

## AMMUNITION, GUNS, RIFLES, CARTRIDGE, SHOOTING GOODS, LANTERNS, PLOW LINES, HALTERS, COW TIES, SAWS, AXES, CHAINS

**J. G. EDWARDS & CO.**

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**JOB PRINTING.**—Our Job Department is one of the best equipped printing offices in Canada, and is prepared to execute all kinds of printing in first-class style at lowest prices. No job too big or small for us. All business communications to be addressed to **WILSON & WILSON, Proprietors.**

**The Weekly Post.**  
LINDSAY, FRIDAY, MAR. 14th, '02  
EDITORIAL NOTES.

Wonder what Gen. Buller thinks when he reads the "I regret-to-say" reverses Lord Kitchener sends home, after the Boer forces have been shattered into fragments.

When the various items in the British budget are added together they will probably total about \$800,000,000. Of this about \$300,000,000 will be for army, navy and war. The fiddler must get this fee; the dance has been a wild one.

According to recent reports the death rate in the London smelter outbreak is 14 per cent among persons vaccinated, 30 per cent in cases of doubtful vaccination, and 40 per cent in cases where there has been no vaccination at all.

The proposal to turn over the department of income officials to some other authority than the government, while still holding the department, is a very serious matter. The department is the seat of rank injustice. Those who advocate it have evidently given the subject little study.

If Mr. Carnegie is going to roll 700 tons of steel rails per day at the South end and after April 1st, build 225 miles of the Algoma Central this year, and bring out 3,000 Scandinavian settlers for Northern Ontario this and the subsequent year, as he says he will, there is no present danger of slackness in general trade, even though the war in Africa should suddenly cease.

The population of Orillia is, we believe, slightly in excess of 5,000; that of Lindsay, something over 7,000. Keeping these figures in mind, it would strike one as being very odd that the attendance at the respective High Schools is about equal, viz.: Orillia roll for February—Lindsay 192, average attendance 162; Orillia 187, average attendance 169, fees paid for month \$123. The attendance at Orillia public schools is also remarkable, being very little below Lindsay's total. The salaries paid the Orillia teachers do not compare favorably with those paid in Lindsay.

Details of the British reverse at Klerksfontein show that the Boers won the day, not as at Colenso and Magersfontein, by firing from behind entrenched positions, but by fierce charges and flower hand-to-hand conflicts. The more desperate grows their cause the more reckless grow the Boers. It is probably the case that those now in the field are only the more determined men who have nothing to lose, and are fighting with the grim desperation of despair. The United States census shows that throughout the entire country, including both city and rural districts, 44 families out of every 100 own the house where they reside. The highest proportion of home owners is found in the north central States, where 58 families out of every 100 own their own homes. In sections it is found that the higher proportion of home owners in the country and the lower proportion in the cities. Of the 25 cities possessing over 100,000 population, Rochester stands at the head, with 44 families in every 100 owning their own homes. Detroit and Milwaukee come next, each with 42. St. Paul and Buffalo next, with 40 families to the 100 who pay taxes instead of rent, and Cleveland follows one point behind. Philadelphia has 33, and New York city proper 6.

The St. Catherine Standard says if Mr. Ross remains in power the people will still have the license law, which goes no further anywhere than the people wish. Well, why should any law go further than the people wish? All law is the expression of the popular will.

Chancellor Wallace, of McMaster University says: "One of Canada's greatest needs is women who are willing to become mothers. Women were not given to the earth to be fashionable commoners or to spend their days in killing time or to jostle men in the mad industrial rush of this age. The woman who is not willing to be a mother of children, and, if able, the mother of many children, is not worthy to be called a woman."

There will be no change in the Assessment law at this session of the legislature, except in regard to the "scrap-iron" feature, upon which Hon. Mr. Gibson has secured the approval of the Municipal Committee for a clause which provides in effect for the assessment of ways, rails, poles, wires, gas and other pipes, mains, conduits, sub-structures and fixtures, which shall be assessed "at their actual value, as the same would be appraised upon the sale by the company to another company possessing similar power, rights and franchises." This seems to be plain and unequivocal, though it would hardly be safe to gamble on the interpretation which a Bench of Judges may put upon it.

While Rev. Mr. Kettwell was announcing, through a letter to the Globe, that he intended to vote against the Ross government—which means voting for the Whitney party—to testify his resentment against the referendum proviso in the prohibition bill, Mr. Whitney was down at Belleville, paying his respects to Mr. Harry Corbin, the well-known manufacturer of IXL whiskey. At that festive gathering Sir Mackenzie Bowell, Messrs. Borden and Munk, the leaders of the Dominion Tories, and Messrs. Whitney and Corbin, the Ontario Tory leaders, with one another in expressions of admiration for the eminent distiller, who may be depended upon to work just as hard as any man in the province, to the Hamilton Royal Standard newspaper to defeat the Ross government. What a happy family!

### PRESENTATION AND ADDRESS.

**Dundas & Flavell Bros.' Employees Honor One of Their Number.**

A very pleasing event took place at Dundas & Flavell Bros.' big store last Tuesday, when Mr. Albert Callaghan, who is accepting a position with the Robt. Simpson Co., of Toronto, was presented with the following address and gift by his friends in the store:

Dear Albert—As we, your fellow employees, gather here to-night we are reminded of the words of the poet:

"Friend after friend departs—  
Who has not lost a friend?  
There is no union here of hearts  
That knows not here an end."

It is with mingled feelings of regret and sadness that we witness your early departure from our midst. You have endeavored yourself to all by your manly, upright character, your genial disposition and generous sympathy in all our undertakings. Hence a fact that your leaving will cause a blank throughout the store. But we know that you possess the soul of an ambitious man; that you are ever striving after a higher ideal; that you feel sure that in your new field you will prove yourself successful in the realization of your desires. We therefore accept this Dress Suit Case as a kind remembrance from your fellow employees.

Mr. Callaghan was taken completely by surprise but did not lose his self-possession, and returned his thanks for the gift and address in a few neatly chosen words.

### OF INTEREST TO FARMERS.

**Use of Cover Crops and Fertilizers.**

Prof. L. E. Roberts, of Cornell University, says: Cover crops may in a measure take the place of fertilizers and manures. They are not, however, a universal panacea for all soil deficiencies, neither are they a full substitute in all cases for fertilizers. There is always a wide field for the profitable use of one or all on the concentrated forms of fertilizers named, and in many cases there is also a special place for the use of fertilizers, therefore, the use of cover crops is a most valuable one. Commercial fertilizers furnish available plant food, but no humus. The cover crop furnishes both, but it is only fair to say that the plant food in the former are more available than in the latter. Cover crops improve the physical condition of the soil, lessening the cost of tillage. Physically, fertilizers benefit the soil little or none. The humus furnished by the cover crops increases the availability of the plant food already in the soil, fertilizers do not. Cover crops shade the land and conserve moisture.

It is impossible to accurately compare the cost of fertilizers with the cost of seeds for the cover crops and the preparation of the soil for them. The cost of increasing productivity by extra tillage, by the use of fertilizers, by cover crops or by all three means, can only be determined in each case by the farmer interested. I give below a single illustration of what a cover crop contains, knowing that if other cover crops are under other conditions might either be more or less valuable. Second growth of clover, furnished in roots and tops per acre the following: Nitrogen, 188.80 lbs.; phosphoric acid, 67.35 lbs.; potash, 109.90 lbs. There is recovered by 25 bush wheat and accompanying straw, nitrogen 43 lbs., phosphoric acid 20 lbs., and potash 27 lbs. It is believed that most of the nitrogen taken up by legumes is secured from the uncombined nitrogen in the atmosphere. The clover did not add to either the store of phosphoric acid or potash. The plant took them from the soil and made them available.

**F. W. HODSON, Live Stock Commissioner.**

**Marriage Licenses.**

**At Britton Bros., Jewellers.**

## THE POISE

Of a woman in perfect health attracts the eye at once. Such a woman is all too rarely seen. The most of women bear scars of suffering on their faces which no smiles can hide, and often in their very carriage betray the womanly weakness which oppresses them.

There can be no perfect health for the woman who suffers from disease of the delicate womanly organism. Her general health is so intimately related to the local health of the womanly organs that these must be cured before the general health can be established.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well. It cures womanly disorders and diseases; brightens the dull eye, rounds out the hollow cheek and gives strength for wifely duties and maternal cares.

"My health is the best now that I have been for four years," writes Mrs. Phoebe Morris, of Irvington, N. Y., Box 31. "I have taken two bottles of your medicine. Favorite Prescription," and Golden Medical Discovery. These medicines have done me more good than all that I have ever taken before. I couldn't do any work, only about half the time, and now I can work all the time for a family of four. Before I took your medicine I was sick in bed nearly half the time. It is a blessing to all who are troubled with female weakness to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and Golden Medical Discovery—the most wonderful medicines in the world."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of 1 cent stamp to pay expense of return and mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

## Public Library and Museum

### HISTORICAL SOCIETY WANT QUARTERS IN NEW BUILDING.

The Matter Discussed at Last Night's Meeting of Public Library Board.

A meeting of the Public Library Board was held Tuesday night in the Council chamber, business being taken up about half an hour after the usual hour. The members present were Mayor Ingle, and Messrs. W. Flavell, Hardy, Kyle, Brady and Moore.

Secretary Hardy read the minutes of the organization meeting, held Feb. 10th, which were duly approved and confirmed.

A brief report from the Building committee was read. At a meeting held March 3rd letters from a number of architects in relation to the building of the new Library had been read, and the Secretary of the Board was authorized to find out the selling price of certain lots, for consideration at a future meeting—Adopted.

The report of the Librarians, showing circulation, etc., for February, was as follows: History, 38; Biography, 37; Voyages and Travels, 47; General Literature, 24; Juveniles, Boys 270; Juveniles, Girls 70; Juveniles, Little Ones 58; Bound Periodicals 93; Poetry 37; Science 71; Religion 7; Miscellaneous 10; Fiction 909; total circulation for month 1820. Number of new books issued during month 20, total number of books in collection 1280. Cash receipts for month \$2.15.

Mr. John Kelsch, who had been appointed to check over the books in the Library, presented a report on the work done in this connection, but a large number of volumes packed for shipment in the winter had not been checked over.

Mr. Moore "very briefly" made the subject of the books with them up. Secretary Hardy said that was the experience last year. That was the experience last year.

A number of accounts, aggregating \$8.85, were recommended for payment. Mr. W. A. Goodwin was present to ascertain if the Board had taken any action in connection with the request made that some Socialist literature be added to the Library for the benefit of citizens of that trend of opinion. He was informed that the matter had not yet been discussed by the Library committee.

The Museum Proposition. On motion Mr. W. H. Stevens was heard on behalf of the Ontario County Historical Society. He suggested that the new Carnegie Library be made two storeys high, instead of one storey, as proposed, and that the upper flat be converted into two rooms for the Historical Society, one to be used for museum purposes and the other as a board or assembly room. In the museum there might be gathered an exhibit of the woods of the county, the minerals, birds and animals. It was a regrettable fact that the children of the town are growing up in ignorance of these matters, and he believed that nine out of ten children could not tell basswood from maple. The Historical Society had no stated income, but would undertake to furnish the rooms and do all in their power to make the museum success. The sum required to erect a one-storey library in the United States should suffice for a two-storey building here, where labor and material is much cheaper.

Mr. Flavell—"Is there any possibility of the Society getting a regular grant from the County Council?" Secretary Hardy—"I believe the County Council could be induced to place the Historical Society on the same basis as the Public Library of the County and give an annual grant."

Mr. Moore thought it would be an admirable thing to have the County museum in conjunction with the Library.

After some further discussion the suggestion was referred to the Board's endorsement.

The Financial Situation. A request from the Librarians, the Misses Read, for an increase of salary, aroused considerable discussion. The present remuneration is \$150 each, and this they wished increased to \$175 each.

Mr. Moore—"Mr. Secretary, have you any idea as to the salaries paid in other towns about the size of Lindsay?"

Mr. Hardy—"Out of 450 Public Libraries only 20 pay salaries of \$200 and over. In Sarnia, where the yearly circulation of books is 40,000, as compared with our 18,000, they paid \$601.00 in salaries, while we paid \$213.53. (Mr. Moore—"But Sarnia is about as large as Peterboro.") Mr. Hardy, continuing, said that Brockville, with twice the circulation of Lindsay Library, paid only \$800.

The question was asked if two Librarians were necessary, and Messrs. Hardy and Moore answered it in the affirmative, saying that it was owing to the rush on certain days and at certain hours.

Mr. Flavell—"I don't see how we can spend any more in salaries."

Mr. Hardy—"We are spending almost a third of our income now in salaries."

Moved by Mr. Flavell, seconded by Mr. Brady, that the Librarians be engaged at the same salaries, and on the same terms as last year—Carried.

Ontario Library Association. Secretary Hardy directed attention to the coming meeting of the Ontario Library Association in Toronto, and said that Mr. Eastman, superintendent of Public Libraries in New York State, would be present to exhibit a large number of views of Carnegie Libraries, and answer questions relating thereto. It was important, in the speaker's estimation, that all or at least some of the members of the Board's building committee be present to see the views and hear the explanations. The Board then adjourned.

### FOUGHT TO A STAND STILL.

H. C. Premier Danneberg Charged With a Serious Offense.

Victoria, B. C., March 8.—The Opposition fought the Government last night, the Premier being accused of selling his Comox & Cape Scott charter to Mackenzie & Mann. The Government adjourned till Tuesday, refusing to answer the telegrams and other documents connected with the negotiations with Mr. Green-shield.

### HOW ANDRE KILL.

Murder by Eskimos of Famous Arctic Explorer is Confirmed.

Winning, March 8.—A report sent out from the Hudson Bay post at Fort Churchill, dated March 6 and a half years ago that Andre, the Swedish explorer, and his assistants had been killed by Eskimos, is confirmed by advices received at the head office of the company here.

Alston Churchill, factor at Churchill, which is the company's most northerly point on the west coast of Hudson Bay, has written that after about two years search the men sent out by him returned with a report similar to the one first published. Traces of the daring balloonist, and his assistants were followed for hundreds of miles, but it was impossible to locate the tribe which caused their deaths. The story of the searchers is that Arctic Eskimos saw "Onnaak" (one of their largest boats) floating in the bay. When it settled to the ground three white men, strangely dressed, came out with guns, which they indiscreetly fired. Andre and his assistants were killed with musket bows and everything of value taken.

The searchers found knives, tobacco and cartridges, supposed to have belonged to Andre, in possession of the most northern tribes, but could get no further information.

### MUSKIEV REVOLUTION BEGINS.

Movement Against the Czar Spreading and is Becoming Serious.

London, March 8.—A correspondent of the Daily News, writing from Copenhagen, says authentic reports have reached here from St. Petersburg, saying that the revolutionary movement is spreading in all directions and assuming serious proportions.

The unrest has reached many parts of Siberia. The Governor of Tomsk has issued an order prohibiting meetings of citizens in the towns and villages throughout the province.

Troubles are reported at many places in Siberia, including Nevoikolavsk, Disk, Marinsk and Barnaul.

### Mr. Harcourt Nominated.

Wellandport, March 11.—Hon. R. Harcourt was elected to the nomination for the House of Commons at the meeting of Messrs. Blain, ex-M.P.; John Brown, ex-M.P.; and G. P. Graham, M.P.P.

### Webb Purchases Another R.N.

Ottawa, March 11.—It is reported that Dr. Seward Webb has purchased Gaitheau Valley and Pontiac Pacific Junction railways, known as Ottawa Northern and Western.

### Has Population of 220,249.

St. John's, Nfld., March 5.—The census returns for 1901, presented to the Legislature yesterday, show a total population for the colony of 220,249, of which Newfoundland has 126,615 and Labrador 9,364. In 1911 Newfoundland had 197,930 inhabitants, while Labrador had 4,106. Denominationally, the chief creeds are Catholics, 76,259; Anglicans, 72,650; Methodists, 60,812. Members of the Salvation Army number 6,500.

### Big Salmon Cannery Combines.

Vancouver, B.C., March 5.—It is understood that a new salmon cannery combine, taking in at least forty-five of the largest cannery plants in British Columbia, has been completed. The combine is on the line of that on the Columbia River. Americans, it is reported, are backing the deal, with a capital, it is said, of \$4,000,000. H. Doyle & Co., of Vancouver have arranged the deal.

### Two Hundred Drowned.

Victoria, March 5.—The Kobe Herald is authority for the statement that 200 fishermen from the Village of Wuro were drowned in a storm off the coast of Miji Kan. The boats had gone a long way out, and, being overtaken by the storm, were lost. This was on Feb. 17.

## GEN. METHUEN TAKEN

His Force Overpowered by Gen. Delarey on Friday.

### FOUR OF HIS GUNS WERE LOST

Forty-One British Killed and Seventy-Seven Wounded—Western Transvaal Scene of Disaster—The News, When Announced in British Commons, Raised Irish Cheers—Speech by Lord Roberts.

London, March 11.—Lord Methuen and four guns have been captured by General Delarey. General Methuen was wounded in the thigh. Three British officers and 38 men were killed. Five British officers and 72 men were wounded. One British officer and 200 men are missing.

The fight in which General Methuen was captured occurred before dawn on March 7, between Winburg and Lichtenburg, Orange River Colony. The British force numbered 1,200. The Boers captured all the British baggage. General Methuen is retained as a prisoner.

### Lord Kitchener's Despatch.

The contents of Lord Kitchener's despatch announcing the capture of General Methuen are as follows: "Pretoria, Saturday, March 8. — I greatly regret to have to send you bad news of Methuen. He was moving with 900 mounted men, under Major Paris, and 300 Infantry, four guns and a pom-pom, from Winburg to Lichtenburg, and was to meet Grenfell, with 1,800 mounted men, at Roversfontein to-day. Yesterday morning early he was attacked by Delarey's force between Tweebosch and Palmiet-knoll. The Boers charged on three sides.

"Five hundred and fifty men have come in at Maribosch and Kraaipan. They report that the Boers four miles from the scene of the action. They report that Methuen and Paris, with the guns, baggage, etc., were captured by the Boers. Methuen, when last seen, was a prisoner, and I have no details of the casualties, and suggest delaying publication till I can secure definite reports. I think this sudden revival of activity on the part of Delarey is to draw off the troops pressing Dewet."

### Further Details.

In a second despatch, dated Sunday, March 9, Lord Kitchener says: "Paris has come in at Kraaipan with the remainder of the men. He reports that the column was moving in two parties. One with the wagons left, Tweebosch at 3 a.m. The other, with the mule wagons, started an hour later. Just before daylight the Boers attacked. Before reinforcements could reach them the rear guard was engaged. In the meantime a large company of Boers galloped up on both flanks. These at first were checked by the flank parties, but the main and stampeded the mules had begun, and all the mule wagons, with a terrible mixture of mounted men, rushed past the ox wagons. All efforts to check them were unavailing.

### Lord Methuen Wounded.

Major Paris collected 40 men and occupied a position a mile in front of the wagons, which were then halted. After a gallant but unsuccessful defence, the enemy rushed into the ox wagons and Methuen was wounded in the thigh. Paris, being surrounded, surrendered. At 10 a.m. Methuen is still in the Boer camp.

Then follows the number of casualties, as already noted. The killed includes Lieuts. G. H. Venning and F. W. Neesham of the Royal Artillery, who were both killed while serving their guns with case shot.

Lord Kitchener announced that Major Paris had surrendered, and also telegraphed that he had reached Kraaipan with the remainder of the men, it would seem that the Boers subsequently released the major and his companions.

### Dressed as Britishers.

Advices received last night say that the force under General Delarey was almost entirely dressed in British uniforms. This made it impossible for the infantry to distinguish between their own men and the enemy under the mounted troops were driven in on them. The enemy numbered 1,500 men. They had one 15-pounder and a pom-pom.

Delarey, Calliers, Kemp, Tromp and other commandants were present. In a private telegram just received here Lord Kitchener adds: "I find Methuen has a fractured thigh, but he is reported to be doing well."

### THE NEWS IN PARLIAMENT.

Regret Expressed by Lord Roberts, the Premier and the War Secretary.

London, March 11.—Lord Kitchener's despatches announcing the disaster to Gen. Methuen's forces were read in both the House of Lords and the House of Commons yesterday, by Lord Roberts, the commander-in-chief, and Mr. Brodrick, the war secretary, respectively. They both paid tributes to Gen. Methuen, the former expressing his appreciation of Methuen's success throughout the war, declaring that his task of forcing the Boer position at Magersfontein was an almost impossible one.

### What "Boob" Said.

Lord Roberts, the commander-in-chief, who announced the British disaster in the House of Lords, said Gen. Methuen, for over two years, had carried on his work with real intelligence, and great perseverance, adding that the general was beloved of his men, and that no work was too dangerous or difficult for them or Gen. Methuen. The commander-in-chief was sure the House was deeply grieved at what had occurred. He would add that his Lordships to concur with him in his sympathy for the gallant officer in his present unfortunate position, and defer adverse criticism till they had definite information as to who was directly responsible. From Delarey's conduct throughout

## Early Spring Goods Now in Stock and Fresh Arrivals Daily.

15 Pieces NEW DIMITIES, the choicest goods in all the new colorings.  
30 Pieces NEW SPRING MUSLINS, the daintiest goods in the market, all at popular prices.  
10 Pieces NEW SCOTCH CHALICES, nice thin goods, suitable for Spring wear.  
NEW SPRING PRINTS, an extra good stock of new patterns, and at prices that will please you. We have them in great variety.  
NEW SPRING WHITEWEAR. Our stock in Ladies' Ready-to-Wear White Goods is large and complete and our prices are the lowest.  
MEN'S WEAR—Just to hand. A large stock of Men's Shirts, Ties, Collars, etc.  
NEW SPRING HATS—Men's Soft Felt Hats, Men's Stiff Hats, the newest styles and colors.  
MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING—Our stock of Clothing for Spring for Men and Boys is one of the best in Lindsay, and the prices are right.

**R. B. Allan & Co.,**

LINDSAY, Opposite Post Office.

## THE PEOPLE'S SHOE STORE.

**HOLIDAY** **EASTER SHOES**  
**AT EASTER PRICES.**

We have a number of lines of Men's and Women's Fine Shoes just passed into stock for spring wear, that for style, quality and price cannot be equalled. We bought these direct from the manufacturer and as we sell on a close margin for each you may be sure you will get your money's worth. Here are a few of our new lines:

Men's Fine Patent Leather Balmorals, made with extra union edge, a new shoe for spring, our price \$2.00.  
Men's Fine Calf and Dongola Balmorals, Goodyear welted, made up-to-date in every particular, two new lines for spring made expressly for us, our price \$1.50.  
Women's Patent Leather Balmorals, single sole, our Easter price, \$1.50.  
Women's Fine Patent Kid Balmorals, Goodyear welted, made up-to-date, our Easter price \$1.50.  
Women's Patent Kid Oxford, the new American cut, Easter price \$1.75.

### SPECIALS FOR EASTER

30 pairs Men's Fine Calf and Dongola Balmorals, Goodyear welted regular \$3.50 and \$3.00, Easter week for \$2.50.  
60 pairs Women's Patent Balmorals, double sole, extension edge, made up-to-date with new American cut, regular \$3.00, our price, Easter week, \$2.25.

**FINLAY & CHANTLER**

## Wheels are Out

And we are ready with our large assortment of—

### BABY-CARRIAGES

with Rubber Tires, nicely upholstered, with Parasols and Brakes.

### BABY GO CARRIAGES

with Rubber Tires, with and without Parasols and Brakes.

### BOYS' EXPRESS TRUCKS

### BOYS' BOX WAGGONS

### BOYS' RAIL WAGGONS

—AT—

## IOS. RIGGS'

STORE, LINDSAY.

India, under urgent orders, and in an unusual manner. Instead of sending complete regiments, strong companies of 150 men have been picked from various battalions in India, with not more than one officer attached to each company. The reason for this latter arrangement is the dearth of officers in the Indian commands, owing to previous drafts upon them for service against the Boers.

The feeling of depression in the lobbies of the House of Commons over the news of the disaster in South Africa was very marked. The service members of the House expressed the opinion that it will necessitate sending fresh troops to the front, while the belief was widely expressed that the Boers will not fail to take advantage of Gen. Methuen's prominence to hold him as a hostage for the safety of Commander Kitchener and other Boer leaders now in the hands of the British.

In the Commons. The news was received in the House of Commons amid great excitement. The reading of Lord Kitchener's telegram by the War Secretary, Mr. Brodrick, was listened to in deep silence, which was broken by loud Irish cheers.

Instantly there were cries of "Shame, shame" from the Government benches. Then the Irish members seemed to think better of their outbreak, and suddenly subsided. The subsequent eulogistic reference to Gen. Methuen were received with cheers.

### Rosebery on the Defeat.

Glasgow, March 11.—Lord Rosebery spoke before a crowded meeting in St. Andrew's Hall last night. He referred to the Irish demonstration in the House of Commons yesterday, when the reading of Lord Kitchener's telegram announcing the capture of Gen. Methuen was greeted by loud Irish cheers, as a fresh indication of the impossibility of Home Rule. Lord Rosebery said that Mr. Gladstone himself, if he returned from the dead, could not dare to entrust an independent parliament to men who openly rejoiced at a British military disaster.