BOXALL AND MATTHIE

Builders and Contractors

See us about your supplies of Hardware, Paper, Glass, Paints, Oils, Metal Shingles and Ceilings.

Don't forget that we are head quarters for all kinds of Tin and Galvanized Iron Work, first-class Sanitary Plumbing, Hot Water, Steam and Hot Air Furnace Heating.

We have the name of turning out first-class work; this is because we have practical mechanics and we give careful attention to it, and can assure you perfect satisfaction.

SPECIAL LINES — Galvanized and Black Pipe, Malleable and C. Iron Fittings, Jenkins Bros. Valves, Rainbow Packing, Brass Fittings and Stitson Wrenches.

BOXALL & MATTHIE

Agents for Happy Thought and the Souvenir Stoves.

ROSS AND VICTORY

GRAND

Mass Meetings

will be held in the interests of

MR. THOS. STEWART

The Liberal Candidate

in the

Academy of Music, Lindsay

Monday, Jan. 16.

AND

TOWN HALL, WOODVILLE

Friday, Jan 20,

AN ADDRESS WILL BE GIVEN BY

Mr. J. A. MACDONALD

Managing Editor of the Globe,

AND BY

MR. THOS. STEWART,

The Liberal Candidate.

C. E. WEEKS, Pres. W. R. WIDDESS, Sec.

GODSAVE THE KING.

The Weekly Post

LINDSAY FRIDAY, JAN. 13, 1905.

TWO BIG MEETINGS.

The people of Lindsay and Woodville are to be favored with meetings addressed by J. A. Macdonald, the talented editor of the Toronto Daily Globe.

It goes without saying that Mr. Macdonald, is one of the best platform speakers likely to be heard in the present campaign. Mr. Macdonald was listened to by many for the first time at the recent Liberal Convention held at Toronto, and his logical and convincing arguments and fluent language established him in the minds of all as the most popular speaker of the convention.

Mr. Macdonald will speak in Lindsay on Monday, Jan. 16th, and at Woodville on Friday, Jan. 20th.

THE TORIES AIDED LOTT.

The Watchman-Warder is very wrathy over the escape of B. O. Lott from justice—the magistrate having let him out on bail, he then took leg bail, for all of which the Ontario Government is blamed, although the Government had nothing to do with it. The Watchman-Warder fails to tell its readers that no Liberal came forward to bail B. O. Lott from prison. The fact is that the Liberals would have nothing to do with him—he was bailed out by Conservatives, and their newspapers flourished in large type how that Lott would tell awful things about the Liberals. But he had nothing to tell. He was taken from prison by Conservatives, who thereby assisted him in making his escape.

LIBERALS OF WEST VICTORIA LIBELLED

The Watchman-Warder intimates that the same Tory organization that existed last Dominion election will be brought into play now, and last week's issue of that journal would indicate that that is so. That journal—the mouthpiece of the Tory organization in this County—is out again at its old tactics of mud-slinging. It would be hard for Yankee yellow journalism to excel the scurrilious contents of the first page of last week's issue of the Watchman-Warder. Amid a nauseous belch of filth the paper says that Mr. Stewart "is the candidate of the party "of political rascality, and hence "friends of honest politics cannot "support him."

Now, who are this party of political rascals? Mr. Stewart is the candidate of the largest Liberal convention that ever assembled in West Victoria—some 500 Liberal stalwarts selected from every polling division in the riding—men representative of the industry, intelligence, honesty, integrity, and moral worth of the community. These are the men whose candidate, Mr. Stewart is, and these are the men who are dubbed by the Tory organization as the party of political rascality. Mr. Stewart is supported by the solid front of these men and by the whole Liberal electorate, and by many Conservatives. Are such men the foes of honest politics?

Out on the present day Tory tactics in this County! Let Conservatives, as well as Liberals, protect their Liberal neighbors who were delegates to this convention from the slanders of the Tory machine in this County, and the only way to do that is to vote for Mr. Stewart.

There are other grossly untrue, misleading and malicious statements in the article referred to—indeed the whole page is so vulgar, abusive and dishonest as to disgust people and counteract the writer's wicket purpose.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The Ross Government is an honest one. Not a dollar, not even a cent, misspent.

Lindsay workingmen should remember that Whitney never introduced into the House a bill for their benefit.

Gamey, the man the judges would not believe on oath, seems to be the whole Opposition. Whitney appears to have given up the fight.

A vote for Mr. Fox means a vote for Gamey, whom he supports, although the judges refused to believe him on oath—in fact ordered him out of the box.

The Ontario Government has been good to Lindsay in the past. With Mr. Stewart representing West Victoria we may bank on it that his energy will secure for us further needed favors.

For Mr. Sam Fox, eight years of gratified personal ambition. For West Victoria, eight lean and barren years, because our needs were overlooked or feebly championed. Isn't it time for a change?

Liberals, when a Conservative talks about the Rotten Ross Government in your hearing, tell him about the fainting spell in a Lindsay court room when the corrupt acts of local Tories were being investigated.

Any favors secured for this riding from either Government during the past twelve or fifteen years have been obtained, not by Tory representatives, but wholly through the influence brought to bear by prominent Liberals of the riding, and in this good work Mr. Stewart was ever foremost. If the right stamp of man had occupied Mr. Fox's seat in the Legislature much more could have been done for thle riding. We have been done for the riding. We should we lag behind other counties in the matter of their fulfilment? Is it not time for a change of representatives?

WHITNEY AS A LIGHTNING-CHANGE ARTIST.

Wearing a Different Policy Suit for Every Election—Quick Changes to Catch the Passing Breezes of Popular Opinion—Different Platforms in Different Elections.

The Tory Opposition of Ontario has shown its incapacity for leadership and Government during all its history. That's the reason why it is still in Opposition.

That's the reason why it will continue in Opposition.

It is a party without stability, without a settled and continuous policy. It is a rudderless ship.

At one time they opposed the appointment of a Minister of Education.

They were opposed to building Normal Schools at Ottawa, London and Hamilton.

They once opposed the establishment of a School of Practical Science.

They once opposed the appointment of a Minister of Agriculture and a Minister of Education.

They objected to the removal of the Agricultural College from Mimico to Guelph.

They resisted the starting of a dairy school in Middlesex and a Pioneer Farm at Dryden.

They opposed the Liberal Government in its fight for provincial rights.

They have placed obstacles in the way of building railways to open New Ontario and exploit its resources.

They have formulated policy after policy only to change it for something different.

They are as unstable as water.

500 Try to Break Jail.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 10.—News from Manila received yesterday tells of an attempt of about 500 convicts at Bilbid Prison to break jail on Dec. 17. Sixteen prisoners were killed and forty wounded. Six of the wounded are not expected to live and twenty-six others are in a critical condition.

GAUNTLET CAST BEFORE REV. HOSSACK.

Mr. Sam. Clarke, Liberal Candidate in West Northumberland, Unmasks the Deer Park Politician and Shows Him Up as a Disappointed Office-Seeker—Challenged to Speak in the Riding.

When a clergyman—one of a class specially trained and sanctified for the service of the Saviour and the uplifting of humanity—when such an one undertakes to read that high-minded and christian gentleman, Hon. G. W. Ross, a public lesson on political morality, he should see to it that his motives are beyond suspicion. Rev. D. C. Hossack, of Deer Park Presbyterian church, Toronto, (ex-preacher, editor, lawyer,) recently assumed the role of mentor to the Premier, with the result that facts since brought to light seem to place the rev. gentleman under suspicion that his diatribe was prompted by the fact that Hon Mr. Ross had not seen fit to satisfy his ambition to be made a Senator.

At Cobourg, last Monday night, Mr. Sam Clarke, Liberal candidate in West Northumberland, and whose opponent is a nephew of Rev. Hossack, handled the rev. office seeker without gloves, and made some interesting disclosures, as follows;

Mr. Clarke dealt with Mr. Field's candidature, and with the latter's uncle, Rev, D. C. Hossack. Mr. Field has taken 10 days to consider the nomination, and in the meantime went to Toronto, where he had no doubt seen Mr. Hossack, and said he had the nomination and no one could take it from him. Mr Clarke confessed taking more satisfaction out of Mr. Hossack's letter every time he read it, "I can imagine," he went on, "Frank Field saying, "Uncle Donald, I have got the nomination." I can imagine Rev. Donald saying, "Keep still; hold on a bit; don't let go. Wait I will fix you. I am writing a letter to Hon. Geo. W. Ross, that will turn this Province of Ontario upside down." (Laughter.) I can imagine that great stalwart, that great man, that stood for morality, coming out with a four-column letter, saying, "My boy, I am glad you have the nomination. Go home and wait for events. Look for my letter." Within four days of his return from Toronto this letter appeared.

COME ON DOWN.

"Now, gentlemen, I would say to Rev. Donald C. Hossack, pastor of Deer Park Presbyterian Church, if he will come down into West Northumberland. (Voices—He won't come, and he daresn't come.) Let him come and write a letter to every voter, and let him enclose his photograph, and he can't change two votes. The people of the Province don't know him as we know him. (A voice—We reared him.) Every man here knows that this Rev. Donald C. Hossack was president of the Liberal Association of West Northumberland at one time, and he is the man that at one time wanted the Liberal nomination for the Legislature in this riding. The Liberals did not want him. I say, thank God, they did not. We knew him."

A POOR ANGLER.

Mr. Clarke read this extract from the letter;

"It may damage me; I may lose something by writing this letter," and went on; "What had he to lose? He played for every fish that was in our lake. He had fished for the biggest fish there was, from a Senatorship downward, in the gift of the Grit party. He says, "I may lose something." What could he lose? He might have said, "No, I have fished the Grit pond until I am sick and tired. There is nothing coming to me." He used his brother-in-law to my knowledge, for years in this riding, trying to climb to the office of Senator. Then in Dufferin county there was a vacancy when the Crown Attorney was removed because he was an annexationist. Our friend Hossack thought he could fill the bill. He didn't get it. Then you have read in the papers that Mr. Hossack stated to Mr. J. S. Robertson, a member of the session of his church, that Mr. Field, his brother-in-law, had never asked the Provincial or Dominion Governments for any position. (Laughter.) What do you think of it? Didn't I have my fight over that in this very riding, because I worked for him to get the position? I am not sorry for it. But when a man of the type of Rev. Donald C. Hossack, holding the position that he holds, says that, I can't help pointing out that he was in my office time and again to see me about the same matter.

WAS NOT HONEST.

"Did anyone suppose Mr. Hossack had written that letter for the good of the people? If they did, then he misjudged his men. He had reason to know that Mr. Hossack had flirted two years ago with the Conservative party in this riding, to know if there was any chance of getting the nomination. He had not voted Grit for Ross two years ago last May. "Just imagine what a stomach trouble he must have had it if he had this bottled up all these years," said Mr. Clarke, amid laughter, "and now lets out just on the eve of an election. I could tell you more, but I won't. I simply say to you, and I say it frankly, I say to the people of Ontario, Rev. Donald C. Hossack is not honest, and it is for political purposes and there is nothing in it. He cannot fool the people of West Northumberland. Here is the place that he ought to put his work in. He has his nephew running here. Everybody here knows the man. I ask him and I say it in open challenge to him, let him come here on nomination day. He shall have one good hour, or an hour and a half, and I shall have my little say, and, if he can win, its all right." (Cheers.)

Senator William Kerr said that so far as this riding was concerned, he believed it would send Sam Clarke as its able and fearless supporter for the Ross Government. The Opposition were without policy and revelled in slander and libel. They were just emptying their political swill barrels upon every riding in the Province and polluting the political atmosphere with their disgusting contents. (Laughter and applause.)

LIBERAL PLATFORM SUMMARIZED.

The Planks on Which the Ross Government Appeals to the Electors.

First—Education.

That the school system of the Province in all its departments should have in view those practical courses of study which specially fit the youth of Ontario for agricultural and industrial pursuits, and that the Provincial University should receive the general support of the Legislature.

That the Agricultural Department should continue the educational work of the Agricultural College, Farmers' Institutes, dairy schools, good roads associations and other similar associations with undiminished zeal and efficiency

Second—Purity of Elections.

That every form of bribery and all fraudulent schemes to defeat the honest purpose of the electorate are contrary to the spirit and traditions of the Liberal party.

That the sanctity of the ballot box should be protected and all offences against the Election Act punished.

That every riding should conduct its organization without outside interference or assistance.

Third—Railway Assessment and Taxation.

That railway corporations should contribute to municipal taxation in the same proportion as other private property

Fourth—Extension of Government Railway.

That the Government Railway from North Bay should be extended to the Grand Trunk Pacific, and, if practicable, to James' Bay, and that town sites on the Government Railway and Grand Trunk Pacific should be surveyed and sold for the benefit of the Province.

Fifth—Timber and Minerals for the Settlers.

That all settlers on agricultural lands in the unorganized districts be allowed the use of every description of timber on such lands, pine alone excepted.

That minerals on such lands should not be reserved, but should be the property of the patentee, and that prospectors should be dealt with liberally.

Sixth—Provincial Charters.

That companies of a local or Provincial character should not be removed from Provincial control on the declaration that they are for "the general advantage of Canada."

Seventh—Pine and Pulp Wood Lands.

That only the matured timber on pine lands should hereafter be sold, with a view to the preservation of the forests as a source of revenue for all time to come, and that pulp concessions and water powers north of the height of land should be sold at public auction.

Eighth—Provincial Commission for protection to Municipalities.

That a Commission, having authority to deal with the bonding powers of companies concerned in the operation of public utilities and the application of municipalities in consolidating debenture debts and other matters of a similar character, would be a source of great protection to the public.

Ninth—The Labor Question.

That the various branches of the public service affecting public labor, such as the Bureau of Labor and factory inspection, should be consolidated, and legislation, if possible, be obtained to avoid strikes and to prevent unskilled alien and prison labor from interfering with the opportunities of the working classes.

Tenth—Minister of Colonization and Labor.

That a Minister of Colonization and Labor be appointed for the settlement of New Ontario and for promoting immigration of a suitable character into the older parts of the Province.

Eleventh—Temperance Reform.

That steps should be taken to reduce the consumption of intoxicating liquors, to prevent the sale of liquors on Sundays and during prohibited hours, and to secure the most vigorous enforcement of the license laws, to encourage and make effective the adoption of the local option provisions of the License Act, and such other changes as are more fully set forth in the finding of the Convention.

Twelfth—Public Utilities.

That the greatest facilities should be afforded municipalities to obtain the ownership of all franchises of a public character affecting the use of water, light or transportation within the municipality.

Ontario's Fire Ranging System.

During the season of 1903 there was a staff of 270 fire rangers on duty, 244 of whom were on duty on licensed lands where, through settlement, mining development and tourist travel, there is a greater degree of danger from fire. Twenty-six rangers were on duty along the line of the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway during its construction.

It is satisfactory to record that, thanks to the vigilance of this large force of men, the summer of 1904 passed without any serious outbreak of fire on the Crown domain.

Ontario's Economical Administration of Its Asylums.

Average cost per patient, American Asylums 1898 to 1900	$188.22
Average cost per patient, Canadian Asylums 1898 to 1900	199.79
Average cost per patient, Ontario Asylums 1903	125.20

Dundas & Havelles Limited

THE REDUCTION CASH SALE

CONTINUES UNTIL 31st JANUARY.

This great reduction sale has given much satisfaction, both to buyer and seller. High-class merchandise at half price and less has helped to make the sale a success. We would rather take half price and have the money to use than have the winter goods carried over.

For eighteen days more we will continue to offer all winter lines at clearing prices.

If you haven't seen our January price list, ask for one at our store.

33-inch Flannelettes 5½c.

2236 yards of heavy Flannelettes. These are in dark and light colors of stripes and checks, pinks, greys, fawns and blues. They measure 33 inches wide, and were made to retail for 10c per yard. Owing to the late delivery of them we are enabled to offer you this exceedingly low price. Per yard 5½c

TAKE AS MUCH AS YOU CAN.

White Shetland Floss 39c.

We've got about 150 boxes of White Shetland Floss, made by Paton of Alloa, Scotland. 'Tis said that this make of Floss excels all others. We want to interest you all we can in our make of wools, so we offer you for the balance of the month a full box, 16 skeins, of White Floss, best quality, per box 39c

Ladies' Jackets $3.75.

We have about sixty garments in this lot, composed of Tweeds, Beavers, Vicunas and Coverts, in black, brown, navy, green, and dark and light greys. These are all made of good German cloth and of this season's styles; loose, semi and tight fitting; sizes 30 to 40. Your choice of these 3.75

Ladies' Belts Half Price.

It's an offer that only comes once in a lifetime. We have 70 odd belts in Silk Belts for ladies that we offer at half price—white, brown, navy, myrtle, cardinal and black silk belts; all are finished with high-class novelty buckles and fancy ornaments. All were bought for our Christmas trade—latest American styles. We make this offer for the January sale:

$1.50 Belts	75c	$1.00 Belts	50c
1.25 Belts	65c	75c Belts	40c

50c Belts 25c.

Men's Fine Suits $3.95.

50 Suits for men, picked out of our stock from the $6.00 and $7.00 lines. These Suits are odd lines that we have only one or two of—single and double breasted sacque coat suits The colors are brown, greys, and green mixtures. We have sizes from 36 to 44 in the lot. Any of these suits 3.95

Wrapperettes 5½c.

250 yards of slightly damaged or soiled Wrapperettes that came to us at a bargain. Most of them are medium and light colored, stripes and figured patterns. The usual price for this cloth is 10c per yard We will offer them until sold at, per yard 5½c

Dundas & Havelles Limited

DIRECT IMPORTERS. ESTABLISHED 1860.

VOTE FOR THE ROSS GOVERNMENT

And Its Advanced Educational Policy.

Note the following table of comparison as to cost of education:

Cost per pupil for a Public School Education in the United States	$20.29
Cost per pupil for a Public School Education in Ohio	21.63
Cost per pupil for a Public School Education in Massachusetts	37.76
Cost per pupil for a Public School Education in Michigan	18.68
Cost per pupil for a Public School Education in New York	38.97
England and Wales, (1900) Board Schools	14.02
England and Wales, (1900) Voluntary Schools	11.28
Average for cities in Ontario	17.07
Average in Ontario, 1902	**$10.63**

PROGRESSIVE PLATFORM

Of a Progressive Government—The Constructive Work of the Ross Government—A Definite and Advanced Policy.

(As Adopted at the great Liberal Convention.)

1. An advanced policy on education and agriculture.
2. Purity of elections.
3. Approval of policy of railway assessment and taxation.
4. Extension of Temiskaming R. R. to G. T. Pacific.
5. Timber and minerals for the settlers.
6. Provincial charters and provincial rights.
7. Reforestration of pine and pulpwood lands.
8. Provincial commission for protecting municipalities.
9. Forward policy on the labor question.
10. Appointment of Minister of Colonization and Labor.
11. Temperance reform.
12. Public ownership of public utilities.

Rev. J. L. Gordon Resigns.

Toronto, Jan. 9.—Rev. J. L. Gordon, pastor of the Bond street Congregational Church, yesterday tendered his resignation, to take effect on Feb. 15 next, and will remove to Winnipeg to take charge of the Central Congregational Church there.

Labor Legislation of the Ross Government

The Labor Legislation of the Liberal Government of Ontario is among the most advanced body of laws in this department that any country can show. It includes, among other features,

The Labor Disputes Act of 1902 (the Preston Bill), under which no less than thirty-five trade disputes have already been amicably settled by the provincial officer appointed for that purpose.

It has recently established a Provincial Bureau of Labor, in charge of an experienced and able representative.

It has passed labor legislation that is regarded as the most advanced and progressive of any self-governed country.

It has passed the Mechanics' Lien Act, the Employers' Liability Act, the Factory Act, the Railway Accidents Act, the Act for the Relief of Co-operative Associations, the Creditors' Relief Act, the Masters' and Servants' Act, and the Act to Secure Compensation to Workmen for Injuries.

It has enabled trades unions and labor organizations to become incorporated. It passed an important Act regulating bake-shops, an Act relating to truancy and compulsory school attendance, the Woodmen's Lien for Wages Act, the registration of manhood suffrage votes, and the Conciliation and Arbitration Act.

It exempted from taxation living incomes up to $700.

It has regulated the closing of shops and the hours of labor therein for children and young persons.

It has protected the claims of workmen on contracts for public works.

It has legislated on behalf of the employees of street railways.

It has provided that in a contract for printing and binding certain work, union or equivalent wages shall be paid by the contractor.

It has permitted municipal bodies to pass bylaws regulating the hours of certain persons, such as those employed in livery stables, and drivers generally.

To Succeed Milner.

Liverpool, Jan. 9.—The Post hears on good authority that J. N. Lowther, M.P., will succeed Lord Milner as Commissioner to South Africa in April.

East Victoria Electors

Gentlemen,—

I am the candidate of the Liberal party for the election of a member to represent East Victoria in the Legislative Assembly of Ontario.

It is my opinion that the administration of the general business of the Province under Liberal Government has been careful, economical, and as near as possible the best that could have been done to keep the affairs in the undisputed state of prosperity and freedom from debt that has for over thirty years existed in Ontario. The administration of business is not disputed nor criticised by the Opposition.

I am safe in stating that I am not a stranger to you; my record as a man who has endeavored to be useful and shoulder my share of the public business of the constituency is known to most of you.

I condemn political corruption in any party; the guilty, only should be punished.

If elected to represent you, I will endeavor to serve you honestly and faithfully, and support all measures that are for the best interests of the Province.

I cannot see you all personally, and in this manner I solicit your vote and influence for myself on the 25th of January.

Yours faithfully,

J. AUSTIN.

Fenelon Falls, Jan. 10, 1905.—w2