

FARM POULTRY



RULES FOR FEEDING FOWLS

Much Depends Upon Age, Breed, Vigor, Housing and Range Allowed—Hen Must Be the Gauge.

There can be no hard and fast rules laid down as to the amount to feed fowls except this: feed all they will eat up clean at each meal. Hardly a week passes that the writer is not called on to tell how much grain or mash should be fed per hen per day, writes J. E. Dougherty in Orchard and Farm.

The quantity of feed eaten depends on breed, age, vigor, housing, range allowed, season of the year and many other factors which the ordinary man does not always consider and appreciate. The heavier breeds will eat more than the lighter breeds. Heavier layers will eat more than poor layers. The feeder must study his fowls constantly and regulate the amount fed at each meal in accordance with the appetites of the fowls. A little study and experience will soon enable one to become quite expert in feeding provided he really is interested enough in his task to watch and study his fowls closely.

There is a saying among stock men that good breeders are born and not made. Be that as it may, we are sure that anyone with an instinctive love for fowls, a willingness to learn and good common sense can soon develop into a good feeder and a successful poultry man.

It will take, on the average, about seventy-five pounds of feed per year per hen. This amount may vary a little either way depending on the breed, but is a good average figure on which to base calculations as to the cost to feed a hen per year and the approximate amount to feed per day. If a daily feed consumption curve were drawn, we would find that the daily feed eaten would vary during different months, the winter consumption being heavier than that of summer. The hen herself must be the gauge by which to determine the amount fed from day to day.

BEST BREEDS FOR FATTENING

Plymouth Rocks, Wyandottes, Rhode Island Reds and Orpingtons Will Do Well in a Crate.

The breeds of chickens best adapted for fattening purposes are the Plymouth Rocks, Wyandottes, Rhode Island Reds and the Orpingtons. All these breeds, or any variety of these, will do well if placed in a fattening crate. They produce meat and lay on fat very economically, and dress out neat, plump and desirable carcasses for table use. The cockerels of any of these breeds, when taken at three and a half to four months of age, will usually gain from a pound to a pound and a half in three weeks' time. As they get older the amount of food required



A Prize Winner.

to make a pound gain increases very rapidly and crate fattening will not be very profitable after the birds are six months old. Strong, vigorous and healthy birds will always make better gains than those lacking in vigor and vitality. The heavier breeds like Cochins, Brahmas and Langshans will not give very satisfactory results when fattened, as they do not stand close confinement as well as the utility breeds, nor will they make as economic gain.

Green Feed Essential.

Green feed must be supplied in some form. If the chicks are cooped on young grass they will help themselves, but if confined in small yards, green feed should be given them. To be easily assimilated, some tender and easily broken green stuff should be furnished, such as finely cut grass from the lawns, lettuce leaves, onion tops, chopped fine, or boiled vegetables.

Secret of Winter Eggs.

If you have not a nice lot of sharp grit on hand for your fowls during the cold and frozen weather, you cannot expect them to make very profitable returns in egg production. Sharp grit to aid digestion, wheat and meat scraps to tone up the appetite, is the secret of getting eggs in winter.

Trade With Our Advertisers

Spring IS Here!

will be the city in a very few months and NOW is the BEST time to pick out the goods for that new spring suit. We TAILOR them to YOUR measurements, you don't have to wear a suit sewed together for anyone. Our Quality and Style are built into every suit.

Let me show you Samples

W. S. Wilson, THE TAILOR
99 Main Street Downers Grove, Ill.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

WANTED—Room and board by lady. P. O. Box 80. 2-12-1-P

FOR SALE—Household goods. 162 Highland av. 2-12-3-P

FOR SALE—Stucco house, 6 rooms and bath, steam heat, electricity, gas, hard wood floors. All assessments paid. 56 ft. lot. \$3,950. 75 N. Forest av. Phone 32-R. 2-3-1-P

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. L. B. Waples, phone 233-R. 2-12-1-P

DO YOU WANT TO BUY OR SELL real estate? Call 188.

FOR SALE—OAK CORED WOOD. PHONE Samuel Otto, 158-R-2. 2-12-3-P

FOUND—SUM OF MONEY ON FEB. 4 in High School building. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for this advertisement. Call at Reporter office.

FOR SALE—S. C. RHODE ISLAND RED Cockerels and Pullets. Setters from prize-winning stock. Taking orders now for baby chicks for April 1st. My stock is direct from F. E. Harrison (Royal Red strain). MRS. HALBERT JONES, 35 Chicago av., phone 16-R. 2-12-3-P

FOR SALE—WHITE ORPINGTON Cockerels, first, second and third prize winners at Chicago Poultry Show, last season. Phone 160-R-1. 2-12-3-P

WOMEN PRIZED AS PROPERTY

Have a Definite Value Among African Natives and Are Treated Accordingly.

Although woman in Africa is regarded as property, she has certain rights which are seldom infringed upon, and of these the most important is her right to marry whom she pleases, or rather to refuse to marry one who does not please her, the Southern Workman says. There are two grim reasons for this. First, women married against their wills have been known to commit suicide. Second, women married against their wills have murdered their unloved husbands, usually strangling them when asleep. And to these reasons may be added the fear of marital unfaithfulness. So, in forcing oneself upon one of these women there is liability to a great loss—the loss of valuable property or of no less highly prized life. The young girls are well cared for, partly that they may be comely and draw many suitors. Every girl will tell you frankly that she wishes to marry and have a good husband and children. Every father is anxious to have his daughters marry well. To secure a wife one must pay a dowry in cattle to the father, or, should the father be dead, to the nearest male relative. If a girl is much sought after her father naturally asks a larger dowry. When a man has paid part of the dowry the father may give consent to a provisional marriage and permit the couple to live together. Should the husband be too slow in paying the remainder of the dowry his wife is taken from him. Trial marriages are common and can be set aside by either party. Their principal objects in marriage are mutual helpfulness and the perpetuation of the race.

A Few Fragments.

Only a little of the first fruits of wisdom—only a few fragments of the boundless heights, breadths and depths of truth—have I been able to gather.—Martin Luther.

Common Felling.

How many people apparently prefer to remain morally ignorant rather than know that truth which would make them morally uncomfortable!

Feminine Nature.

Ye maybe ken as well as I do, for ye has a housekeeper, though ye arena a married man, that women are wilft' and downa bide a slight.—Scott.

Your Trouble.

Do not unburden your imaginary troubles on those who may have real ones.—Youth's Companion.

UNDERFEED BOILERS

STEAM HOT WATER

THE WILLIAMSON coal-burning principle—all the fire on top—turning smoke and gases into heat—means a saving in coal bills of 50% to 66% EVERY WINTER.

Cheapest slack yields as much clean, even heat in an Underfeed as most expensive anthracite in the ordinary type boiler.



An Underfeed Boiler is the best investment. Come in and see one. Installed by J. H. Frankenfield

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Our Winter Clearance Sale

Will Save You Money

the entire Stock of Shoes and Rubbers on sale now at a Reduction of 10 per cent.

Odds and Ends Below Cost. Sale Continues for 10 days

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64 South Main St. Downers Grove, Illinois

The Wright Hotel

Formerly the Miller House

Open for Business

All newly decorated and furnished throughout. We will be pleased to have the old patrons and customers and can assure them of good service.

Meals at All Hours
L. W. WRIGHT, Prop.

Phone 241-R

MARGARET AIRD

Shampooing Scalp Treatment Face Massaging Manicuring Work done at your residence
Lyman and Orchard Streets
DOWNERS GROVE

Common Knowledge. Sister—"I'm writing a composition on dogs. Can you tell me anything about them?" Small Brother—"Well, there's one thing about dogs everyone ought to know, and that is fleas."

An Ideal Man. An ideal husband is one who remains unconscious of the fact that his wife is growing stout.—Topeka Capital.