"SEEKERS FOR WISDOM" THE SUBJECT LAST SUNDAY.

So to the Aut, Thou Sluggard, Comide Her Ways and He Wise, Having No Guide, Oversoor or Rules, She Providoth Mer Meet * * * -- Prov. 6: 6-8.

(Copyright, 1901, by Louis Klopsch, N. Y.) Washington, April 28 .- In this disourse Dr. Talmage draws his illustrations from a realm seldom utilized for moral and religious purposes; text Proverbs, vi., 6-8, "Go to the ant, thou sluggard, consider her ways and be wise, which, having no guide, overseer or ruler, provideth her meat in the summer and gathereth her food in the harvest."

The most of Solomon's writings have perished. They have gone out of existence as thoroughly as the 20 books of Pliny and most of the books of Aeschylus and Euripides and Varro and Quintilian. Solomon's Song and Ecclesiastes and Proverbs, preserved by inspiration, are a small part of his **voluminous** productions. He was a great scientist. One verse in the Bible suggests that he was a botanist, a zoologist, an ornithologist, an ichthyologist, and knew all about reptilia. I. Kings, iv., 33, "He spake of trees, from the cedar tree that is in Lebanon even unto the hyssop that springeth out of the wall; he spake also of beasts and of fowl and of creeping things and of Besides all these scientific works, he composed 3,000 proverbs and 1,005 songs.

Although Solomon lived long before the microscope was constructed, he was also an insectologist and watched and described the spider build its suspension bridge of silk from tree to tree, calling it the spider's web, and he notices its skillful foothold in elimbing the smooth wall of the throne seom in Jerusalem, saying, "The spider taketh hold with her hands and is in kings' palaces." But he is especially interested in the ant and recommends its habits as worthy of study and imitation, saying, "Go to the ant, thou sluggard, consider her ways and be wise, which, having no guide, overover or ruler, provideth her meat in the summer and gathereth her food in the harvest."

Not Altogether Commendable. But Solomon would not commend all the habits of the aut, for some of them are as bad as some of the habits of the human race. Some of these small creatures are desperadoes and murderers. Now and then they marshal themselves fate hosts and march in straight line and come upon an encampment of their own race and destroy its occupants, except the young, whom they carry into eaptivity, and if the army come back without any such captives they are not permitted to enter, but are sent forth to make more successful conquest, Solemon gives no commendation to such sanguinary behavior among insects. any more than he would have commended sanguinary behavior among men. These little creatures have sometimes wrought fearful damage, and they have undermined a town in New Granada, which in time may drop into

the abysa they have dug for it.

But what are the habits which Solomon would enjoin when he says, "Conelder her ways and be wise." First of all, providence, forethought, anticipation of coming necessities. I am sorry to say these qualities are not characteristic of all the ants. These creatures of God are divided into graniverous and carnivorous. The latter are not frugal, but the former are frugal. While the air is warm and moving about is not hindered by ice or snowbank they import their cargoes of food They bring in their caravan of provisions; they haul in their long train of wheat or corn or oats. The farmers are not more busy in July and August in reaping their barvest than are the aats busy in July and August reaping their harvest. They stack them away; they pile them up. They question when they have enough. They aggregate a sufficient amount to last them until the mext warm season. When winter opens they are ready. Blow, ye wintry blasts! Mang your icicles from the tree branches! Imbed all the highways under snowdrifts! Enough for all the denigens of the hills. Hunger shut out and plenty sits within. God, who feedoth every living thing, has blessed the ant hill.

Wreeked by Extravagauce.

There are women who at the first increase of their husband's resources wreck all on an extravagant wardrobe. There are men who at the prospect of larger prosperity build houses they will never be able to pay for. There are people with \$4,000 a year income who have not one dollar laid up for a rainy day. It is a ghastly dishonesty gracticed on the next generation. Such men deserve bankruptcy and impoverschment. In almost every man's life there comes a winter of cold misfortune. Prepare for it while you may, Whose thermometer has not sometimes stood below zero? What ship has never been caught in a storm? What regiment at the front never got into a battle? Have at least as much foresight as the insectile world. Examine the pantries of the ant hills in this April weather, and you will find that last summer's supply is not yet exhausted. Examine them next July, and you will find them being replenished. "Ge to the ant, thou sluggard, consider her ways and be wise, which, having the freight trains where they ought can one suffer than the loss of eyese guide, overseer or ruler, provideth to be watered and crustacea being sight, unless it be loss of reason? her meat in the summer and gathereth her food in the harvest."

This is no argument for miserliness. Availee and penuriousness destroy a first century, and you know their "There is a God, and he is infinitely man about as soon as any of the other flees. We have heard of those who he chose his thirteenth apostle, who him and worship him forever!"

entered their iron money vault for their corpse not discovered until the next day. But every day and all up and down the streets of our cities there are men, body, mind and soul, forever fast in their own money vaults. Accumulation of bonds, mortgages and government securities and town lots and big farms just for the pleasure of accumulation is despicable, but the putting aside of a surplus for your selfdefense when your brain has halted or your right hand has forgotten its cunning or your old age needs a man servant or for the support of others when you can no more be a breadwinner for your household-that is right, that is beautiful, that is Christian, that is divinely approved. That shows that you have taken Solomon's ant hill for an object lesson.

Does Nat Decline Work.

Furthermore, go to the ant and consider that it does not decline work because it is insignificant. The fragment of seed it hauls into its habitation may be so small that the unaided eye cannot see it, but the insectile work goes on, the carpenter ant at work above ground, the ant at work under ground, Some of these creatures mix the leaves of the fir and the catkins of the pine for the roof or wall of their tiny abode, and others go out as hunters looking for food, while others in domestic duties stay at home. Twenty specks of the food they are moving toward their granary put upon a balance would hardly make the scales quiver. All of it work on a small scale. There is no use in our | dividual lives, order in the family, orrefusing a mission because it is insignificant. Anything that God in his providence puts before us to do is important. The needle has its office as certainly as the telescope and the spade as a parliamentarian scroll. You know what became of the man in the parable of the talents who buried the one talent instead of putting it to practical and accumulative use. His apology was of no avail,

There is no need of our wasting time and energy in longing for some other sphere. There are plenty of people to do the big and resounding work of the church and the world. No lack of brigadier generals or master builders or engineers for bridging Nikgaras or tunneling Rocky mountains. For every big enterprise of the world a dozen candidates. What we want is private soldiers in the common ranks, masons not ashamed to wield a trowel, candidates for ordinary work to be done in ordinary ways in ordinary places. Right where we are there is something that God would have us do. Let us do it, though it may seem to be as unimportant as the rolling of a grain of corn into an ant hill.

Furthermore, go to the ant and consider its indefatigableness. If by the accidental stroke of your foot or the removal of a timber the cities of the insectile world are destroyed, instantly they go to rebuilding. They do not sit around moping. At it again in a second. Their fright immediately gives way to their industry. And if our schemes of usefulness and our plans of work fail, why sit down in discouragement? As large ant hills as have ever been constructed will be constructed again. Put your trust in God and do your duty, and your best days are yet to come. You have never heard such songs as you will yet hear, nor have you ever lived in such grand abode as you will yet occupy, and all the worldly treasures you have lost are nothing compared with the opulence that you will yet own. If you love and trust the Lord, Paul looks you in the face and then waves his hand toward a heaven full of palaces and thrones, saying, "All are yours!" So that what you fail to get in this present life you will get in the coming plague in London, at the risk of his life. Go to work right away and rebuild as well as you can, knowing friends, Rev. Thomas Vincent spent his that what the trowels of earthly industry fail to rear the scepters of heavenly reward will more than make Persistence is the lesson of every ant hill. Waste not a moment in useless regrets or unhealthy repining.

Imparts Conful Lassons.

Furthermore, go to the ant and consider that if God honors an insect by making it our instructor in important lessons we ought not to abuse the lower orders of creation. It has been found by scientists that insects transfixed in the case of a museum have been alive and in torture for years. How much the insect and the fowl and the brute may be rightly called to suffer for the advancement of human knowledge and the betterment of the condition of the human race I do not now stop to discuss, but he who uselessly harms any of God's living creation insults the Creator. Alas, for the horrors of vivisection! I have no confidence in the morality of a man or woman who would harm a horse or dog or a cat or a pigeon. Such men and women, under affront, if they dared would take the life of a human being. You cannot make me believe that God looks down indifferently upon the galled neck of the ox or the cruelly curbed bit of the horse or the unsheltered cattle in the snowstorm or the cockpit or the bear baiting or the pigeon shooting or the laceration of fish that are not used. Go to the ant, thou miscreant, and see how God honors it. In the great college of the universe it has been appointed your professor. All over the land and all over the world there are over-driven | gered out from their cabinets with forses that ought to be unharmessed, vision destroyed. This hour in many caged birds that ought to be put on a professor's study the work of puttheir wings in the free air of heaven, ting eyesight on the altar of science droves of cattle agonized of thirst on is going on. And what greater loss broiled alive that ought to be lifted | While the telescope is reaching farther out of the fire. Christ chose twelve up and the microscope is reaching farapostles for the human race in the ther down, both are exclaiming: names, but in the nineteenth century wise and infinitely good! Worship

wrought for the relief of the brute erebusiness purposes and the door acci- stion, and his name was Henry Bergh. dentally shut and they were suffocated. In my text the ant is not impaled, is not dead, but alive, and in the warm fields providing her meat in the summer and gathering her food in the har-

> Furthermore, go to the ant and learn the lesson of God appointed order. The being who taught the insect how to build was geometer as well as architect. The paths inside that little home radiate from the door with as complete arrangement as ever the boulevards of a city radiated from a triumphal arch or a flowered circle. And when they march they keep perfect order, moving in straight lines, turning out for nothing. If a timber lie in the way, they climb over it. If there be a house or barn in the way, they march through it. Order in architectural structure, order in government, order of movement, order of expecition. So let us all observe this God appointed rule and take satisfaction in the fact that things are not at loose ends in this world. If there is a divine regulation in a colony or republic of insects, is there not a divine regulation in the lives of immortal men and women? If God cares for the least of his creatures and shows them how to provide their meat in the summer and gather their food in the harvest, will he not be interested in matters of human livelihood and in the guidance of human affairs? preach the doctrine of a particular providence. "Are not two sparrows sold for a farthing, and yet not one of them is forgotten before God? Are ye not of more value than many sparrows?" Let there be order in our inder in the church, order in the state.

God's Care of Small Things. After what Linnaeus and Pierre Huber have told us concerning these living mites of the natural world, are we not ready to believe that the God who turns the wheel of the solar sysand the vaster wheel the universe regulates the beehive and the ant hill and that all the affairs of our mortal lives are under divine management? When some one asked a hermit on the top of a mountain in Italy if he did not feel it dangerous to live so many miles from human habitation, he replied: "No. Providence is my very next door neighbor."

He who became Sir Thomas Gres-

ham and built the Royal Exchange in London when an infant was abandoned by his mother in the fields. Did it just happen so that the chirping of a grasshopper brought a boy to the spot where the babe lay and his life was saved? Not so, thought Sir Thomas Gresham, who, having arrived at great wealth and power, chose a grasshophis figure of a grasshopper impressed on the wall of the Royal Exchange and had at the top a weather vane in the figure of a grasshopper. The Waldensian Christians in the seventeenth century were expelled from the valleys, and on their way 800 of them were scarving to death. Did it just happen so that one night the deep snow suddenly thawed and showed a large amount of wheat which had been covered by the untimely snow and was suddenly uncovered so that the hunger was satisfied and the 800 lives were saved? Did it just happen so? Near Port Royal, Jamaica, is a tomb with this inscription: "Here lieth the body of Louis Caldy, Esq., a native of Montpellier, in France, which country he left on account of the revocations. He was swallowed up by the earthquake, which occurred at this place in 1692, but, by the great providence of God, was by a second shock flung into the sea, where he continued swimming till rescued by a boat and lived forty years afterward." Was the release of that man from the jaws of the earthquake a "just happen so?" When during the life and under the protest of time preaching the gospel to the sufferers and 68,596 people perished, seven fatalities in the house where he lived did it just happen so that he came through unhurt?

All Under God's Care.

We live in times when there are at many clashings. There seems almost universal unrest. Large fortunes swallow up small fortunes. Civilized nations trying to gobble up barbaric nations. Upheaval of creeds and people who once believed everything now believing nothing. The old book that Moses began and St. John ended bombarded from scientific observatories and college classrooms. Amid all this disturbance and uncertainty which many good people need is not a stimulus, but a sedative, and in my text I find it-divine observation and guidance of minutest affairs. And nothing is to God large or small-planet or ant hill-the God who easily made the worlds employing his infinity in the wondrous construction of a spider's

Before we leave this subject let us thank God for those who were willing to endure the fatigues and self-sacrifices necessary to make revelation of the natural world, so re-enforcing the Scriptures. If the microscope could speak, what a story it could tell of hardship and poverty and suffering and perseverance on the part of those who employed it for important discovery! It would tell of the blinded eyes of M. Strauss, of the Hubers and of scores of those who, after inspecting the minute objects of God's creation, stag-

Work in Both Houses at Springfield.

EPORT OF THE PROCEEDINGS

Big Appropriation

Monday, April 22.

The aggregate of the appropriations provided for in the omnibus bill is \$3,449,724.85 divided as follows: For the year 1901 \$1,801,746.40; 1902, \$1,647,977.95. Senator Chapman also introduced the omnibus bil for the state charitable institutions These bills appropriate \$990,949.90 for improvements and \$1,649,500 for the expenses of these institutions. Senator Juul has introduced two bills to comply with th Supreme Court's decision on the lodginghouse law, which has been knocked out as special legislation. The bills apply to boarding houses, taverns, inns and hotels all of the previsions of the lodging-house

Tuesday, April 23.

The bill amending the military code se as to provide for the addition of two colored battalions in the National guard was passed in the House. The bill amending the school teachers' pension law by making it optional with teachers whether or not they will participate in the fund, and providing for adding to the fund one-half of all street and elevated railroad license fees and fees secured for ordinance or contract rights held by such railroads, was advanced to third reading. Appropriation bills were passed providing for a number of state institutions. The Senate, in executive session, confirmed appointments recently sent in by Governor Yates.

Wednesday, April 24. Mr. Rinaker's bill giving salaries instead of fees to clerks in supreme and appellate courts passed the house by a vote of 79 to 36. Litigants will pay a flat fee of \$15 a case to be turned into the state. Clerk's salaries will be: Clerk of the Supreme Court, \$5,000 per annum; clerks of the Appellate Court, first die

trict, \$5,000 per annum, second district \$3,000 per annum, third district \$3,000. fourth district \$2,500. Among other bill passed by the house was the one appropriating \$250,000 for an Illinois exhibit at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition at St. Louis. The senate passed the house bill (Pendarvis) amending the juvenile court act, Senator Putnam being the only one to vote no.

Thursday, April 28.

The house education committee bill previding for the consolidation of school districts and the free-transportation of pupils to and from school was passed year, 8; nays, 34. Senator Stubblefield's bill to amend the police and firemen's pension fund act by providing that 2 per cent of the money collected from saloon license shall go to the fund passed, Senator Alden voted alone against the bill. Mr. Crafts' bill providing for an expression of opinion by electors on questions of public policy at any general or special election, known as the referendum bill was passed.

Friday, April 26.

The senate passed the Milchrist bill to amend the civil service law by including in the preferred list soldiers who served in the war with Spain and in the Philippines. Constitutional revision and amendment propositions were on trial at night in the house, which resolved itself into a committee of the whole for the purpose. The case will not be submitted to the jury for a vote until another day, when all members are here, and then all of them will probably fall. Speaker Sherman and Clayton E. Crafts led the debate, the former for a new constitution and the latter for amendments, especially his own amendment.

NOTES OF THE SESSIONS.

William Thiemann of Elk Grove township, Cook county, former member of the legislature, has been appointed to the board of live stock commissioners Gov. Yates, Mr. Thiemann takes the place of James P. Lett of Chicago, Senator Humphrey secured a suspension of the rules when his name came to the senata. and the senate promptly confirmed him. Other appointments made by the governor are: Charles W. Hawes, Rock Island county, trustee Soldiers and Sailors Home, to succeed John W. Niles, Whiteside county, resigned. A. S. Wright, Mc Henry county, trustee Soldiers' Orphans' Home, to succeed William R. Page, Cook county, resigned. Edward Greenleaf, Morgan county, trustee institution for education of deaf and dumb, to succeed John H. Collier, Ford county, resigned. Charles W. Marsh, Dekalb county, trustee Northern Hospital for Insane, to suc ceed W. S. Cowen, Carroll county, term expired. William L. Fay, Morgan county, trustee institution for education of biling to succeed Augustus Dow. Pike county resigned. James A. Bullock, Lake county, trustee Northern Hospital for Insana, to succeed A. S. Wright, McHenry county, resigned. Samuel A. Bradley, Adams county, trustee Soldiers and Sallors Home, to succeed W. O. Wright, Stephenson county, resigned, John B. Joy, Morgan county, trustee Central Hospital for Insane, to succeed F. L. Sharpe, Morgan county, resigned. Herman Engelbach, Cass county, trustee Institution for Education of Blind, to succeed Edward H. Rew, Cook county, resigned. John Culp. Madison county, trustee Eastern Normal School, to succeed L. P. Wolf, resigned. James C. Lane, Kane county, trustee Northern Hospital for Insane, to succeed C. Murphy, Kane county, resigned, Walter Wood, Alexander county, trustee Southern Hospital for Insane, to succeed Louis Krughoff, Washington county, resigned. John A. Brown, Macon county, trustee Institution for Education of Blind, to succeed Walter Wood, Alexander county, resigned. John J. McLallen. Kane county, trustee Northern Normal School, to succeed W. C. Garrard, Sangamon county, term expired.

On Senator Hall's bill to exempt from taxation the capital stock of mercantile companies Senator Shumway tacked an amendment exempting also the capital stock of corporations organized for "the manufacture and sale of electric current and gas, or either." This was done probably to kill the bill which the Illinois Manufacturers' Association wants, and will probably accomplish its purpose.

Belief in the certainty of reapportion ment bills getting through is the marked characteristic of republican members of the legislature Wednesday evening. The subject was considered in a joint meeting of the house senatorial apportionment and steering committees,

The appointment of Mr. Thiemann comsletes the new live stock board. The live stock board has charge of the detection and prevention of contagious and infecious diseases among cattle. It condemns cattle affected with tuberculosis, lumps jaw and other diseases, appraises their value and allows claims for damages. It is regarded a "good thing" in capable

The 5 per cent tax rate bill is practically agreed to by everybody concerned, and awaiting the final vote. Chicago's small park bills went through the senate and moved up in the house. The house township consolidation bill was sent to third reading in the senate. The amended primary law passed the house; also the

hands.

or old. who does not like to see

There is hardly any person, young

ratiroad train go by. There is a faccination in the rush and roar, the engine represents so much resistion strength, and it is all such a triumpl of man's skill that it never falls to evoke wonder and admiration. Yet there is danger in a moving train, and everyone should know enough to keep at a respectful distance while admiring this marvel. "The theory that a moving train carries along with it an envelope of air is very interesting." says an engineer. "I first had my attention attracted to the subject by curious incident that happened several years ago at a crossing near Birmingham, Ala, where trains pass twice a day at a speed if about forty miles an hour. The tracks are seven feet apart and there would seem to be ample room to stand between them in safety between two trains. One day a terrier dog belonging to a section boss was asleep in the middle space, and woke up just as the trains closed in from each side. There was a barrel on the ground near by, and the dog in his fright jumped on top of it. That probably brought him into one of the rushing envelopes of air. At any rate, he was whirled off his feet and thrown clear to the roof of the opposite ear, where he was subsequently found, jammed against a ventilator chimney, with no injury except a broken leg. How in the world he ever made such a journey and escaped alive is a mystery, unless his fall was deadened by a cushion of air. Apropos of atmospheric pressure, it is a well-known fact that there is a 'vortex space,' or 'some of suction,' directly behind any rapidly moving train, and its presence accounts for a grotesque happening that took place some time ago on the Southern Pacific. While the California bound express was going through western Arisona at a clipping guit a pagsenger who was on the verge of lunacy rushed out to the rear platform, climbed on a rail and jumped off. He was wearing a very long linen duster, and a muscular tourist who happened to he on the platform at the time grabbed it by the tails as it sailed by and yelled

WIRE GRASS WEAVING.

for help. They recled the man in like

a kite, and he promised to be good."

Made Near Oshkesh.

"The Creation of a New Industry" !

described as "a romance of the Twentieth century" by Herbert Myrick, who is the author of a large book with heavy crepe paper covers in which is followed the development of the wire grass industry from the time the grass was first woven into binding twine down to the present extensive use of the grass in the manufacture of mattings, baskets, chairs and other furniture. It is interesting to note that the making of wire grass twine was begun near Oshkosh, Wis., on a small scale, in November, 1897. The grass twine proved profitable for binding grain, and the mattings found ready sale. From this beginning an enterprise has developed which operates enlarged works at Oshkosh, a large plant at West Superior, another plant at St. Paul, Minn., and an immense factory at Brooklyn, N. Y., for the manufacture from wire grass twine of furniture, baby carriages and other novelties. The utilization of a grass that had heretofore been worse than worthless is an economic development of as much importance that its promoters are worthy of classification among publie benefactors. Wire grass is useless for grazing or feeding purposes, as is hard and tough, and practically without nutritive substance. The plant is, in fact, only valuable for fiber. Mr. Myrick's book is illustrated with pietures showing the development of the various establishments of the corpora tion which has grown out of the Oshkosh experiment, and with attractive colored photographs showing the various articles that are now made from wire grass. The furniture is particularly attractive.

The Bektashis of Cappadoeia. Throughout Turkey in Asia and Persia there are many scattered tribes either professing heretical forms of Islam or wholly pagan in character. They very naturally enjoy the hatred of the orthodox, by whom they are persecuted. It has for a long time been thought that the devotees of these peculiar sects represent the earliest inhabitants of the land and that mixed up with their religion there are rites that extended back to times far anterior to the rise of either Mohammedanism of Christianity. In order to test this supposition Mr. J. W. Crowfoot spent last summer at some villages close to the ancient Halys in the eastern half of Asia Minor, which were occupied by a sect called the Bectash of Kizilbash. In his report regarding them, made re cently to the Anthropological Institute of Great Britain, he states that the measurements and photographs taken corroborate the supposition re garding their antiquity, but that evidence was also found of an influx of some more eastern element driven westward, most likely, at the time of the great Mogul Invasions. The people nominally worship All, but in reality worship "heroes" from whom they claim descent.-Philadelphia Times.

The post writes lines on time-and time retaliates by writing lines on him. The ratio of the heated surface to the volume of the sylinders has been

RECORD OF HAPPRNINGS SEVEN DAYS.

Over a Bank to Her Booth-Woman ta Mon's Clothes

Former Haster Builder Dies.

Charles Lay, a pioneer of Chicago died in Chicago at the age of 85 years at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Charles E. Allen, 530 Park avenue. Mr. Lay came to Chicago in 1853 and was appointed master builder of the old Galena & Chicago Union railway, now part of the Chicago & Northwestern system. All the freight and page senger depots and other buildings between Dixon, Ill., and Clinton, lows, were erected by him. Mr. Lay was born in Niagara county, New York, In 1838 he married Miss Cynthia Hoag of Lockport, N. Y. They had five daughters, all of whom are still living. They are Mrs. Mary Ann Chency of Buffalo, N. Y.; Mrs. Thomas Burgess, Mrs. E. A. Shook and Mrs. Charles H. Allen of Chicago, and Miss Harriet Lay of Plainfield, Iowa.

Galous Grant Colebration.

The celebration of the seventy-ninth anniversary of the birth of General U. S. Grant, which was held at Galena Saturday, Rev. F. W. Gunsaulus of Chicago delivered the annual address. taking the place of William J. Calhoun. who was compelled to cancel his engagement on account of serious illness. Dr. Gunsaulus is a favorite at Galena. having made the dedicatory address at the opening of the Galena Library several years ago. The exercises took place in Turner Hall at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon. A parade comprising the Platteville Normal School band. members of the G. A. R., and civic socicties, preceded the exercises at the

Illinois Tonchers' Meeting. Several hundred teachers attended the semi-annual gathering of the Northern Illinois Teachers' tion, which held forth in Moline until Saturday noon. Prof. Charles T. Zoublin of Chicago spoke on "William Morris and His Work" when a joint meeting was held with the Western Drawing Teachers' association, who were in session in Rock Island. The drawing teachers selected Minneapolis as the next place of meeting and elected officers as follows: President, Mrs. Jean McWhorter Mellor, Chicago; vice president, Miss Abbie Dean, Rock Island; secretary and treasurer, Miss Adelia H. Denton, St. Joseph, Mo.

Reina Bringe Damage Suit-Insurance Superintendent R. B. Van Cleave says he has been served with notice that suit has been brought against him in Chicago by the Actua Insurance company for \$10,000 damages. The suit is to recover the \$8,000 paid to the state under protest some time ago just after the completion of the examination of the company's books at Cincinnati. The Astna in its bill alleges that Van Cleave as executive officer had no power to levy and collect taxes, and for that reason claims that the amount was illegally collected. It also asks for damages consequent upon distress to its busi-

Death from Balky Borne.

John Muskieweiz and his wife while driving to La Salle from Peru were thrown to the bottom of a deep ravine by a balky horse backing the vehicle over the embankment. There was also in the rig a niece aged three years, but as the wagon started to roll down the steep grade the woman threw the child from the vehicle and saved her. Mrs. Muskieweiz died later in St. Mary's

Medical College Professor Dies. Dr. Frederick A. Larkin, a prominent Englewood physician and professor of the practice of medicine in Denner Medical college, died in Philadelphia as the result of a surgical operation. The body was taken to the home of his father, C. H. Larkin, is Elgin, Ill., where the funeral was held Dr. Larkin was a graduate of Rush

Vateran of Civil War Dond. Capt. Frank A. McHarry died at his home in Chicago, aged 68. Capt. Mo-Harry commanded Company H. Thirty-fourth Kentucky Volunteer Infantry during the war of the rebellion. He leaves a widow, two sons, Frank and Aleck, and a daughter, Mrs. Scholle Beeler of New Albany, Ind.

Medical college.

Woman in Mon's Clother. City Marshal George M. Walker of Cartersville, arrested, presumably man, for lottering, who, upon further examination, proved to he a woman is men's clothes. She gave the name of Bertha McCord, claims to half from Memphis and says she has a husba in St. Louis.

Illinote Soldier's Mooord Francia Patrick Machier, one of th number appointed by the president a lieutenant in the regular army, is resident of Litchfield and son Mayor J. C. Machler. He served a corporal in Company K, Fourth Illinois, in Cubs.

ones Oldert Plansber Ro He-Arthur C. O'Leary, the ol