

Downers Grove Reporter.

By HUGH M. WHITE.

DOWNERS GROVE - ILLINOIS.



Calendar for November 1901 with dates 1 through 30.

MINOR EVENTS OF THE WEEK

Items of General Interest Told in Paragraphs.

COMPLETE NEWS SUMMARY.

Record of Happenings of Much or Little Importance from All Parts of the Civilized World—Incidents, Enterprises, Accidents, Ventures, Crimes and Wars.

Lord Pauncefote called on the secretary of state and gave him assurance there is nothing in the way of an agreement upon a canal treaty which will satisfy the senate.

Delegation from Porto Rican chamber of commerce called on President Roosevelt to urge protection for coffee industry of the island.

Horse show opened at the Coliseum, Chicago, with a big attendance, day opening. Society people turned out in force. Notable animals shown at night in the various classes.

Another case discovered at Boston of a patient who died under Miss Toppan's care.

Boat on Lake Michigan capsized during a storm and four men were drowned.

General Funston soon to return to the United States on leave of absence.

Engineer on an Erie train stricken with paralysis near Corning, N. Y., and the train ran for miles while he lay unconscious.

Miss Harriet Smith, a Brooklyn society girl, made perilous trip at night across the river on the narrow swinging footway of the new East River bridge.

Mysterious prince of India who stirred curiosity of London reaches Montreal on his way to New York with retinue of twenty-eight servants and dancing girl.

American Can and Union Traction stocks break still lower in the Chicago security market.

Financiers are said to have reached agreement on Northern Pacific affairs. Settlement believed to provide for general holding company, retirement of Northern Pacific preferred and division of territory.

New York stock market Monday was dull and irregular, temporary rally led by St. Paul and Union Pacific being the only noteworthy feature.

Mr. Michael Hicks-Beach, in a speech at Bristol, England, declares that cost of war is enormous, and intimates that taxes will be increased.

Aero Club awards M. Santos-Dumont the 100,000 francs offered by M. Deutsch for dirigible balloon.

Unknown man attempts to assassinate St. Petersburg prefect of police. Crew of Colombian gunboat Darien mutinies and vessel is now in insurgent hands.

French minister of foreign affairs instructed the lawyer of the French embassy at Constantinople to ascertain how Turkey proposes to pay the Loroano claim. French fleet arrives in Turkish waters.

President of the United States of Colombia kidnapped by the orders of the political leaders of the country and carried into the mountains.

Wife of Prince Albert of Belgium gave birth to a son, the heir presumptive to the throne.

Tenaga cigar manufacturers seeking export dignitaries in Cuba to replace withdrawn.

British government to send 5,000 more cavalrymen to South Africa.

California orange planter followed visiting daughter to St. Joseph, Mich., to prevent her marriage, but found no trace of her there.

Drunken comrades of Kentucky laborer charged with tying him to a railway track so a train cut off his feet.

Thomas W. Prior of Chicago invented cotton gin claimed to be an improvement over Whitney machine.

Mississippi man confessed murdering his father after his mother committed perjury in his favor.

Wu Ting Fang declared the stories of his recall are so persistent he would not be surprised if they were true. He has had no official notice yet from his government.

Richard A. Swan, former assistant to the town treasurer, has pleaded guilty to 200 counts charging embezzlement from Arlington, Mass.

Woman in Chicago tried to drown her husband. Police officers found her in the water. She was rescued and taken to a hospital.

PAUNCEFOTE CALLS ON HAY.

British Ambassador Brings Draft of New Treaty.

Washington dispatch: Lord Pauncefote, British ambassador to the United States, has arrived in Washington. He proceeded immediately from the station to the British embassy in Connecticut avenue, where he declined to see newspaper correspondents. The ambassador's arrival at the national capital is peculiarly interesting at this time because he is known to be the custodian of Great Britain's draft of the new canal treaty that is to be submitted to the senate very shortly after congress meets. Lord Pauncefote will visit the state department at once and arrange with Secretary Hay for a series of conferences, at which all of the details of the treaty will be discussed for the purpose of arriving at a conclusion that will be satisfactory to both Great Britain and the United States. Secretary Hay has had a copy of the treaty for several weeks and is understood to be ready to make a few unimportant modifications in its content.

The English draft practically concedes every contention of the senate. It admits the right of the United States to construct the canal, to police the waterway in time of peace and fortify in time of war. Most important of all, however, is its provision arrogating the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, which stood for so many years as a menace to American influence in South America.

IN PERIL IN BALLOON.

Eight Men and a Woman Barely Miss Death.

San Francisco, Cal., dispatch: Eight men and one woman missed death in the waves of the ocean by a hair's breadth after a harrowing flight in an escaped balloon at the height of 1,000 feet from this city to Pescadero, fifty miles south. For hours it was believed that every member of the party, bewildered by the dizzy height to which all were unaccustomed, had jumped or fallen to certain doom. When last seen as darkness set in the balloon was sailing faster than men on horseback could pursue it straight for the peaks and yawning abysses of the Santa Cruz mountains. At that time the car appeared to be empty. By some strange provision not yet explained the unmanageable airship with its helpless occupants came gently to the earth just before the sea was reached. But a little further and the eight occupants of the car must have been drowned. As events proved not one of them was even hurt, though all had to walk six miles to get to Pescadero.

Farm Implement Men Elected.

Kansas City, Mo., telegram: The National Association of Agricultural Implement and Vehicle Manufacturers elected the following officers: President, W. S. Thomas, Springfield, O.; treasurer, S. A. Swayne, Richmond, Ind.; secretary, F. E. Lukens, Chicago. Minneapolis was chosen as the convention city for 1902 and it will go to St. Louis in 1903. Among the resolutions were those favoring the isthmian canal, approving reciprocity, urging the ratification of the French reciprocity treaty and legislation along that line, also of irrigation and action looking thereto; approving the Frye bill for a department of commerce, and asking President Roosevelt to embrace such a recommendation to that effect.

Schoen Leaves Car Company.

Pittsburg dispatch: Chas. T. Schoen, founder of the Schoen Pressed Steel company and organizer of the Pressed Steel Car company, together with his son, E. A. Schoen, second vice president, have resigned from the directorate of the Steel Car company and disposed of most of their holdings of the company's securities. W. H. Schoen will remain as first vice president. Charles T. Schoen will devote his time to the new \$5,000,000 company, which he is launching with Charles M. Schwab and others to manufacture rolled steel car wheels.

Industrial Inquiry Is Ended.

Washington telegram: The industrial commission will cease to exist on December 15 by operation of law. The members of the commission are now at home, mostly to vote in the coming state elections. A full meeting of the commission will be held next Wednesday, and the commission probably will remain in session most of the month, going over its final report. This will be embodied in one volume, and will be submitted to Congress about the time the official existence of the commission expires.

Edward Assumes New Title.

King Edward, at a meeting of the privy council in London, signed the proclamation giving him his new title as follows: "Edward the Seventh, by the grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British dominions beyond the sea, king, defender of the faith, and Emperor of India." It is announced that the Duke of Cornwall and York will shortly receive the title of Prince of Wales.

Labor War Causes Murder.

Two machinists working in the Southern shops at Columbia, S. C., Walter Binder and William Seaver, were shot while in their homes by a party of men. Seaver was killed instantly and Binder seriously wounded. According to Binder the attacking men were former strikers, Harry Jones and Arthur McCready have been arrested. McCready claims that he did the shooting in self-defense. The strike has since ended, but it is said there is still feeling against the men.

REPORT TURKEY WILL YIELD

France's Naval Threat Has the Desired Effect.

WILL PAY QUAY INDEMNITY.

Mediterranean Squadron Returns Sullenly to Toulon—Resistance by Sultan Would Result in a Conflict—Positions Taken by the Other Nations.

Paris dispatch: Advice received from Toulon late at night would imply that the French naval demonstration in the Mediterranean has had the desired effect to make Turkey yield to the demands of France. The following dispatch was received from Toulon: "The complete Mediterranean squadron returns to Toulon this evening and anchored in the roadstead." This would imply that the government has received news from Constantinople since morning which has not yet been divulged and which has induced a change of plan. It was reported that Admiral Caillaud had been ordered to cruise within reach of a dispatch boat today for possible further instructions, and it is significant that the torpedo boat destroyer Hallebarde left Toulon at full speed during the afternoon to rejoin the squadron. A dispatch from Toulon to the Figaro confirms the report of the return of the entire squadron and adds that Admiral Caillaud's division is still held in readiness to sail at a moment's notice. Editorially the Figaro and other morning papers express surprise at this perplexing and unexplained move after the dispatch of Admiral Caillaud to the Levant had been officially announced. The decision to make a naval demonstration against Turkey was taken at a meeting of the cabinet Tuesday, at which M. Delcasse, the minister of foreign affairs, explained the sultan's procrastination regarding the French demands and the quay disputes.

Strength of French Squadron.

Admiral Caillaud's squadron consists of the armored cruiser Admiral Pothuan, Chanzy and Latouche-Treville; the second-class cruisers Du Chayla and Cassard, and the third-class cruiser Gallie. The crews aggregate 2,285 men, but the vessels will also carry landing parties. The newspapers approve the government's decision. The Journal des Debats says: "Everyone at Constantinople and the other capitals must be aware that France and Russia are completely in accord on this matter. Under these circumstances it is difficult to believe that the Ottoman government will not come to its sense, and recognizing its error before it is too late relieve us of the necessity of using other means than those of diplomacy and courteous discussion." La Liberte remarks that the fact that Admiral Caillaud had embarked 2,000 marines is a warning to the ports that France will not stop before a slight show of resistance, but will go to the end, even though war should ensue.

Attitude of Other Nations.

Washington telegram: M. Margerie, the charge d'affaires of the French embassy here, had a short interview with Secretary Hay in the afternoon, after which the secretary left at once for the white house. M. Margerie may be considered an expert in matters pertaining to the Levant, having spent several years at Constantinople recently as an attaché of the French embassy. He feels confident that there is not the slightest danger of a dissolution of the concordat owing to the action of the French government in

sending warships to make a naval demonstration in Turkish waters and to seize a customs port. The other nations parties to the concordat understand the situation perfectly, in fact, most of them have grievances and claim themselves like the French complaints, so they may look with complacency upon the efforts to make the ports meet its obligations.

BRIGANDS ARE EMPLOYED.

Three Outlaws to Discover Whether Miss Stone Is Still Alive.

New York dispatch: According to the Vienna Politische Correspondenz, quoted by the correspondent of the London Times and the New York Times in the Austrian capital, a well-known Macedonian brigand has been instructed to obtain information as to whether Miss Ellen M. Stone is still alive. Two other brigands, well acquainted with the country, have been commissioned by United States Consul-General Dickinson to try to get in touch with the missionary's captors. The prefect of the Sofia police has also sent two messengers. Miss Stone's release is again represented as being imminent.

Youthful Copy of Pat Crow.

A 12-year-old boy named Southwick kidnaped the 6-year-old son of G. W. Ryan, a prominent grocer of Great Falls, Mont., and sent a note to the father demanding \$1,500 ransom, threatening to run five pieces of glass into the child's eyes and cut off his hands unless the demand was complied with. Mr. Ryan notified the police, who arrested young Southwick shortly after the Ryan boy had arrived at his father's store unharmed, having been released by Southwick. Southwick confessed that he did the deed of his own volition, and that he had no accomplices. He expressed no repentance, and said: "I would have hit the old man for \$8,000 if I thought he would have stood for it."

Entombed Sixty-One Hours.

After being entombed in the Highland Boy mine at Bingham, Utah, for sixty-one hours, Charles Nutting was taken out by the rescuing party that has been constantly at work since the cave-in occurred. He was alive, but very weak. The space in which he was imprisoned was so small that he was unable to stand. A plentiful supply of fresh air, however, served to prolong life. William Anderson is still in the mine and the rescuers will continue at work until he is found. There is no hope, however, of finding him alive.

Military School Is Ashes.

Jarvis Hall Military academy at Montclair, eight miles from Denver, a school maintained by the Episcopal church of the diocese of Colorado for boys, was burned to the ground. The loss is estimated at \$75,000. Seventy-five students roomed in the building, but all escaped without injury. The origin of the fire is unknown. The building was insured for \$40,000. The library of Canon Rogers, rector of the academy, one of the finest in the west, was partially destroyed.

Burglars Ransack a House.

The residence at Niles, Mich., of Leonide Keating, professor of the science of physical culture, was robbed, the burglars taking jewelry valued at upwards of \$1,000. Mr. Keating is in New York city and Mrs. Keating was in Chicago when the burglary took place. She returned to find that the house had been ransacked from top to bottom.

Leased Locomotive Explodes.

Pittsburg, Pa., dispatch: A Lake Shore and Michigan Southern locomotive leased by the Pittsburg and Lake Erie road blew up near Shanopin station, killing Harry Walters of Sheridan, Pa., and severely injuring three others.

WILL MAKE NO REDUCTION

The Bulgarian Brigands Refuse Less Than \$10,000.

PLAYING FOR BIG STAKES.

Government Authorities Unable So Far to Connect Turkey with Mi a Stone's Case—Samakov Missionaries Negotiating with Kidnapers.

Washington dispatch: An indisposition continues to be manifested by the brigands holding Miss Stone to surrender the woman until they have received the full amount of the ransom they have demanded. Despite the arguments used by the American diplomats and missionaries who are conducting the negotiations, the brigands have not reduced the sum they originally fixed nor have they intimated any intention of doing so. It is evident they believe it can be raised and, having played for a large stake, they do not propose to relinquish a portion of it. Mr. Eddy has been furnished with authority to pay over to Miss Stone's abductors \$65,000 the moment she is surrendered, but through the missionaries he is endeavoring to induce them to accept a smaller sum. The way in which Mr. Eddy has been conducting the difficult negotiations is entirely satisfactory to Secretary Hay, who has approved the measures he has adopted.

May Teach Turkey a Lesson.

While the question of demanding an indemnity from Turkey has not been considered on account of the lack of evidence showing Turkey's responsibility, officials are watching the effect of the naval demonstration which France will make in Turkish waters because of the lesson it will teach.

May Murder the Captives.

Sofia, Nov. 4.—The best method of transmitting the ransom demanded by the brigands for the release of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the abducted American missionary, and of assuring the safety of the captives, are the matters now engaging the attention of the Samakov missionaries, who are negotiating with the kidnapers. It is felt that unusual precautions are necessary in order to safeguard Miss Stone and the others, as there undoubtedly is danger that the captives will be murdered after the ransom is paid.

SAFE-WRECKERS IN IOWA.

Cracksmen Use Explosives to Rob Two Western Banks.

Des Moines telegram: The bank of Arispe was entered by two robbers, who blew open the safe with nitroglycerin, knocking out a portion of the front of the one-story brick building. About \$450 was secured by the robbers, who left their safe-blowing tools in the bank. While the robbers were at work a heavy rainstorm was in progress. The sheriff, with a posse, is following the robbers, who were seen to leave town.

Matlock, Iowa, telegram: Burglars

looted the Bank of Matlock of \$2,000, of which \$300 was silver. There were six men in the gang, all heavily armed. Four kept guard while two went inside. Three heavy shots of dynamite were fired, wakening a good many people. The safe and vault were wrecked and the building is badly wrecked. An old man in an adjoining building was compelled to go back to bed and keep still.

Call Allment Tunnel Knew.

"Tunnel knee" is the latest Harlem (N. Y.) disease in capstan sections, and it seems likely to take rank with the "bicycle face" and other like ailments. It is caused by the blasting in the rapid transit subway work. Pedestrians on Lenox avenue were the first to get "tunnel knee," and it appears coincident with the setting off of a blast. As this is done at intervals from 6 o'clock in the morning until midnight, few escape. The symptoms are an irresistible desire on the part of one's knees to wobble and slip from under, allowing the pedestrian to sit down suddenly in the middle of the street.

Rancher Gored by Tame Deer.

Charles T. Boots, a well-known breeder of thoroughbreds, who has a large ranch near Milpitas, California, was seriously injured by a tame deer, which he fed and petted. Most of the animals were very tame. As Boots left the paddock after caring for the animals one of them chased him, and before he could leap over the fence the buck charged upon him, thrusting one of its sharp horns into his breast. One of Boots' lungs was pierced.

Cigar Trust Invades Ohio.

The American Cigar company, a trust organized under the laws of New Jersey, was qualified by Secretary of State Laylin at Columbus, O., to do business in Ohio. The trust has a capital stock of \$10,000,000 and will have its Ohio headquarters in Cincinnati. James B. Duke is at the head of this trust.

Six Passengers Are Injured.

Little Rock, Ark., telegram: Passenger train No. 321 on the Little Rock and Fort Smith Railroad, which left Little Rock for Fort Smith at 8:45 a. m., was telegraphed at Mayflower by a west-bound freight train. The rear coach of the passenger train was demolished and six passengers were injured, as follows: A. T. Gubora, Hot Springs, Ark., serious; C. A. Ahl, Little Rock; C. J. Trumple, Peabody, Mo.; Miss Nellie Randall, Conway, Ark.; B. E. Pugh, traveling man of New York; J. B. Smith, West, Texas.

THE REBELS GET SUPPLIES.

United States Gunboats Watching Coast of Samar.

Manila dispatch: Advice from Cebu, Samar, say it is well known that, in spite of the fact that all ports of Samar are closed supplies still reach the insurgents. Most of this work is done during dark nights by small boats from the Island of Leyte. Every available gunboat is now endeavoring to prevent this. The capture of Lukban's commissary has proved a great blow to the insurgents, as it renders future supplies very precarious. Conditions in the Island of Leyte are very annoying to General Smith. A large number of junk are used with the express object of aiding the movements of fugitives and landing provisions and clothing.

To Curb Filipino Agitators.

There was a public discussion before the Philippine commission of the draft of the act against treason and sedition. Many prominent Filipinos were present. Vice Governor Wright explained the object of the bill, saying that the Spanish code was unsatisfactory. "There are a number of people living in the Philippines," remarked Mr. Wright, "who, so long as there is no punishment for treason, will take advantage of the fact to clog the wheels of the insular government. It must not be overlooked that turbulent spirits exist in the pacified provinces. The masses of the people are susceptible to inflammatory utterances and liable to be influenced by scheming demagogues. It would be inexcusable weakness on the part of the commission to allow the people to be aroused to deeds of violence who are now gradually drifting to the pursuits of peace.

No Temporing with Traitors.

"The recent renewed attempts at insurrection in the Island of Samar and the Province of Batangas (Luzon) and at a few other points, due to noisy Filipino agitators, have caused a feeling of unrest in the minds of both Filipinos and Americans, and the effect of the continuance would be to make impossible the very things these agitators claim they most desire. Such endeavors serve to recruit the ranks of the insurgents and to postpone the era of good feeling and fellowship which must come. No excuse exists for secret political organizations. Their intent must be evil. No matter what may have been the opinions of the Filipinos regarding the sovereignty of the American government, the fact remains that the Americans are here, and moreover here they intend to stay." The bill was then read in Spanish.

LATEST MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Spring Wheat—No. 1 northern, 71 1/2c; No. 2, 69 1/2c; No. 3, 67 1/2c; No. 4, 65 1/2c; No. 5, 63 1/2c; No. 6, 61 1/2c; No. 7, 59 1/2c; No. 8, 57 1/2c; No. 9, 55 1/2c; No. 10, 53 1/2c; No. 11, 51 1/2c; No. 12, 49 1/2c; No. 13, 47 1/2c; No. 14, 45 1/2c; No. 15, 43 1/2c; No. 16, 41 1/2c; No. 17, 39 1/2c; No. 18, 37 1/2c; No. 19, 35 1/2c; No. 20, 33 1/2c; No. 21, 31 1/2c; No. 22, 29 1/2c; No. 23, 27 1/2c; No. 24, 25 1/2c; No. 25, 23 1/2c; No. 26, 21 1/2c; No. 27, 19 1/2c; No. 28, 17 1/2c; No. 29, 15 1/2c; No. 30, 13 1/2c.

Fire Started by Robbers.

Larned, Kas., telegram: Shell's big livery barn was burned, together with twenty-five heads of horses and a large lot of buggy and harness. At the same time the Santa Fe railroad safe was blown to pieces with dynamite and the depot badly wrecked. It is believed the safe blowers set the livery stable on fire in order to attract the crowd to another part of town while they worked on the Santa Fe safe. Over a dozen shots were exchanged between the robbers and citizens who rushed to the depot. In the darkness and confusion the robbers escaped. They secured no booty.

Beat and Rob Old Farmer.

Appleton, Wis., telegram: Two masked men entered the house of F. J. Gilmore, an aged farmer residing four miles from this city, pounded him into insensibility and secured a bank certificate of \$100 and \$68 in currency. Mr. Gilmore has lived alone in a small house on the Center road for many years. He reports having seen the two men pass his home earlier in the day.

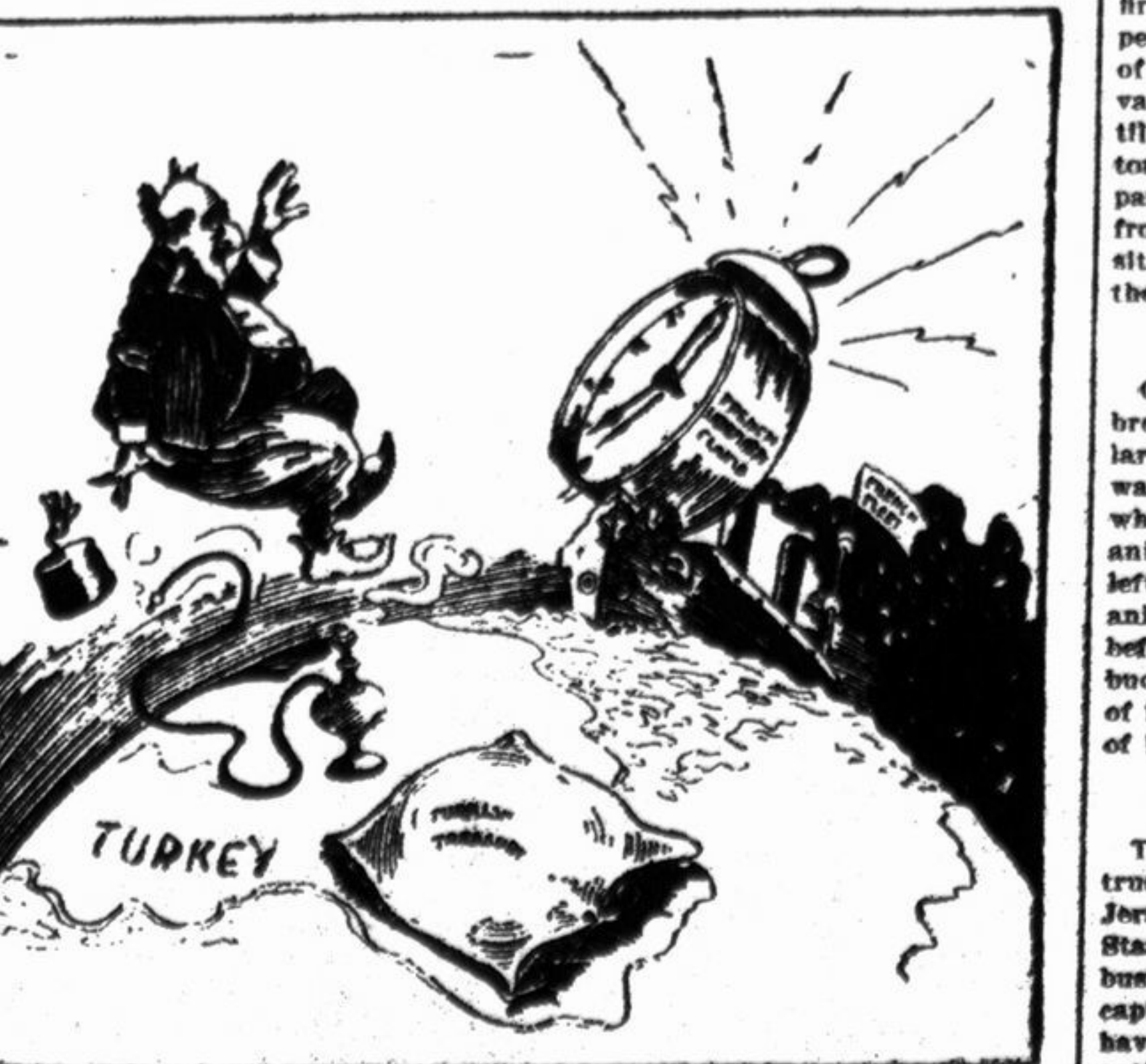
Convict Stabs Prison Mate.

Columbus, Ohio dispatch: While the prisoners were marching into the dining room last evening at the Ohio penitentiary, Curly Logan, a one-armed prisoner from Indian Territory, reached over with a pen-knife and cut a big gash in the throat of Frank Williams of Franklin county. Convict Williams will die.

Nation to Control Toxic.

The deaths resulting from the use of anti-toxin at St. Louis has strengthened the impression among the National Live Stock association that the entire government ought to have the control of anti-toxin in charge. Dr. Charles Grosswell, the veterinarian of the association, has been requested at Denver to draw up a resolution on the subject. This resolution will be presented before the National Live Stock convention next month in Chicago, and a fight will be made to secure national legislation this winter.

THE SLEEPER AWAKENED.



The Sultan—"There goes that alarm clock again!"—Chicago Tribune.

Closed for Lack of Coal.

Altoona, Pa., telegram: The Altoona Iron Company, the largest industry outside of the Pennsylvania railroad company's shops in this city, employing several hundred men, has closed down indefinitely because it is impossible to secure coal. This is due to the car famine existing on the Pennsylvania lines occasioned by the emergency freight traffic. The local car shops are working double time to supply the demand.

Supposed Murder and Suicide.

The bodies of Walter Snyder and Minnie Reichsteller were found on Mount Penn, Pa., with bullet holes through their temples. A pistol was lying by Snyder's side, and it is supposed he killed the girl and then committed suicide. The couple left a letter in which they said that their love affairs had been interfered with and that they had decided to die together. They had been keeping company for some time. He was 25 years of age and she 21.