



Miss Jessie Williams of Richmond, Va., was burned to death by an explosion of lard and turpentine.

Bridge Brennan, aged 70, was attacked by logs near Baraboo, Wis., and so badly injured that death resulted.

George Bowers is in jail at Waukegan, Wis., for attempting to murder his aged father and mother while drunk.

Herbert J. Hoffman, aged 22, and Florence Carroll, aged 19, were killed by an Erie passenger train at Youngstown, Ohio.

N. J. Olsen, a shoe merchant of Chicago, Ill., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, showing \$14,000 in liabilities and assets the same.

W. O. Davis, a merchant of Charleston, W. Va., was assaulted and robbed and left for dead in a vacant lot. He expired soon after he was found.

Fire caused by the crossing of electric wires in the tool shop of the Jones & Laughlin steel plant, Pittsburg, Pa., resulted in a loss of \$100,000.

While driving home Judge John Hanson of Palestine, Tex., was thrown from his buggy and sustained bruises about the head and shoulders. It is not believed he was seriously hurt.

Advices from Canton state that the reformer, Kang Yu Wei, was the chief author and instigator of the Kuangsi rebellion and that he is reported to be engaged in organizing a similar great uprising in Kuang-Tung and the Yun-Kan provinces. Secret orders have been issued to the viceroys and governors to use every endeavor to capture Kang Yu Wei, who is believed to be in Canton.

J. T. Worsham, aged 45, the superintendent of the public schools at Oakland City, Ind., died of typhoid fever. He was a prominent Mason and Odd Fellow.

Out John W. Hodge has returned to his home at Vienna, Mo., with the body of his son, Charles, who was killed in a wreck on the Iron Mountain. The boy ran away from home some time ago, but at his father's request was returning home when he was killed.

Fire of unknown origin destroyed one of the car barns of the Union traction company at Anderson, Ind., causing a loss of \$30,000.

The Illinois state auditor of public accounts has issued a permit to organize the Citizens' state bank of Kewanee, with a capital of \$25,000.

While S. J. Naugle, a dealer in farm machinery at Raleigh, Ill., was showing some farmers how to feed a corn shredder near Union Grove his hand got caught in the cylinder. His arm was completely torn off at the elbow.

Capt. John B. Hammer has been appointed deputy clerk for the new federal court at Ardmore, I. T.

A large amount of bagging sent into Texas in anticipation of a heavy crop of cotton is being returned to the Eastern warehouse, not being needed.

Low Cain of Cincinnati, widely known as "Sneaky Mike," was declared guilty of highway robbery at Memphis, Tenn., and given fifteen years at hard labor.

The commission to the five civilized tribes announced recently, after an extensive session at Muskogee, I. T., that the land office for the Choctaw nation would be located at Atoka and the land office for the Chickasaw nation at Tishomingo.

At Kenosha, Wis., Daniel Avery was sentenced to life imprisonment after pleading guilty to the murder of Rachel Davis, a colored actress. He defied the judge as a sentence was pronounced.

James E. Peterson, stabbed at Tockan, Tex., last Sunday, died later. R. A. Hamby was taken to jail at Ochoa.

Gov. Davis of Arkansas has refused to interfere with the sentence of death passed upon Hal Malone, the negro convicted at Van Buren upon his plea of criminal assault and sentenced to be hanged.

Benjamin Rush, an old and respected farmer, 79 years of age, committed suicide at Danville, Ill., by hanging himself in his barn.

W. E. Jones, a "blind pig" keeper of Goodrich, N. D., was so badly beaten by two men that death resulted. His blood was wricked and his money gone.

William Gray, a brakeman, was run over and killed by a train at Hempstead, Tex.

William T. Ward has been appointed deputy clerk for the new federal circuit court at Tishomingo, I. T.

Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans has assumed command of the Asiatic squadron.

The sailing of a new gusher stratum between Bar lake and Beaumont, Tex., is confirmed. The oil was struck to a depth of 2,500 feet. It is proposed to drill a series of wells along the same route, as it is believed the connecting vein between the two fields has been struck.

Mrs. Caroline Frost, aged 57, fell into the water at Columbus, Miss., and broke her neck and arm. She died in a day.

The steamer Hotel at Lemons, Iowa, was wrecked, badly damaged with

The battleship Oregon went to sea from San Francisco and headed for Honolulu. The big war vessel is on the way to Manila, where it will join the American fleet in Asiatic waters and become the flagship of Admiral Evans in command of the squadron.

U. S. Epperson, who has been with the Fowler Packing company at Kansas City, Kan., for twenty-two years, has retired from the management of that company to give his attention to his personal interests. The Fowler employes gave him a solid silver service of 183 pieces.

Interviewed at Sydney, Mr. Marconi said the warship Carlo Alberto would remain on the Cape Breton coast for the purpose of experimenting with the wireless telegraph station at Table Head and would then take him to Boston. He said he hoped soon to give an important statement respecting his success in transmitting wireless messages across the Atlantic.

Plague has broken out in Yokohama. The authorities are taking drastic measures to prevent the spreading of the disease.

In a race between Harry Elkes and Jimmy Michael, the bicyclists, at the Parc des Princes Elkes fell and sustained painful but not serious injuries. The accident occurred as the riders were going at full speed and just as Elkes was passing Michael.

The loss by the recent fire in Amoy, China, amounted to \$5,000,000 in the native quarter and \$300,000 in the British concession. Capt. Fife of the steamer Wanchow and six Chinese are known to have been killed and it is feared other lives were lost. Two thousand native buildings and several British business houses were burned.

Fire destroyed nearly the whole of the business portion of Primmberg, Ia. Loss estimated at \$50,000.

Mrs. James M. Fowler of Lafayette chapter has been elected state regent of the Indiana Daughters of the American Revolution.

Lawrence Fisher, George Rhodes, Hugo Swanson and William Bradish were killed by a rush of gas in a tunnel at Niagara Falls, N. Y.

A jury at Grand Rapids, Mich., has awarded Mrs. Charles J. Lewis \$2,500 damages for the death of her husband, who died from injuries received while being initiated into a camp of the Woodmen of America.

The grand jury at Minneapolis has indicted William H. Johnson, superintendent of the poor, for misappropriating funds, and Charles H. Brown, secretary of the board of charities and corrections, for falsifying the records so as to conceal Johnson's shortage.

The national convention of the Royal Circle in session at Springfield, Ill., elected F. D. Ruggs of Oak Park, Ill., as president.

Arrangements have been completed by cable for another tour of the United States by Sir Henry Irving. It will begin in New York in October, 1903.

James Penn, postmaster at Fountain Head, Cumber county, Tenn., and his daughter Belle, his assistant, have been arrested charged with tampering with the mails.

Robert Simpson was instantly killed and his son Charles, aged 18, was fatally injured by a heavy fall of slate in Zeller McClellan's Company's mine near Brazil, Ind.

John E. Redmond, member of parliament, who came over to attend the United Irish league convention in Boston, sailed on the White Star liner Celtic. He was accompanied by his wife and son.

A bequest to the Rathbone Memorial Home for Aged and Infirm Persons at Evansville, Ind., has been disclosed through the filing of the will of Mrs. Kate Rathbone, widow of George W. Rathbone. It is expected the home will receive \$50,000 from the estate.

Mills F. Rose, a sleight of hand performer, a former resident of St. Paul, committed suicide at Brownston, Minn. Despondency is supposed to have prompted the act.

It is said by Wahash machinists that unless President Ramsey grants them an increase of wages at the conference to be held Nov. 4 in St. Louis there will be a general strike.

Sept. E. G. Cooley of the Chicago schools addressed the Southwestern Iowa Teachers Association at Council Bluffs, defending so-called school fads, such as music, drawing etc.

The national convention of the Royal Circle, in session at Springfield, Ill., adopted an amendment to the constitution whereby the power of settling the meeting place of the supreme body was taken from the hands of the supreme officers and placed with the supreme circle.

A large wild cat was killed in the city limits of Merrill, Wis.

Patrick Gardner, aged 61, was run down by a Big Four train at Brazil, Ind., and ground to pieces under the wheels.

The synod of Texas is in session at Taylor, with a large attendance. The reports show that the Presbyterian church has prospered in that state during the year.

A train load of cotton was burned near Laporte, Tex. The engineer ran into a prairie fire before he could stop and the cotton on open cars caught.

Frank Lee, white, was shot and instantly killed by Jesse Brown, colored, in a gambling house at Coffeyville, Kas.

The National Horse Nail Company's works in Vergennes, Vt., burned with a loss of \$75,000.

The Royal Circle, a fraternal benevolent society, in session at Springfield, Ill., is considering the question of advancing assessment rates.

W. T. Hatt of Erie, Kas., has been appointed assistant meat inspector in connection with the bureau of animal industry.

A train engine exploded at Huntington, Tex., fatally scalding the fireman, Fisher, and badly hurting the engineer.

ROBBERS RAID NATIONAL BANK

Secure Large Sum of Money From Institution at Gardner, Ill.

CAPTURE VILLAGE MARSHAL

Chicago special: Chicago was the scene of a man hunt in which five bank robbers, two bloodhounds and a score of city detectives figured. The chase followed a bold raid on the Exchange National bank of Gardner, Ill., committed at 3 in the morning, and the flight of the robbers to Chicago on the Alton passenger train, which reached the city at 7:10 a. m. The amount of money secured by the robbers is variously estimated at from \$4,000 to \$15,000.

Gardner, the scene of the robbery, has 1,200 population and is sixty-five miles southwest of Chicago. The police force of the place consists only of Marshal Neils Edmundson. Shortly after midnight the marshal was smoking in the engine house, when he heard a team drive through the village streets. He went to the door and was confronted by five men, who presented revolvers and commanded him to go with them to the bank.

Proud of Their Work. Once in the bank the marshal was tied hand and foot, and the cracksmen went directly to their task. They had previously secured a crow bar from a blacksmith shop, and were well equipped with drills and explosives. A hole was drilled in the large safe, and the robbers asked Edmundson to take note of the skill with which their work was being done. A muffled explosion shook the iron door loose and the vault was quickly rifled of its cash, which was divided among the robbers on the spot.

Secure the Marshal. Then the robbers deliberately devoted themselves to disposing of Edmundson. They unlocked a door and passed to the second floor, where a chair was brought to the edge of the stairway and the marshal tightly roped to it, a cord about his neck and tied to a support above, so if he struggled to free himself he would be hanged.

This done the robbers went to the Alton depot, where they boarded the train leaving at 4:40 o'clock for Chicago.

ROB SALOONKEEPER. Hold-Up Men Secure \$8,000 From Appleton Resident. Appleton, Wis., dispatch: Martin Cornelius, a wealthy saloonkeeper of this city, was held up and robbed of \$8,000. Cornelius was in Oshkosh, where he intended purchasing some real estate. He left Oshkosh about 6 o'clock and arrived at Appleton shortly before 9 o'clock. Leaving the Interurban car at the corner of Pacific and Bates streets, he met two men, who ordered him to throw up his hands and took his money.

Prairie Bank Suspect. Des Moines, Ia., special: One suspect was arrested at Pella in connection with the Prairie City bank robbery and is being held to await identification by the night watchman, Erskine, and Dentist Gifford. The loss has been definitely placed at \$4,500.

Recovers Plunder. Miles City, Mont., special: Warden McTague of the state penitentiary, accompanied by Fred Morrow, a convict, recovered \$4,500 in money which Morrow stole May 29, 1900, from the Northern Pacific Express Company and concealed near the Tongue river bridge.

Crack a Safe. Rochester, N. Y., dispatch: The vault of the private bank of Charles K. Knapp at Sodus was broken into with dynamite by burglars and a sum believed to be \$5,000 was secured.

Safe-Blowers Work in Vain. Sioux City, Ia., special: Robbers wrecked the safe in the Bank of Buffalo County at Gann Valley, S. D., but fled without securing any money.

WOULD REMOVE MEAT BARRIER

Germans Ask Government to Relax Regulations on Cattle Imports.

BEST BEEF 44 CENTS A POUND

Increasing pressure is being brought to bear on the German government with the object of opening the frontiers for the importation of foreign animals and a relaxation of the regulations created to exclude meat or for something which will afford relief from the excessive prices of meat, which have now risen to levels which are prohibitive for the laboring people and which are seriously affecting the resources of middle-class families.

Must Raise Salaries. The magistracy of Berlin, for instance, in a petition to the government says that if the prices of meat continue as high as they are now the salaries of the city employes must be raised, because their present salaries were based on times when the cost of food was much less than at present. The petitioners also say that the expenses of the municipal institutions already have increased \$750,000 during the current year, which is attributed wholly to the higher price of meat.

Beef Comes High. The best beef retails at 44 cents a pound and other meats are proportionately high. The wholesale prices in the German markets are from 15 to 25 per cent higher than in those of neighboring countries, hence the people who advocate government action assert that the scarcity of animals is due to the closed frontiers and the exclusion of many kinds of foreign dressed meats, the German farmers seeming unable to raise enough animals for their country's requirements. Profits Are Small. Carl Marx of Frankfurt-on-the-Main, chairman of the National Butchers' Association, and J. H. Schuchmaker, head master of the Hamburg Butchers' guild, have had a lengthy conference with Agricultural Minister Von Podbielski in an effort to remedy the situation. They pointed out that the butchers, though selling at high prices, are unable to make as much profit as by larger sales and lower prices. The entire trade, therefore, asked for an alleviation of the conditions that limit the consumption of meat.

Rely on Home Farmers. Herr Von Podbielski recognized fully that the present situation was intolerable and he expressed the hope that the German farmers would soon be able to depress prices through an increased supply of animals. Should this not take place, he added, the government would consider the adoption of remedies.

Home Secretary Posadowsky in the reichstag during the meat debate affirmed that the farmers were able to supply the country's needs, and this statement is taken by the Fleischerei Zeitung as meaning that the government has already reached the conclusion that no action is necessary.

STRIKE BOARD'S FIRST DECISION

Any Change in Wage Scale Is to Be Made Effective as of Nov. 1.

IS AGREEABLE TO BOTH SIDES

Scranton, Pa., dispatch: The coal strike commission has adopted a resolution that if any change is made in the rate of wages it shall go into effect from Nov. 1. The resolution was that "if the commission, at the conclusion of its hearings and deliberations, makes any awards affecting the existing rate of wages, such awards shall take effect from Nov. 1."

The commission decided that as the question is a big one, and as the miners might clamor for results sooner than they would be able to give them, and there might thus be pressure upon them to report a decision it was deemed wise to avoid undue haste, and to make the announcement, thus enabling all parties to facilitate their calculations.

President Mitchell said of this: "It is satisfactory to the mine workers. It will give the operators an opportunity to arrange their books, and the mine workers will know where they stand."

Operators Are Satisfied. Superintendent R. C. Phillips of the Delaware and Western, the largest operating company in the Lackawanna region, said: "We are quite satisfied with that."

Of the arrangements for taking of testimony the commission believes in adopting court rules as far as possible, but allowing more latitude in the admission of evidence.

The commission has virtually decided to make two findings, the preliminary one being its verdict on questions of vital importance to the mine workers—wages, hours of labor and weighing of coal. This will be reported as soon as the commission can agree, after a thorough investigation of the conditions. The other will be the finding which is to adjust the relation between the miners and their employers in the future, providing for the adjustment of grievances and for the settlement of all matters in dispute without recourse to a strike. As this finding is expected to have an important bearing upon the government of labor conditions throughout the entire country it will require more deliberation and consideration than the three points which apply directly to the mine workers of the anthracite region.

All May Be Heard. It was decided to notify individual operators that they will be heard before the commission in the same manner as the big companies if they desire to attend. There are sixty-seven of these.

President Mitchell engaged three Wilkesbarre attorneys, James L. Lenahan, John and James Shea, to aid him in preparing his report to the commission in legal form. Attorney Clarence Darrow left for Chicago and will remain there until after election. He has statistics from nearly every colliery in the anthracite region, showing the wages the employes earn, what it costs to live, school facilities, duration of school term, etc.

BUBONIC PLAGUE ON THE INCREASE

Thirty-Five Cases of the Disease in California Last Year.

FEAR THAT IT MAY SPREAD

Officials of the Marine Hospital Service are apprehensive and urge strong measures by authorities at San Francisco to stamp it out.

Bubonic plague, according to the official report of the marine hospital service, is increasing at an alarming rate at San Francisco. The officials of the service are apprehensive that unless the authorities at San Francisco resort to strong measures to stamp out the plague it may spread with disastrous results. During the ten months of this year thirty-five cases of bubonic plague have been located in California, each case proving fatal. The startling phase of the situation is that during the first six months of this year there were only six cases, the last four months having developed twenty-nine.

Disease May Spread. The climatic and sanitary conditions at San Francisco are favorable to the health authorities in the work of stamping out the plague. As long as the disease can be confined to that city there is little cause for fear, but the grave danger lies in the probability that with the increase in the number of cases at San Francisco the plague will be carried to some other city where the climatic and sanitary conditions are not so favorable. Chicago and New Orleans, only three days distant from San Francisco, offer conditions, officials say, that would probably develop a real plague should it reach these places.

Easily Diagnosed. Experts who have studied the disease report that there is danger of the plague being improperly diagnosed. The germs breathed into the system will develop pneumonia and a microscopic examination is necessary to discover the presence of the bubonic plague. It is possible, these experts say, for the disease to be in a locality producing fatal results, without its presence being suspected unless the microscope is used. The plague causes death in two days after it attacks the lungs or any internal organ. No attempt is being made by the marine hospital service to disguise the serious situation existing at San Francisco, and it is admitted that the time has arrived when heroic measures must be taken to prevent a national calamity.

THE LATEST MARKET REPORTS

Wheat.

New York—No. 2 red, 78 1/2 @ 79c.
Chicago—No. 2 red, 73 @ 74c.
St. Louis—No. 2 red, 68 1/2 c.
Kansas City—No. 2 hard, 67 @ 67 1/2 c.
Duluth—No. 1 hard, 73c.
Minneapolis—No. 1 northern, 74 1/2 c.
Minneapolis—No. 1 northern, 72 1/2 c.
Toledo, 75 1/2 c.

Corn.

New York—No. 2, 66 1/2 c.
Chicago—No. 2, 57 @ 57 1/2 c.
St. Louis—No. 2, 56 1/2 c.
Kansas City—No. 2 mixed, 47 @ 48c.
Peoria—No. 3, 58 1/2 c.

Oats.

New York—No. 2, 34c.
Chicago—Standard, 32 @ 33c.
St. Louis—No. 2, 29 1/2 c.
Kansas City—No. 2 white, 32c.
Minneapolis—Standard, 33 @ 33 1/2 c.
Peoria—No. 3 white, 30 1/2 c.

Cattle.

Chicago—\$1.50 @ 7.40.
Kansas City—\$2 @ 7.90.
St. Louis—\$2.25 @ 7.50.
Buffalo—\$5.50 @ 8.25.
Omaha—\$1.50 @ 8.

Hogs.

Chicago—\$2 @ 6.75.
Kansas City—\$4 @ 6.60.
St. Louis—\$6.65 @ 7.50.
Buffalo—\$5 @ 7.75.
Omaha—\$5.75 @ 6.55.

Sheep and Lambs.

Chicago—\$1.60 @ 5.
Kansas City—\$3 @ 5.25.
St. Louis—\$1.50 @ 5.60.
Omaha—\$1.50 @ 5.
Buffalo—\$1.75 @ 4.55.

HOLD IOWA MEN FOR MURDER

Levich and Walker Are Charged With Killing Isaac Finkelstein.

Des Moines, Ia., special: Harris Levich and James Walker were indicted by the Polk county grand jury for the murder of Isaac Finkelstein Aug. 7 last. They were also indicted for conspiracy to murder Finkelstein because he was prosecuting a campaign against open gambling in this city. It is charged that Walker struck the blow with a buggy singletree which killed Finkelstein, and that Levich hired Walker, who is colored, to commit the crime.

School to Get \$940,000.

New York special: James B. Russell, dean of the Teachers' College of Columbia university, announces that the \$440,000 necessary to fulfill the conditions of the gift of John D. Rockefeller of \$500,000 had been assured.

Gets Life Sentence.

Kenosha, Wis., special: Dan "Ginger" Avery, colored, the self-confessed murderer of Rachel Davis, a colored actress, was sentenced to life imprisonment by Circuit Judge Beiden.