TEN YEARS' GROWTH

Showing large increases in the business of

THE MUTUAL LIFE

ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

LEADING ITEMS.	YEAR 1896.	YEAR 1905.	GAIN IN 10 YEARS.
Insurance in force	$20,001,462	$44,199,955	121 p.c.
Assets	3,392,697	9,296,092	174 p.c.
Income.....	760,403	1,956,519	157 p.c.
Surplus.....	201,579	954,001	373 p.c.

B. L. McLean, Agent

LINDSAY IN THE EARLY SIXTIES.

Interesting Extracts from Old Fyles of The Post, after the Big Fire.

In the issue of Jan. 31, 1879, mention is made of the fact that the ladies of the vice-regal party, at that time on a visit to Niagara Falls, carried canes, or more properly, walking sticks. It was also mentioned that several Lindsay ladies had assumed the fashion and now sported canes and had taken to long walks.

• • •

The big swamp west of the town, and known as the Keenan swamp, will soon be a thing of the past, Mr. Thos. Fee having bought the farm of 200 acres for $12,000, is giving employment to over thirty men in cutting the trees into firewood under contract to the Whitby Railway Co. The cedar, of which there is a large amount, is reserved to fill an order for railway ties.. General satisfaction is felt as the result of this move on the part of Mr. Fee, and a hope is expressed that other owners of as yet uncleared land will do likewise.

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Friday, March 7, 1879. — Lindsay market fees were sold on Tuesday to Mr. James Shannon, Ops, for $480. They brought $550 last year. Peterboro fees brought $1,317.

• • •

The trist serious accident on the Whitby Railway occurred last Tuesday morning, when a broken rail precipitated seven of a train of eight cars down the bank of what is known as the "big dump," a "fill in" about 50 feet high. The conductor, mail clerk and express messenger were rather seriously hurt, but the passenger car did not leave the rails. Traffic was resumed in a few hours.

• • •

In the issue of March 21, 1879, the terrible fire in Minden, in which all of the business portion of the village was wiped out is reported. Many fine buildings and residences were burned and Mrs. Dr. Curry died, it was thought as a result of the shock. Mrs. Fletcher, an old woman 90 years of age, was burned to death in a fire which destroyed her house and effects, situated a short distance from the village of Bobcaygeon.

• • •

April 11, 1879.—A large train of passenger, freight and stock cars left the station on Tuesday last, carrying Mr. Burton's party, en route for Manitoba. There were over one hundred in the party, including 26 from Woodville and 25 from Cambray and vicinity, the remainder leaving from around Lindsay.

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It is interesting to note the agitation on the "meat" question in this year (1879), when the situation was very much the same as at present. The butchers claimed that the people of Lindsay had always had the very best of good meat, especially at Easter and Christmas, and the people strenuously protested that they did not get anything of the kind. It was admitted that perhaps a very fair show of meat was to be seen at those seasons of the year, but the rest of the time it was not up to the mark. The state of affairs here was unfavorably compared to that in Peterboro, and Port Hope.

• • •

April 25, 1879. — During the week the Town Property committee have had the butcher market put in order and a new pair of scales placed therein. This will be much appreciated by the farmers' wives, who have not had for years a proper place to show their wares.

It was this spring (1879), that the Government swing bridges at Lindsay and Wellington-sts. were put in place.

• • •

Friday, June 6. 1879.—The County gaol has again been without a prisoner for over a month, none having been received since the Assizes. This is a state of affairs that speaks volumes for our county.

• • •

The Janetville cor. reports a runaway which resulted in the death of Mrs. Anne Richardson, who was thrown out of the buggy.

• • •

June 6, 1879.—In this issue appears the report of the fatal boiler explosion at Mr. Jabez Thurston's mill, in which Mr. Wm. King was instantly killed, and the engineer, Mr. John Walker, and Mr. Samuel Young, were badly burned and scalded with the escaping steam. Dr. Poole held an inquest, when the jury, composed of practical mechanics, rendered their verdict to the effect that King came to his death through the safety valve between the boilers being closed, consequently allowing no steam to escape, the explosion resulting. The engineer in charge, Mr. Walker, was censured for not attending to his duties in a more efficient manner.

• • •

Two fatal accidents are reported—one, that of Mr. Thomas Gardiner, of Bowmanville, who with a party of five young men were on a hunting trip. When near the village of Minden, while removing his gun from a waggon it exploded, the contents entering the left lung. Death resulted a few hours later. The other was that of Mr. John Bice, only son of the late Geo Bice of Cameron, who about two miles from Lindsay, on his way home, was thrown out of a cart, his fiery horse being quite unmanageable. His neck was broken and he was teribly bruised about the head. Death was almost instantaneous.

• • •

The first self-binding reaper to be used in this part of the country was one owned by Mr. A. McAlpine, and purchased from A. Harris & Co., of Brantford. It was an "Osborne." Mr. Thomas Tie procured one of the same make a short while after.

SPRING ADVICE.

Do Not Dose With Purgatives and Weakening Medicines—What People Need at This Season is a Spring Tonic.

Not exactly sick — but not feeling quite well. That's the spring feeling. You are easily tired, appetite variable, sometimes headaches and a feeling of depression. Or perhaps pimples and eruptions appear on the face, or you have twinges of rheumatism or neuralgia. Any of these indicate that the blood is out of order, that the indoor life of winter has left its mark upon you and may easily develope into more serious trouble.

Dont dose yourself with purgative medicines in the hope that you can put the blood right. Purgatives gallop through the system and weaken instead of giving strength. What you do need is a tonic medicine and will make new, rich, red blood; build up the weakened nerves and thus give you new health and strength. And the one medicine to do this speedily and surely is Dr. Williams Pink Pills. Every dose of this medicine makes new rich, red blood, which makes weak, easily tired, and ailing men and women feel bright, active and strong. If you need a medicine this spring try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and you will never regret it. This medicine has cured thousands and thousands in every part of the world and what it has done for others it will do for you.

Medicine dealers everywhere sell these pills or you can get them direct from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50.

G.T.R. TO RUN BOAT FROM PORT HOPE TO CHARLOTTE.

Will Accommodate 1,000 Passengers and Carry 1,400 Tons of Coal in Cars.

Port Hope Guide: The establishment of a ferry service between Port Hope and Charlotte formed the subject of a conference held at the Grand Trunk Montreal offices recently between the leading officials of the railway and representatives from the town of Port Hope. Mayor Chalk, speaking to the Toronto Star at the close of the conference, stated that the Grand Trunk were interested in the proposed plan by which a daily service would be run between Port Hope and Charlotte. The steamer that would supply the service was being built for the Ontario Ferry Company, and it was intended it should be run in connection with the Grand Trunk Railway at Port Hope and the Rochester and Pittsburg Railway at Charlotte. The steamer would be able to carry 28 cars, each carrying 50 tons of coal, and the Grand Trunk would be enabled to supply coal to its customers throughout the central portion of Ontario without making the long haul by way of Niagara Falls.

It was intended that a daily service should be given the whole year. Besides having accommodation for such a large number of cars, the steamer would also be able to accommodate upwards of 1,000 passengers.

Mayor Chalk considered that the successful operation of the service would result in the Dominion Government deciding to place the terminal of the Trent Valley Canal at Port Hope.

Mr. C. M. Hays, who was acting on behalf of the Grand Trunk Railway, expressed the opinion that the service would be of greatest benefit to the whole central portion of Ontario. The company already had a large number of tracks on the wharves at Port Hope and comparatively little work would be required to put the terminal in first class condition.

The time of a trip between Port Hope and Charlotte will be between five and six hours and one trip each way will be made every twenty-four hours.

Rheumatic Pains Relieved.

The quick relief from rheumatic pains, afforded by Chamberlain's Pain Balm has surprised and delighted thousands of sufferers. It makes rest and sleep possible. A great many have been permanently cured of rheumatism by the use of this liniment. For sale by all druggists.

AT ST. JOSEPH'S CONVENT

RESULTS OF EASTER EXAMINATIONS AND PROMOTIONS.

Names of Pupils and Marks Obtained by Each.

The following is the result of the Easter examinations at St. Joseph's Convent:

Senior IV.—Total 875; Mary Scully 694, Maggie Meehan 674, Maggie Killen 663, Ella Murtha 661, Vivian White 659, Hazel Duck 647, Mollie Healey 597, Florence White 535, May Murtha 533, Kathleen McDonald 525, Lavina Corrigan 515, Mildred Sadler 514, Lizzie Cain 505, Annie Willis 501, Lizzie Donohue 458.

Junior IV.—Total 875; Mary Powers 603, Madge Metherell 570, Josie Grozelle 568, Ethel Hill 557, Rose Lebel 547, Annie Murtha 542, Gertie O'Leary 533, Loretta Frechette 492, Mary Prunty 474, Mary Jordan 443.

Senior III.—Total 800; Ruth O'Neill 715, Lila Callaghan 641, Eilene McCabe 639, Mary Houlihan 637, Helen Tetrault 603, Kathleen Meehan 597, Carrie Forbert 590, Flossie McGann 585, Mary Gillogly 581, Gertie Murtha 574, Hortense White 569, Sadie Killen 562, Minnie Curtin 560, Ethel Cote 559, Genevieve Walsh 555, Teresa O'Callaghan 538, Mary Lonergan 505, Annie Duck 493, Teresa Dwyer 480, Reta Gough 472, Mary Crimmons 423, Maggie Murtha 420. Absent — Ruth McNaulty, Mary McGrath

Junior III.—Total 700; May Meehan 513, Mabel Scully 512, Mary Houlihan 498, Helena Downey 494, Katie Dwyer 489, Mary Breen 454, Francis Sadler 432, Ethel Jerue 400, Sarah Cruzon 367, Nellie Daley 367, Laura Brady 354, Nora O'Rielly 335, Absent—Carrie O'Rielly, Maggie Teevins.

Senior II.—Total 500; Katie Flurey 458, Laura Sullivan 419, Annie Killen 417, Madge Denison 402, Olive Meehan 382, Genevieve Grozelle 346, Ida Murtha 331, Willie McMahon 327, Mamie Sheehan 305, Maggie Tetrault 300, Mina Burby 300, Maggie Dwyer 300, Agnes White 300, Ada Sullivan 260.

Junior II.—Total 450; Lucy Gillogly 364, Teresa Murtha 341, Gladys Bissette 331, Gertrude Bissette 298, Monica Breen 298, Ruth Shannon 294, Annie Houlihan 276, Agnes Brady 276, Genenieve O'Neill 271, Dollie O'Rielly 228, Monica Primeau 220, Pearl Fitzpatrick 200.

PROMOTIONS.

The following were promoted;

Part II. to Jr. II.—(Honors): Ethel Brick, Amelia Brooks, Helen Breen. Passed; Mary Hennesy, Mary O'Connel, Agnes Dwyer, Lornine McIntyre, Elizabeth Flynn, Marie McPhee, Mary Cain, Rosina Sandford, Helen Duck, Marjorie Flood, Stella Logan, Clarence Teevinn.

Jr. Pt. II. to Sr. Part II.—Passed: Mary Kingsley, Mabel Tetrault, Vivian Boyean, Mildred Meehan, Clara Flaherty, Gertrude McCabe, Teresa Barnett, Irene Curtin, Pearl O'Neill Rosie Birgenaw.

Jr. I to Sr. I.—Genevieve Murphy, Norine Feddis, Gertrude Flurey, Marguerite Mulochill, Queenie Daley, Agnes Callaghan, Julia Tetrault, Florence O'Neill.

Class B to Jr. I.—Nora Burby, Lena Dutton, Annie Tetrault, Philomena Dwyer, Gertrude Dovey, Lena Caruzo, Irene Walsh, Julia Kipworth.

EASTER WEDDING BELLS.

McLean—Cross.

At Lindsay, on Wednesday, 11th inst., at the residence of Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Gross, Mill-st., was solemnized the marriage of their eldest daughter, Ella, to Mr. Burton L. McLean. The Rev. James W[illegible], M.A., of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, officiated. Mr. and Mrs. McLean left on the evening train for points in the west.

Hooper—Maxsom.

Old Sol shone forth with becoming splendor last Friday, (and crowned with success the happy nuptial event, which took place at No. 28 Angeline-st., when Miss Amy Florence Maxsom, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Maxsom, was united in holy bonds of wedlock to Mr. Herbert John Hooper, of London, formerly foreman of the Watchman-Warder staff.

The floral decorations were very pretty, the house being perfumed with the scent of various kinds of flowers and Easter lillies. The pleasing ceremony was performed under a daintly suspended flower bell, entwined in tulips, Easter lillies, ferns and carnations, the whole of the back ground being banked with a floral effect. The bride, who was unattended, was given away by her father, and was prettily gowned in crepe de chene and carried a beautiful sheaf of asparagus ferns, lillies of the valley, spireus and palms. The nuptial knot was tied by Rev. Geo. Bishop, pastor of Cambridge-st. Methodist church, in the presence of fifty or more invited guests.

After the serving of a dainty and sumptuous repast the happy couple drove to the G.T.R. depot and embarked for western points, a large crowd of well wishers and friends gathered at the station to wish them every success. The Post joins in congratulating Mr. and Mrs. Hooper and wish them health and prosperity in wedded life.

Not Much of a Shower.

The British Empire, by its latest census, has 400,000,000 population; of which only one-eighth is white. It is a colored Empire, and red isn't the color of its ethnological map. But the whites are on top everywhere. With its 11,908,379 square miles, the Empire never was more firmly knit than it is to-day, or more secure from serious attack. Even Ireland is quiet. The Boers are busy coming to. Russia is no menace, Germany hasn't half-grown her web feet. If George III. could come back, he might look across the Atlantic and remark, "After all, North, it wasn't much of a shower."

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

$5,000 REWARD will be paid to any person who proves that Sunlight Soap contains any injurious chemicals or any form of adulteration.

Sunlight Soap

is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way.

Sunlight Soap contains no injurious chemicals.

Sunlight Soap is pure soap, scientifically made. Every step in its manufacture is watched by an expert chemist.

Sunlight Soap saves labor, and the wear of rubbing which common soaps require in washing fabrics.

5c. Buy it and follow directions 5c.

Lever Brothers Limited. Toronto

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COMMUNICATIONS.

MEAT PRICES AT STRATFORD.

(To the Editor of The Post.)

Sir,—Several people having asked me concerning the prices of meat in Stratford, I corresponded with Town Clerk Lang, with the following result;

O. Bigelow, esq., Lindsay;

Dear Sir,—Your letter of 3rd, inst., duly received. I could not get definite and reliable information re outside tendors' prices, so delayed reply until to-day.

This morning, although yet early, there is a large quantity of meat on the market. The prices seem very unsettled, some selling best roast beef at 10c. while others asked 12 1-2c. This of course is cheaper than regular butchers. Steak sold at same prices as roast, but cheaper varieties of meat, such as boiling, etc., differed less from shop prices.

I spoke to a number of persons who are in the habit of buying on the market, and they assured me they could purchase about 15 to 20 per cent. cheaper than from shops. Did not notice any lamb, and pork was scarce indeed; am told it is hard to get and dear. Trusting this information may be of some use, —

Yours truly,

R. B. LANG.

Stratford, 7th April, 1906.

KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES.

New Remedy for Stomach Troubles That Will Cure.

In keeping with their custom of always ordering a supply of new remedies as soon as their value has been established, our leading druggists have obtained a supply of Mi-o-na, a remedy for stomach troubles that absolutely cures and restores lost functions of the digestive organs.

Until recently it was thought that pepsin was valuable in the treatment of stomach troubles, but it is now known that while pepsin aids in digesting meats, it has no effect upon starchy foods, such as potatoes, rice, bread, corn meal, etc. As the majority of stomach troubles comes from indigestion of starchy foods, this makes pepsin absolutely useless in most cases.

On the other hand, Mi-o-na contains no pepsin, acts directly upon the gastric glands, restores the lost functions of the digestive organs, revives flagging nutrition, aids in assimilation of food and, in fact, so strengthens the whole digestive system that you can eat anything at any time without fear of indigestion.

Weakness, nervousness, sleeplessness, headache, pain and distress after eating, and debility are the result of a weak and faulty digestion. Use Mi-o-na, and all these symptoms will be overcome, and you will have perfect health.

Get a 50 cent box of Mi-o-na tablets to-day.

If you cannot obtain Mi-o-na of your druggist, it will be sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of price. Write us for advice on your case from a leading stomach specialist which will be sent free. The R. T. Booth Company, Ithaca, N. Y. 9—16

SOME REMARKS

ABOUT THINGS IN GENERAL

By "The Stroller."

When the liquor bill now before the Ontario house was introduced, we made a few comments on it and promised to take it up again after we had a chance to study it in detail. Mr Hanna has not thought it worth while to send The Stroller a copy, but we presume there are others he has left out too. We will just have to discuss it as best we can, from the the newspaper reports, which we are pleased to admit, are generally in the main correct. In order that our readers may appreciate our comments the more intelligently, we would just like to say that we are in thorough sympathy with all temperance legislation, and any law that seeks to curtail or abolish the drink evil from our land, will have our hearty support. At the same time, there is no use shutting our eyes to facts and conditions confronting us, which must be taken into consideration in discussing this very important question. For instance, the fact that a considerable portion of every community are bound to have strong drink in some shape or other, must be reckoned with, and if all the legal avenues are closed up, illegal ones will take their place. What are called "sumptuary" laws cannot be passed, let alone carried out, without a deal of education on the part of all the community. Not only must a large majority of the people be agreeable to having the law on the statute book, but they must be willing to do a little detective work if they would have them carried out., This brings up the point in the new act that the temperance people must find fault with and which we will speak of later on, viz., the clause requiring a two-thirds majority before local option can be carried into effect.

To begin at the beginning. Some people (temperance) are finding fault with Mr. Whitney for the poor bill-of-fare he has presented to them in the shape of temperance legislation. They have no call to do so, for neither by precept nor example nor promise has he nor his government given them the slightest reason to hope for anything different. Mr. Whitney has always said that if the present law was enforced properly it would give the people all that could reasonably be expected to carry. True, Mr. Whitney took his Scotch, and that during illegal hours, whilst the other fellows were satisfied with cold water, and also true that any curtailment of the drnik curse was brought about by such teetotalers as Crooks, Mowat and Ross, who believed in what they did and who yet knew how far they dare go in enforcing legislation, yet the temperance people, in their wisdom, helped to hurl the friends of temperance from power and put in those who, if friendly, are so after they have wined and dined. How can they reasonably expect Mr. Whitney to give them any legislation along the lines they are clamoring for, unless he were seeking to play for votes, and we don't think the time has come for that and truth to say we don't think Mr. Whitney cares whether he has the out and out temperance vote or not. What can he think of it after seeing the way they treated the people whom he knew were temperance through and through? What can any respectable citizen do? There have been deputations from both sides to see the premier about alterations such as they think there ought to be. We really think, considering that the liquor interests are naturally Conservative and that the government are not going to hit their friends any harder than they can help, that Mr. Whitney has done his best to make the law as workable as possible, allowing the liquor people to distribute the distilled damnation and still be able to hold them in leash as well as he can. Taking up the points the liquor people wanted altered, they were so bare-faced and unfair that Mr. Whitney, much as he might, like to please them, could afford to put his foot down on them without any compunction.

The idea of wanting to keep open till eleven o'clock, as if eleven was not bad enough, to keep open Saturday night and not to be kept so far away from fair grounds, etc., all showed the inherent gall which these fellows gather as they grow in the business. To our mind bars, if we are to have them, should at least be a mile away from any fair grounds, and it would not be a bad idea if they were closed on all holidays and fair days. True, many of the bucks would not have such a high old time, but on the other hand, there might not be so many sore hearts and heads, or so many unpaid grocer or butcher bills. Mr. Bigelow might have a fair chance for 10c. steak if there were no bars. We really must commend Mr. Whitney for the stand he took there. We are also glad to see that there are to be no bars on boats. We can't conceive why that idea was ever broached unless it was put out as a feeler. Now for the temperance views. The objections all simmer down to two clauses, viz., that where local option must carry by a two-thirds majority and that where it can be re-submitted in two years, instead of three. As this latter is made to apply to both sides, we do not see that any great harm has been done. It is on the two-hirds vote that the temperance people wax wrathy, and we think without a good show of reason. As we said before, unless a law of this kind is not only carried by a handsome majority, but that majority be prepared to do detective work local option is worse than useless. In the first place we do not think that local option or prohibition is suitable for a town of 5,000 or over. If it carries there by even a two-thirds majority there are enough people in the minority who will have it willy nilly, and the point is is it not better to have it regulated and know where it is, than have it unregulated and not be able to put your finger on it? How many of the good temperance people in local option towns are willing to play detective and have the thing stopped? Not one in 500. They know drinking is going on, and yet won't take the only step that will stop it, because informing is unpopular. Local option in rural municipalities is all right, and has a better chance to be carried out, but even there, with only a bare majority in its favor, and that in a lackadaisical sort of mood, what hope is there for its enforcement?

We really think Mr. Whitney has made a good move in requiring a two-thirds majority, and if the temperance people can't convince that number of people to come out and vote, they don't deserve to have local option. We also believe that if the liquor interests see such a majority before them, they will begin to think that spot is an undesirable one for them to remain in. The idea of licensing the bartenders is also a good one. Not that it raises the status of the job, for we think all will admit that a man could not possibly reach a much lower level. The man digging a drain is a king beside him, and the bar owner is only (if any) one degree in advance—which way it would be hard to say. We believe that there are lots of poor fellows too far gone to know any better, who pass $5 and $10 bills over some bar who only receive a change back for a $1—this is the only way we can conceive of a man getting rid of $20 or $50 in a night—knowing that he does not gemble. He cannot possibly drink it This sort of highway robbery may not occur in Lindsay but it would in Cobalt. It does in other mining and resport towns. It does in Toronto and Kingston, and it will wherever the saloon gets the upper hand of the community. The man selling drinks behind the bar of the King Edward is very few degrees removed from the man selling drinks at an unlicensed shack in the north country. Both are out for the long green. The means of getting it are immaterial. By all means license the bartenders. The limiting of the age is also a good point. Talk about licensing, how would it do to license the drinker? We believe it is a point worth considering.

In closing we must confess to a desire to close the bar proper, and the bar, entirely separated, just as the grocery and the shop licenses were separated some years ago. The great majority of the guests of any hotel never go near the bar, so that it is read not for the benefit of its guests. Any bar depends largely for its revenue on the local trade, mostly young men, floaters and others who find it the most congenial place in which to spend their spare time. We know that frequently it is a source of annoyance to the respectable guests and the sooner the Gordian knot is cut the sooner will we be able to get the liquor selling where it ought to be — by itself. Whether it should be sold privately or under government control is a question that is worth discussing by itself.

Sore Throat and Coughs

A simple, effective and safe remedy for all throat irritations is found in

Cresolene Antiseptic Tablets

They combine the germicidal value of Cresolene with the soothing properties of slippery elm and liquorice. 10c. At Druggists 466

Have You Seen It?

OUR ELECTRIC COFFEE MILL

We neglect nothing that will add to the satisfaction of patrons by giving them a better service.

That spirit has just led to the purchase of an ELECTRIC COFFEE MILL, which is one of the latest inventions known to the trade.

By its use we shall be able to offer customers Coffees in a fresh ground condition. One of the Mills' strong points is that it seems to conserve and even strengthen the bean's aroma.

Try our Coffees—they're all we could say of them and more.

A. L. CAMPBELL,

Grocery, Kent-st. China Hall, William-st.
Phone No. 10.

First-Class Seeds

Red Clover, Alsike, Timothy.

We are in a position to offer our patrons some extra fine lines in the above Seeds that are guaranteed equal to Government Seed Test.

A number have already purchased, and you may be wise in following their example. At any rate, call next time you are in town, inspect the seed samples and get prices.

Spratt & Killen.

Just arrived, our spring stock of Baby Carriages and Go-Carts, Velocipedes, Wagons and Carts, and they are Dandies. You are invited to inspect them at

JOS. RIGGS',

KENT-ST. - Lindsay.

W. H. JACKSON,

LATE

Organist and Choir-Master Cambridge-st. Methodist Church.

Studio over Britton's store —Entrance on Ridout-st.

Hours for consultation between 10 and 12 a.m., and 2 and 4 p.m. Specialties—Voice Culture, Organ, Piano, String Instruments and Theory. Voices tested free.—dwtf.

FIRE INSURANCE.

The Insurance Company of North America, Founded 1792.

In over one hundred years of honorable business experience this Company has paid out in fire losses to its policy-holders over $123,000,000.00.

W. R. WIDDESS, Agent,
dwtf. LINDSAY.

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High grade Training for Business Life. College open entire year. Our facilities are unsurpassed. Commence now. Handsome Catalogue free.

W. J. ELLIOTT, Principal.
Corner Yonge and Alexander-sts.