WHO SHE WAS

SKETCH OF THE LIFE OF LYDIA E. PINKHAM

And a True Story of How the Vegetable Compound Had Its Birth and How the "Panic of '73" Caused it to be Offered for Public Sale in Drug Stores.

This remarkable woman, whose maiden name was Estes, was born in Lynn, Mass., February 9th, 1819, coming from a good old Quaker family. For some years she taught school, and became known as a woman of an alert

and investigating mind, an earnest seeker after knowledge, and above all, possessed of a wonderfully sympathetic nature.

In 1843 she married Isaac Pinkham, a builder and real estate operator, and their early married life was marked by prosperity and happiness. They had four children, three sons and a daughter.

In those good old fashioned days it was common for mothers to make their own home medicines from roots and herbs, nature's own remedies—calling in a physician only in specially urgent cases. By tradition and experience many of them gained a wonderful knowledge of the curative properties of the various roots and herbs.

Mrs. Pinkham took a great interest in the study of roots and herbs, their characteristics and power over disease. She maintained that just as nature so bountifully provides in the harvest-fields and orchards vegetable foods of all kinds; so, if we but take the pains to find them, in the roots and herbs of the field there are remedies expressly designed to cure the various ills and weaknesses of the body, and it was her pleasure to search these out, and prepare simple and effective medicines for her own family and friends.

Chief of these was a rare combination of the choicest medicinal roots and herbs found best adapted for the cure of the ills and weaknesses peculiar to the female sex, and Lydia E. Pinkham's friends and neighbors learned that her compound relieved and cured and it became quite popular among them.

All this so far was done freely, without money and without price as a labor of love.

But in 1873 the financial crisis struck Lynn. Its length and severity were too much for the large real estate interests of the Pinkham family, as this class of business suffered most from fearful depression, so when the Centennial year dawned it found their property swept away. Some other source of income had to be found.

At this point Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was made known to the world.

The three sons and the daughter, with their mother, combined forces to restore the family fortune. They argued that the medicine which was so good for their woman friends and neighbors was equally good for the women of the whole world.

The Pinkhams had no money, and little credit. Their first laboratory was the kitchen, where roots and herbs were steeped on the stove, gradually filling a gross of bottles. Then came the question of selling it, for always before they had given it away freely. They hired a job printer to run off some pamphlets setting forth the merits of the medicine, now called Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and these were distributed by the Pinkham sons in Boston, New York, and Brooklyn.

The wonderful curative properties of the medicine were, to a great extent, self-advertising, for whoever used it recommended it to others, and the demand gradually increased.

In 1877, by combined efforts the family had saved enough money to commence newspaper advertising and from that time the growth and success of the enterprise were assured, until to-day Lydia E. Pinkham and her Vegetable Compound have become household words everywhere, and many tons of roots and herbs are used annually in its manufacture.

Lydia E. Pinkham herself did not live to see the great success of this work. She passed to her reward years ago, but not till she had provided means for continuing her work as effectively as she could have done it herself.

During her long and eventful experience she was ever methodical in her work and she was always careful to preserve a record of every case that came to her attention. The case of every sick woman who applied to her for advice—and there were thousands—received careful study and the details, including symptoms, treatment and results were recorded for future reference, and to-day these records, together with hundreds of thousands made since, are available to sick women the world over, and represent a vast collaboration of information regarding the treatment of woman's ills, which for authenticity and accuracy can hardly be equaled in any library in the world.

With Lydia E. Pinkham worked her daughter-in-law, the present Mrs. Pinkham. She was carefully instructed in all her hard-won knowledge, and for years she assisted her in her vast correspondence.

To her hands naturally fell the direction of the work when its originator passed away. For nearly twenty-five years she has continued it, and nothing in the work shows when the first Lydia E. Pinkham dropped her pen, and the present Mrs. Pinkham, now the mother of a large family, took it up. With woman asistants, some as capable as herself, the present Mrs. Pinkham continues this great work, and probably from the office of no other person have so many women been advised how to regain health. Sick women, this advice is "Yours for Health" freely given if you only write to ask for it.

Such is the history of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound: made from simple roots and herbs; the one great medicine for women's ailments, and the fitting monument to the noble woman whose name it bears.

WATER COMMISSIONER SMET

MESSRS. BOXALL AND MATHIE'S TENDER FOR PIPE.

$5,000 Insurance Placed on the Pump House Plant—Other Business.

The awarding of tenders for piping and the taking out of an insurance policy, was the chief business accomplished by the Water Commissioners at their meeting Tuesday afternoon in the secretary's office.

Those present were Mr. J. D. Flavelle, chairman, Mr. Thos. Brady and Mr. J. R. McNeillie, Mayor Vrooman is still indisposed.

After the reading and confirming of the minutes of the last meeting the tenders were opened. The pipe was galvanized iron and the sizes were 1-2, 3-4, 1 1-4 and 2 inch. Following are the tenders;

D. Cinnamon—1-2 inch, $3.93 per 100 ft.; 3-4 inch, $5.20 per 100 ft.; 1 1-4 inch, $10.12 per 100 ft.; 2 inch $16.24 per 100 ft.

J. G. Edwards & Co.—1-2 in., $3.91; 3-4 in., $5.15; 1 1-4 in., $10.10; 2 inch, $16.12.

McLennan & Co.—1-2 in., $3.50; 3-4 in., $5.00; 1 1-4 in., $9.75; 2 inch, $15.60.

Boxall & Matthie—1-2 in., $3.60 3-4 in., $4.60; 1 1-4 in., $9; 2 inch, $14.40.

The Commissioners thought the Boxall & Matthie offers extremely reasonable, and straightway accepted them on motion of Mr. McNeillie, seconded by Mr. Brady.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From the Canadian Casualty & Boiler Insurance Co., enclosing rates and requesting a policy. Mr. B. L. McLean, the company's agent, was present in the interests of the company.

On motion of Mr. Brady, seconded by Mr. McNeillie, a motion was passed that the plant be isured for $5000 at a premium of $25 for three years. This company inspects the boilers and plant twice a year and make a detailed report on their condition.

The following applications for services were read; Henrietta Crandell, (five houses) domestic; John B. Graham, domestic; Fred Purvis, domestic; Herb Middleton, domestic; Ben Cook, domestic; Geo. Calvert, domestic; Geo. S. Lindsay, domestic; On motion of Mr. McNeillie, seconded by Mr. T. Brady, the applications were granted.

Accounts were passed as follows:

Men's wages	$18.80
Jas. Mitchell, carting	1.85
Lownsbrough	16.96
Grand Trunk	82.52
Dominion Express Co.	.75
W. S. Armstrong	9.60
Men's wages	24.60
Watchman-Warder	28.00
T. M. Boynton	36.80
H. Mueller & Co.	33.36
Bell Telephone Co.	46.00

On motion of Mr. Brady, seconded by Mr. McNeillie, these were ordered to be paid.

The question of burning the ashes was discussed, and the Commissioners cited their own private experiences. It was left to the engineer's discretion.

Secretary Ray was ordered to purchase coal for next year at the present rate. It was thought advisable to secure a supply when the price is low and store it until next year.

The meeting then adjourned.

Mothers Feel Safe.

Mothers who have used Baby's Own Tablets for their little ones say they feel safe with the Tablets at hand, for they are a never failing cure for all the minor ills of childhood and childhood. Mrs. Urian Cressman, New Hamburg, Ont., says; "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for stomach trouble and severe constipation with marked success. I always feel that my little one is safe when I have a box of the Tablets in the house." Baby's Own Tablets are sold under the guarantee of a Government analyst to contain neither opiates nor other poisonous drugs. They always do good — they cannot possibly do harm. For sale at druggists or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

RADIAL BILL HUNG UP

Measure Not Likely to Go Through This Session.

HOT DEBATE IN THE HOUSE

Mr. Campbell Strongly Supports Bill —Protest Against Invasion of Provincial Rights—Minister of Justice Defines Legal Position—Practically Killed For This Session—Strike In West.

Ottawa, April 23.—It was expected that the Hamilton Radial Electric Railway Company's bill would not be permitted to go through without determined opposition, and expectations were not disappointed. When the bill was taken up in the House yesterday Mr. A. Campbell, Chairman of the Railway Committee, claimed that people living within 100 or 200 miles of Toronto should have facilities to be run right into the heart of the city. Mr. Claude Macdonell vigorously protested against the invasion of Provincial rights attempted under the bill. The Minister of Justice defined the legal position of the matter, referring to a decision of Mr. Justice Street, who had decided that when a street railway crossed a Federal railway it came under the jurisdiction of the Dominion Government. That judgment, said Mr. Aylesworth, was based on a section of the railway act of 1888, and he had been unable to find anything in the British North America Act under which Federal jurisdiction could revert to a Province.

Did Not Agree.

The leader of the Opposition did not agree with this interpretation of the law, holding that Mr. Justice Street's decision meant nothing more than that when a street railway crossed a Federail railroad the crossing came under Dominion jurisdiction. The interpretation of the Minister of Justice came as a surprise to the House, and met with vigorous criticism from the Conservative benches. The debate was afterwards practically confined to the Opposition, Mr. Fielding merely interposing to declare that the Government were not responsible for the bill. For a time it seemed as if there would be an all-night session, but at 11 o'clock Mr. Fielding moved to report progress, and immediately afterwards the adjournment carried. The bill may be taken up again on Wednesday or Friday, but as on both days only an hour, will be reserved for private bills, and as there are several other measures on the order paper, the feeling is that the bill is practically killed for the session.

The Western Coal Mine Trouble.

Mr. Borden asked if there was any fresh news about the coal strike in the west.

Mr. Lemieux said the latest information he had was a telegram from Mr. Sherman, president of the Miners' Union. The telegram was in the following terms:

"Am trying to persuade men to accept temporary and return to mines pending investigation. So far have failed and companies will do nothing pending return of operators' president."

Mr. Lemieux said the operators' president, Mr. G. G. S. Lindsey, was expected to reach Fernie yesterday, and there was at least a strong possibility of a temporary arrangement for the resumption of work immediately. Mr. Mackenzie King would reach Fernie to-day or to-morrow morning.

Hopes of Settlement.

From telegrams from both miners and operators it was apparent that the arrival of Mr. King was awaited with great hopes that his presence would bring about a settlement. He had received another telegram on Saturday from Eckstein, representative of miners on the board, and Mr. Parker, the representative of the operators, stating that they had failed to agree on a third representative. Within a few hours he (Mr. Lemieux) would be in a position to inform the House of the appointment of a third representative.

Mr. W. F. Maclean asked whether it was true that the C. P. R. had only six days' coal and that there was a danger of them closing down

Mr. Lemieux said he thought that was an exaggerated statement.

Replying to Mr. McCarthy, Calgary, Mr. Fielding said it was not the intention of the Government to bring down this session a bill giving land grants to South African veterans. Progress was reported, and the House adjourned at 11.10 p. m.

Rockefeller's Latest.

Louisville, Ky., April 23.—Rev. Carter Helm Jones, pastor of the Broadway Baptist Church, and a close friend of John D. Rockefeller, announced during a mission sermon that plans for a forthcoming princely gift by Rockefeller are almost complete.

"I can say to you," said Rev. Mr. Jones, "that the greatest benefactor of the Baptist Church has about completed the arrangements for a gift of $50,000,000 for the education of the Chinese."

G. T. R. Shopmen Win.

Port Huron, April 23.—Workmen at the Grand Trunk "block I." shops, who went on strike Thursday for an increase of wages, have won. Carpenters will receive $2.20 per day instead of $1.90 and the woodworkers and laborers were given an increase.

British Ship Rammed.

Baltimore, Md., April 23.—The British ship Barnstable, Captain Davidson, arrived here yesterday from Port Antonio, Jamaica, with a large hole in her port side and her stem twisted. She was run into at full speed by the steamer Old Point Comfort.

Let Colonies Pay Cost.

London, April 22.—(C. A. P.)—The central unemployed body has decided to suggest to the Colonial Office that the Colonies be asked to contribute to the cost of emigration of the Woolwich arsenal unemployed.

Quake In Algeria.

Oran, Algeria, April 22.—A telegram received here from Mostaganem says a severe earth shock was felt in that section at twenty minutes before ten Saturday night. The message makes no mention of casualties or damages.

POOR BABY'S FACE ITCHED TERRIBLY

Face and Neck Covered with Inflamed Skin — Suffered Terribly —Mother Took Her to Doctors and Colleges to No Avail — Lost Faith in Medicines — Friend Suggested Cuticura Remedies and

CHILD IS NOW THE PICTURE OF HEALTH

"My baby's face and neck were covered with itching skin similar to eczema, and she suffered terribly for over a year. I took her to a number of doctors, and also to different colleges to no avail. Then Cuticura Remedies were recommended to me by Miss G—, who was telling me how they helped her. I did not use it at first, as I had tried so many other remedies without any favorable results. At last I tried Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, and Cuticura Resolvent Pills, and to my surprise noticed an improvement. After using three boxes of the Cuticura Ointment, together with the Soap and Pills, I am pleased to say she is altogether a different child and the picture of health, and now I have a firm belief in Cuticura Remedies and would not be without them in the house. I will gladly let you publish this testimonial as I would like others to have the same benefit that we did, and you may be sure I will recommend them strongly to everybody I know and to those I don't know, too. Mrs. A. C. Brestlin, 171 N. Lincoln St., Chicago, Ill., Oct. 20 and 30, 1906."

ONE NIGHT TREATMENT

For Sore Hands and Feet with Cuticura.

Soak the hands or feet on retiring in a strong, hot, creamy lather of Cuticura Soap. Dry and anoint freely with Cuticura Ointment, the great Skin Cure. Wear on the hands during the night old, loose gloves, or bandage the feet lightly in old, soft cotton or linen.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor of Infants, Children, and Adults consists of Cuticura Soap to Cleanse the Skin, Cuticura Ointment to Heal the Skin, and Cuticura Resolvent (or in the form of Chocolate Coated Pills, in vials of sixty) to purify the blood. Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass. Mailed Free, Book on Torturing Humors of Skin, Scalp, and Blood.

THAW SENIOR A SHRINER.

Policeman Told Juror—Jerome to Find Guilty Party.

New York, April 22.—District Attorney Jerome has received definite information that the Thaw jury was approached by a policeman, who informed one of the jurors that Thaw's father, William Thaw, was a member of the Mystic Shriners.

Juror Charles E. Newton, himself a Shriner, said on Saturday that the approach was made to him, and it is said the policeman who conveyed the information was also a member of that society.

Mr. Newton said he immediately told all the other jurors what had been said to him. All the policemen who did duty with the Thaw jury will be lined up in the district attorney's office on Monday, and Juror Newton will be asked to pick out the man who is alleged to have made the remark.

FOR THAW'S RELEASE.

Aged Mother Is Converting All Her Property Into Cash.

New York, April 22.—A despatch from Pittsburg says when Mrs. William Thaw reached her Pittsburg home on Saturday she collapsed and physicians were summoned. With her is her daughter the Countess of Yarmouth.

Josiah Thaw, who accompanied his mother home, was very busy. He went to the Union National Bank and, after a meeting with J. Denny Lyon, deposited $3,000 to his cash account.

The work of converting part of the fortune of Mrs. William Thaw into cash will, it is stated, begin to-day. Practically every piece of property owned outright by Mrs. Thaw, will be sold and the money received pooled into a fund for bail for Harry K. Thaw.

Seven Buildings Burned.

Tweed, April 23.—Fire last night, at Stoco, which is three miles from Tweed, across the lake, destroyed an hotel and seven other buildings at a loss of $8,000.

The village has no fire protection, but the Tweed firemen went across and rendered valuable service.

The buildings burned are: L. Allore's store, Hinch's Hotel, Anson Canniff's brick dwelling and barn, Hayes' store and barn, John Muironey's residence and blacksmith shop, M. Dolan's residence and A. Courtney's residence.

Fast Ballooning.

Matteawan, N. J., April 23.—A balloon which left Philadelphia at 12.45 o'clock yesterday afternoon landed here at 2.15, having covered the sixty miles in an hour and a half.

In the balloon were A. R. Hawley, a New York broker, and Arthur T. Atherholl of Philadelphia.

The balloon reached an altitude of 12,000 feet. The fear that the strong wind might carry it out to sea caused the determination to land.

Strikers Want Speedy Trial.

Ottawa, April 22.—The strikers charged with manslaughter at the fatal Buckingham riots applied on Saturday, for a speedy trial before Judge Talbot at Hull Saturday.

The application was deferred until the 29th, when the judge's decision in the matter will be given.

Sandbagged, May Die.

Winnipeg, April 22.—Footpads probably committed murder Saturday night as well as robbery, when they sandbagged Simon Sherman on Main street. The man was so badly injured he will not recover.

Farmer Hangs From Bedpost.

Napierville, Que., April 20.—Merule Bougeois, a farmer, in the parish of St. Jacques Le Mineure, hanged himself to the post of his bed yesterday morning.

SESSION IS NOW OVER

Legislature Prorogued By Lieut.-Governor On Saturday.

LADIES GRACE CEREMONY

Very Few Members Present — Speech From Throne Touches Upon Provincial Rights—Reference Also Made to Cobalt Development — Will Revise Statutes Next Session—Private Legislation Growing.

Toronto, April 22.—At 2.30 on Saturday afternoon his Honor Lieut.-Governor Clark formally prorogued the Ontario Legislature.

The ceremony was very simple and quiet, being marked by none of the pomp or display of the opening.

Only a few members remained in the city to see the end, and only a few ladies occupied places on the floor of the House. Being Saturday afternoon, however, quite a large number of people filled in their leisure by viewing the proceedings from the gallery.

His Honor, accompanied by his aides, Capt. Macdonald and Lieut. Young, was escorted by the Royal Canadian Dragoons. As they approached the buildings a salute of 15 guns was fired by "B" Battery of the Royal Canadian Horse Artillery.

Makes a Long Speech.

His Honor's address was somewhat longer than usual. It mentions all the important legislation of the session, and congratulates the members on the careful attention displayed. Cobalt district comes in for special mention, and his Honor observes with satisfaction "the efforts of my Ministers, by careful legislation, to aid in the development of these deposits in the interest alike of the mining prospector, the investor and the people."

Agriculture and education are mentioned, and statute revision is promised for next session. Private legislation is described as "steadily growing," and a continued increase in the growing revenues is anticipated.

Provincial Rights.

To the question of provincial rights two paragraphs are devoted, as follows:

"Questions of grave character and great importance relating to the respective jurisdictions of the Dominion and the province with reference to railway and other corporations have come before you. A measure has been adopted, namely, an act respecting certain railway and other corporations, which, it is hoped, will serve to protect the province from any encroachments upon its jurisdiction.

"I observe by the terms of the address, which you have presented to me, that another grave question has arisen, namely, the claim of the Dominion to assume, for military purposes, and without compensation, certain lands and timber which are the property of the province. In pursuance of the terms of the address, my Ministers will take all necessary steps to protect the interests of the province in that behalf."

His Honor concluded: "In relieving you from your duties, I desire again to express my thanks for the great public service you have rendered, and join with you in expressing hope that the blessing of Almighty God will continue to rest upon our country and upon our people."

FOUR YEARS FOR BIGAMIST.

Belbeck At 53 Took 16-Year-Old Girl As His New Love.

London, April 22.—Jas. Belbeck of Exeter, who pleaded guilty to the charge of bigamy, appeared before Judge Macbeth Saturday and was sentenced to four years in the penitentiary.

Although he is 53 years of age, Belbeck became enamored of Ada Harris, a 16-year-old girl, and shortly afterward proposed marriage to her. The girl asked time to consider the matter and held him off for a while. One day she received a visit from Mrs. Belbeck, the prisoner's first wife, who informed her that she was the wife of Miss Harris' intended husband. The girl's parents then made a few casual enquiries in reference to the matter and found that no man by the name of John Bell had been married in this city in years. Miss Harris eventually accepted his offer of marriage.

"Did you tell the girl that you were not a married man?" asked Judge Macbeth.

"No sir, she didn't ask me out and out, your honor," replied the accused. "I lied to the minister who married, us, though, and told him that I had never been married."

Buried In Sand Pile.

London, April 22.—Two men employed on the new sewer which is being put down on Dundas street were for 10 minutes buried beneath a pile of sand and shoring at the corner of Dundas and Wellington streets Saturday afternoon. The men were A. Van Conkoghnet and R. McConechy. Neither was seriously hurt, though they were almost suffocated.

Poisoned by Medicine.

London, April 22.—Mrs. James Bone has been dangerously ill at her home for several days past, but is now on the road to recovery.

The cause of Mrs. Bone's illness is supposed to have been a sample package of a patent medicine. The package was left at the door and Mrs. Bone took a dose of it, according to the directions on the wrapper.

French Bombard Native Town.

Konakry, French Guiana, April 22.—A detachment of French troops recently bombarded Boussedou, in Upper Guiana, which was occupied by natives of Liberia, who had pillaged in French territory.

The natives suffered heavily and the French force had two men killed and ten wounded.

Boy Blinded.

Brockville, April 22.—Playing at school H. Mather of Balderson was accidentally struck in the eye with the end of a broken broom handle by a playmate and blinded, the eye ball being ruptured. Mather is 12 years old.

LAURIER EXPLAINS

Why He Was Opposed to An Imperial Council.

WISHED TO AVOID TROUBLE

Sir Wilfrid Says There Are Firebrands In Canada—The Boer War Instanced—Preferred a Civil Committee —Colonial Ministers Slighted at Conference—Sir William Lyne Threatens to Leave.

London, April 23.—(C. A. P.)—Premier Laurier, interviewed by the Canadian Associated Press, said. "It is well known my views were against the imperial council. I was against it, as I did not wish that resolutions might be passed over here that might cause trouble in Canada, for, you know," said Sir Wilfrid with a smile, "we have some firebrands in Canada, Bourassa and others.

Wanted Imperial Council.

"I wanted an imperial council committee, to be under the supervision of the Colonial Office, so that in any dispute which might arise we would have a responsible Minister to deal with. I pointed to the difficulty we had in Canada when the war with South Africa broke out, when there were some misgivings on the part of the French-Canadians, but they were finally brought around.

"In New Zealand and Australia where they have all one nationality, such matters are made easier."

To the suggestion that the result of the present conference will only be that the representatives of the different parts of the empire will become better acquainted, Sir Wilfrid replied that the fact that Botha and Jameson, two men who fought against each other, were members of the conference, would tend greatly towards the confederation of South Africa.

Position Unsatisfactory.

A Sydney cable says Premier Deakin's attempt to get rid of a colonial official intervention is exciting keen interest, now it is understood the history of the relations of the Colonial Office and the Australian Colonies being one long chapter of dissatisfaction.

The position of the Ministers accompanying the Premiers continues unsatisfactory. On the opening day Sir William Lyne threatened Lord Elgin he would leave the country within 24 hours if not allowed to participate in the conference. It now transpires that one of the Ministers who sits behind the Premiers "felt so like a child sitting with its finger in its mouth keeping good," that he lost patience and broke the silence, wanting to know who he was, what he was and why he was not sitting alongside his own Prime Minister.

The Canadian Associated Press understands Lord Elgin looked hard and Winston Churchill glared disapproval, without, however, overawing the delinquent.

WIFE MURDER IN QUEBEC.

Witnesses Testify At Trial That Infidelity Was the Cause.

Quebec, April 19.—The witnesses heard yesterday morning in the Lecoutours murder case were for the crown, Mr. Raoull Bergevin, and for the defence Messrs. George Smith, M. P. P., of Thetford Mines, and Mr. Pelton, saloonkeeper.

Mr. Raoull Bergevin testified that on the 18th of October the prisoner wanted to borrow his revolver to kill his wife because she had deceived him during the course of her trip to Ireland. He had discovered by a letter found in her trunk that she had relations with the steward on board the steamer.

The deposition of Mr. Chas. Bergevin tends to prove that the prisoner had made up his mind to kill his wife some weeks before the murder on account of her pretended infidelities. George Smith, M. P. P., testified to the prisoner's good conduct as a constable.

Pelton, the saloonkeeper, said Lecoutours had often spoken to him of his wife's infidelities, saying that she had left him after 40 years of married life, that she deserved to be killed, that he did not care much to live that way, and would rather be hung than live that way.

Clerk Steals $1,300.

Winnipeg, April 19.—Chas. A'Court Beadon, a junior clerk in the Union Bank, yesterday confessed to stealing $1,300 and was locked up.

He had two weeks of riotous living and had squandered half the loot.

He came here recently from Ontario.

Duke On Tour.

Quebec, April 19.—Accompanied by a friend and on pleasure bent, the Duke of Saxe Coburg arrived in the city Wednesday night from Montreal, and is occupying rooms at the Chateau Frontenac.

Saw Mills Burn.

Lucan, April 19.—B. Langford's saw mills, together with a quantity of lumber, were completely destroyed by fire here last night.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

We have now our seed prepared and are booking orders for the season 1907, for the growing of

FANCY AND OTHER PEAS,

and we would request those wishing to grow, who have not already left their order, and require seed peas, to call at once at the OFFICE and leave their order and get the seed, if they wish to take it away with them; and those who have already left their order kindly call and take their seed away at once.

Prices have advanced on most all varieties.

JAS. M. SQUIER & SONS
SQUIER & FLAVELLE
—wtf.

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Waterproof Horse Covers,
Horse Blankets,
Wagon Covers,
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Food Choppers,
Raisin Seeders,
Asbestos Sad Irons,
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Carpet Sweepers,
Door Mats,
Gillette Razors

J. G. Edwards & Co.

SEED GRAIN CLEANED

We offer the free use of our power mills at Mariposa, Blackwater, Sunderland and Sutton to any farmers wishing to clean their own grain to be used for seed. Screenings may be taken home for feed. No charge whatever and everybody welcome.

Strictly No. 1 Government Standard Alsike, Red Clover and Timothy for sale. Also limited quantity pure Mandscheuri Barley.

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LIMITED
Mariposa Station.

OUR SUMMER TERM during July and August enables students to begin a course at any time and finish without interruption. Write for catalogue. **BRITISH AMERICAN Business College,** Toronto, the oldest and best. **T. M. WATSON,** Principal.

The Canada Paint Co.

PRISM

READY MIXED PAINTS

BRAND

The old, reliable Prism, made from pure lead and oil, in its latest artistic shades, in any quantity.

McLennan & Co.

HARDWARE COAL IRON

See It Grow! What? Your Bank Account

You save the middleman's profit when you deal with us as we are wholesale manufacturers.

We carry a full line Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Sash, Doors, Grained Lumber and Wood Fiber Plaster.

We are prepared to pay cash for any quantity of Pine or Basswood Lumber, also Basswood, Cedar and Pine Logs, delivered at our yard, Wellington-st.

The Kennedy & Davis

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LINDSAY

ADVERTISE

In The Evening Post.