

Downers Grove Reporter.

By WHITE & WILLIAMS.

DOWNERS GROVE, ILLINOIS.

HISTORY OF A WEEK.

THE NEWS OF SEVEN DAYS UP TO DATE.

Political, Religious, Social and Criminal Details of the Whole World Carefully Condensed for Our Readers—The Accident Record.

Niles, Mich.—Earl Carlton, a Royalton township farmer, was kicked by a horse and died.

Little Rock, Ark.—John Ewing, 18 years, was drowned while bathing in Fourche bayou.

Little Rock, Ark.—John Green was thrown from a wagon of lumber, dragged nearly a block and killed.

Notre Dame, Ind.—Harry Musser fell from the roof of a four-story building and escaped with a fractured leg.

Niles, Mich.—Daniel Parshall, a Pipestone township farmer, committed suicide by blowing off his head with a shotgun.

Decatur, Mich.—Frederick Brinkert, aged 58 years, a Macomb county farmer, hanged himself because of financial troubles.

La Porte, Ind.—The Rev. Joseph Stutman, aged 65, was struck by a falling tree near Middlebury and probably fatally injured.

Fort Madison, Iowa.—Conductor Charles McNeill of the Santa Fe was run over at Princeville, Ill., and died while undergoing a surgical operation. His home was at Chillicothe, Ill.

Indianapolis, Ind.—The three-year-old daughter of William Baker, a contractor, was playing with matches and set fire to her clothes. Before her mother could reach her she burned to death.

Peru, Ind.—The Rev. Peter Bondy died of heart failure, aged 73 years. He was a full-blooded Miami Indian, and in early days was one of the leading personages of the tribe. For fifty years he had been an ordained Baptist minister.

Pittsburg, Pa.—A lamp explosion in the residence of Stephen Welsh, near Sharpburg, badly burned Stephen Welsh, Mrs. Welsh and two children. Welsh and one of the children may die. The house was entirely destroyed. The loss was \$10,000.

Fort Wayne, Ind.—Henry Voughtin, aged 50, a butcher, committed suicide by severing an artery in the right arm. Business troubles induced him to commit the deed.

Kankakee, Ill.—Joseph Dupuis, aged 36, and Miss Josephine Huneau, aged 26, were married by Father Poissant, at St. Rose's Church. The groom is a wealthy and retired farmer. It is his third marriage, the death of his second wife having occurred two months ago.

Lebanon, Ind.—Fire destroyed the brick livery stable of Smith Cox. Loss \$3,000. Firemen William Kemp, Richard Kirkham and William Stevenson were prostrated by the heat.

Paris.—The United States ambassador, General Horace Porter, was a guest at the luncheon which the minister for foreign affairs, M. Hanotaux, gave in honor of Crown Prince Ito of Japan and other foreign representatives who are on their way to attend the diamond jubilee of Queen Victoria.

St. Louis.—Fire destroyed the plant of the St. Louis Cuffed Hair Company at the foot of Brennan avenue. The loss is placed at \$50,000.

St. Paul, Minn.—Brigadier-General James F. Wade, the new commander of the Department of Dakota, has taken charge.

Denver, Colo.—The managers of the International gold mining convention received a letter from Private Secretary Porter conveying the regrets of President McKinley at his inability to be present at the convention.

New Haven, Conn.—On the announcement of a 10 per cent general reduction of wages at the Worcester Cycle shops in Middletown, Conn., 100 men went on strike. There was a reduction of wages some time ago at the shops, which give employment now to about 400 hands and to about 700 when running on full time.

Vienna.—Carlotta E. Wolter, the tragedienne at one time known as the "tragedy queen of Germany," is dead after a long illness. She was born at Cologne in 1834.

Columbus, Ind.—Alonzo N. Bishop, 65 years old, put the muzzle of an army musket in his mouth and pulled the trigger with his toe. His head was literally blown to pieces.

Buenos Ayres.—The correspondent in Rio Janeiro, Brazil, telegraphs that the federal troops have defeated Antonio Conselheiro's main body of fanatics, numbering about 9,000 men, in a decisive and hard-fought battle.

Buayrus, O.—John Buck was kicked in the head by a horse he had just bought. A loose nail entered his brain and he will die.

St. Louis, Mo.—Michael Fortin, who hanged Maxwell, the slayer of Arthur Preller, has gone insane from constant brooding over that case.

Rogers, Texas.—A very destructive hailstorm completely destroyed crops of all kinds north of here, and great damage was done to houses.

New York.—Dan Crendon and "Kid" McCoy have been matched at last. The contest will come off at the Palace Athletic Club within the next six weeks, the exact date not having been decided upon as yet. Both have agreed to accept Brady's offer of an \$8,000 purse.

CASUALTIES.

Sioux City, Iowa.—The La Mars shoe factory, twenty miles north of Sioux City, burned Sunday with a loss of \$50,000, of which \$30,000 is covered by insurance.

Decatur, Mich.—A child of Aaron Scheffer, at Cheboygan, was bitten by a pet cat, which resulted in hydrophobia.

Valparaiso, Ind.—Otis W. Keizer, aged 26 years, of Fort Wayne, Ind., a student of the Northern Indiana Normal School, while bathing at Long Lake was taken with cramps and drowned.

Defiance, O.—Emma Techannan, 5 years old, was struck by a passing train and instantly killed. She was the third member of the family killed on the railroad within a year.

LaGrange, Ind.—John Yountz, while driving home, collided with a runaway team and was thrown heavily against a fence and killed. Yountz was a prominent pioneer.

Oshkosh, Wis.—Charles Foust, aged 50 years, was struck by a Wisconsin Central train and instantly killed.

Ashtabula, Ohio.—The Rev. George A. Smith, pastor of the Church of Christ at Ashtabula, died of injuries received in a runaway.

Pueblo, Col.—Mrs. John Cameron was fatally burned by the explosion of a can of benzine with which she was cleaning furniture. Her son, 13 years old, was badly burned in trying to save her.

Indianapolis.—William Owens, a teamster, and Miss Ida Alvea of 168 Vermont street were killed by lightning.

St. Paul, Minn.—Lightning struck the main tent of the Ringling Bros' circus at Wahpeton, N. D., killing two men and injuring three others.

Chicago.—Fire destroyed the Frank Marshall elevator for the third time, and with it 20,000 bushels of oats and six freight cars, entailing a loss of \$125,000.

Galesburg, Ill.—While Mrs. Charles Haggens was driving she was thrown out and struck against a tree. Her skull was fractured and death resulted.

FOREIGN.

Sebastopol.—Advices from Simferopol, capital of the province of Taurida, Russia, say that torrential rains have fallen in that district, inundating a portion of the province. Many persons have been drowned, the river are overflowing and ruining the crops, and the damage to the wheat crop is enormous. Drought prevails in northern Taurida.

Berlin.—The retiring United States Ambassador, Edwin F. Uhl, had his farewell audience of Emperor William and presented his letters of recall.

Munich.—Lightning struck a powder factory, situated about three miles from Rosenheim, exploding 11,000 pounds of gunpowder. The doors of houses at Rosenheim and at Stephans-Kirchen, about a mile and a half from Rosenheim, were torn from their hinges, big trees were uprooted and eleven houses were shattered. There was no loss of life.

London.—At the royal military tournament at the Agricultural Hall, Islington, in the bayonet team fighting between the regulars and the colonials, the prize was carried off by the Forty-eighth Canadian Highlanders.

Christiana.—The Thingvalla line steamer Heckla, which collided in the open ocean on May 27 with the Atlantic Transport line steamer Mississippi, arrived here Sunday.

Berne.—Heavy floods are reported from various parts of Switzerland, and have caused considerable damage to the crops. The railroad near Brienz is covered by debris from the river.

CRIME.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Attorney John C. Keefe of this city, who was indicted by the United States grand jury at Oshkosh Wednesday on a charge of withholding pension papers, was indicted by the same jury on a charge of perjury.

Ottumwa, Iowa.—The sheriff arrived Sunday from Burlington, Vt., with "Buck" Murray of Chicago, said to be the leader of the gang that robbed the Eldon Bank. He is in jail.

New Orleans, La.—President Henry Gardes and Cashier Girault, charged with wrecking the American National Bank, were found guilty as charged.

Milford, Pa.—The jury in the case of Herman Paul Schulz of New York, charged with the murder of his wife, brought in a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree.

Rockford, Ill.—E. R. Myers, traveling representative of a Chicago law book publishing house, was arrested at Aurora, charged with having defrauded F. E. Van Tassel, an attorney, out of \$100.

Alta, Cal.—George Sharon and Ben Billings fought with fists to settle a quarrel. A blow on the jaw broke Billings' neck.

Knoxville, Tenn.—Capt. George A. Tillet of Riverdale, Knox county, shot and fatally wounded his son-in-law, John Glenn. The trouble arose over Glenn's bad treatment of his daughter, 18 years old.

Independence, Iowa.—Mrs. Henry Sauer of Quasqueton committed suicide by taking strychnine.

New York.—Latimer E. Jones, who was convicted of swindling Benjamin Ludington by means of forged notes, was sentenced to five years and six months in state prison.

Lockport, N. Y.—Roger W. Keep, a Yale man, 31 years old, and worth \$200,000, killed himself by putting a bullet through his heart. He was a son of the late Charles Keep, Lockport's wealthiest citizen. He was a deep student and undermined his health by study while at college.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Fond du Lac, Wis.—August, the 20-year-old son of Bates Rechaud, a wealthy brewer, dropped dead at Athletic Park while playing ball.

Montevideo.—It is reported that the revolutionists have captured two large river steamers conveying re-enforcements to the government troops.

Washington.—President Gompers and other members of the executive council of the American Federation of Labor have sent a greeting on the immigration question to affiliated unions in order by this means to obtain the sense of organized labor on the immigration question in its several phases.

Lansing, Mich.—Auditor-General Dix has determined that the state tax levy for the present year will be \$2,379,907 and \$2,012,227 for 1898. The state taxes for the biennial period will be \$690,000 less than for 1895 and 1896.

Chattanooga, Tenn.—In the presence of a large crowd of visitors to Riverview Park, Mrs. Edith Le Burno, aged 23, fell to her death from a balcony.

Reading, Pa.—The management of the Reading iron works has decided to close its tube mill indefinitely. By this over 1,000 men will be thrown out of employment. The cause of the shutting down is that the men in the other departments, upon which the tube mill is dependent for iron, are on a strike and the supply has run out.

Wabash, Ind.—The three-year-old daughter of Noah Sweet was bitten by a pet squirrel and died of blood poisoning.

Niagara Falls, N. Y.—Convention of electricians elected Samuel Insull of Chicago president.

Menominee, Mich.—The city council has canceled its contract with the water company, and a big legal warfare is expected.

St. Paul.—All is now quiet among the Indians in southern Montana, and it is safe to withdraw the troops sent from Fort Custer and Keogh.

Elgin, Ill.—At the annual meeting of the Elgin National Watch company a 1 per cent dividend was declared and payment of quarterly dividends resumed.

Hillsboro, Ill.—The Montgomery county court has decided that the last tax levy of the village of Raymond is illegal, because of the failure to pass a proper levy ordinance.

Dubuque, Iowa.—The Stacyville railway company, capital \$100,000, has been incorporated to build a line from Stacyville, Mitchell county, west a few miles to a connection with the Cedar Falls and Winona branch.

Jefferson City, Mo.—Gov. Stephens has appointed thirty well-known business men as delegates to represent Missouri in the international gold mining convention to be held in Denver on July 7, 8 and 9, 1897.

Great Falls, Mont.—The comptroller of the currency has authorized a 50 per cent dividend to depositors of the Northwestern National bank, which suspended in February. Three hundred thousand will be distributed.

Ironwood, Mich.—The company controlling the Norrie group of mines has effected a sale of 100,000 tons of ore, which will clean up the large surplus and necessitate the reopening of the mines, thus giving employment to at least 500 men.

Syracuse, N. Y.—"Tommy" Ryan has wired the Olympic Athletic Club of San Francisco accepting its terms for a meeting with "Young Corbett" in August. The club will give a purse of \$4,500.

St. Louis, Mo.—The American Association of Nurserymen, in session here, have selected Omaha as the next place of meeting and elected Irving Rouse of New York president.

Columbus, Ohio.—Judge W. R. Siga adjourned the United States court because the jury fund was exhausted.

Youngstown, Ohio.—Mahoning county infirmary bonds amounting to \$80,000, running twenty years at 5 per cent, were sold at a premium of \$8,200 to Charles F. Hoffer of Cincinnati.

Pittsburg, Pa.—The strike at Jones & Laughlin's American works has been declared off by the strikers' committee, and all the old men who can get work will go back at once at the reduction.

LATEST MARKET REPORTS.

Table with market prices for various commodities like Rye, Corn, Oats, Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, Wheat, Oats, Corn, etc., across different cities like Peoria, St. Louis, Kansas City, New York, Toledo, and Chicago.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

WEEK'S PROCEEDINGS IN SENATE AND HOUSE.

Debate on the Tariff Bill Occupies the Time of the Upper Branch of Congress—Good Progress Being Made on the Measure.

Thursday, June 10.

The long-deferred debate in the sugar schedule of the tariff bill came on abruptly. Senators Jones (Dem., Ark.), Vest (Dem., Mo.), and Caffery (Dem., La.), criticized the proposed tax, claiming that only the millionaires composing the sugar trust would be benefited. No final action was taken on any feature of the schedule further than the withdrawal of the original senate amendments. This leaves the house provisions of the bill, with an amendment increasing the house differential from \$75-1,000 to \$5-100 cent a pound. The amendment giving an export duty on agricultural products was defeated, 10 to 59.

Friday, June 11.

The house held a brief session and adjourned until Monday. The first test vote on the sugar schedule was taken in the senate, resulting in the adoption of the Republican caucus amendment changing the house rate of 1.95 cents per pound by the close vote of yeas 32, nays 30. It was the closest vote thus far taken on an issue of importance, and was ac-

REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Action Taken by Bishop Fallows of Chicago is Indorsed.

At the second day's session of the general council of the Reformed Episcopal Church the action of Bishop Samuel Fallows of Chicago in organizing Bullington Booth as a minister in Chicago was indorsed with one dissenting vote. A resolution favoring the prohibition of liquor traffic was adopted. Treasurer John Heins of Philadelphia was re-elected.

At Friday's session of the general council of the Reformed Episcopal church the motion to make the black gown the vestment to be used on all occasions except by those who are now wearing the surplice was voted on "by orders," and the result was a victory for the black gown by 26 to 15, among the clergy and 31 to 12 among the laymen. The joint vote was 57 to 27.

In consequence of this action Bishop Cheney of Chicago and a number of prominent clergymen resigned their offices in the council. Miss Harriet S. Benson also withdrew the income from her contribution to the special church extension trust and the special synod trust. These trusts provide an income to the church of \$15,000 a year. A meeting of the general committee of the church was held to discuss the situation.

The only action taken Saturday at the meeting of the general council of the Reformed Episcopal Church bearing upon the vestment question was to refer to the respective committees, with power to fill vacancies by the

Sleeplessness from Rheumatism.

A MAN RECOVERS FROM THE MALADY WHICH MADE LIFE A BURDEN.

From the Democrat-Messenger, Mt. Sterling, Ill. The prevalence of rheumatism in this part of the country has long been a source of unfavorable comment by other localities less subject to this affliction. Indeed there are few adults in the Valley of the Mississippi who at some time in their lives may not expect to realize the direful effects of rheumatism in some one of its different forms. In this immediate section the attention of The Democrat-Messenger has several times been called to particular instances where the effects of this malady have rendered life almost unendurable.

In this connection it may be of interest to place for this journal to refer to a recent incident. We refer to Mr. John J. Friday, Jr., of Ripley, Ill., well-known to many of our people as a young man of character and standing. Last spring in its severest attack by rheumatism in its most insidious form, he—like many others—probably incurring a tendency to the disease. A reporter met him the other day and found him about as lively a looking young man as there is in Brown County. Friday was an inquiry as to the remedies used by him which had resulted so favorable, Mr. Friday said: "In the spring of 1896 I was attacked by rheumatism. The disease progressed until I was past getting around. For a long time I was unable to lie down in bed and was forced to sit up as many as four nights in a week without going to bed at all. I consulted the leading physicians both in Mt. Sterling and Rushville, but gained no relief. My condition was growing worse, and it seemed as if nothing could help me.

"In talking with George Riggles, a friend of mine, he said that he also had suffered from rheumatism and had been cured by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. He told me that he had begun using this medicine and could scarcely bend his knee and walk only with great difficulty. I knew that he had, shortly before that time, been afflicted as I was, and had been cured by the same means. I made some inquiry of him and he confirmed what I had been told. It was about all I could do to get to Ripley, but I managed to make the short trip. I bought two boxes of the pills and used them as directed. After I had taken half a box I felt wonderfully better. I kept on and used six or seven boxes. My improvement continued until I was entirely recovered. I now consider myself cured, and have no more feeling of rheumatism than if I had never had it.

"I believe that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are entirely responsible for my recovery, as before I began their use my condition was steadily growing worse. If you care to publish what I have said about this medicine I am perfectly willing that you should do so. I believe it will benefit others who suffer from this disease. I took six boxes and consider Dr. Williams' Pink Pills the best investment I ever made."

There are probably many other instances in this part of Illinois where this painful and stubborn disease has been cured by the use of this remedy, and we will from time to time publish further accounts as they may be brought to our notice. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from what ever causes. Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

WHITE TOPAZ.

Beautiful Stones to Be Seen at the Diamond Palace.

Every day in the week and every hour in the day one can see crowds around the show windows of THE CHICAGO DIAMOND PALACE. The cause of it all is the now widely known White Topaz. The White Topaz, or carbonated diamonds, have come to be recognized as the nearest thing on earth to genuine diamonds, so near indeed is it that the proprietors of the DIAMOND PALACE do not hesitate to place real diamonds in their windows amidst their display of White Topaz, and allow the public to pick them out at the selling price of the Topaz.

The latter stones have all the lovely brilliancy of the diamonds, sparkling steadily and with wonderful fire. The thousands of these stones in the windows forms one of the most gorgeous displays and has proven an attraction which is one of the features of Chicago.

In order to find out the advertising medium best suited to their business, this enterprising concern offers to send a genuine White Topaz to all those who will cut out and send them their advertisement, which appears elsewhere in this paper, together with 25c in stamps.

THE DIAMOND PALACE, like all successful institutions, has many imitators, who endeavor to sell cheap rhinestones and other pastes claiming they are topaz. We caution the public to be careful, as THE DIAMOND PALACE, American Express building, Chicago, are the sole importers of these stones.

At a public house the landlord has painted up outside his door: "Good beer sold here, but don't take my word for it."—TH-Bits.

The editor of this paper advises his readers that a free package of Peruviana, the best kidney and liver cure on earth, will be delivered FREE to any sufferer, if written for promptly. PERUVIANA KIDNEY CO., 386 5th St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

NEGLECTED GRAVE OF THE GREAT EMANCIPATOR'S MOTHER.



President McKinley has interested himself in the grave of Nancy Hanks Lincoln, mother of the martyred president. Her grave, in southern Indiana, has been neglected for many years, and while a nation has been paying homage to the great emancipator, the grave of his mother has been forgotten. John Burt, a citizen of Spencer county, wrote to the president, calling his attention to the neglected condition of Mrs. Lincoln's tomb, and the president at once communicated with Gov. Mount, suggesting that it would be most fitting if the state of Indiana would take some action concerning the matter. The grave is on an eighty-acre farm ad-

joining the south end of the old Lincoln farm. Half a mile south of the burial place of the mother is the grave of the only daughter of Mrs. Lincoln, Mrs. Sally Ann Grigsby. Mr. Burt finds that years ago the one-half acre of land about the grave of Nancy Hanks was deeded to the United States to be held in trust. No steps have been taken in all these years to make the grave of Lincoln's mother distinguished from the countryside that surrounds it. Gov. Mount is looking the matter up, and there will be further communication between him and the president.

Accepted as showing that any amendment having the sanction of the caucus was assured of adoption.

Saturday, June 12.

The sugar democratic assaults in the schedule was again the subject of the senate. Practically no progress was made. Only one amendment was voted upon, and that was defeated. The most sensational feature of the day was the speech of Senator McEnery of Louisiana. He openly avowed himself a protectionist, and as a democrat justified his position upon the ground that tariff views should not constitute a test of democracy. He, moreover, defended the sugar trust, whose interests, he argued, went hand in hand with the sugar planters.

Sunday, June 13.

A statement by Senator Hoar that the honest, sober men of the United States looked with contempt upon the charges against the United States senate made from Senator Tillman a stirring reply, in which he insisted that Mr. Hoar was entirely mistaken. Mr. Allen (Neb.) held that it was the right and duty of the government to take legal steps to dissolve the sugar trust. Mr. Pettigrew (S. D.) followed in support of his amendment proposing that articles made by a trust be put on the free list. The senate then voted on the pending amendment by Mr. Lindsay to strike out the distinction as to Dutch standard in the first paragraph of the sugar schedule and placing all sugar on an equality at 1 cent per pound and 3-100 cents additional for every degree above 75. It was defeated—yeas 26, nays 29.

The house adjourned until Thursday after a session that lasted forty-five minutes.

Immigrant Station Burned. The United States government immigrant station on Ellis Island, in New York harbor, was destroyed by fire Monday. The 200 immigrants were safely transferred from the island to the barge office at the Battery. The cost of the plant is said to have been \$760,000.

Bartley's Defense Laid Out. The defense in the case of J. S. Bartley, charged with embezzling Omaha state funds, has outlined its policy. It will undertake to show that the apparent shortage of \$500,000 is due to discrepancies in bookkeeping.

Killed in a Storm. During a severe storm at Indianapolis Friday William Owens, a teamster, took refuge under a tree, which was struck by lightning, and he and his horse were killed.

resignations of the five delegates which had been handed in as a protest against the vote opposing the white robe.

The general council of the Reformed Episcopal church continued its session Monday with only about half of the delegates present. Presiding Bishop Fallows was given episcopal charge of the synodical jurisdiction of Canada in the place of Bishop Campbell, resigned, until a new bishop is elected by the synod.

FAURE IN DANGER.

Clemy Attempt Made to Assassinate the President of France.

An attempt was made Sunday to assassinate Felix Faure, president of the French republic, while he was en route to Longchamps to witness the Grand Prix. While M. Faure's carriage was passing a thicket near La Cascade restaurant, in the Bois de Boulogne, a bomb exploded. It proved to be a piece of tubing about six inches long and two inches in diameter, with a thickness of about half an inch. It was charged with powder and swan shot. No one was injured by the explosion. A man in the crowd, suspected as the prime mover, was arrested. He gave his name as Gallet.

Michigan Endorser's Work.

The Saturday morning session of the Methodist Christian Endeavor convention was held in Adrian College, a song service being conducted by Peter Bilhorn of Chicago. The afternoon was devoted to junior work, after which officers were elected. Prof. Palmer, Adrian, was chosen president.

Death in a Paris Theater.

A fire occurred Sunday night in a theater at Neuilly, a suburb of Paris, France, while a fete was being held there. A panic followed the outbreak of the fire, and in the rush to escape fifty of the spectators were thrown down and trampled upon. Twelve were very seriously injured.

Rockford Wife Murderer Hanged.

James French, the wife murderer, paid the death penalty on the scaffold at Rockford, Ill., the drop falling at 11:22 o'clock, and thirteen minutes later he was pronounced dead, his neck having been broken.

Canadian Presbyterians in Session.

The general assembly of the Presbyterian church of Canada opened in annual session at Winnipeg Thursday night. Rev. Dr. Moore of Ottawa was elected moderator without opposition.