

April Weather

Always makes one feel the old winter suit a little heavy and seedy looking. We have a very large assortment of New Fresh Stylish Patterns to choose from that will make you feel like a new man, and will enable you to go about your business with renewed enthusiasm. Very attractive and modern designs at \$13 and \$14. Also a new line of Scotch Suitings just opened, at from \$17 to \$20.

CATHRO & CO.

The Weekly Post.
LINDSAY, FRIDAY, APR. 27th, 1900.
Temperance Column.

FOR GOD AND HOME AND NATIVE LAND.
EDITED BY ELLEN E. SEAR.
Joy, Love and Truth.

Card of Thanks.
The members of the W. C. T. U. wish to convey hearty thanks to The Post for the very full report given by Mrs. Rutherford's address, Mrs. M. A. Mitchell, cor. sec.

My life is a brief, brief thing; I am here but a little space; And while I stay I would like, if I may, To brighten and better the place.
—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

Francis Willard comprehended a great truth when she gave utterance to this statement: "We have been for a long time trying to make people prosperous by making them temperate. It is time to make them temperate by making them prosperous."

A Catholic priest in the New York Journal writes: "Much is said and written about the 'servant girl problem.' There is one simple way to solve it. Pay your domestics decent wages and treat them with the same consideration you would your clerk or other business employees. I know many families who have kept their servants ten and twenty years. I know many others who could never keep the same servant six months. The difference is not due to the character of the servants, but to that of the employees."

Proofs of human degeneracy are multiplying. Sensualism, with all its vices, is productive of all the evils which afflict society. Humanity is corrupt and diseased; and offspring come into the world with mental, moral, and physical defects of all kinds. The number of criminals, insane persons, and idiots is increasing at an alarming rate. Something radical must be done to save the world from these awful conditions, the terrible hell resulting from wanton disobedience to the laws of life. — The Flaming Sword.

There is no man so poor a creature but that some one loves him, and there is none so trifling in mind but that somewhere he is respected for his knowledge. Every child has his little kingdom, although its whereabouts may be unknown to others, and often its very existence unsuspected. So long as a man reigns in it he comes to him in what may be called his "foreign" relations, but when he is compelled to abdicate he is undone indeed. Every healthy man believes that his duties are something, something, and while he receives encouragement in his own court he will continue his endeavors. This world may resent this course, but if he has the approval of the values that matter, he will enjoy the conflict. The people of the world are divided into two equal halves for every man; one, his own immediate companions, the other, the balance of mankind.

A NURSE'S NOBILITY

She Imparts Priceless Information to Her Fellow-Mortals

Toronto, Dec. 20.—Miss L. Sloan, a widely-known nursing expert, publishes the following letter, which will be read with interest by thousands who are today contending against difficulties such as she has met.

Miss Sloan says:—
"In the interests of suffering humanity, I desire to volunteer the following information: My duties as a nurse are very exacting, and some time ago I became very greatly run down. I would get dizzy spells and palpitation of the heart, on the least exertion. My blood became thin and watery, and I was utterly unable to perform my duties."
"My friends became alarmed, and a physician was called in; but, though carefully following all their directions, I did not improve. A friend who had called on me, suggested that I should try Dr. Arnold's English Tonic Pills, which I did, and I can truthfully assure you I am now as well as ever, and I have felt for many a long day."
"This is a frank, truthful and candid statement. I never gave a testimonial before, but consider I am doing right in sending you this. I can get plenty of testimonials from my friends, who have used your Pills, and I will be glad to answer all correspondence relative to my case."
"Yours sincerely,
"L. SLEARN,
"100 Tecumseh St., Toronto."
Dr. Arnold's English Tonic Pills, the only medicine that cures the blood, will cure the nervous system. It is sold by all druggists at 75c a box; sample box sent post-paid on receipt of price by The Arnold Chemical Co., Limited, Canada Building, 42 King Street West, Toronto.

Wedding Stationery.
The Post has just received a supply of the latest Wedding Stationery. Call and see samples of our work, and get prices.

Tested and Tried For 25 Years

Would you feel perfectly safe to put all your money in a new bank? One you have just heard of? But how about an old bank? One that has done business for over a quarter of a century? The bank that has always kept its promise? One that never failed; never misled you in any way? You could trust such a bank, couldn't you?

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF OOD-LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES is just what you need. If you are disappointed you never will. It has never deceived you, never will. Look out that someone does not try to make you do what you do not want to do. Some new medicine you know nothing of.

HIS TIME HAD COME.

So thought a Quebec man until Dodd's Kidney Pills cured him of Bright's Disease. Quebec, April 23.—Narcisse Mangy, of 109 St. Anne Street, this city, considers himself an extremely fortunate man. His health has been restored after Bright's Disease. Bright's Disease is an extremely fatal disease of the kidneys. The sufferer's fingers are swollen and miserably aching. Once it fastens itself upon a victim there is only one hope to save him—Dodd's Kidney Pills. But they never fail.

THE COUNCIL'S SAD FLIGHT.

Drove Out to Examine the Streets and Their Big Bank in a Fog—They Had a Narrow Escape, But Managed to Walk Home. The man who looks upon our town councilors with envy, and thinks it must be glorious to be elected to that exalted position, is taking a very superficial view of the case. True, they have "opportunities," and the roadway and walks in front of their own and their friends' properties may be kept in faultless condition while other citizens cannot obtain a single plank walk, but to offset this the councilors are at times exposed to real danger while in the performance of their duties.

One of these perils eventuated on Wednesday afternoon last. The members of the council started out with Street Commissioner Pilkie to make a tour of the streets in order to decide where improvements should be made with the limited sum at their disposal. The trip was made in Mr. Albert Jewett's landau, drawn by his most stylish team of horses—usually reserved for weddings, by the way. Mr. Jewett's skill as a "whip" extricated them from some bad spots in the south ward, but the incidents were taken as a matter of course, as very many a man of years and the driver—with a knowledge born of costly experience, carefully avoided the most of them.

When the south ward was reached the new-fangled enthusiasm for everything Irish caused the councilors to choose St. Patrick-st. for their promenade. Rash and futuristic resolutions were made, and the foot of Dick Wilkinson's heavily freighted carriage sank far below the hubs in the veritable "Bog of Allen," and this at a dangerous angle, throwing the august councilors into each other's arms.

What was to be done? The efforts made by Mr. Jewett to extricate the carriage only made matters worse, and the flying wheel in South Africa. Not alone the councilors, but the horses and the carriage had to be released from their unpleasant predicament. The suggestion was made by a bystander that the corporation clerk be sent for. On Street Commissioner Pilkie explaining that it was sinner Pilkie's responsibility to pick up the gravel for the streets the idea was abandoned. Finally a section of sidewalk was torn up and laid across the roadway, and the councilors managed to make their escape to dry land before the plank sank out of sight. In the meantime Mr. Jewett had sent for a team of heavy-draughts, and after much ado the carriage was yanked from its mud bed, a sorry-looking object. Mr. Jewett is still busy assessing the damages.

THE DOG NUISANCE

A country correspondent of Farming writes this interesting letter on the above subject: I would like to say a word about the dog nuisance. I think a law should be passed to allow a person to kill or shoot any dog found in his place. Dogs are worse than the Boers and should be all killed, and also the foxes, that kill one-third of the turkeys hatched, and not a word of complaint. Find out how much money turkeys bring to the farmers of Ontario annually, and take one-third of it and you have the amount of damage done by the fox. Dogs killed \$100 worth of sheep within two miles of my farm this year, and if something is not done farmers will be obliged to do away with keeping sheep. However, as far as I am concerned myself, I intend to stick to it and keep sheep as long as I can, even if I have to keep strychnine in the pasture to kill the dogs. I find that all kinds of dogs kill sheep. Two hounds killed eight in one flock near here recently. But in Newfoundland, strain is the worst, and if there is a drop of his blood in a dog he will always have his eye on the sheep. However, don't wait until he kills the sheep as he did, but kill him as quickly as possible and risk the law. Any man brought into court for killing a sheep worrying dog ought to be let go at once.

OLD AND YOUNG MEN IN WAR

Napoleon's deeds were better than his actions, and we need not attach much value, therefore, to his assertion that "at sixty, men are no longer good for anything." It is true that most of the army commanders who carried the wars of the French Republic and Empire to triumphant conclusions were considerably under fifty years of age. The selection, however, of young and inexperienced men for posts of high responsibility was involuntary; being mainly due to the fact that the officers of the monarchical military establishment had been aristocrats almost to a man, and had either emigrated or been guillotined. The contemporaneous suppression of old by young officers in the French navy had calamitous results, and the different outcome of the same course on land must be attributed in large measure to the superiority of the French rank and file, who were animated by the enthusiastic and dauntless spirit of an awakened people. Curiously enough, however, of all Napoleon's marshals, Massena, the oldest, was the best. Among the foreign generals whom the French had to encounter, the aged Suwaroff and Bendorino, MacDonald and Joubert in successive battles; it was an indecisive and almost fruitless victory, which, after tremendous bloodshed, Napoleon gained, over the aged Kutuzoff at Borodino; and it was old Blucher who dealt the coup de grace at Waterloo.

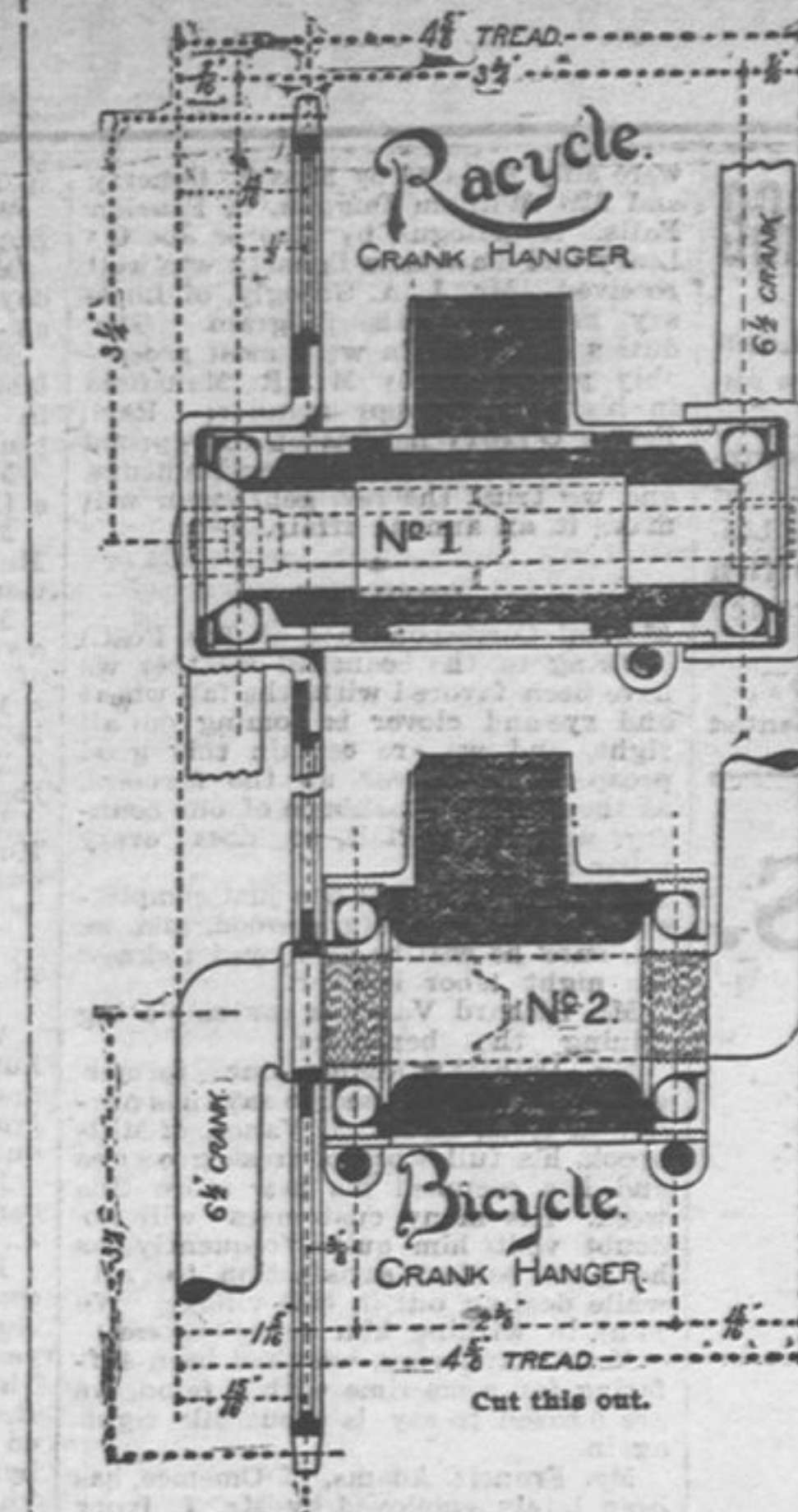
Arguments for both old and young generals may be drawn from the experience of the Civil War. Sheridan was thirty-three when he was made Commander of the Cavalry of the Army of the Potomac; Grant was forty at Shiloh; Sherman was forty-four when he started on his Atlanta campaign. On the side of the Confederacy, however, Joseph E. Johnston was fifty-two at the outbreak of the contest, Lee was fifty-four and Albert Sidney Johnston was fifty-eight; all dangerously near the point at which, according to Napoleon, men are good for nothing. If we turn to later wars of the first magnitude, we find that the one man of transcendent military reputation, Von Moltke, was sixty-six years old at Sedwa and seventy at Sedan. In view of the facts, we are not greatly impressed by the information that Gen. Methuen is fifty-five, Gen. Buller is fifty-seven, Gen. Buller, fifty-one



WOMEN and Women Only, especially mothers, are most competent to appreciate the purity, sweetness, and delicacy of CUTICURA SOAP and to discover new uses for it daily. Its remarkable emollient, cleansing, and purifying properties, derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure and purest of emollients, wa-reat its use in preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scaly, hands, and hair, and in the form of baths and solutions for annoying irritations, itching, inflammations, and chafings, too free or offensive perspiration, and also in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, as well as many sanative, antiseptic purposes, which will readily suggest themselves. All that has been said of CUTICURA SOAP may also be said of CUTICURA Ointment which should be used after the SOAP, in the severer cases, to hasten the cure.

Cuticura THE SET

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour. Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA Ointment, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disgusting and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails. POWER DRUG AND CHEM. CO., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A. "Secrets for Women" sent free.



The truth, of course, is that age implies experience, and that the more experience a statesman or military commander has, the better, provided his intellectual qualities remain unimpaired. That was the principle on which the Romans chose their Consuls. Whether the intellectual qualities are impaired is a question not to be settled by the calendar, but by a careful diagnosis of the individual case. Napoleon was but forty-six at Waterloo, yet he gave unmistakable indications of physical and mental deterioration, and from the viewpoint of soundness, apparently, was older than was A. S. Johnston at Shiloh or Von Moltke at Sedan. We add that, if it be true that Lord Salisbury shows signs of senility, an assertion of which we have no evidence, the signs can scarcely be attributed to age; for England has had vigorous Prime Ministers—we refer to Palmerston and Gladstone—who were much older than he.

OUR Crank Hanger DOES IT

The Ball-Bearings are outside of the sprocket and chain, which saves 27 per cent less friction, therefore 27 per cent easier running than any other wheel.

RACYCLE

the best wheel for 1900. The self magazine oiler, the one-eight inch chain, one piece nickled forks are to be had on the Racycle only. The Racycle is guaranteed for one year—other wheels for 90 days. Call and see the nicest lot of sample wheels in the town at Little's Harness Shop, HERB J. LITTLE, Agent. Berlin and Geni ron wheels.

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IN 10,000 SHARES OF \$100. EACH.

The necessary deposit having been made with the Insurance Department at Ottawa, this Company is licensed to do business throughout Canada. There has already been subscribed \$650,000; \$150,000 is reserved for subscription outside of Canada; and the remaining \$200,000 is now offered at par to the Canadian public, to be paid in full, it having been decided by the Company to make its CASH CAPITAL \$1,000,000.00.

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The average loss ratio of all companies operating in Canada and the United States during the ten years ending December 31, 1899, was 58.22% of the net premiums received; leaving, after deduction of the expenses, and without including the immense sums received as interest upon investments, a large margin of profit. The ratio of losses to premiums received in Canada for 1899 was the smallest for ten years, the average being 56.02%. The loss ratio of the "Victoria-Montreal" from May 15th, 1899, the date upon which the Company commenced business, to Dec. 31st, of the same year, was only 15.04%; while the loss ratio, on its total premiums from the date of its starting business to the present time has not exceeded 15%; showing that every care has been exercised in the selection of its risks.

Strong corporations in every branch of industry have incomparable advantages over those of small calibre, and fire insurance offers no exception to the general rule. With the large cash capital which the "Victoria-Montreal" will have, it will be in an unassailable position, and will be able to most successfully compete for business. By its ability to spread its risks over a wide area, which, with proper management, is the essence of the science of underwriting, and with its local conditions, make a substantial profit year after year, with much greater ease and to a much greater extent than would be possible for a company operating upon a smaller scale. The connections which the Company has been fortunate enough to make, and will be to it of the greatest possible benefit. They will assist it to become one of the largest fire insurance companies of this continent, and enable it to reach a high place among the strongest financial institutions of Canada.

A property owner will thus see that, independently of the dividends to be paid on the shares, which there is every reason to believe will be large, and will alone amply repay the investment, the agreement referred to above will enable him to realize, in addition thereto, an amount equal to interest upon his shares at from TEN to TWENTY PER CENT. per annum.

With the advantages above enumerated,—a good business already established, the large and profitable field which is open for its operations, the influence of a superior class of Shareholders, conservatism and energy on the part of its directorate and management, and a strong financial position, it is believed that the shares of the "Victoria-Montreal" offer exceptionally good opportunities for investment, and that the results thereof will be highly satisfactory.

TERMS: 10% payable upon application; 15% upon allotment; 25% on July 1st; 25% on September 1st; and 25% on November 1st.

Subscription lists will be opened at 10 o'clock a.m., on Tuesday, May 8th, 1900, and will be closed at 3 o'clock p.m., on Friday, May 11th, 1900, or earlier, the right being reserved to reject any application.

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