

Will be Sent Across the Ocean

Will Northcote, who was in Lindsay last week, will be deported

Examiner: Wm. Northcote, who came from Sheffield, England, last December, is to be deported. He appeared before Magistrate Dumble at the police court in Peterboro Wednesday morning charged with the theft of a bicycle. It appears that Mr. T. Sabin left his bicycle standing a few minutes. Northcote came along, jumped on it and rode away. He returned in a few minutes. He was arrested by P. C. McHarry and placed under arrest. Northcote said that he had not intended to steal the bicycle.

Mr. G. H. Howson, the local immigration agent, said that when he first saw the prisoner Northcote was drunk. He had been with four farmers, usually staying about a month with each one. His employers said that he was a good worker and are all willing to take him back.

Chief Rozel swore that the prisoner had been in court three times. He left Lindsay last Friday and came here. He had been drunk ever since. The chief did not think that Northcote would make a desirable citizen. He had a wife and two children in the Old Country.

His Worship remanded him for eight days and he will be remanded from time to time until the deporting officer arrives.

Ops Township Council Meeting

A regular meeting of the Ops Council was held Aug. 9th, '09. All the members present.

The minutes of the special meeting of July 26th were read and on motion of Messrs. O'Loughlin and Best were adopted with the exception of the resolution accepting Mr. McLean's resignation as assessor. A hose services will be required in selecting jurors, etc.

Mr. P. Turner asked for a grant for stones to the amount of about 4 cords that he had put on the road, and on motion of Messrs. O'Loughlin and Best the claim was referred to Commissioner Hawkins.

The clerk was authorized to notify Roadmaster W. Bibby, of the G. T. R. to remove culvert on west half of 15 in the east of Cunningham's Crossing. Also to notify railway commissioners that the approaches to the crossing on the C. P. R. at Pottery Corner are too short and must be graded further back.

Mr. Jno. Naylor addressed the council claiming that 40 or 50 yards of the roadway had been drained by a tile drain that he had put in and had asked for a grant of \$5. to help for the tile; referred to the commissioner of the division.

Mr. W. Gilson addressed the council re compelling Mr. Stewart Pogue to build his portion of a line fence. Council instructed clerk to write Mr. Pogue and advise prompt building of the fence in order to avoid cost of fence wires etc.

Mr. Gilson also asked for a grant to help open the road in the swamp south from his place and council agreed to consider and do what they could.

Bylaw No. 679 confirming the appointment of W. E. Agnew as clerk was duly passed.

Also Bylaw No. 680 authorizing the levying of rates and taxes for the year 1909. The township rate is to be 2.75 mills per \$1. the same as last year. County rates and school rates as required to raise the real pective amounts.

The clerk was also authorized to collect \$1. per day in taxes for all statute labor not reported done by Aug. 15th. Taxes to be collected between October 1st and December 15th.

Mr. Hickson wished clerk to apply to treasurer of Manvers for \$10.75 for half of work done on boundary East of Mt. Horeb.

On motion of Messrs. Best and O'Loughlin the following accounts were passed:

Watchman-Warder for advertising and printing \$6.33. W. W. Workman livery hire re funeral of late clerk, \$2.00. Geo. Smith, Tp. Engineer, part payment on account for work on Stoney Creek drainage system, \$10.00.

On motion of Messrs. O'Loughlin and Deyell the purchasing of the office furniture that had belonged to

the late clerk was referred to the Reeve as the valuation handed in was considered a little high.

Road commissioners in divisions 2 and 3 reported that owing to the extra large quantities of stones that had been added to the different piles by statute labor they had found it impossible to crush the entire piles and keep within their appropriations and they considered it would be an unwise and expensive act to remove the crusher and leave part of a pile uncrushed hence they had considerably exceeded their limit. On consulting the accounts and comparing with those of last year it was thought that an additional \$1000. could be appropriated without putting the township rate any higher than that of last year, and on motion of Messrs. O'Loughlin and Deyell the additional \$1,000. was appropriated.

On motion of Messrs. O'Loughlin and Deyell, council adjourned to meet Sept. 20th for the purpose of appointing a collector and transacting other business.

Meeting of the Mariposa Council

The members were all present, and the minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. The clerk read a communication from the township engineer, regretting his inability to complete the Hall drain as soon as he would like on account of the pressure of work from other sources. Mr. Donald McInnis was present and notified the council to remove the water from the road allowance, at the north part of lot 19, con. 15, as he considers it dangerous to the health of his family. The reeve explained that he had made arrangements to meet a committee to examine and report on a bridge in Ops township, on the road between Valentia and Lindsay, as to whether it will come under the head of a county bridge.

RESOLUTIONS PASSED

Motion by Messrs. Swain and Ferguson, that bylaw 647 be passed amending bylaw 643 whereby the term for the use of the gravel pit at lot 15, in con. 3 be limited to the term of fifteen years, and that on the sand stone, gravel, or other material be exhausted in the meantime, the land will revert to the owner.—Carried.

Bylaw 648 was passed authorizing the levy of \$150.00 on the rateable property of the village of Oakwood as a special levy to meet current expenses and also a levy of one half mill on the dollar for public library purposes, also a levy of three mills on the dollar on the rateable property of the village of Little Britain as a special levy to meet current expense.

Bylaw 649 was passed authorizing the levy of \$4787.35 over the rateable property of the several school sections in the township for school purposes.

Bylaw 650 was passed authorizing the levy of \$150.00 on the rateable property, the sum of \$6418.00 for a general school rate, and the sum of \$8300.00 for township purposes for the year 1909.

The council then adjourned to dinner, after which Mr. Swain was elected to the chair, in the absence of the reeve.

Motion by Messrs. Varcoe and Ferguson that the clerk be authorized to post up notices for the cutting down of trees on the road allowance at the north part of lot 19, con. 15, so as to provide that a tree be left at least every two rods for a shade tree.—Carried.

Motion by Messrs. Rogers and Varcoe, that the reeve be authorized to get further advice as to the matter of drainage at the north part of lot 19, con. 15.—Carried.

Motion by Messrs. Rogers and Ferguson, that the township engineer be instructed to make an estimate of the expense of lowering the creek at lots 15, 16, 17, 18, in con. 12, 13, so as to provide for the alleged damages claimed by Messrs. Percy and John Brown at lots 13 and 14, in concession 12.—Carried.

Accounts aggregating some \$180.00 were ordered to be paid, including some \$1100.00 towards the steel bridge at Little Britain.

Motion by Messrs. Ferguson and Varcoe that the township engineer be called upon to see that the part of the Rogers drain allotted to Mr. Jas Rogers be completed as soon as possible.—Carried.

The council then adjourned till the second Monday of September.

J. B. ELTON,
Clerk township of Mariposa.

Underdrainage Interests Farmers

Ontario Government's Experts May Visit Victoria County

Brockville, Ont., Aug. 12—At Avondale, the farm of Mr. A. C. Hardy just outside of Brockville, a drainage demonstration was conducted yesterday by Mr. W. R. Reek, drainage expert of the Ontario Agricultural college, and Mr. R. R. Graham, B. A., demonstrator of that institution.

Under-drainage is one of the live problems among agriculturists today, and the fact that over fifty farmers of the adjacent vicinities left their work for an afternoon to discuss methods and problems clearly shows that the farmers around Brockville are not a whit behind the time. A great interest was manifested in this subject and a number were present who have done a considerable amount of tile drainage for years and they were not slow in testifying to the wonderful benefits they had received from under-drainage.

The Physics Department of the O. A. C., under the guidance of Prof. Day, has for some years past been sending forth drainage experts to help farmers in their drainage difficulties, and the demonstration yesterday at Avondale was an example of the good work accomplished in scientific farming by taking levels over the land with a view to determining the location, depth, grade, number, etc. of the drains; estimating the size of the tile to be used, the cost of tiling, the best methods of taking levels, digging ditches true to grade, excavating the trench, and discussing all drainage problems that arise. Throughout the meeting a great many questions arose and some healthy discussions followed.

FARMS ALREADY SURVEYED

On this trip east through Ontario the second time for the year, Mr. Reek has already surveyed land for Messrs. Samuel Donovan, and W. O. Landon, near Lansdowne; Matthew Steacy, near Warburton; A. C. Hardy Brockville, all of Leeds county, and a small farm near Morrisburg. On his return he will spend considerable time at Picton and Peterboro. There are four men like himself in the business this season and they will have done similar work in at least thirty counties of this province for well near 200 farmers. Judging from the keen interest manifested in the drainage surveys and demonstrations held on this trip there is no doubt but that tile draining will be general in eastern Ontario shortly.

Dry Weather After Sunday

(Special to The Post)

Washington, D.C., Aug. 7. — Last bulletin gave forecasts of disturbance to cross continent 6 to 10. warm wave 5 to 9, cool wave 13 to 17. The interesting feature of this storm period was expected to be it unusually cool weather, severe storms on eastern coast of the continent and the inauguration of drouth in parts of the corn belt. A high temperature wave was expected in the southwestern states from 4 to 10.

Next disturbance will reach Pacific coast about 10 cross Pacific slope by close of 10, great central valleys 12 to 14, eastern states and provinces, 15. Warm wave will cross Pacific slope about 10, great central valley 12, eastern states, and provinces 14. Cool wave will cross Pacific slope about 13, great central valleys, longitude 105 to 85, about 15, eastern states and provinces 17.

This disturbance will bring another cool week with very little rain in large sections of the corn belt in which drouth will threaten damage to corn. Storms will be of no great importance till they reach the eastern states, the lower lakes and the eastern provinces of Canada, where about August 14 and 15 they will assume threatening and dangerous conditions. Between this and the following disturbance dry weather in large sections of the corn belt will begin to cause some uneasiness about the corn crop.

During the 5 days entering on Aug. 5 a hot wave will invade the states west of the lower Mississippi including Texas, and following that hot wave showers may be expected in the states mentioned. Next disturbance will reach Pacific coast slope about 15, cross Pacific slope by close of

16, great Central valleys 17 eastern states and provinces 09. Cool wave will cross Pacific slope about 18 and great central valley about 20, eastern states about 22. This will be the most important disturbance of the month. It will be radical in all its features in its entire passage from Pacific to Atlantic coasts. It will not be a very dangerous storm on the continent but severe tropical storms may be expected of our southern coasts.

Frosts are expected in northern sections about September 3 to 6, and 13 to 17. The later frost wave is expected to damage corn and flax, and spring wheat but the bulk of the northern crops will be out of danger by that time.

The House Fly At the Bar

The extermination of malaria and yellow fever by the control of the breeding places of mosquitoes was a great triumph of sanitary administration. The house fly presents universal opportunity for a still greater triumph, says Theodore Dreiser in the Deliberator for September. The Merchants' Association of New York City, in its bulletins of 1908 and 1909; presents incontrovertible evidence against the house fly—evidence that every mother and teacher of mothers should have, and which may be got by applying to this association.

The house fly has been condemned by a court from which there is no appeal. Health and bacteriological experts all over this country have pronounced the verdict "guilty." Whereas the fly was once considered a scavenger sent in hot weather to eat up the germs that abound it is now considered a filthy insect. Bred in manure, it drinks from cess-pools and dines in privy-vaults. It eats the sputum on the sidewalk, and revels in the garbage pail. It hovers over the baby's diaper, and is greedy for the dressings from a discharged wound. It is a germ-carrier. It brings typhoid fever, diarrhoea, dysentery, and tuberculosis to the very gateway of the human body. After its repast of filth it crawls over your freshly cleaned its feet on the bread brought in a sealed paper bag. Direct from the neighboring privy it crawls over the sweet lips of your sleeping baby or settles on the sterilized nipple of the nursing bottle. The fly that you fish out of your baby's milk, milk for which you have paid fifteen cents a quart may have been feeding on the excrement of a patient recovering from diarrhoea or typhoid fever. The flies on the fruit you buy at that street corner for your children may have last fed on the sputum of a consumptive. As many as six million six hundred thousand bacteria have been found on a single fly. Yet the house fly is tolerated everywhere.

Milk and hot weather are blamed for the great number of infant deaths from diarrhoea or "summer complaint." A careful study of the seasonal prevalence of flies by means of daily counts from fly-cages made in different parts of New York City by the Merchants' Association shows that flies were active in large numbers only in the comparatively few hot weeks when an abnormal number of cases of typhoid fever and diarrhoea were contracted. These diseases rose with the rise in prevalence of flies and fell with the decrease in the numbers of flies trapped. When we consider that one fly, laying one hundred and twenty eggs at a time, will have a progeny of sextillions at the end of the season, and that milk is the best germ-culture known, it is easy to see the fly's part in spreading intestinal diseases.

Screen all doors and windows as soon as the fly season sets in, especially the kitchen, dining room, and nursery. Wire netting is more serviceable, but cotton netting at three cents a square yard keeps the flies out. Keep flies away from your baby. Keep flies off your food and milk. Do not buy food exposed for sale unscreened. Don't forget that the breeding place of flies is in near-by filth. It may be behind the door, under the table, or in the cuspidor. If there is a nuisance in the neighborhood, report it at once to the health department and demand its abatement.

Every health department should distribute pamphlets warning the people of the danger where flies lurk.

—One fact is better than ten hearsays. Ask Doctor Burgess, supt. hospital for insane, Montreal, for his opinion of "The D. & L." Menthol Plaster. The genuine made only by Davis & Lawrence Co. 84



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