

TALMAGE'S SERMON. THE LAW OF COMPENSATION, SUN-DAY'S SUBJECT.

Good or Evil Does Return to Him or Him Our Lives—Achievements of Pomology—"It is He That Sitteth Upon the Circle of the Earth"—Is. 40: 22.

[Copyright, 1901, by Louis Klopsch, N. Y.] Washington, Nov. 3.—In this discourse Dr. Talmage shows that the good or evil we do returns to bless or punish us; text, Isaiah xl, 22, "It is he that sitteth upon the circle of the earth."

While yet people thought that the world was flat and thousands of years before they found out that it was round, Isaiah, in my text, intimated the shape of it, God sitting upon the circle of the earth. The most beautiful figure in all geometry is the circle. God made the universe on the plan of a circle.

There are in the natural world straight lines, angles, parallelograms, diagonals, quadrangles, but these evidently are not God's favorites. Almost everywhere where you find him geometrizing you find the circle dominant; and if not the circle then the curve, which is a circle that died young. If it had lived long enough, it would have been a full orb, a periphery. An ellipse is a circle pressed only a little too hard at the sides.

Giant's Causeway, in Ireland, shows what God thinks of mathematics. There are over 30,000 columns of rocks—octagonal, hexagonal, pentagonal. These rocks seem to have been made by rule and compass. Every artist has his molding room, where he may make 50 shapes, but he chooses one shape as preferable to all others. I will not say that the Giant's Causeway was the world's molding room, but I do say out of a great many figures God seems to have selected the circle as the best. "It is he that sitteth upon the circle of the earth." The stars in a circle, the moon in a circle, the sun in a circle, the universe in a circle and the throne of God the center of that circle.

The Achievements of Pomology. Pomology will go on with its achievements until after many centuries the world will have plums and pears equal to the paradisaical. The art of gardening will grow for centuries, and after the Downings and Mitchells of the world have done their best in the far future the art of gardening will come up to the arborescence of the year 1. If the makers of colored glass go on improving they may in some centuries be able to make something equal to the east window of York minster, which was built in the year 1290. We are six centuries behind these artists, but the world must keep on toiling until it shall make the complete circuit and come up to the skill of these very men.

If the world continues to improve in masonry, we shall have after awhile, perhaps after the advance of centuries, mortar equal to that which I saw in the wall of an exhumed English city built in the time of the Romans, 1,600 years ago, that mortar today as good as the day in which it was made, having outlasted the brick and stone. I say after hundreds of years masonry may advance to that point.

If the world stands long enough, we may have a city as large as they made in old times—Babylon, five times the size of London. You go into the potteries of England, and you find them making cups and vases after the style of the cups and vases exhumed from Pompeii. The world is not going back. Oh, no! But it is swinging in a circle and will come around to the styles of pottery known so long ago as the days of Pompeii. The world must keep on progressing until it makes the complete circuit. The curve is in the right direction; the curve will keep on until it becomes the circle.

Well, now, what is true in the material universe is true in God's moral government and spiritual arrangement. That is the meaning of Ezekiel's wheel. All commentators agree in saying that the wheel means God's providence. But a wheel is of no use unless it turns, and if it turns it turns around, and if it turns around it moves in a circle. What then? Are we parts of a great iron machine whirled around? whether we will or not, the victims of inexorable fate? No! So far from that I shall show you that we ourselves start the circle of good or bad actions, and that it will surely come around again to us unless by divine intervention it be hindered. Those bad or good actions may make the circuit of many years, but come back to us they will as certainly as that God sits on the circle of the earth.

The Circle of Centuries. But it is sometimes the case that this circle sweeps through a century or through many centuries. The world started with a theocracy for government—that is, God was the president and emperor of the world. People got tired of a theocracy. They said: "We don't want God directly interfering with the affairs of the world. Give us a monarchy." The world had a monarchy. From a monarchy it is going to have a limited monarchy. After awhile the limited monarchy will be given up, and the republican form of government will be everywhere dominant and recognized. Then the world will get tired of the republican form of government, and it will have an anarchy, which is no government at all. And then all nations, finding out that man is not capable of righteously governing man, will cry out again for theocracy and say, "Let God come back and conduct the affairs of the world," every step—monarchy, limited monarchy, republicanism, anarchy—only different steps between the first theocracy and the last theocracy or sec-

ments of the great circle of the earth on which God sits. But do not become impatient because you cannot see the curve of events and therefore conclude that God's government is going to break down. History tells us that in the making of the pyramids it took 2,000 men two years to drag one great stone from the quarry and put it into the pyramids. If men short lived can afford to work so slowly as that, cannot God in the building of eternities afford to wait?

What though God should take 10,000 years to draw a circle? Shall we take our little watch, which we have to wind up every night lest it run down, and hold it up beside the clock of eternal ages? If, according to the Bible, a thousand years are in God's sight as one day, then, according to that calculation, the 6,000 years of the world's existence has been only to God as from Monday to Saturday.

The Circle of Good Deeds. One day a man comes to you and says, "Good morning." You look at him and say: "Why, you have the advantage of me. I cannot place you." He says, "Don't you remember thirty years ago giving a letter of introduction to a young man—a letter of introduction to William E. Dodge?" "Yes, yes; I do." He says, "I am the man. That was my first step toward a fortune, but I have retired from business now and am giving my time to philanthropies and public interests. Come up to my house and see me."

Or a man comes to you and says: "I want to introduce myself to you. I went into a prayer meeting some years ago. I sat back by the door. You arose to make an exhortation. That talk changed the course of my life, and if I ever get to heaven under God I will owe my salvation to you." In only ten, twenty or thirty years the circle swept out and swept back again to your own grateful heart.

But sometimes it is a wider circle and does not return for a great while. I saw a bill of expenses for burning Latimer and Ridley. The bill of expenses has these items among others: Shillings. Pence.

- One load of fire fagots..... 3 4 Cartage for four loads of wood..... 3 4 Item, a post..... 1 4 Item, two chains..... 3 4 Item, two staples..... 3 4 Item, four laborers..... 3 4 making in all 25s. 8d. That was cheap fire, considering all the circumstances, but it kindled a light which shone all around the world and aroused the martyr spirit, and out from that burning of Latimer and Ridley rolled the circle wider and wider, starting other circles, convoluting, overrunning, circumscripting, overarching, all heaven, a circle.

The Echo of Past Misdeeds. You maltreat an aged parent. You begrudge him the room in your house. You are impatient of his whimsicalities and garrulity. It makes you mad to hear him tell the same story twice. You give him food he cannot masticate. You wish he was away. You wonder if he is going to live forever. He will be gone very soon. His steps are shorter and shorter. He is going to stop. But God has an account to settle with you on that subject. After awhile your eye will be dim, and your gait will halt, and the sound of the grinding will be low, and you will tell the same story twice, and your children will wonder if you will never be taken away. They called you "father" once; now they call you the "old man." If you live a few years longer they will call you the "old chap."

What are those rough words with which your children are accosting you? They are the echo of the very words you used in the ear of your old father forty years ago. What is that you are trying to chew, but find it un-masticable, and your jaws ache, and you surrender the attempt? Perhaps it may be the gristle which you gave to your father for his breakfast forty years ago.

A gentleman passing along the avenue saw a son dragging his father into the street by the hair of the head. The gentleman, outraged at this brutal conduct, was about to punish the offender, when the old man arose and said: "Don't hurt him. It's all right. Forty years ago this morning I dragged out my father by the hair of his head." It is a circle. Other sins may be adjudged to the next world. That circle is made quickly, very quickly. Oh, what a stupendous thought that the good and the evil we start come back to us! Do you know that the judgment day will be only the points at which the circles join, the good and the bad we have done coming back to us unless divine intervention hinder—coming back to us with welcome of delight or curse of condemnation?

Oh, I would like to see Paul, the invalid missionary, at the moment when his influence comes to full orb, his influence rolling out through Antioch, through Cyprus, through Lystra, through Corinth, through Athens, through Asia, through Europe, through America, through the first century, through five centuries, through twenty centuries, through earth, through heaven, and at last the wave of influence, having made full circuit, strikes his soul. Oh, then I would like to see him! No one can tell the wide sweep of the circle of Paul's influence save the one who is seated on the circle of the earth.

I should not like to see the countenance of Voltaire when his influence comes to full orb. When the fatal hemorrhage seized him at eighty-three years of age, his influence did not cease. The most brilliant man of his century, he had used all his faculties for assailing Christianity, his bad influence widening through France, widening out through Germany, wid-

ening through all Europe, widening through America, widening through the 123 years that have gone since he died, widening through the earth, widening through the great future, until at last the accumulated influence of his baleful teachings and dissolute life will beat against his dismayed spirit, and at that moment it will be enough to make the black hair of eternal darkness turn white with horror. No one can tell how that bad man's influence girdled the earth save the one who is seated on the circle of the earth, the Lord Almighty.

God's Omnipotent Mercy. "Well, now," say some, "this in some respects is a very glad theory and in others a very bad one. We would like to have the good we have ever done come back to us, but the thought that all the sins we have ever committed will come back to us, fills us with affright." My brother, I have to tell you God can break that circle and will do so at your call. I can bring twenty passages of Scripture to prove that when God for Christ's sake forgives a man the sins of his past life never come back. The wheel will roll on and on, but you take your position behind the cross, and the wheel strikes the cross and is shattered forever. The sins fly off from the circle and fall at right angles with complete oblivion. Forgiven! Forgiven! The meanest thing a man can do is, after some difficulty has been settled, to bring it up again, and God will not do anything like that. God's memory is mighty enough to hold all the events of the ages, but there is one thing that is sure to slip his memory, one thing he is sure to forget, and that is pardoned transgressions. How do I know it? I will prove it. "Their sins and their iniquities I will remember no more." "Blessed is he whose transgression is forgiven."

But every circumference must have a center, and what is the center of this heavenly circumference? Christ—his all the glory, his all the praise, his all the crowns, all heaven wreathed into a garland round about him. Take off the imperial sandal from his foot and behold the scar of the spike. Lift the coronet of dominion from his brow and see where was the laceration of the briars. Come closer, all heaven. Narrow the circle around his great heart. O Christ, the Savior, O Christ, the man, O Christ, the God, keep thy throne forever, seated on the circle of the earth, seated on the circle of heaven!

On Christ, the solid rock, I stand; All other ground is shifting sand.

WILD ESKIMO.

Some of the Habits of These People a Home.

Returning from the Coppermine, we fell in with a party of Eskimo, who ran from us as we approached, in spite of all our efforts to restrain them. But, as a matter of fact, even had we been bloodthirstily inclined we would have put up a poor fight, because both my assistant and I were quite tired out, and my men had gone on some hours before us. It seems rather incredible that twenty-five Eskimo would run from two played-out white men; but it is quite probable that they may have expected an army behind us. Their camp was a most extraordinary place. It lay on a hillock of sand, with a large lake in front and a pond behind. The knoll was the walls of which were formed of flat stones placed on end, and the roofs of caribou skin. The pond was filled with caribou bones, which showed that the camp had been much frequented. In the middle of the miniature village lay a large heap of raw caribou meat, which the Eskimo store up in seasons of plenty. We waited some time at the camp, hoping the natives would reappear, but they did not. It was their period of good feeding. The caribou were grazing on the barren lands in vast herds, and musk oxen were plentiful, so there was no necessity for them to return to their extra food supply. They had evidently never come in contact with white men before, because no article of civilized manufacture was found in their camp.—Geographical Journal.

Highest of Waterfalls. The highest waterfall in the world, geography tells us, is the Ceresola cascade in the Alps, having a fall of 2,400 feet; that of Arvey, in Savoy, is 1,100 feet, and the falls of Yosemite valley range from 700 to 1,000 feet. But higher yet is the waterfall in the San Cuayatan canon, in the state of Durango, Mexico. It was discovered by some prospectors, ten years ago, in the great barranca district which is called the Tierras Desconocidas. While searching for the famous lost mine, Naranjal, a great roar of water was heard. With great difficulty the party pushed on, and up and down the mighty chasms until they beheld the superb fall that is at least 3,000 feet high.—Land of Sunshine.

Lithographic Stone is Plentiful. A deposit of lithographic stone has been found near Mt. Sterling, Ky., which Eugene Leary, of the United States Geological Survey, believes to be more valuable than any gold mine. "There is no reason," says Mr. Leary, "why the quarry should not control the market in this country. There is no lithographic stone anywhere else, so far as is known, and there will be no difficulty in competing with the German product."

The first factory for the manufacture of cotton sewing thread was located at Pawtucket in 1794.

Those whom we suffer ourselves to scorn or hate, have overcome us.

ILLINOIS ITEMS

Dan M. Hogan, known far and wide as a bookmaker and sporting man, was shot and killed by his son, Dan M. Hogan, Jr., at midnight Saturday in the handsome country home of the family at Wilmington. The immediate cause assigned for the shooting was the abuse and brutality of the head of the household in striking his wife until shot down by his son. The bullet struck Hogan under the right arm and passed through the body. He died at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon. Hogan, Jr., was held by the authorities pending an inquest by Coroner Noel. The jury returned a verdict of "justifiable homicide."

Illinois congress of mothers urges introduction of kindergartens into public schools. Union carpenters at Chicago declare war against owners of buildings on which nonunion labor has been employed.

Physicians decide to keep Captain Sheldon out of Chicago-Northwestern game, but report real danger for patient is past. Jockey Knapp, the midjet rider who aided "killing" at Lakeside Saturday, duplicated his performance Monday by piloting Miracle II. to victory.

Governor Yates has removed Charles W. Nothnagel of Chicago as member of the state board of examiners of architects, for the reason, it is given, that he was not qualified for the position.

Dr. William Henry Hunter died at Peoria aged 88 years. Dr. Hunter was one of the oldest and best known divines in the Methodist church in the west. He had been a member of the general conference on eight different occasions and had resided in Peoria for twenty-five years. He was born in Pennsylvania, first preached in Ohio, and came to Illinois in 1855. He held numerous charges and always refused to be placed on the superannuated list.

Mrs. Louisa Owen West, wife of Roy O. West, president of the board of review at Chicago, died at her home in that city. Mrs. West was born June 16, 1871, at Paris, Ill. She was the daughter of Henry W. Augustus. Mr. and Mrs. West were married June 11, 1898, at Paris, Ill. Funeral services took place Tuesday at the home of Mr. Augustus at Paris.

Fire in the three-story Welshart block at Freeport did \$80,000 damage and for a time threatened the town with a general conflagration. All the ground floor and the greater part of the second story was occupied by F. A. Read's dry goods store, his entire stock, valued at \$60,000, being either destroyed or badly damaged by smoke and water. The fire started from a defective fuse. F. A. Read was the heaviest loser, his damage being estimated at \$60,000, with \$33,500 insurance. The loss on the building was about \$8,000, with insurance of \$12,500. The other tenants lost \$12,000, with insurance of but \$2,800.

M. G. Holding's appointment as oil inspector to succeed R. E. Burke is confirmed by Chicago council.

Gustaf Hall, the 18-year-old Aledo boy injured in a football game at Rock Island on Saturday, will probably recover, although he is still in a serious condition. John Hall, the older brother of Gustaf, who was also hurt in the game, has left the hospital.

Pensions granted: Original—Ferdinand Schwartz, East St. Louis, \$8; William McKay, Chicago, \$8; Cicero New York Wine and Spirit Gazette, Rhinearson, Roseville, \$8; (war with Spain) John W. Michael, Mattoon, \$10; George G. Robertson, Greenup, \$6; Fred Coleman, national home, Danville, \$6; Oscar A. Johnson, Larchland, \$6. Increase, restoration, reissue, etc.—Henry G. Fisher, Elgin, \$8; John Kitchen, Clark Center, \$16; Jas. W. Ryans, Fitzgerald (Fitzgerald), \$6; Joseph Fisher, Bend, \$10; Andrew Edell, Chicago, \$10; Patrick Spellman, Lake Forest, \$8. Original widows, etc.—Della M. Howard, Chicago, \$8; Margaret Lumsden, Chicago, \$8; Mary W. Mace, Belleville, \$8; Elizabeth Hutcheson, Dale, \$8; (war with Spain) Maggie L. Freeman, Chicago, \$20. Renewal (widow) — Mary J. Forbes, Chicago, \$17.

The new station at Jacksonville of the Jacksonville & St. Louis railroad was formally opened with a reception, which was attended by 3,000 people. The invitation to the Jacksonville people was general and a special train brought in several hundred shippers from Litchfield and other points along the line. The station and yards cost \$25,000 and belong to the Jacksonville Midland railroad company, who have leased their holdings to the Jacksonville & St. Louis for a term of twenty-five years.

Charles H. Mertens, partner in a wholesale firm in Syracuse, N. Y., and Miss Agnes York Hamlin, only daughter of Attorney General and Mrs. Howard J. Hamlin, were married at the residence of the bride's parents, in Springfield, Rev. Father Heffernan of Shelbyville officiating. Only a few intimate friends and relatives were in attendance.

The funeral of Ludrick Lau of Blue Island was held at the residence of his son-in-law, Edward Garver, Western avenue and Prairie street, Blue Island. Burial was in the Blue Island German Lutheran cemetery. Mr. Lau was born in East Prussia, Germany, August 28, 1818. He had been a resident of Blue Island since 1854. He was a cabinet maker and carpenter by trade.

At a special election at Percy the following were elected to fill vacancies: Aldermen John M. McDaniels, clerk, John A. Bergfeld, constable, George W. Holman. All are Democrats.

The twenty-ninth annual state Y. M. C. A. convention opened at Dixon Thursday at the Methodist church. Thursday evening Congressman Pegg delivered a memorial address on "William McKinley, the Christian Statesman."

There appears every reason to suppose that the constitutionality of the law exempting manufacturing and mercantile companies from taxation on their capital stock will shortly be put to the test. Several members of the board of equalization at Springfield have announced their intention to tax everything at sight, manufacturing establishments, mercantile houses, newspapers and everything where a question of the value of capital stock is raised. This will cause many suits, but the members of the board wish to have the matter definitely settled. The railroads also will not escape. The committee on this phase of the question anticipates two months of busy work, but its members affirm that there will be a vast increase in the assessments as far as they are concerned. They declare it is better to have the courts interfere in the question than to have any concern standing free of taxation.

Rev. J. W. Richards, pastor of the First Methodist church of Berwyn, is dead from paralysis, following an attack of the grip. He was in his second year in the pastorate of the Berwyn church and had been formerly in charge of several Chicago congregations. He was from Rockford. Mr. Richards was secretary of the Rock River conference and was well known in Methodist circles throughout northern Illinois. He leaves a widow and one son.

Attempt to lay tracks of the Aurora-Wheat and Chicago railway at Aurora despite an injunction resulted in twenty-one arrests.

Andrew Carmody of Lincoln, Ill., was convicted in Logan county circuit court of stealing the horse of Dr. L. L. Leeds. Carmody's attorneys were preparing on Oct. 23 to argue for a new trial when Frank King, also of Lincoln, came forward in court and said Carmody was innocent and he was the thief. Judge Moffatt called a special grand jury, which met today, and after hearing King's evidence refused to return a bill against him. Carmody will in all probability have to serve a term in Chester penitentiary.

John W. Walker, an old soldier of Carrolton, was struck by a freight train at Kewanee and instantly killed. Vandalism at the Blue Island cemetery, one of the oldest in Cook county, where many of the pioneers of the village are interred, has caused official action to be taken by the village government. The following notice has been issued by William Sorgentrel, secretary of the village of Blue Island: "I hereby offer \$25 reward for any information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons who have heretofore or who may at any future period wilfully destroy, mutilate or injure any tomb, monument, stone, vault, tree, shrub or ornament or any object whatever in Blue Island cemetery."

State Senator William H. Harris, Democrat, representing the thirty-eighth district, died at his home in Ferris, Hancock county, of typhoid fever. He was the successor of Senator Orville F. Berry. The funeral was held at Ferris Monday at 1 o'clock. Senator Harris was born in Adams county, Illinois, in 1864. In 1886 he was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons at Keokuk, Iowa. After receiving his diploma he began the practice of medicine at Adrian, Ill. He was engaged in practice of his profession up to the time of his fatal illness.

Dr. A. F. Nightingale of Chicago gave a lecture at the University of Illinois on elective studies in the high schools. Dr. Nightingale said that individual instruction was ideal and that teachers should aim toward it. The taste and talent of students should be studied, because what is meat for one is poison for another.

W. F. Harris, hold-over senator from the old twenty-eighth senatorial district, lies very low at his home in Carthage with typhoid fever. Senator Harris was the leader of the country Democracy in the last senate, and was a hard worker since the adjournment.

John A. Hutter, aged 35 years, a prominent business man, died at Waterloo.

James Bowman, president of the Chicago Federation of Labor, received a telegram that the full executive board of the Illinois State Federation of Labor would be at Chicago to attend the meeting between the governor and the various labor unions on the questions of convict labor in the penal institutions of the state.

There are forty-two cases of smallpox at Hamilton and many others have been exposed by a traveling auction store from Peoria. The state board of health and city officials have the matter well in hand. Four schools in the western part of the county have been closed on account of the disease.

Synthia Prentice, aged 166, died at Utica. She was the oldest woman in this state.

One hundred and fifty delegates from Illinois, Iowa and Missouri were in attendance at Rock Island at the twenty-fourth annual convention of the Western Catholic union. There were forty-five deaths in the society during the last year, and after all obligations have been met there remains in the treasury \$115,243.73.

Revenue collections at Peoria on October reached the record figure of \$3,375,000.

The coronator that is now the most interesting piece of history in our literature that exists, as a veritable witness in the long history of this country its value cannot be overestimated, and not only so, but as a work of art made by order of King Edward I. It includes the stone from Rome, the performance is equally great. What we know the late that befell this chair under the sympathetic charge of the coronator. The coronator's collection contained those specimens that it did not look unbecomingly "smart" and, so to speak, had it been placed, gray with age and history, on the "bath mat" spotted carpet surrounded as it was with the polished brass railings from St. James palace, it would have stood a stout and eloquent witness against any coronator's taste. The chair was placed in the hands of the upholsterer, it was smeared with brown stain and varnish, and otherwise tinkered by Messrs. Harding's men. Dragged along by stinky workmen over the unprotected mosaic pavement of Abbot Ward, I myself saw the chair brought down from the room where it had been "doctored." The hat surface of the chair, back, and arms, still remain in places the ancient game ornamentation. Into these surfaces Mr. Wright, the clerk of works of the Abbey, found men driving "tacks" to hold some of their upholsterers, and very properly protested.—Nineteenth Century.

THE CHAMPION WING SHOT.

Capt. Bogardus Was a Dangerous Expert—once but Came Out Shining. Ferris Wheel Park, Chicago, Nov. 4th.—Capt. A. H. Bogardus, the champion wing shot of the world, has spent the summer here. His shooting school has been one of the features of the Park during the season. He has given many exhibitions and his skill with the rifle is superb.

The Captain tells of a very close call he once had when living at Starbuck, Ill. He had been a sufferer from kidney disease for several years and it rapidly developed into Bright's Disease. All his friends told him that this was incurable and that he would never get better.

To say that he was alarmed to be put in very mildly. This plucky man had faced many dangers and it made him sick at heart to think that at last he was to be conquered by such a cruel foe.

At last he heard of a medicine that had cured many such cases—Dodd's Kidney Pills. He used them and was completely restored to good health.

He says: "I attribute my present good health to Dodd's Kidney Pills and to nothing else."

Strong Sportsmen of the West. Never in American turf history have racing affairs been in stronger hands than now. It is announced that Jas. H. Haggis will return in the turf in stronger force than ever before. Prominent among racing sportsmen just now are such men as William C. Whitney, James R. Keene, Ferry Belmont, Clarence McKay, W. K. Vanderbilt and others of great wealth, their united fortunes footing up over \$10,000,000.

Deaths Cannot Be Guarded by local applications as they cannot reach the damaged portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness and that is by using a special medicine. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a running nose or watery eyes, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and the tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed. This medicine is not only an infallible cure for the above conditions, but it also cures all cases of deafness caused by catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for free booklet. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists. Hall's Catarrh Pills are the best.

Canada to Cede "Beavers." It is said that Canada is soon to have her own mint and that the gold coins will be called "beavers." In value the "beavers" will correspond to our eagle, \$1; double "beaver," \$20; and half "beaver," \$5.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Powder? It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Lowell, N. Y.

The Mexican Army in 1897 was composed of eight generals of divisions, fifty-three of brigades, 304 chiefs, 2,871 subordinate officers and 27,347 soldiers.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 31st.—After investigating Garfield's tea, which is quite generally acknowledged to be the best family remedy, it is not difficult to explain its success. It is the medicine for COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, IT IS PREPARED HERE BY THE GARFIELD TEA CO. In their new and attractive laboratory and is made wholly from simple, sweet and vital HERBAL-GIVING HERBS. Garfield Tea is the ORIGINAL, BEST and most effective and safe remedy.

Philosophy triumphs easily over past, and over future evils, but present evils triumph over philosophy. La Rochefoucauld.

PUTNAM PATENT DYES are the best to stain the hands or feet the best for carpet green and purple. Sold by Druggists, 10c per package.

Patience is no high that the short way will probably return more money to the farmer than any other.

Mrs. Annie's Book of Prayers and Hymns is a beautiful and useful book. It contains a complete set of prayers and hymns for every day of the year. It is published by the American Book Concern, New York.