The Man Faithfut to God Is the Most Patthret to His Country and to His Wellewmen-An Example from the Life of Daniel.

Copyright, 1900, Louis Klopsch, N. T.) This discourse of Dr. Talmage is appropriate for all seasons, but especially in times of great political agitation. The text is, Daniel vi. 16, "Then the king commanded, and they brought Daniel and cast him into the den of lions."

Darius was king of Babylon, and the young man Daniel was so much a favorite with him that he made him prime minister, or secretary of state. But no man could gain such a high position without exciting the envy and jealousy of the people. There were demagogues in Babylon who were so appreciative of their own abilities that they were affronted at the elevation of this young man. Old Babylon was afraid of young Babylon. The taller the cedar the more apt it is to be riven of the lightning. These demagogues asked the king to make decree that anybody that made petition to anyone except the king a period of thirty be put to death. King Darius, not suspecting any foul play, makes that decree. The demagogues have accomplished all they want, because they know that no one can keep Daniel from sending petitions before God for thirty days.

So far from being afraid, Daniel goes on with his supplications three times a day and is found on his housetop making prayer. He is caught in the act. He is condemned to be devoured by the lions. Rough executioners of the law selze him and basten him to the cavern. I hear the growl of the wild beasts, and I se them pawing the dust, and as they put their mouths to the ground the solid earth quakes with their bellowing. I see their eyes roll, and I almost hear the flery eyeballs snap in the darkness. These monsters approach Daniel. They have an appetite keen with hunger. With one stroke of their paw or one snatch of their teeth they may leave him dead at the bottom of the cavern. But what a strange welcome Daniel receives from these hungry monsters! They fawn around him; they lick his band; they bury his feet in their long manes. That night he has calm sleep with his head pillowed on the warm necks of the tamed Hons.

But not so well does Darius, the king, sleep. He has an attack of terrific insomnia. He loves Daniel and hates this strategem by which he has been condemned. All night long the king walks the floor. He cannot sleep, At the least sound he starts, and his flesh creeps with horror. He is impatient for the dawning of the morning. At the first streak of the daylight Darius bastens forth to see the fate of Daniel. The heavy palace doors open and clang shut long before the people of the city waken. Darius goes to the den of the lions. He looks in. All is silent. His heart stops. He feels that the very worst has happened; but, gathering all his strength, he shouts through the rifts of the rock, "O Daniel is thy God, whom thou servest continually able to deliver thee?" There comes rolling up from the deep dark ness a voice which says: "O king, live forever. My God has sent his angels to shut the lions' mouths that they have not hurt me." Then Daniel is brought out from the den. The demagogues are hurled into it, and no sooner have they struck the bottom of the den then their flesh was rent and their bones cracked, and their blood spurted farough the rifts in the rock, and as the lions made the rocks tremble with their roar they announce to all ages that while God will defend his people the way of the ungodly shall perish.

Daniel's Greatest Offense.

Learn from this subject that the greatest crime you can commit in the eyes of many is the crime of success. What had Daniel done that he should be flung to the lions? He had become prime minister. They could not forgive him for that, and behold in that a touch of unsanctified human nature as seen in all ages of the world. So long as you are pinched in poverty, so long as you are running the gantlet between the landlord and taxgatherer, so long as you find it hard work to educate your children, there are people who will say: "Poor man, I am sorry for him." But after awhile the tide turns in his favor. That was a profitable investment you made. You bought just at the right time. Fortune becomes good humored and smiles upon you. Now you are in some department successful, and your success chills some one. Those men who used to sympathize with you stand along the street and they scowl at you from under the rim of ties. But there are a great many men their hats. You have more money or more influence than they have, and you ought to be scowled at from under the rim of their hats. You catch a politics, as though a man were intelliword or two as you pass by them. "Stuck up," says one. "Got it dishonestly," says another. "Will burst soon," says a third. Every stone in **Four** new house is laid on their hearts. Your horses' hoofs went over their nerves. Every item of your success has been to them an item of discommiure and despair: Just as soon as in any respect you rise above your fellows, if you are more virtuous, if you are more wise, if you are more influmilal, you cast a shadow on the prosseets of others. The road to honor and success is within reach of the enc-

down, or I'll knock you down." "I do | watstle come bounding to his feet. me?" said the snowbird. "Oh," said the snowflake, "you are going up and I am coming down," Young merchants, young lawyers, young doctors, young mechanics, young artists, young farmers, at certain times there are those to sympathize with you but now that you are becoming master of your particular occupation or profession, how is it now, young lawyers, young doctors, young artists, young farmers, -how is it now? The greatest crime that you can commit is the crime of

Decision of Character. Again, my subject impresses me with the value of decision of character in any department. Daniel knew that if he continued his adherence to the religion of the Lord he would be hurled to the lions; but, having set his compass well, he sailed right on. For the lack of that element of decision of character so eminent in Daniel many men are ruined for this world and ruined for the world to come. A great many at 40 years of age are not settled in any respect, because they have not been able to make up their minds. Perhaps they will go west, perhaps they will go east; perhaps they will not; perhaps they will go north; perhaps they may go south; perhaps they will go east; perhaps may make that investment in real estate or in railroads; perhaps they will not. They are not like a steamer that should go out of New York harbor, starting for Glasgow, and the next day should change for Havre de Grace, and the next for Charleston, and the next for Boston, and the next for Liverpool. These men on the sea of life everlastingly tacking ship and making no headway! Or they are like a man who starts to build a house in the Corinthian style and changes it to Dorie, and then completes i. in the lonic, the curse of all styles of architecture. Young man, start right, and keep on. Have decision of character. Character is like the goldfinch of Tonquin. It is magnificent while standing firm, but loses all its beauty in flight. How much decision of chraacter in order that these young men may productive of such rarities. Dr. Lawbe Christians! Their old associates rence E. Giffin and Mr. W. C. Coker make sarcastic flings at them. They go on excursions, and they do not invite them. They prophesy that he will give out. They wonder if he is not getting wings. As he passes they grimace and wink and chuckle and sity in an emaciated condition. This say, "There goes a saint," O young Jamaica product is not a real builfrog. man, have decision of character! You can afford in this matter of religion to be laughed at. What do you care for the scoffs of these men, who are affronted because you will not go to ruin with them? When the grave cracks open under their feet, and grim messengers push them into it, builfrog, but with short legs like a and eternity comes down hard upon their spirit, and conscience stings, and hopeless ruin lifts them up to hurl them down, will they laugh then? Christianity for Busy Men.

a man may take religion into his politics. Daniel had all the affairs of state on hand, yet a servant of God. He could not have kept his elevated position unless he had been a thorough politician, and yet all the thrusts of officials and all the danger of disgrace did not make him yield one lota in his high toned religious principle. He stood before that age, he stands before all ages, a specimen of a godly politician. So there have been in our day and in the days of our fathers men as eminent in the service of God as they have been eminent in the service of the state. Such was Benjamin F. Butler, attorney general of New York in the time of your fathers. Such was John McLean of the supreme court of the United States. Such was George Briggs of Massachusetts. Such was Theodore Frelinghuysen of New Jersey-men faithful to the state, at the same time faithful to God. It is absurd to expect that men who have been immersed in political wickedness for thirty or forty years shall come to reformation, and our hope is in the young men who are coming up, that they have patriotic principle and Christian principle side by side when they come to the ballot box and east their first vote and that they swear allegiance to the government of heaven as well as to the government of the United States. We would have Bunker Hill mean less to them than Cavalry, and Lexington mean less to them than Bethlehem, but because there are bad men around the ballot box is no reason why Christian men should retreat from the arena. The last time you ought to give up your child or forsake your child is when it is surrounded by a company of Choctaws, and the last time to surrender the ballot box is when it is surrounded by impurity and dishonesty and al

Again I learn from this subject that

sorts of wickedness.

Religion in Politics. Daniel stood on a most unpopular platform. He stood firmly, though the demagogues of the day hissed at him and tried to overthrow him. We must carry our religion into our poliwho are in favor of taking religion into national politics, who do not see the importance of taking it into city gent about the welfare of his neighborhood and had no concern about his own home.

My subject also impresses me with ing a project for an aqueduct from the the fact that lions cannot hurt a good mountains of north Georgia to bring man. No man ever got into worse water to the city named. The idea in company than Daniel got into when detail is to purchase a tract of land. he was thrown into the den. What a perhaps 500 acres, in the mountains of rare morsel that fair young man north Georgia at some point where would have been for the hungry monsters! If they had plunged at him an enormous reservoir. From his reshe could not have climbed into a ervoir an aqueduct of 100,000,000 galniche beyond the reach of their paw lone capacity per day would be built or the snatch of their tooth. They to Atlanta and be carried through came, pleased, all around about him, large mains to every corner of the as hunteres' hounds at the well known | city.

not like you," says the snowfings to You need not go to Numidia to get the anowbird. "Why don't you like | many lions. You all have them after you—the lion of financial distress, the lion of sickness, the lion of persecution. You saw that lion of financial panic putting his mouth down to the earth, and he roared until all the banks and all the insurance companies quaked. With his nostril he scattered the ashes on the domestic hearth. You have had trial after trial, misfortune after misfortune, lion after lion, and yet they have never hurt you. The Persians used to think that spring rain falling into sea shells would turn into pearls, and I have to tell you that the tears of sorrow turn into precious gems when they drop into God's bottle. You need be afraid of nothing, putting your trust in God. Even death, that monster lion, whose den is the world's sepulcher, and who puts his paw down amid thousands of millions of the dead, cannot affright you. When in olden times a man was to get the honors of knighthood, he was compelled to go fully armed the uight before among the tombs of the dead, carrying a sort of spear, and then when the day broke he would come forth, and, amid the sound of cornet and great parade, he would get the honors of knighthood. And so it will be with the Christian in the night before heaven, as, fully armed with spear and belmet of salvation, he will wait and watch through the darkness until the morning dawns and then he will take the honors of heaven amid that great throng with snowy robes, streaming over seas of sapphire.

JAMAICA PROGS

Only Seven of One Hundred and Fifty Survive Sea Voyage,

The biological department of the Johns Hopkins University has a number of interesting specimens of zoology, some of which will be of value in the higher research work of the department this year, says the Baltimore Sun. The summer vacation is usually a time for collecting queer creatures and plants for winter investigation, a students' trip to Jamaica last summer being especiaaly left last June for Jamaica. Among other things they collected 150 builfrogs. They were unable to stand the voyage to this country, and the seven that survived are now at the univerbut a toad. They were brought to Jamaica from Barbadoes under the impression that they would kill rats. This was found to be a mistake, and the toad remained and is now quite common. They are of a dark brown color, with a body the size of a large tond, and are not edible. Like all tonds, they are not aquatic. A handsome feature of the Jamaica collection is a set of fine tortoise shell turtles all beautifully mounted. A crocodile skeleton was also procured, which will prove an object study for the minor classes in osteology. The Jamaica crocodile is more victous than the Florida variety, living on fish or an occasional native who is unwary. It is also not so sluggish as other varieties, and is peculiar in baving no sleeping time.

Improvements in Campaign Methods, Contrasting earlier campaigns with those of more recent years, it is possible to discern a decided improvement in the relative importance of what may be called the spectacular elements. The torchlight procession, the wholesale illumination of the houses of partisans on the occasions of such a procession, the organization of bodies of men clad in some fantastic garb -these things are plainly less congenial to our people at the end of the tury than they were in its middle, or even during the score of years afte: the civil war. They are essentially childish, and the nation is discarding them as it grows older. Instead of "fuse and feathers," the influence of serious and sober-minded appeals to the reason is evidently growing. The masses still go to "see a free show" -in fact, they go in greater numbers than ever, as the growing facilities of communication render the gathering of vast crowds easier, but they regard it only in the light of a performance. -New York Evening Post.

In the Compaign of the Future. The orator stopped to take a drink of water. As if this had been a signal agreed upon by the toughs in the audience there broke out instantly fussilade of cabbages, dead cats, and other political campaign properties, and the gifted spellbinder hastily retreated behind the sheet-iron curtain. Only for a moment, however, did the disorder reign supreme. A bulletproof phonograph, with steel megaphone attachment, was pushed upon the stage. Its roar of oratory instantly drowned the noise made by the disorderly element that was seeking to throttle free speech, and the meeting

proceeded to a triumphant conclusion.

Science and adroit management had

triumphed over the mob.-Chicago

Aqueduct for Atlanta-

Tribune.

Mayor-Elect Mims and County Commissioner Brown of Atlanta are pushsprings are abundant and build there WEEK IN ILLINOIS. SERVICE SERV

RECORD OF HAPPRNINGS FOR SEVEN DAYS.

Operators and Minors Most and Macass Mutual Interests-Site Purchased for Catuolie College for Boys - Aurors Sousves Go to Europe.

Operators and Miners Block, A meeting of the operators and min-

ers of the Danville coal district and state and district officers of the United Mine Workers of America was held in the armory in Danville to discuss mutual interests. The state officers present were: President Hunter Streator, Vice President Russell Tilton, Secretary Ryan of Springfield. Members of the executive board: Ed Cahill, Virden; Eugene Zellers, Athens; James Beattle, Spring Valley; Thomas Reynolds, Carlinville; Thomas Jeremy, Duquoin; W. E. Smith, Coal City; Oscar Horton, Nastoria. The operators were William Garraghty of Chicago, G. P. Sandmyer, M. Kelly, O. L. Ridgely, Superintendent Halbert of the Westville Coal company of this city, Bernard Himrod of Chicago and J. E. Windsor of Chicago, salesman for the district. Friday a meeting was held by the operators and hoisting engineers of Illinois and Indiana to fix the scale for the next

Fall to Prove Sear's Words. The Chicago police have so far been unable to locate Moses Pearson, the aged Nashville (Tenn.) man who has been missing since Aug. 22 and who was traced to Chicago by aid of a clairvoyant. H. M. Brennecke, father of the missing man, is still confident that he made his way to Chicago and that he met with foul play in that city. He declares he will pursue the search until he finds some more tangible trace of the missing man than is furnished by the register of the Palmer house. The clairvoyant declared that on Aug. 25 Mr. Pearson registered at the Palmer house under the name of A. W. Walker. Such a name appears on the register for that day the seer further declared that Pearson left the hotel and went to a three-story frame house bearing a door plate of "Mrs. Warner." This neither the police nor the son-in-law have been able to confirm.

Rockefeller Is Displeased.

John D. Rockefeller, the patron saint of Chicago university, is much displeased at the notoriety attracted to the university by recent utterances of some of the professors. Prof. Trigg comparing him to Shakespeare was the last straw. Mr. Rockefeller immediately sent a letter to President Harper commanding that professors refrain from the use of his name in any connection. The note is also said to have mentioned something about idiots and to have suggested an insane asylum. The letter was the cause of a star chamber meeting of the faculty in Dr. Harper's room, in which the doctor commented upon some of the "pyrotechnical, irrational and, sensational statements" recently made by members of the faculty to their classes.

Raid on Blind Figs. A wholesale raid of "blind pigs" took place in Englewood Friday morning. Eight warrants were sworn out by C. W. Jones of the Law and Order league, Chicago. The warrants were served in time to bring the prisoners before Justice Duggan at the regular morning session of court. Information concerning the alleged "blind piga" was secured by an officer detailed by Inspector Hunt.

Instruction to Daughters of Rebeksh. A district school of instruction for the third district of Illinois, Daughters of Rebekah, opened at Carbondale, with delegates present from all the nineteen lodges in the district. State President Olive J. Blackman of Harshe returned to the operatic stage, risburg and State Secretary Lola L. making her European debut at Monte Richards of Decatur have charge of Carlo. the work. A banquet was given in Odd Fellows' hall.

Buys Site for Boys' School. Bishop Jenssen of the Belleville Catholic diocese has purchased Glen-Addie, a country house ten miles west of Lebanon, and will establish there a new Catholic college for boys, which he says will make the best of its kind in the central west. Glen-Addie consists of a large tract of land and a mansion erected in 1865 by Colonel Morrison, a hero of the Blackhawk war. It is one of the finest country places in the state.

Aurora Zouaves Go to Europe.

The Aurora Zouaves, victors in the three last fancy drill national tournaments, have been engaged by a wellknown circus for their European tour this winter. They will leave to appear with the circus first in Vinenna, Austria, on Jan. 1. In national turnaments the Aurora Zouaves have competed with and won over the Chicago Zouaves and the Walsh Zouaves of St. Louis.

Stanley Waterloo Bankrapt.

Stanley Waterloo, a Chicago writer of prominence, is bankrupt. He has filed a petition for relief from debts aggregating \$12,776 in the United States District court, and also scheduled assets amounting to \$125, which, he says, are exempt. All the debts were unsecured, the creditors including doctors, lawyers, dentists and others. One of the largest creditors is W. R. Marriam, director of the cens

Current Topics

多数级根据根据来来来收益的证明来来要未来必须是

A Noted Chinese Statesman, A noted Chinese statesman recently beheaded by order of the downger empress because of his too liberal views was well known in diplomatic circles at Washington, as he had served as minister from his country to United States from 1886 to the latter part of 1889. He was Chang Yen Hoon. His death occurred last July, but the outside world became aware

of the fact only a few days since. Chang was an able diplomat and well thought of in official circles. He was a pronounced antiquarian, and while in this country made many visits to the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York, where he could study its rare collection of priceless antiquities. Especially on the specimens from his native land was he an authority, and his information in connection with them was of great aid to the antiquarians of the United States. A memento of his visit to this country is to be found at the



CHANG YEN HOON. Metropolitan Museum of Art. It consists of a hammered bronze vase of the Han dynasty, and is over 2,000 years old. This was presented in 1897 while he was returning home from Queen Victoria's jubilee.

Opera Singer Arrested. Another American woman has been subjected to the ignominy of arrest and detention by the infamous Brigade



May Garlick.

more, wife of the Marquis de Feo. She is now seriously ill from the effects of the brutal and vile treatment to which she was subjected by the police, who, insisting that she was a notorious character, arrested her and kept her for several hours in prison until she was identified. Then she was released with the usual apologies. May Garlick. prior to her unfortunate marriage, was one of the leading singers of the Castic uare Opera company at the American theater in New York. Her husband, who is an Italian, deserted her after shamefully maltreating her, leaving her without means, whereupon

laws

most

May

18

Dr. Edward A. Ross, who has been at the head of the department of economics and sociology in Stanford university since 1893, has just been elected an associate member of the Institute International de Sociologie at Paris. There are only five other members of this society in the United

Miss Babby Jones.

Daughter of Gov. Dan W. Jones, Who Will Christen the Monitor Arkansas at Newport News, Va., Nov. 16.

A Spanish paper asserts that two | barely asceeded by the h lescendants of Columbus, Manuel and The perce Maria Columbo, brother and state

Gen. Frost Passet Aug General D. M. Frost, one of most distinguished citizens Louis, died suddenly at his home it that city last week.

His death was very sudden, for, though the general was 77 years old. he had been remarkably healthy and had not complained of any ill-Gen. Frost was

York and a gradu-Gen. D. M. Front. ate of West Point in the class of 1866. He had fought with distinction in the Mexican war, and the outbreak of the civil war found him in St. Louis a prosperous lumber merchant. He took sides with the confederacy and for two years served in that cause. The principal incident in his civil war casreer was his defense of Camp Jackson in this city and his surrender in May, 1861, to the federal troops under Gameral Lyon. The state militia had been called together for their annual drill and were encamped under Frost on the outskirts of the town. Before they could find an opportunity actives ly to express their sympathies with the south they were captured by the home guards and the Missouri volumteers. After the close of the war General Frost returned to St. Louis and settled on his farm near the city. One of his sons, R. Graham Frost, who died several months ago, represented a Missouri district in congress.

Knew Lincoln as a Boy. There was held near Galeeburg, Ill., recently, a celebration in honor of the ninety-first anniversary of the birth of John T. Barnett, or Squire Barnett, as he is generally known. It took place at the log home west of Galesburg, and many descendants from Knox and Warren counties were pres-

A peculiar interest attaches to the life of Mr. Barnett, for he was one of the young men friends of Abraham Lincoln, who was a few months his

The squire says that Lincoln and he were often together, and that, although he thought much of Lincoln, he never voted for him but once, and that was when he ran for the legislature against Peter Cartwright. He recalls many pleasant incidents. When he first became acquainted with Lincoln the lat-



JOHN L. BARNETT. ter was engaged with William Berry, son of John Berry, in running a gro-

Poters Afree on China. The agreement between Great Britain and Germany on a common Chinese policy is accepted by the United States and Russia as a pledge rather than as a guide to their own action. In responding our government simply assents to principles which it was the first to formulate, namely, the principle of the open door and the principle of the preservation of Chinese territorial and administrative entity. Under the circumstances an assumption of leadership on the part of the two contracting powers would be absurd, and we have only to reaffirm our own views without giving prom-

Received \$25,000 Per Sont. Two years ago Mme. Alva, a singer

famous in Australia, volunteered to sing one evening at Bendigo before some nuns who were about to go into retreat. She is now informed that a wealthy Australian, in recognition of her kindness, "as well of her magnificent

endowment as a vocalist," has left her \$175,000, which is at the rate of \$25. 000 for each of the seven songs she rendered. Mme. Alva is a Protestani

Illinois and Taxas, The state of Illinois has 995,199 me inhabitants than it had in 1890, York and Pennsylvania alone.