

LINKED WITH FASHION ARE OUR LADIES' READY-TO-WEAR GARMENTS.



There can be no doubt of the influence of fashion upon every garment in this store. The beautiful creations found in our MANTLE DEPARTMENT are therefore more closely in accord with fashion this season than ever before—not by chance, but by careful buying—buying only what fashion demanded. As a result we are showing a variety of well-tailored and perfect-fitting

MANTLES,

Which to out mind will easily surpass the expectations of the best informed buyer. They come in the very newest materials made in the most popular styles. The prices, always as low as possible, are no more now than months later—therefore it's to your advantage to buy now.

SEPARATE SKIRTS.

Never had we a showing that would win your approval as rapidly as this. Every garment is up to the high standard of excellence demanded by careful buyers. We could occupy double this space in telling of the splendid workmanship and beautiful materials used in their manufacture. They are just the skirts demanded by fashion for this fall, and you can have no conception of the variety shown without an inspection. The prices, as usual, the lowest possible.



CARPETS FOR THE FALL.

The new Carpets for the fall trade are now forward. They come in whole carpets all ready for the floor—in Wiltons, Axminsters, Brussels, Tapestries, Wools, Unions and Ingrains. Some are our direct importation and some are from the best Canadian makers. They are the choicest lot we have ever shown, being only the very newest colorings and most popular designs. Visit our Carpet department for your new floor coverings.

J. SUTCLIFFE & SONS, CASH LINDSAY ONE PRICE

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT.—150 acre farm to rent on the Downeyville road four miles from Lindsay; 145 acres free from stumps or stones, east half of Lot 17 and the south-east quarter of Lot 18, in the Ninth Con. Apply to JAMES FARRELL, Lindsay, Ont., July 10th, 1903.—w4.

CHOICE FARM FOR SALE.—Lot Six Third Concession, Victoria County, cornering Lorneville Junction; 200 acres, 150 in high state of cultivation, balance bush and pasture, well drained, two good wells and spring creek, frame dwelling 18x24, kitchen 18x20, frame barn 65x40, frame barn 100x35, stable underneath; well fenced; all clay loam. One half cash, balance on easy terms. Apply to G. A. MADILL, Agent Standard Bank, Beaverton.—w3.

STRAYED.—From the premises of the undersigned, Lot 30, Con. 2, Ops, on or about the 29th of July, the following: Two red and white Steers; 2 years old; two Cows, red with some white; four spring Calves, red; two yearling Heifers, red, one with crooked horns. Any information of who will be kindly received by FRANK CONNOLLY, Lindsay.—w4.

FOR SALE.—Farm of 150 acres, good day loan in a fine state of cultivation, good brick house and outbuildings, large orchard; half mile from Beaverton, at which place there are two churches, a school house, general store and post office, a cheese and butter factory, blacksmith shops, storehouse, chopping mill, station, etc. For further particulars apply to DAVID REID, on the premises.—w4.

FOR SALE.—In the Township of Thorah, the Maybee Farm, consisting of 100 acres, 90 cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance bush of No. 1 beech and maple wood. There is on the farm good brick house, large bank barn, 54x60 new and finished throughout in the most complete fashion; also barn 30x50 and good pig stables attached. The land is heavy clay loam, and acknowledged to be the best in the district, while the situation is the best, being less than two miles west of Argyle, and midway between Woodville and Beaverton. Small cash payment, balance on terms to suit purchaser. For further particulars apply to Norman L. Campbell, Lorneville, or G. A. Maybee, care of K. Edwards & Co., Woodville.—w4.

FARM FOR SALE.—The South Half of Lot Seventeen, in the 1st Concession of the Township of Ops, containing one hundred acres, more or less, 94 acres cleared and in a fair state of cultivation, the remainder in pasture and hardwood. There is a dwelling house and orchard, a frame barn 65x30, a frame stable for horses and cattle, 60 feet long, and a driving shed. This is a first class farm; for the last twenty-six years the highest rent paid for it was \$410, the lowest \$350, now rented for \$360 in advance. It is in a good locality, half mile from post office, railroad station and school, about five miles from Lindsay. Plough leave this fall, possession the first of March, 1904. Apply to MISS CATHERINE NAYLOR, 22 Elgin-st., North Ward, Lindsay. No letters answered.—w3.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT.—Farm, 100 acres, to rent on shares or sell.—Lot 14, 7th Concession Eldon; 90 acres cleared, balance hardwood bush. Apply to ANDREW MILLER, Glenora P.O., Ont.—w4.

NOT FAKES nor tads but household needs. Used every day by everybody. Can't you sell them? Others do and make fortunes. Still room. Write at once to G. MARSHALL & CO., London, Ont.

STRAYED.—Onto the premises of the subscriber, Lot 1, Con. 5, Fenelon, on or about Sept 2nd, a RED STEER. The owner is requested to prove property and pay expenses. GEO. ROBINSON, Lindsay.—w3.

STRAYED.—From the premises of the undersigned, Lot 1, Con. 6, Ennismore, on or about August 1st, two yearling steers, one is red color with horns, and the other roan color with horns. Apply to WM. BOLSTER, Ennismore, P.O.—w4.

FARM FOR SALE.—S E 1-4 Lot 6, in 2nd Concession of Eldon, 50 ac., all cleared and under grass. Good boundary fences, a log barn, stable and dwelling house. This farm is conveniently situated adjoining the Village of Lorneville. Apply to J. A. JACKSON, Lorneville P.O.—w4.

FARM FOR SALE OR RENT.—West Half Lot 14, Con. 7, Ops, containing 100 acres; about 65 acres under cultivation. Frame dwelling, log barn, small orchard; well watered. The estate of the late Mrs. Jane Milligan. For particulars apply to MISS T. E. MILLIGAN, on the premises, or Lindsay P.O.—w4.

STRAYED.—From Lot 3, Con. 5, Carden, on or about the 8th of August, two dark bay COLTS, two years old, one has a large white strip on face and blind in one eye, and the other has a white star on face. Both had pokes on. Any person giving information which will lead to their recovery will be suitably rewarded. FRANK McELROY, Kirkfield.—w4.

FARM FOR SALE.—One hundred acres, being Lot 1, Concession 11, Emily Township, about six miles east of Lindsay. On the premises are a good log house, frame barn and hog pen, three wells and a never failing spring of water. Will sell this year's crop and will give immediate possession. Apply to MR. GEO. O'NEILL on premises, or address Lindsay P.O.—w4.

\$5 REWARD.—A reward of \$5 will be paid to any person giving information that will lead to the conviction of any person selling liquor in the County of Victoria otherwise than according to the law as laid down in the Liquor License Act. The address of the sender will be treated with confidence and the information will be noted on promptly. JOHN SEBASTIAN, Liquor Inspector, Box 473, Lindsay.—w4.

DR. T. POPHAM McCULLOUGH EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT. Will visit Lindsay Every 1st and 3rd Wednesday, at the Simpson House, Hours, 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. Consultations, eye, ear, nose and throat.—w4.

THE RIO TINTO MINE

It is the Largest Dividend-Payer in the World.

HAS A CANADIAN MANAGER AND GIVES WORK TO 11,000 MEN.

Chat With General Manager Carlyle Respecting This Famous Copper Producer.

As mentioned in The Post a few days ago, Mr. W. A. Carlyle, some years ago science master in Lindsay Collegiate Institute, but now manager of the famous Rio Tinto copper mine in Spain, has been enjoying a brief visit with old friends in Ontario, and while here was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Spier, Mrs. Carlyle's parents. The Mail and Empire yesterday published the following interesting interview with that gentleman:

"Some day I may return to Canada to live, but just at present Spain is plenty good enough for me," said Mr. W. A. Carlyle, general manager of the Rio Tinto Mine, who is registered at the King Edward, where he was seen last night by The Mail and Empire. Mr. Carlyle is accompanied by his wife and little son and is paying a short visit to Ontario after an absence of four years.

Outside of the King and a few of his advisers there is probably no one man who wields a greater influence in Spain to-day than Mr. Carlyle. When his appointment to the management of the Rio Tinto was announced some four years ago, it was hailed with delight by Canadians as something in the nature of a national triumph. Mr. Carlyle was at that time manager of the great Le Roi Mine at Roseland.

The Rio Tinto Mine is the largest in the world. It is controlled by an English syndicate, and is situated in the south of Spain, the seaport of the company being at Huelva, the port from which Columbus sailed on his voyage to discover America. The mine is sixty miles inland, and is reached by railway.

There are 11,000 men on the payroll of the Rio Tinto, comprising 75 Englishmen on the staff in charge of departments. Mr. Carlyle says he has found the Spaniards excellent workmen. They receive their pay daily, a plan which is found to work well, as it tends to keep the men out of debt.

An Enormous Output. The output of the Rio Tinto is about two million tons of ore a year, half of which is shipped to Europe and America and sold for copper and sulphur values. About five per cent. of the ore is treated by smelting to blister copper in the latest type of American smelting plant. The balance is treated locally by leaching with water, a method distinctive to a few mines in the south of Spain, and in no other part of the world. Every 24 hours seven million gallons of copper liquor from these leaches are run into canals filled with pig iron and metallic copper precipitated, known as cement copper, which, with blister copper, is sent to the company's refining plant in Wales.

The company turns out about eighty million pounds of copper a year, and it is one of the largest producers in the world, being only exceeded by the Anaconda, in Butte, and the Calumet and Hecla, in Michigan. It is not only the largest copper dividend-paying mine, but pays more in dividends than any other mine in the world, with the exception of the De Beers diamond mines in South Africa. The Rio Tinto pays from six and a half to nine million a year in dividends, according to the price of copper.

\$21,000,000 in Three Years. In the past three years under Mr. Carlyle's management, no less a sum than twenty-one millions of dollars has been paid in dividends. The Rio Tinto has the largest reserve of ore in the world, enough being in sight to permit of the present rate of extraction for the next fifty years. At their seaport the company has the largest private pier in the world, and unloads from thirty to forty ocean steamers per month.

Mr. Carlyle stated that Mr. R. E. Parnis, a Canadian boy, who graduated at McGill in his year, is doing extremely well there. He is the mining engineer in charge of all the underground work, and has 2,600 men under him.

When Mr. Carlyle assumed charge of the Rio Tinto he was beset with labor troubles, and was called upon to settle several strikes. This he did, and now matters are moving along smoothly, and the men are highly satisfied.

SHABBY ACT OF A TEACHER

MISS TULLER VIOLATED HER AGREEMENT WITH SCHOOL BOARD, AND MAY FIGURE AS DEFENDANT IN AN ACTION FOR DAMAGES.

A regular meeting of the Board of Education was held on Tuesday in the Council chamber. Those present were Messrs. Thos. Stewart, chairman; J. D. Flavell, D. R. Anderson, W. Devitt, Dr. Jeffers, R. Kyle, T. Blackwell, Col. Deacon, J. Staples, Principal Harstone, of the Collegiate Institute and Principal Broderick, of the Public schools.

In the absence of the secretary, Mr. Anderson filled that position. The minutes of the regular meeting, held July 20th, and a special meeting held July 24th, were read and confirmed.

From Mr. Harstone, stating that the Collegiate had opened with a fair attendance, and the new teachers—Miss Staples and Mr. Rosevear—were on hand.—Fyled.

From Edward J. Kyle, of Oxford, England, acknowledging the receipt of a letter from the Board, and stating that he had engaged a new Commercial matter, and was paying him a good salary, he hoped there would be an improvement in the work in that department. In the past the students had been very much disappointed. He hoped there would be a new typewriter placed in the school.

Mr. Stewart said he had seen Mr. Rosevear, the new Commercial matter, and asked him to confer with the Principal relative to any proposals he wished to make. The meeting then adjourned.

FISHERY OVERSEER'S ADVICE.

Would Make the Possession of Spears Illegal and Further Limit the Catch.

Fishery Overseer Thwaite, O. Hava, reports that he has been over his district many times during 1902, and found that the local overseers have performed their duties satisfactorily. They report that there have been many complaints of illegal fishing and netting, especially in lakes Simcoe and Couchiching. These are large lakes and cannot be properly guarded with canoes and rowboats. He would recommend that a small steamer be purchased for this purpose. A patrol boat on these lakes would, he thinks, deter poachers from netting and stop the illegal fishing. A better feeling is being manifested by both residents and tourists toward the protection of fish. The people seem to be awakening to the fact that reckless and unconservative fishing and poaching have only one result—the extermination of the highly-prized fish. These fish would no doubt have a better chance to increase if the use of spears was prohibited, and it would be illegal to have them in possession. He recommends that the counties of Ontario, Peterboro, Victoria, Simcoe and Haliburton. They are principally used during the spawning season and maskinonge are the fish that suffer most from these instruments of destruction. Great interest is taken in the work of re-stocking the buck lakes with parent black bass by the Fisheries Department, and the general desire of all parties is that this work will be largely extended this season. He recommends that the fee of \$5 be charged all non residents for the privilege of fishing in our lakes. This small fee would not deter people from visiting these lakes when the fees would be expended in increasing the supply and providing better protection. As the time draws near when the Act expires prohibiting the sale of maskinonge and bass, he trusts the Department will extend this prohibition indefinitely. As regards the number of these fish to be caught on one day, he would suggest that the catch be limited to eight bass and two maskinonge. No complaints have been received that will refuse has been allowed to flow into any of the rivers or lakes.

THE FAITHFUL THIRTY-SIX.

(Chas. F. Raymond, in Toronto Star.) Last night the church bells called to mid-week services, and answering the call I went in. It was a large church and a prosperous one. There were 36 worshippers and of the number 30 were women, and all save five were either old or well advanced in life. The meeting was from 7 to 8 o'clock, and no collection taken. And here were discussed affairs of eternity, and heaven and hell were debated. And here were offered prayers to God through the mediation of the Cross of 1903 years ago. And the room was large and airy and comfortable but the 36 seemed very few if there was a hell and a choice of eternal pains or eternal happiness for all the sons of men. And they said there were faith and peace in Him, and there was happiness and contentment in trust. And rising as they rose I walked slowly out, and not one of the 36 asked me if I had a soul.

And the summer parks and theatres were open here was a great old man and old women, young men and young women, and children crowded cars and boats, and paid to be pleased, to be transiently tickled, paid money crowded and jostled to and fro. Here was a great room where peace and happiness and life eternal was freely available, and only 36 were there.

The bar-room doors flapped back and forth, and men crowded in to pay for food and heart aches, and more than 36 were there.

And I know that long after the sexton had turned out the lights in the great church room, in other rooms of Toronto there would be the rattle of cards and the rattle of chips, and there would be more than 36 there.

And, thinking on the 36, I asked myself again, is there a hell and heaven, and are there eternal pains and happiness, or are the faithful 36 mistaken?

schools so far was between \$2,200 and \$2,300. The public schools cost about \$1,500. There are a few more schools in and this amount does not include the cost of new desks for Mr. Armour's room. Mr. Chalmers' contract was for \$84, but \$3.95 was deducted in connection with a lateral.

Mr. Flavell said the Board owed a great debt of gratitude to Mr. Blackwell for the service he had given in seeing after the repairs. He had given his time and gone to a great deal of trouble, and the Board no doubt fully appreciated his good work. Col. Deacon and Mr. Stewart also spoke of the service given by Mr. Blackwell, saying it was gratifying to the older members to see a new member take such an interest in school matters.

Mr. Flavell called attention to the roofs of the Collegiate Institute and Union School, saying both leaked badly and something should be done to remedy the trouble. If not attended to, the new ceilings placed in the Collegiate would be ruined. He suggested placing an iron roof on the part leaking.

A Quiet Hint. After a little discussion it was moved by Mr. Flavell, seconded by Mr. Kyle, that the Management Committee be empowered to repair the roofs on schools referred to.—Carried.

Mr. Staples stated that the Board had engaged a new Commercial matter, and was paying him a good salary, he hoped there would be an improvement in the work in that department. In the past the students had been very much disappointed. He hoped there would be a new typewriter placed in the school.

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LIBRARY QUESTION SETTLED

NEW BUILDING WILL BE ERECTED ON MARKET PARK.

Council Must Proceed at Once with the Rebuilding of the Wellington-st. Bridge. A joint meeting of the Town Property Committee and the Public Library Board was held last Monday in the Council chamber. Mayor Sootheran and all members of Council attended, the Library Board being represented by Judge Harding, chairman, and Messrs. W. Flavell, R. M. Beal, R. Kyle and E. A. Hardy, secretary.

Ald. O'Reilly occupied the chair, and soon after 8 o'clock he opened the business by briefly outlining the object of the joint conference—the settlement of the Library site question. Judge Harding—"I suppose it really rests with you, gentlemen, to settle that point—we are only anxious to get the best possible location in the interest of the citizens. A very creditable building will be erected on whichever site is allotted, and it is important that the situation should be a good one. I'm sorry that we have to come on your property at all, but having to do so we are here to ask you to do the best you can for the street and the people."

Mayor Sootheran—"Mr. Flavell, has anything been done of late with a view to securing the William-st. site?" Mr. Flavell—"Not that I am aware of. I phoned Mr. Reesor and told him of the meeting this evening, at the same time urging the importance of prompt action if he intended to proceed any further in the matter, but I have heard nothing from him since. It has occurred to me, as an alternative proposition, that if Council could see their way clear to put up \$1000 or \$1200 the Board might assume the balance of the cost and buy the western property. As for the Britton property, the lot does not appeal to us as being quite so suitable, and besides, it would cost more. A decision should be reached at once, as the contractors are ready and anxious to get started."

Mayor Sootheran—"You can't expect the Council to make a grant towards a new site in the face of the people's adverse vote on two or three occasions. For my choice I would prefer the Britton property, as the library there would give a finish to the street and be more central."

Mr. Kyle—"The Council would not be justified in giving one cent towards another site. The people settled that matter."

Mayor Sootheran—"Well, that being admitted, what location on the square do you prefer?" Mr. Flavell—"I'm not pressing for the actual centre of the park, if we are allowed to build within 50 feet of the westerly land that will leave about 110 feet between the last wall and this building. I don't think that would be a great interest in a municipal building that may be erected in the future."

Judge Harding—"Markets as we know them, will soon be a thing of the past."

Mayor Sootheran—"I admit that. Suppose we give you only 40 feet from the westerly boundary—that will be 15 feet more than was spoken of at first. The trains will interfere with you anywhere—they bother us here."

Judge Harding—"Suppose we appoint a small committee to visit the plot in the morning and select a site, with instructions to report at next Council meeting?"

Mayor Sootheran—"Council will not meet until after Labor Day, and the site must be settled at once. The contractors would like to start tomorrow."

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Mayor Sootheran—"Council will not meet until after Labor Day, and the site must be settled at once. The contractors would like to start tomorrow."

Mr. Kyle—"The building would look very much better if placed 50 feet from the westerly line."

Mayor Sootheran—"Now, Mr. Kyle, don't press for too much; we are doing our best to please the Board and at the same time guard the people's interests. There's another point—how much room do you propose to take up with the building material—we don't want all the grass and soil torn up, and the material must be kept on the street line. Another thing—we would like to get the foundation earth to help fill in the approaches of the new Wellington-st. bridge."

Mr. Flavell—"The architect proposed to terrace the ground around the building, and that work will use up all the spare earth."

It was then moved by Ald. O'Reilly, seconded by Ald. Cinnamon, that we grant the Library Board any location they wish to select on the westerly 100 feet of the market park.—Carried without opposition.

kitchen in the basement, and suggested that the latter room be used by the men as a sitting and game room, which would leave the upstairs chamber available for a kitchen. It being stated that the firemen were willing to permit the change, Ald. McWatters was authorized to have it carried into effect.

Queer State of Affairs. Ald. McCrea called attention to the fact that several sewer or cellar ventilators connect with sidewalk gratings near the Dominion Bank, the result being a dreadful stench at times. The Clerk was directed to call the attention of Sanitary Inspector Douglas to the nuisance.

Wellington-st. Bridge. Ald. O'Reilly pointed out that the rebuilding of the Lindsay-st. swing bridge would block all vehicular traffic for perhaps a month, and as Wellington-st. bridge was unsafe it was absolutely necessary for Council to proceed at once with the new structure or prepare to face a number of suits for damages.

Ald. McCrea—"Perhaps the people will vote down the bill, and if they do where are we going to get the money?" Ald. O'Reilly—"The bridge must be rebuilt if they don't vote us a cent—it's a work of necessity."

The plans and specifications submitted some weeks ago for east and west approaches with cement foundations and walls and earth roadway were then inspected and discussed.

Ald. McWatters—"What about building it by day work?" Ald. O'Reilly—"Oh, no, it would cost us about \$6000 that way. Let us advertise for tenders."

The Town engineer and chairman of the Board of Works were instructed to make all necessary inquiries and report at a meeting to be held this week.

WITH THE DUCK HUNTERS

A "Tenderfoot's" Description of the Opening Shoot Tuesday Morning.

On or about the last day of August, the brave adventurer, inspired with the anticipation of a morning's sport with the wild ducks which in summer haunt the marshy districts of our lakes, makes final preparations for his last of September. All is ready, and canoes can be seen slowly wending their way down the winding Sauge. Nothing is talked about but the regions of abode of these birds, their roosts and feeding grounds, and where the best "shoots" are to be found. Some "greenhorns" spend the night in houses near by, but most of the hunters sleep in tents on some friendly shore, while the more eager one push their canoes into the marsh, over slippy logs, through thick mud and rice, and remain all night in their canoes to be ready for battle, their spirits not the least dampened by the smart showers, the continual drizzling rain, and the numerous mosquitoes which poke their long bills in the eyes and arteries of their faces, necks and hands.

The hunter can hear the insects' continual hum, the barking of dogs at farmhouses in the distance, and now and then the low notes of the first three measures of Hiawatha, whistled by one of his companions stationed near by. In his short dreams he sees large flocks of ducks approaching and flying low, and as he raises his gun to shoot the frightened birds bunch together, as two barrels of shot drop a half-dozen of them where they can be easily found.

That was hunting some years ago, but the intention of the writer is to describe it as seen this week. Daylight comes and with it the whistling of wings and the roar of artillery. The hunters, who have shivered all night in their tents on shore, and the greenhorns from the houses, have spent the preceding hour walking slippy logs and pulling their canoes over them, now in their pushing over mud and through thick rice, now up again on logs more slippy than a greased pole, while one occasionally sinks in the mud to the tops of his long rubber boots. Hunters are all around him, and the birds keep very high. Forty shots will be fired into a flock of five or six as they circle the marshes before one will drop, and then only one out of three will drop where it can be found.

The morning's hunt is over and the lucky hunter, with his load of two or three ducks, commences his tedious journey out of the marsh, while the less fortunate "sport," with one bird or none in his canoe, seeks his companions, and tells them how many he knocked down, and what he would have done if he had only been in another spot. By-and-by the tired hunter is home again, telling how it happened, and wishing he could sell his gun and canoe—but the August of 1903 will in all probability find the same stalwart as anxious for the fray as ever.

The Trials of an Editor.

(Sheldon Sun.)

In the rush yesterday we omitted to print a report of the ball game the day before, between Sheldon and LeMars, and as a result three non-pay subscribers came thundering into the office and wanted to know if we were dead. Ingrates! If they have missed as few meals as we have reports of the ball games, both last year and this, they haven't gone hungry more than twice. The game was won by Sheldon; score 6 to 4.

For Drunkenness and

THE Keeley Drug using

Cure

Over 300,000 CURES

Address Keeley Institute 736 Queen St. West Toronto, Ont.

Correspondence confidential

On motion Mr. Bell, caretaker of the Fire Hall, was heard. He called attention to the awkwardness of residing on the top flat and having the