

DOWNERS GROVE REPORTER.

By HUGH M. WHITE.

DOWNERS GROVE, ILLINOIS.

OUR CALENDAR.



Calendar grid for the month of September, showing days from Sunday to Saturday.

MINOR EVENTS OF THE WEEK

Items of General Interest Told in Paragraphs.

COMPLETE NEWS SUMMARY

Record of Happenings of Much or Little Importance from All Parts of the Civilized World—Prices of Farm Products in Western Markets.

Gasoline launch T. & J. No. 3, disabled, went on the beach near Muskegon, Mich. Passengers waded ashore.

George W. Vanderbilt started an endowment fund for Clarence Barker Memorial hospital at Baltimore.

The Rev. Anson Phelps Stokes made his first appearance in St. Paul's pulpit, New Haven, Conn.

Health officer of New York is prepared to guard against plague from Glasgow.

One hundred weddings broke the Sunday record at St. Joseph, Mich.

Atlin City, Alaska, mining camp almost wiped out by fire.

Letter-carriers' association in annual session at Detroit.

'White Rats' benefit in New York netted \$7,900.

Roberts is reported to have formally signed the Transvaal for the crown.

Another death at Glasgow Sunday supposed to be from bubonic plague.

Cossacks in China murder women and children.

Captain Mann of British steamer Misconomo found General Cronje and 4,500 Boers, prisoners at St. Helena, well cared for.

Dr. Leyde, in Berlin, said Boers would keep up struggle, hoping for favorable turn in world's politics.

Union Pacific train robbers are reported surrounded by posse in mountains near Colorado-Wyoming line.

Game season opened Saturday under restrictions of new federal law, to prevent killing of birds by pot hunters.

American Bar association heard final reports and after a banquet adjourned its Saratoga meeting.

Robert M. Morton, New York church worker, confidential clerk of importing firm, confessed to forgery.

Decided at cabinet meeting to send a transport to bring back miners stranded at Nome.

Edwin and George Gould put up the money to pay Count Castellane's chief creditors.

Gold in paying quantities discovered along the Sturgeon river in Michigan. St. Paul made trip from Chicago in six days seven hours six minutes.

Forest fires are devastating large areas of timber in Colorado.

Roumanian and Bulgarian peasants fought over the Macedonian trouble. Two killed, many wounded.

Roberts reported Kruger's army in flight toward mountain north of Delagoa Bay railroad.

New Brunswick's premier resigned, and L. J. Tweedie was called to form new government.

Ship with message, supposed to be from Andrea, found off Norway coast.

De Giers, Russian minister at Pekin, will be transferred to Paris.

United States surgeon will investigate plague at Glasgow.

Dowie failed to hire hands in England for lace factories.

Four hundred Christian Endeavorers landed in New York Thursday without money but with plenty of stories of the ill-treatment they received from the managers of a personally conducted tour. They were abandoned on the continent. More Endeavorers are trying to get home from Europe.

A general cut of 11 per cent in wages is to be made in all factories at Fall River, Mass. More than 1,000,000 soldiers are affected.

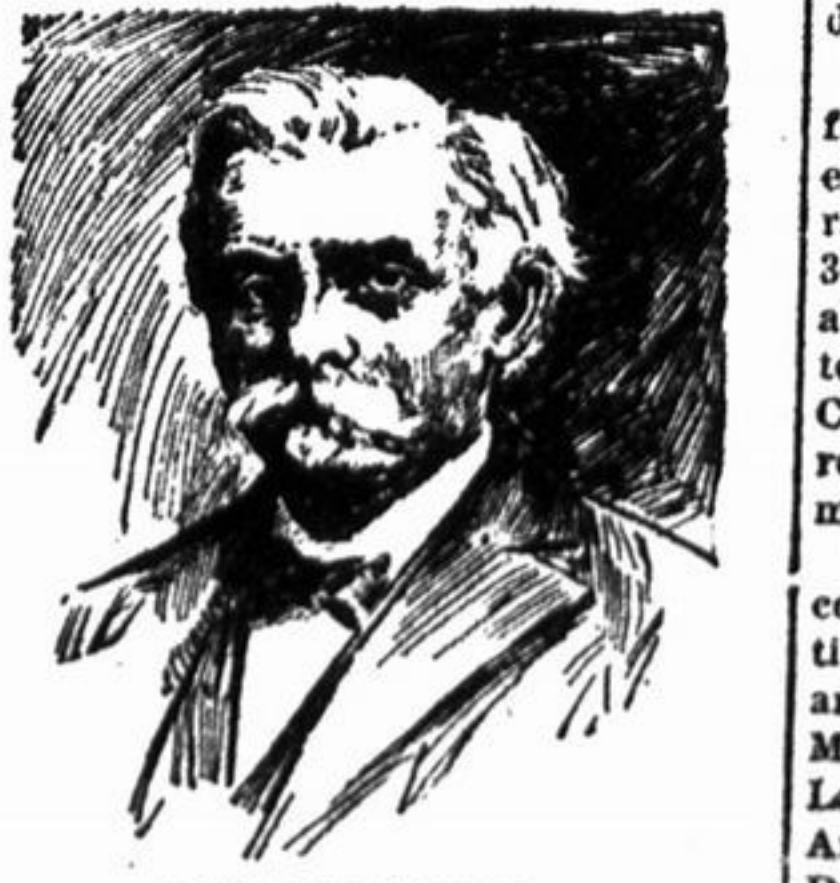
George B. Peck of Chicago addresses the American Bar association at Saratoga, N. Y., on 'The March of the Nation.'

LATEST MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Flour—Winter patents, \$2.70; straight \$2.65; special brands, hard spring patent, \$4.50; soft bakery, export bags, \$2.20; rye, \$2.10. Winter wheat—No. 1 hard, 68c; no grade red, 64c; no. 2 hard, 66c; no. 3 hard, 68c; no. 4 hard, 68c; no. 1 northern, 72c; no. 2 northern, 70c; no. 3 northern, 68c; no. 4 northern, 66c; no. 1 red, 68c; no. 2 red, 66c; no. 3 red, 64c; no. 4 red, 62c; no. 1 yellow, 68c; no. 2 yellow, 66c; no. 3 yellow, 64c; no. 4 yellow, 62c; oats—No. 1 white, 21c; no. 2 white, 20c; no. 3 white, 19c; no. 4 white, 18c; no. 1 black, 17c; no. 2 black, 16c; no. 3 black, 15c; no. 4 black, 14c; corn—No. 2, 40c; no. 3, 38c; no. 4, 36c; no. 1 yellow, 40c; no. 2 yellow, 38c; no. 3 yellow, 36c; no. 4 yellow, 34c; soybeans—No. 1, 12c; no. 2, 11c; no. 3, 10c; no. 4, 9c; clover—No. 1, 12c; no. 2, 11c; no. 3, 10c; no. 4, 9c; alfalfa—No. 1, 12c; no. 2, 11c; no. 3, 10c; no. 4, 9c; hams—No. 1, 12c; no. 2, 11c; no. 3, 10c; no. 4, 9c; bacon—No. 1, 12c; no. 2, 11c; no. 3, 10c; no. 4, 9c; lard—No. 1, 12c; no. 2, 11c; no. 3, 10c; no. 4, 9c; tallow—No. 1, 12c; no. 2, 11c; no. 3, 10c; no. 4, 9c; sugar—No. 1, 12c; no. 2, 11c; no. 3, 10c; no. 4, 9c; coffee—No. 1, 12c; no. 2, 11c; no. 3, 10c; no. 4, 9c; tea—No. 1, 12c; no. 2, 11c; no. 3, 10c; no. 4, 9c; spices—No. 1, 12c; no. 2, 11c; no. 3, 10c; no. 4, 9c; oils—No. 1, 12c; no. 2, 11c; no. 3, 10c; no. 4, 9c; miscellaneous—No. 1, 12c; no. 2, 11c; no. 3, 10c; no. 4, 9c.

G. A. R. ELECTION.

Judge Leo Rassieur Is New Commander-in-Chief. Sons of Veterans have raised \$500,000 and will erect a college in memory of the Grand Army men, where American history and military instruction will be a part of the regular course. Many regimental reunions were held and the old war stories and records of the battles fought were revived. Several of the regiments elected officers for the ensuing year. Members of the Illinois volunteer regiments waged a mimic battle in Washington park, where 150,000 persons witnessed the exposition of modern military maneuvering. Western railroads are accused by delegates to the G. A. R. encampment of breaking faith in the matter of passenger rates. Mrs. M. L. Carr is elected president of the National Woman's Relief Corps. Denver is chosen tentatively as the place of holding the next national G. A. R. encampment. Five brothers who served in different regiments during the war had a reunion this week for the fourth time in forty years. They were William



LEO RASSIEUR.

McCord of Minneapolis, Thomas James H. and Milton McCord of Iowa, and David N. McCord of Nebraska. They met at the home of their sister, Mrs. Julia McCord King, 3766 Lake avenue. There were not two happier men in Chicago yesterday than Louis M. Gooden and George F. Williams two of the many veterans who met for the first time since the close of the war. They were "chums" during the four years of fighting. After the army disbanded Williams came to Chicago and Gooden remained in New Jersey. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year, none of whom were opposed: Commander-in-chief, Leo Rassieur of St. Louis, Mo.; senior vice commander in chief, E. C. Millikan, Portland, Me.; junior vice commander in chief, Frank Seaman, Knoxville, Tenn.; surgeon general, John A. Williams, Delta, O.; chaplain in chief, Rev. A. Drahms, San Quentin, Cal.

BRINGS \$700,000 IN GOLD.

The City of Seattle Arrives with Klondike Treasure.

The steamer City of Seattle has arrived at Seattle, Wash., from Skaguay with \$700,000 in Klondike gold consigned to the Seattle assay office. Dawson news advices are: Americans residing in the Klondike are reported to be indignant over an insult alleged to have been offered United States Consul McCook during the recent visit to the city of Gov. Gen. Minto. It is said that Consul McCook was not invited to attend the reception tendered Lord Minto and was so obviously ignored that Lord Minto noticed the fact and insisted on Consul McCook's presence. The latter was informed of Lord Minto's wish, and came to the gathering. Lord Minto and Consul McCook are reported to have talked long and earnestly together concerning various government matters of high importance. Lord Minto is said to have inquired particularly into the number of Americans residing in the Klondike, their business operations, success or failure, etc., and to have professed great astonishment on learning the facts from the consul.

PRESIDENT OF RELIEF CORPS.

Mrs. Mary L. Carr, the newly elected National President of the Woman's Relief Corps, is a charter member of the organization, which was founded in Colorado, although this is the first time the state has received the presidency. Mrs. Carr is the widow of Byron L. Carr of Denver, a pioneer of the Grand Army, whose support Mrs. Carr had. Mrs. Carr has taken a prominent part in the work of the relief corps since its organization, and her election to the presidency gives a greater field for her executive ability. Other officers elected at Chicago were: Mrs. Belle T. Satterly of Missouri, senior vice president. Mrs. Abbie Flagg of Michigan, junior vice president. Mrs. Sarah E. Philips of New York, National treasurer.

Oil King Bids on Wells. John D. Rockefeller is not devoting himself exclusively to pleasure during his visit to the continent. A report reaches London that the oil king is dicker with the Roumanian government for the purchase of all Roumanian petroleum springs and with the Dutch government for the concession of all wells in Sumatra.

Mother's Heart Is Broken. Walter Bell was run down and killed by an electric car in Cincinnati Sunday. When the news was taken to his mother, Mrs. Annie Bell, at her home in Avenue, Franklin county, she fell dead. Bell was a boy in his teens and was employed in a factory in Cincinnati.

Disease Needs of the Soil. The second day's session of the Cotton States' Association of Commissioners of Agriculture opened at Raleigh, N. C., with increased attendance. Col. R. J. Redding of the Georgia experiment station explained what he believed to be the best method of determining the fertilizer requirements of soils. Others speaking in the same vein were Prof. Milton Whitney of Washington and State Chemist Kilgore of North Carolina. President Stevens has declined re-election.

Railroad President Is Dead. E. S. Washburn, president of the Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis railroad, died at his summer home at Rye Beach, Mo., Friday. Mr. Washburn had been ailing for some time, and left Kansas City for Maine in June last in search of health. Nathaniel Thayer of Boston was recently appointed vice-president of the road to relieve Mr. Washburn of its active management until he should have recovered.

Kites Tow Buoy to Sea. Towed by three great kites at the speed of twenty miles an hour, the buoy Asbury Park has started on its ocean voyage. The kites are attached to the buoy by slender but immensely strong steel wires. To the wires, 1,000 feet above the tumbling sea, five American flags were attached and fogged the brisk wind. No one knows when or where will end the buoy's voyage under such strange 'motive power.' The kites are circulating the Atlantic from New York.

note endorsed the idea and referred the question to Commander Rassieur for an opinion. "I will not attempt to decide the question of the shirt waist," said Mr. Rassieur. "I am sure the G. A. R. would make a fine appearance in the tucked and lace befrilled shirt waist. What style of shirt would I adopt? Well, I would have to leave that to Mrs. Rassieur and my daughter, who design all my wearing apparel."

Merchants of Chicago estimate the amount of money spent by visitors in Chicago during the encampment week to be \$900,000. In the estimate the visitors are declared to have spent most of their money for food, entertainment and street-car fare. On the expectation that each of the 300,000 visitors spent \$10, the merchants had prepared to do a business of \$3,000,000. The State street department and retail stores claim their business by the encampment to be \$300,000. This sum represents an increase of 30 per cent over the normal business of five days, and also the loss of the profits of one day occasioned by the parade on Tuesday. The increase of \$100,000 in the business of the street railway and elevated roads is claimed to be largely the result of increased patronage by residents of the city.

The railroads estimate their receipts from excursions to be \$1,500,000. This estimate is based on the claim that the railroad fare to Chicago of each of the 300,000 visitors averaged \$5. Inasmuch as the business of the railroads is extended to all parts of the country, the Chicago merchants do not include railroad receipts in the estimate of the money spent in Chicago.

The Woman's Relief Corps Friday completed its elections as follows: National chaplain—Mary A. Sims, Indiana; executive board—Georgia Wade McClellan, Iowa, chairman; Mrs. Laura Sherman Remage, Louisiana; Ann Williams, South Dakota; Nancy Danforth, Wisconsin, and Emmeline Chaffee, New York; home board—Mrs. Harriet J. Bodge, Connecticut, and Mrs. Emma Stark Hampton, Ohio; Andersonville prison board—Mrs. Ellen M. Putnam, New York; life member of the National Council of Women—Harriet L. Reed, Massachusetts.

MICHAEL C. HICKEY IS DEAD.

Former Chief of Police of Chicago Succumbs to Disease.

Michael C. Hickey, for many years a prominent figure on the police force of Chicago, died at his residence in Chicago recently. He was one of the first general superintendents Chicago's police department ever had, and served in various capacities in that branch of the municipal service for a long period. He lived in that city for nearly half a century and was well known to all the



old residents. Mr. Hickey had almost reached the allotted three score and ten of man's life.

Mr. Hickey saw service during some of the most exciting periods in the history of the police department. Out of one of the political feuds came charges which were several times lodged against Hickey, and each time he was acquitted of any wrong-doing and exonerated. One of the most bitter attacks was made when Elmer Washburn was chief, and charges of corruption were preferred against Hickey. He resigned pending investigation. The board of police found him innocent and ordered his reinstatement. Hickey, after his reinstatement, held office until succeeded by Capt. Seavey, who was appointed by the late Carter H. Harrison.

Illinois Chinamen to Go.

The two Chinamen who were a few days ago brought to Springfield, Ill., from Cairo charged with violating the exclusion act were Friday ordered deported by Judge Allen in the United States District court. They gave their names as Mon Pon Sue and Shee Sing. Neither could produce any papers to show that he was in the country prior to the enforcement of the exclusion act. Evidence was introduced showing that both Chinamen came to this country since 1892, and for this reason the judge ordered both sent back. J. Otis Humphrey, the United States district attorney, will endeavor to secure orders of deportation for every Chinaman in this district, composed of sixty-six counties, who cannot prove that he was either born in the United States or came prior to the enforcement of the Garry act of 1892.

Panle on Car Kills One Man.

As the result of a panic on an electric car at Silver Lake, a suburban resort near Akron, O., one person was killed and three others, all women, injured. The panic was caused by a fuse bursting up through the car floor. The passengers became terrified and made a frantic rush to get off. Ferdinand Bargetz, Jr., 143 Pearl street, Akron, died from injuries received in jumping. He struck against a trolley pole. The car was returning to this city from Randolph park, where the Democratic annual picnic had been held.

THE WAR WITH THE BOXERS

Severe Battles in the Empire of China.

MANY NATIONS TAKE A HAND.

Persistent Rumor That the Allies Were Defeated with 1,800 Loss Inside Pekin—Conger and Chaffee Both Make Reports of the Situation.

Wednesday, August 29.

After the capture of Tientsin a wild mob sacked the city for three days, when the allied commanders checked the looters. Natives and foreigners united in the pillage and the scene was one of terror. The French marine office confirms the report that the allied admirals had planned to hold Li Hung Chang as a hostage, but is in doubt whether or not he has yet been seized. Russia joins the United States in seeking immediate peace in China and the re-establishment of imperial rule. This move will force Germany to show her hand. Great Britain's undersecretary of state for foreign affairs declares that his country only seeks indemnity in China. He says the powers cannot govern China. Japanese troops rout Chinese at Teh-Chou and kill 1,600, among the slain, it is reported, being Prince Tuan, chief of the Boxers. Gov. Yu of Shen-See lured fifty foreigners by promises of protection and massacred the entire party.

Thursday Aug. 30.

Belated message from Minister Conger says that the foreign troops in Pekin intended to march through the imperial palace Tuesday. Japanese diplomat assures the United States that his government is willing to accept the Russo-American peace plan. London papers comment variously on the proposal looking toward peace, suspicion of Russia being shown. Text of the American note to other powers and of the Russian note to the United States given out. Anxiety felt over the fate of missionaries in Shan-See province. Prince Ching, a proforeigner, expected at Pekin.

Friday, August 31.

British and German public sentiment is unfavorable to Russo-American proposals; Austria and Italy apparently side with Germany; France in doubt. Li Hung Chang says if foreign troops are withdrawn from Pekin he will take vigorous measures to restore order. Russians captured Chinese strongholds in Manchuria. Amur, capital to be removed to Tai Tai Kar. Oregon and four German battleships were ordered to Wu Sung, near Shanghai. Estimated expense of American expedition to Pekin \$15,000,000.

Sunday, Sept. 2.

If Russia withdraws its minister and troops from Pekin, McKinley will order Conger, Chaffee and forces back to Tientsin. Next step will be proposal for international peace commission.

French press criticizes McKinley for making public diplomatic notes on Chinese question. Berlin press objects to American notes as obscure and illogical. Germans have demanded site of United States camp in Tientsin. Understood Conger insists Li Hung Chang shall be allowed to go to Pekin. Russia's proposition denounced by London press as attempt to get the other powers out of China to clear way for conquest. Commissioner Rockhill says immediate action in settling conditions in China is necessary.

Monday, September 4.

Chung Li, member of Chinese Foreign office, was arrested by Austrians for complicity in attacks on legations. Prince Ching is trying to open negotiations with allies. Major Lee in letter to wife of Lieutenant L. B. Lawton, Ninth infantry, praises courage and coolness of latter in Tien Tain battle. German cabinet seems inclined to follow Russia's suggestion. Kaiser declared Germany will not leave Pekin. Nations holding back replies to evacuation proposals until attitude of each is known. Reported Russia is pouring Cossacks into Manchuria, and no life is spared. State department received a vague, undated note from Conger.

Typhoid Epidemic in Milwaukee.

Officials of the health department at Milwaukee were surprised to learn there has been an epidemic of typhoid fever in that city for the last week. There are in all twenty-four cases, and they are confined to a small territory on the west side. An investigation by the department Friday did not disclose the sources of infection. All the patients have been drinking lake water, and that is known to be free from germs. The milk supply is suspected.

Says Polygamy Is Forbidden.

In an address to members of the reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, Joseph Smith, president of the church and son of Joseph Smith, its founder, defined the church's attitude toward polygamy at the annual reunion at Washington park. He said: "In the doctrine and covenant of Joseph Smith's plural marriage is forbidden."

Four Are Killed by Train.

The fast mail train due in Syracuse, N. Y., from the west at 8:40 p. m. Sunday, struck a carriage containing four persons at Oswego Junction, four miles west of town. Patrick J. Foley of Syracuse, Ellen Foley of Split Rock, his sister, and Josephine F. Blanchard of Syracuse, were killed, and Michael Maroney was injured. The victims were on a pleasure drive.

Mrs. C. M. Wright, Cause of the Gillman, Ill., Riots, Dies in Jail as Result of Wounds Inflicted by Mob.

Mrs. C. M. Wright, cause of the Gillman, Ill., riots, dies in jail as result of wounds inflicted by mob.

NEW HEAD OF K. P.

Ogden Hoffman Fethers selected supreme chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, was born in the town of Sharron, N. Y., in 1845. Mr. Fethers was educated at the Fort Edward College Institute, from which he was graduated in the class of 1863, subsequently receiving the degrees of A. M.



O. H. FETHERS.

and LL. D. He entered upon the study of law in the office of James F. Dowey of Cherry Valley, Otsego county, N. Y., and was admitted to practice in the courts of that state in 1867. He went to Janesville in December, 1877, where he has resided ever since.

Michigan Prohibition Ticket.

Joshua Stansfield of Bay City was permanent chairman of the Prohibition state convention, which nominated the following ticket at Lansing Wednesday: Governor—Frederick S. Albion. Lieutenant-Governor, Trowbridge Johns, Marquette. Secretary of State—Reuben E. Reed, Howell. Auditor-General—William D. Farley, Battle Creek. Treasurer—John F. Easley, Plainwell. Attorney-General—Walter S. Westman, Adrian. Superintendent of Public Instruction—David S. Warner, Spring Arbor. Land Commissioner—Gideon Vivier, Detroit. Member of State Board of Education—Samuel W. Bird, Denton. Presidential Electors—Large J. Wallace Page, Adrian, and E. A. Cross, Mount Morris.

The platform declares any act that legalizes the liquor traffic to be treasonable to the moral law and inimical to the perpetuity of government; denounces the corruption of the last Michigan legislature and the frauds committed by former military officials, and while indorsing past declarations in favor of equal suffrage and other reform measures demands that all lesser issues be held in abeyance and that the campaign be centered upon the single issue of prohibition in state and nation.

Fythians Elect a Chancellor.

Ogden H. Fethers, an attorney of Janesville, Wis., was elected supreme chancellor of the Knights of Pythias, defeating Thomas G. Sample of Allegheny, Pa., who held the office during the last two years. The vote of the supreme lodge was 88 for Fethers and 59 for Sample. San Francisco was unanimously selected as the place of meeting two years hence and the second Tuesday in August fixed as the time for assembling. Other supreme officers elected are: Supreme vice-chancellor, Tracy R. Bangs, Grand Forks, N. D.; supreme prelate, C. F. Easley, Santa Fe, N. M.; supreme keeper of records and seals, R. L. C. White, Nashville, Tenn.; supreme master of exchequer, Thomas D. Mears, Wilmington, N. C.; supreme master at arms, William Simmons, Wilmington, Del.; supreme inner guard, Fred E. Beane, Hallowell, Me.; supreme outer guard, John W. Thompson, Washington, D. C. The new officers were installed by Sublime Venerable Potentate H. Schaffner.

Balloon in a Church Service.

A unique church ceremony was held at Columbus, Ohio. It was the celebration of the feast of Beato Agostino Novello by the Italian congregation of St. John the Baptist's church. A brass band paraded the streets in the vicinity of the church for an hour or more, and when a large crowd had assembled a balloon was released in silence, which was to typify the ascension of the soul of Beato Agostino Novello, the patron saint of the Sicilian province, from where most of the members of the congregation came.

To Control Western Oil.

At Los Angeles, Cal., it is said the Standard Oil company will soon be purchasing the product of California wells, now having on the way from the east a number of tanks for use in storage. These will go to Bakersfield, where ground has been secured for them.

Representatives of the Standard Oil company will go to Bakersfield to consult with the officials of the Producers' association, and the entrance of the Standard Oil company into California may be in conformity with the wishes of the producing companies.