

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

Paid-up Capital, \$10,000,000. Reserve Fund, \$4,500,000

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO
B. E. WALKER, General Manager
ALEX. LAIRD, Asst. Gen'l Manager

BRANCHES THROUGHOUT CANADA, AND IN THE UNITED STATES AND ENGLAND

A general banking business transacted. Accounts may be opened and conducted by mail with all branches of this Bank.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Deposits of \$1 and upwards received, and interest allowed at current rates. The depositor is subject to no delay whatsoever in the withdrawal of the whole or any portion of the deposit.

LINDSAY BRANCH - C. M. STORK, Acting Mgr.

GOOD TOOTH BRUSHES

It makes little difference how good material is in a tooth brush if the workmanship is poor.

In buying our brushes we are as particular to learn if they are made by expert workmen as we are in regard to quality of bristles and backs.

This painstaking in buying provides our customers with tooth brushes that will hold together and not shed their bristles.

Every tooth brush in our stock is an especially good value at the price we ask. All prices from 2c to 50c.

A. HIGINBOTHAM

Nearly Opposite Postoffice, Lindsay

The Weekly Post

J. WILSON & WILSON, Proprietors.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, OCT. 26th, '06.

ABUSED—LAURIER—PRAISED.

It was only the other day that at a Baptist convention the Dominion Premier was publicly branded as a traitor and a Jesuit by a rash speaker, remarks the Hamilton Times. This notwithstanding the fact that he jeopardized his future and antagonized a section of his church when he, after a prolonged and bitter fight, defeated the Tory bill which was to coerce Manitoba—a fight that was waged with Sir Charles Tupper, Foster and other so-called bulwarks of Protestantism.

From this episode we turn to one more pleasant to contemplate and more truthful as to the character of the "gifted Liberal" leader. In his Thanksgiving sermon at Galt, Rev. R. E. Knowles, the Presbyterian clergyman there, while speaking of corruption in national and financial affairs, said:

"It is probably true that the Premier of the Dominion of Canada is as picturesque a figure as can be found among the statesmen of the world to-day. It is certainly true that none bear a political escutcheon more unstained than his. He has grown into our growing life, and has done more to kindle our star of empire than any other living man."

"But our expectant and startled nation looks to him for nobler accomplishments than any he has yet achieved. The purity of his life, the exalted standards that has governed his political career, the loyalty to that day of rest for which we invoked, and not in vain, his strong protection—all these warrant the Canadian people in trusting with confidence to him in this hour of our consternation. And it is shall devise and execute national measures for the purification of national morals, as he only can, the lustre of his political noon will pale before the splendor of the even-tide, and what is now a nation's admiration will be then a nation's reverence and love."

Coming from a man who is described by the Reformer of that place as an "ardent and pronounced conservative," the testimony of the Premier's worth is all the more remarkable and is evidence of the fact that all his opponents are not blind to his virtues.

Sir Wilfrid is not open to attack on these grounds.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The United States Cement Combine filed up Uncle Sam, so Uncle Sam set about making his own cement. The Philadelphia Record points out that while the Government "stands pat with the combination to fleece other consumers it refuses to stand pat to be fleeced itself."

There is an outbreak of typhoid fever in London, and the Free Press wants to know if the typhoid germ can come from the ice used in the ice water. Londoners have a habit of dropping chunks of ice in the water and other liquids they consume and our contemporary fears that

many of the bacilli are swallowed in this way. Possibly. Better boil the ice.

The campaign of the New York Life, and preceding the new election of directors, is costing \$50,000. Where is the money coming from?

The revelations in the courts and sittings and sittings of commissions have revealed a reprehensible condition of public morals. The consciences of business men and politicians have become shockingly scarred. Today the world calls loudly for many men. Society needs the pure, the chivalrous man. Never in the past has Canada had more urgent need than just now for the purest and best manhood to help solve its social, commercial, educational, political, municipal and other secular problems and develop its matchless resources. There is a dearth of capable leaders of men of high character, men of known majesty of mind and heart to lead the procession in the great onward march of national progress.

Oklahoma law requires the notice of application for a liquor license must be published in two newspapers having the largest circulation in the county wherein the applicant lives before it can be dealt with. The Stillwater Advance-Democrat refused to print a notice and the applicant sought to compel it to do so, holding the newspaper to be a business of a quasi-public nature. The court refused to make an order, ruling that if newspapers could be compelled to publish liquor notices, they could also be compelled to publish whatever articles any persons might desire to have published, and thus the freedom of the press would be destroyed. The effect of the decision is that no liquor can be sold, as the application to be valid must be published in that particular paper.

The man who assumes public office should be an honest man. Not simply honest in commercial transactions alone. That is no test of an honest man. Have not the readers of the Toronto papers the past few weeks been pained and shocked by the confessions and exposures of the dishonest actions of men holding high, responsible positions? The real qualities of an honest man are the exemplification of honest thoughts, honest feelings, honest living—honest in opinion, honest in action, thoroughly honest in character. One who is honest because it is right to be honest and wrong to be dishonest. Every man should be honest, but especially men entrusted with great responsibilities for other men, heads and officers of public institutions and corporations. Honest is a cardinal virtue for even a common town councillor, school trustee or other servant of the people.

An interesting discussion is going on between Professor Masterman of Cambridge University, England, and Mr. William Trant of Regina, Canada. In a lecture at the University the learned professor stated that the House of Lords could not be abolished without its own consent. Mr. William Trant contradicted the statement and argues that as peers have to be summoned to each Parliament by the Sovereign and sit in the House of Lords by virtue of writs of summons and by no other right, therefore if no writs of summons were issued the House of Lords would, ipso facto, cease to exist. Mr. Trant maintained this position some years ago and his argument was endorsed by Lord Rosebery, who maintained, however, that no Government would venture to advise the Sovereign to take such a step. Professor Masterman goes much further and says that the peers have a "legal" right to sit in the House of Lords, quoting in support the case of Lord Bristol, decided in the reign of Charles I, and adds that an Act passed by a Parliament to which the Peers had not been summoned, would, therefore, not be enforced by the law courts. Mr. Trant, however, does not put such a strict construction on the Lord Bristol case, and says he cannot find any "statutory" provision that an Act requires the consent of the Lords as well as of the Sovereign and the Commons.

Not a New Thing.
(Montreal Herald.)
Hon. George Useless Foster, the gentleman with the vaccine tongue, is developing a hot box in his testimony before the insurance commission.

COMMUNICATIONS

TURN IT DOWN, BUSINESS MEN.

(To the Editor of The Post.)
Dear Sir,—I regret to see another fake advertising scheme before our Kent-st. merchants. It is in the description of a proposed new drop curtain for the Opera House that exception is taken. The pushing promoter—for a consideration—is willing to place the name of any well-known and reliable business advertiser in an exclusive and unique space on said curtain, not so much to gratify the expectant crowd waiting for something restful and entertaining, that may perchance drive dull business care away, as to remain spectators of the possibilities of cheap goods and "mammoth bargain sales," with all the disagreeable attractions of business competition. I sincerely hope that our theatre-goers will frown the scheme down.—Yours truly,
X. CHANGE,
Lindsay, Oct. 22nd, '06.

THE HORSE INDUSTRY.

Visit of Inspector by Ontario Government Commission.
The commissioners, who were appointed by the Ontario Government to investigate conditions and ways to improve the horse industry in this province, will hold a public meeting in Lindsay on Wednesday, Oct. 31st, at 7:30 p. m., in the Council chamber, at which the public are cordially invited. Other meetings for Victoria County are: East Victoria Institute District—Oct. 25th to 27th, starting at Omeca. West Victoria Institute District—Oct. 29th to 31st, starting at Lindsay.

Following are the principal points which will be considered in the course of the investigation:
(1) The number, type, quality and breeding of stallions and brood mares in the Province.
(2) What conditions have affected or are affecting the quality and number of stallions and brood mares in the various sections of the Province, and if the effect is for good, whether or not the same conditions could be applied in other sections and if the conditions have not a good effect, what could be done to improve them.
(3) What class of horses can most profitably be raised in different sections of the Province under the natural conditions found in these sections.
(4) The system of owning horses by a syndicate and other plan at present adopted in Ontario other than private ownership.
(5) The views of breeders generally as to the advisability of a Stallion Inspection Act.
(6) Suggestions from those interested in the horse business as to what can be done to improve conditions of the business generally.

WEDDED AT PETERBORO.

Hamilton—Irwin.
Peterboro, Oct. 23—A wedding was celebrated at "Highland Hall," Peterboro, the residence of Mr. Wm. Irwin, the widely known lumberman, Tuesday afternoon, when his eldest daughter, Miss Annie, was united in marriage to Mr. James Hamilton, son of Mr. Peter Hamilton, one of Peterboro's prominent manufacturers. About seventy guests witnessed the ceremony, which was performed by Rev. Dr. Torrance, of St. Paul's church. The bride was attired in an Empire gown of white crepe de chene, embroidered in velvet over chiffon and taffeta, on bodice ornamented with old lace and orange blossoms, and carried a bouquet of bride roses. Miss Lizita Irwin, sister of the bride, was maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were Miss Marie Hall and Miss Alison Hamilton. They were all attired in white point d'esprit over white taffeta, trimmed with Irish lace and pink carnations, and wore pink wreaths. Mr. Wm. Hamilton, cousin of the bridegroom, was best man. Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton left on the 5:15 C.P.R. train on an extended tour of the West. On their return they will reside in Peterboro. The bride is going away costumed in a navy blue tailor made and hat to match.

Chapter of Accidents.

The other day Mr. Emmet Mack-say, of the brick yards, had a finger cut off his right hand at the first joint. He caught it in the sprocket of a revolving bicycle wheel. Drs. White and Brown dressed the injured hand.

BIRTHS.

PRIMEAU.—In Lindsay, on Wednesday, Oct. 17th, to Mr. and Mrs. Lewis A. Primeau, a son.
ELLIOTT.—In Ops, to Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Elliott, a daughter.
McGAHEY.—In Emily, to Mr. and Mrs. Ed. McGahey, a son.

MARRIAGES.

PRIEST—NICHOLAS.—On Monday, 22nd inst., by the Rev. Mr. Phelps, Dollford Andrew Priest, of Lindsay, and Mary Alice Nicholas, of Uxbridge.
JOINT—WRIGHT.—On Wednesday, Oct. 24th, at the residence of the bride's mother, Cambridge-st., by the Rev. L. Phelps, Edwin Joint, late of Oxford, Eng., to Emma Louisa Wright, of Lindsay.

DEATHS.

LANE.—At Hangrave, Manitoba, on Thursday, October 18th, 1906, George Franklin Lane, third son of Mr. Geo. Lane, Oakwood, aged 24 years, 6 months, 15 days.
MANGAN.—In Lindsay, on Monday, October 22nd, 1906, Katharine Mangan, widow of the late John Mangan, aged 79 years.

PUZZLE FOR RIPE STUDENTS

DERIVATION OF BAY OF QUINTE IS ENVELOPED IN MYSTERY.

Is the Name of Indian or French Origin?

There has recently been some discussion of the origin of the name of the Bay of Quinte, and in view of that fact, the following from the editor of Notes and Queries in the Montreal Star, may be of interest:

The nearest approach to the name of Quinte, held by any Frenchman known, was that of Prince Le Conti. This person was a particular friend of Chevalier de la Salle, to whom was ceded the Seigneurie of Catarqui. "Chevalier de Conti went with him, proposing to share his fortunes," in western explorations. Now La Salle named one of the islands near Catarqui (Amberst) after this officer, and even yet may be found living persons who call that island Isle Tanta. Well, it may reasonably be supposed that La Salle would wish to do honor to his friend, the Prince de Conti, and therefore named the bay after him. From Conti it might gradually change to Cante or Quinte. Now, however, probable this may seem, it cannot be regarded as the origin of the name.

Again, it has been supposed to be derived from the Latin Quintanus or Quintus—the fifth place—having reference to five bays, namely, the lower bay, Pictou Bay, Hay Bay, The Reach and upper bay; or, as some others explain, in the vicinity of the bay, but, however, much may be advanced in support of the plausibility of these theories, we think a more certain origin is perfectly intelligible.

The word Quinte, as a place spelled and pronounced, is undoubtedly a French one, being one of the few remaining memorials of French possessions, but its origin can be distinctly traced to an Indian source. We have seen elsewhere that the country lying north of Lake Ontario was called the "Country of the Northern Iroquois." To the south of the lake was the Iroquois country proper. Among the several nations which composed the Iroquois confederation were the Senecas, commonly called Seneca, Wentworth Greenhagh, in the London Documents, writing of a journey in May, 1677, from Albany to the Indians, westward, says: "The Senecas have four towns, viz., Canada, Bithia, Kanata, and Kent-be—which contained about twenty-four houses, and was well furnished with corn."

Now, the Indian term Kent-be, as it is remembered, was written by an English explorer, and, of course, was marked with distinctness on an Indian village, sometimes in one place, sometimes in another, by name on a number of different maps, which we may have examined in various libraries in Canada, and in the imperial library in Paris.

It is not always spelled Kente, sometimes it is Kante, and upon one it is Kente, and upon the map is the imperial library in Paris, it is Kente. This Indian village has its location upon most of the maps of the extremity of Hay Bay, but upon a few it is placed at the south shore of the peninsula of Prince Edward. Upon one map it is put at South Bay, while in another, Wapoosee Island, is called Isle de Quinte; hence it is inferred that a branch of the Seneca tribe, separated from the main body, had removed to the north of the lake and settled probably first at South Bay, and afterwards, or at certain seasons, visited Hay Bay, to which, in time, they gave their name—for instance, Quebec is spelled by early writers, Kébec. The origin of the word Quinte, seems, in this way, to be perfectly clear.

This communication on the subject of the origin of the name of Bay of Quinte, which was lately asked for, was received from A. G. Parker, of the Bank of Montreal, Hamilton, by one of my literary friends who has handed it to me for publication. Mr. Parker adds: "I procured the enclosed extracts from the book owned by Arthur McGinnis, the one antiquarian of Belleville, the one only man there to speak on the subject. The theory of a French officer named Quinte having given his name to the bay, he thinks an unlikely one. It seems pretty clear that the name had an Indian derivation. Dr. William Canniff believed in 'Kente,' an Indian town in Prince Edward county, to the south of the bay."

Halliburton Train Was Delayed.

Evening Post of Oct. 24.
G. T. R. engine No. 33 was yesterday compelled to return to Lindsay yards after having run as far as Cameron with the Halliburton train. At that point a wheel on the pilot truck broke down, which blocked further progress. A new pair of wheels were put on at Lindsay and the regular finished its run. A number of people gathered around the Cameron station, attracted by news of the mishap.

Farming on a Big Scale.

A despatch from Vermillion, Alb., to the Regina Leader, says: Col. Sam Hughes, of Lindsay, Ont., is in town this week making arrangements to set a gang of men at work on his land just west of town. Col. Hughes has reserved some 4,000 acres of land in this district and has a steam ploughing outfit ready to start work at once. His outfit consists of a ten-furrow Cocksfoot, followed by two seven-foot disc harrows and drawn by a 32 horsepower Reeves traction engine.

Dundas & Havelles Limited

Direct Importers.

Established 1860

AN EXTRAORDINARY DRESS GOODS SALE



The month of October has been one of Special Sales and they have been very successful. This last week must not go by without one tremendous effort to make it the best of the four. It's dress goods week and our offer holds good

until the night of the 31st. We've taken our slow sellers (and many good) remnants soiled and damaged ends and divided them into two lots, read about them below and if you can't find what you want turn again to what's in our shelves. We'll please you somehow.

Sale Begins Thursday Morning the 25th and Ends Wednesday Night the 31st.

The October Sale of Dress Goods.

38 Ends and Pieces of woollen Dress Goods in Tweeds, Lustres, Serges, Voiles, Cashmeres, fancy checks plain colors and fancies. Goods that were 45c, 50c and 75c per yard. We offer the lot for this last week of October at per yard..... 39c
72 Ends and Pieces of Imported Woollen Dress Goods, made up of Tweeds, Broadcloths, Amazons, Serges, Cheviots, checks and plaids, fancy and plain cloths. These were 75c, 85c, \$1.00 and \$1.25 per yard. For the last week of October we offer them at per yard..... 59c

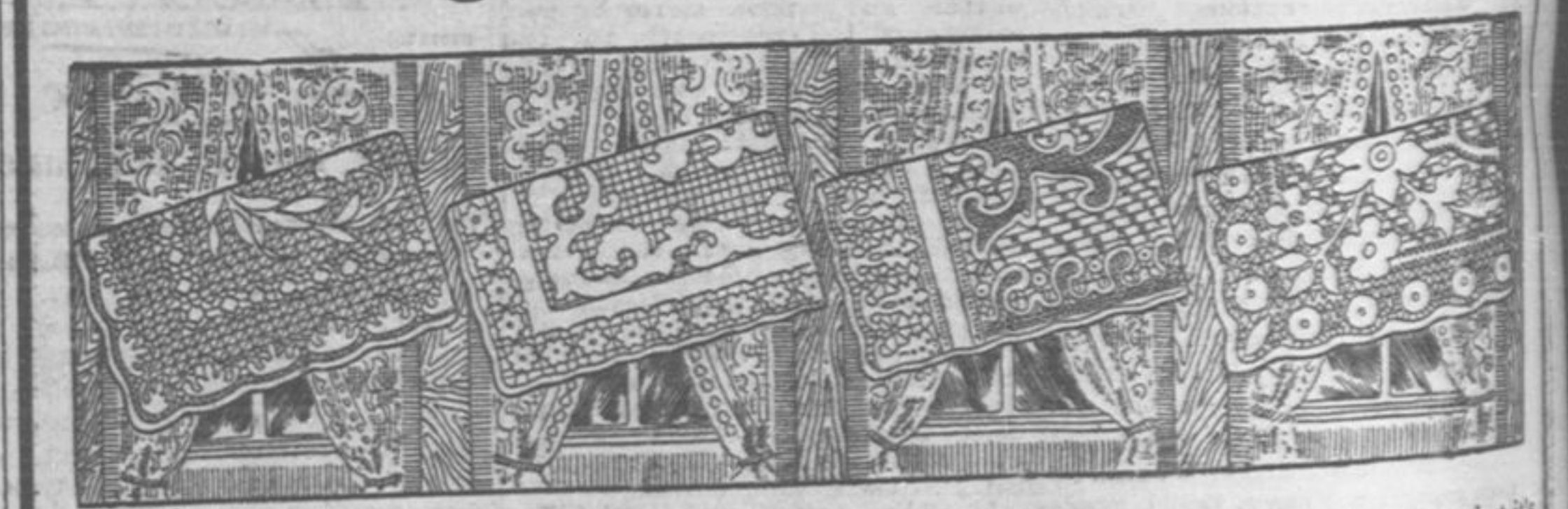
Silks 25c Per Yard.

22 Pieces of English Silks, assorted checks and stripes, colorings are in black and white, navy and white, green and white, brown and white, helio and white, etc. These Silks are good wearing ones, soft in finish, pure in quality. We have always sold them at 50c per yard. Last week of October price is..... 25c

Black Sateen Underskirts 59c.

120 Ladies' black Sateen Underskirts just arrived from the maker, these skirts were never intended to be sold at any such price as we are offering them, the cloth is fully mercerized, the garment has a wide flare and pleated frill, 38, 40 and 42 inches long, last week of October price..... 59c

Nottingham Lace Curtains \$1.00.



An immense shipment of Lace Curtains has just come to hand—perhaps its a little late, but its to your advantage by being so. We offer during this last week of October 200 pairs of them at our price, they are all white, 3 and 3 1/2 yards long, finished overlapped stitching, patterns are floral, conventional and plain centres with very handsome borders. Price per pair..... 1.00

English Floor Oilcloths 25c.

We have 5 patterns of two yard wide English Floor Cloth made by "Nairns" this quality is one that gives extra good wear, is hard finish, and comes in blocks, floral and tiles. We make this special offer for only one week, sale is over on the 31st. Per square yard..... 25c

Dundas & Havelles Limited

LINDSAY - - - ONTARIO

Cone After Big Game.

Mr. W. Needler, town, Mr. C. Needler, Millbrook, and Mr. B. F. Resler, manager of Eugenia Falls power plant left Tuesday for the far north in quest of moose. They go to Straight Lake, in the Sudbury district, and will range over a large extent of territory. Moose are reported to be fairly plentiful, but the hunters are after huge antlers and will draw a bead only on bulls carrying the right kind.

Crowding Him.

(Toronto World)
A farmer who went to a city to see the sights engaged a room at a hotel, and before retiring asked the clerk about the hours for dining.
"We have breakfast from six to eleven, dinner from eleven to three, and supper from three to eight," explained the clerk.
"Was-a, say," inquired the farmer in surprise. "What time air I goin' ter get ter see the town?"

Technically Absent.

A French barrister, whose name had the misfortune to be found guilty, appealed on the grounds that during the trial a juror was asleep. The Court of Cassation held that the juror, being asleep, was technically not present during the hearing, and has quashed the ruling, if applied to some of the church-goers, would seriously reduce their attendance receipt.