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### WILL HON. MR. HANNA RESIGN? DOES NOT ENJOY CONFIDENCE OF PARTY

Halifax, N. S., July 6.—Sir Robert Borden left Halifax for Grand Fre and spent Sunday with his aged mother at the old homestead. He will return to Halifax to unveil a tablet to S. G. W. Archibald, an able lawyer of nearly a century ago, known as the Master of the Rolls.

Col. the Hon. Sam Hughes left for Ottawa, accompanied by Lord Brooke and Colonel Victor Williams. The Minister of Militia inspected the military property. He said in connection with a request for armories in Pictou, Digby and Yarmouth:

"They will be built in due time. My idea is to have many of these armories all over the country. They will be built primarily for the training of the militia, but will be available also for agricultural fairs or other public purposes of a useful character, thus becoming in a variety of ways a source of real benefit to the community."

### EDDIE SPRING, THE FAMOUS INDIAN SCOUT

Wherever a Northwest Mounted Police has patrol work on an Indian reserve, he must have an Indian scout to assist him. This officer is employed by the Mounted Police, lives at the barracks, and wears a uniform provided for him by the department. He must be able to understand and speak English, for he is the medium between the Red Man and the officer of the law in the Indian territory.

Usually the scout becomes a very important personage among the Indians, and is not much liked by them. While they are not usually averse to police control, yet they cannot overcome the old idea that the Medicine Man and chief of the tribe should be the only Indian authority under which they must bend.

One of the most enlightened scouts in the employ of the force is Eddie Spring-in-the-crowd, who for short is called plain "Eddie." What his father saw at the time of his birth to suggest such an uncommon name for his child is not known. Eddie is one of the few Indians of the Blood Reserve who gets mail at the local post office. For some years Eddie has been a subscriber to a Canadian periodical, and while the police affirm that he does not read the literature, yet they believe the pleasure of having a magazine come addressed to himself more than offsets the small subscription he pays for it.

### MASONS TO CELEBRATE PEACE CENTENARY

The annual communication of the Grand Lodge of Ancient, Free and Accepted Masons of Canada will be held at Niagara Falls on July 15 and 16.

There will be no election for the position of deputy grand master, but several names are down for the position of grand junior warden, and include W. Bro. John Tanner, of King Solomon Lodge, Toronto; R. W. Bro. W. R. Clewley, Belvoir Lodge, Toronto, and W. Bro. A. McNally, Stony Creek. The other positions will all be contested for with considerable spirit.

One of the functions of the Grand Lodge will be the celebration of the one hundred years of peace between Britain and the United States, which will take the form of a banquet, to which all grand masters of grand lodges in America will be invited.

### SUMMER RESORT AT HALIBURTON STOCK COMPANY TO BE ORGANIZED

Haliburton as a centre for summer tourists is becoming more and more popular, and now a more favorable train service is in operation, the village will undoubtedly be the Mecca of a greater number of tourists in the future.

It is, however, is needed, and the necessary accommodation for the many who will undoubtedly find their outings in the north, in order to consider this question, a meeting of representative men of the village was held last night for the purpose of considering the advisability of organizing a big summer hotel.

There was a good attendance present, and the question of forming a stock company for the purpose of organizing a \$50,000 resort was discussed at some length. The outcome was the formation of a committee to look into the proposition. It was recognized on all sides that Haliburton has never before an important tourist centre than at present, more accommodation is provided.

### FORD DIMES ARE OF NO VALUE

Many coin collectors who have been saving American dimes on which appears the letters "D," "O" or "S" and have been looking for the remaining letter that constitute the word "Fords" will be sorry to learn that they cannot get them. A wild rumor has been around the continent to the effect that if the full word was secured they would be entitled to a Ford car. It is stated officially that the letters cannot be procured through the mints and that the Ford Company did not make any offer.

A great many people have been fooled into believing that they might win a car by getting the five dimes. The American mints have announced that there are no coins minted with the letters "F" or "R," "D" is Denver, "O" is New Orleans, or Omaha, and "S" is San Francisco.

### CHURCHES AND POLITICS IN PROVINCE HOW THE DENOMINATIONS ALIGN

Toronto Star Weekly.—At the Provincial election just over the organized influence of the churches, as a whole, found expression on the side of the Liberals. But "twasnot ever thus." How do the churches, or their members in Ontario, align themselves in party conflict? The Toronto Star Weekly put this question to one second to none in his knowledge of political conditions in Ontario, and, indeed, in this country. His reply was as follows:

"While any estimate must be speculative, I think that, normally, in Ontario, the Conservatives get at least 70 per cent. of the Anglican and 60 per cent. of the Methodist vote.

Probably the Liberals get something more than 50 per cent. of the Presbyterian vote—one would be inclined, on the face of things, to say a good deal more than that, were there not some reason to think that, of late the Presbyterians not having produced any outstanding leader of the George Brown or of the Oliver Mowat type in either Dominion or provincial politics, a certain proportion of old-time Presbyterian Grits silently use their vote and influence on the other side. Of the Baptists and Congregationalists, about 90 per cent. possibly, are Liberals—but the numerical adherence to these churches is comparatively small. The Roman Catholic vote is the most uncertain factor of all. Sometimes it goes one way, sometimes another. It is the natural tendency of the Roman Catholics to vote Conservative, unless they have been particularly "baited" by the Orangemen."

**REASONS ARE HISTORIC**

There are historic reasons for the way in which the various churches align themselves in politics. The early Conservative party in Ontario was largely Anglican, and held the view that "the episcopal system was interwoven and connected with the monarchial foundations of our government." Bishop Strachan, a Tory of the Tories, was a great church-and-state man. He and those who thought with him supported the maintenance of the act in 1791, which provided that there should be reserved for the "Protestant clergy" in Upper and Lower Canada "a quantity of land equal in value to a seventh part of grants that had been made in the past or might be made in the future." The law was unjust. Even if the expression "Protestant clergy" signified clergy of the church of England only—an assumption, to say the least of it, debatable—it was unreasonable that the members of that church, who were certainly not more than a third, and probably not more than a fourth, of the population of Upper Canada, should have this exclusive privilege. This law of 1791 had been framed by the then dominant caste in Canada, which had the ear of the authorities in England.

Then again the Anglicans favored denominational education—a system which was detested by George Brown and the Grits. "I can conceive nothing more unprincipled," exclaimed George Brown, "than a scheme to array the youths of the province in sectarian bands, to teach them from the cradle up, to know each other as Methodist boys, and Presbyterian boys, and Episcopal boys. We have enough of this wretched sectarianism in our churches without carrying it further."

But Egerton Ryerson was no radical. While he sought equal rights for all churches, and efficient education for all the people, his political sympathies were with a moderate Conservatism. As a United Empire Loyalist, he viewed with distrust the radical wing which he conceived Canadian Liberalism to have developed. It was his boast that not a single member of the Methodist church in Canada was implicated in the rebellion, and it was his object to awaken the loyal fears of Methodists to what he thought the dangerous objective of a section of Canadian Liberalism. It was largely owing to his influence that, once equal religious rights were established for all, the majority of Methodists joined hands with the Conservatives.

**CATHOLICS ATTACKED**

Despite the fact that, in later days the Hon. Sandfield Macdonald, the first premier of the province, was a Roman Catholic, the Roman Catholics were at first arrayed against the Conservatives. But George Brown's anti-pope correspondence drove them into the ranks of the Conservatives for a good many years. However, Edward Blake and Sir Oliver Mowat were both always very conciliatory and diplomatic in their dealings with Roman Catholics, but in 1883 the Conservative party probably still held the majority of them. In 1886 the Conservative party made a rather ill-advised attack on the Mowat government not only for giving special privileges to the Roman Catholics in separate schools, but also for trucking to them in other schools—a lot was made of the exclusion of "Mascosion" from these schools because (it was alleged) of passages in it offensive to Roman Catholics. At the same time, Mowat's Presbyterian support never wavered, and he used that as a defence against the charge of trucking to Roman Catholics—for instance, Principally Caveau, of Minto college, was staunch in his support, as were the two Bledes, who, though Anglicans, were regarded as leaders of Protestantism.

Sir James Whitney, on becoming Conservative leader, dropped the anti-Catholic attitude of his predecessors, and there is little doubt that at each provincial election he receives a large measure of Roman Catholic support. The Baptists and Congregationalists of Ontario, while almost unanimously Liberal, are so rather by reason of their general outlook on life and doctrine than by reason of any historic association, although it is true that the Hon. Alexander Mackenzie was a Baptist. In the maritime provinces, however, for various reasons, a very large proportion of Baptists are Conservatives.

### PRESENTATION TO MR. FRED SCOTT

Mr. Fred Scott, who left this morning for Chatham to accept a position on the Chatham News, was last evening the recipient of a presentation and address at the hands of the Executive and members of the Olympia Baseball Club. "Scotty" as he was affectionately known among the boys, has worn an Olympia uniform in hockey and baseball, and was one of the most valued members of the baseball and hockey clubs. Besides being a good athlete, he has proved himself an all-round good fellow, and his departure from town will be regretted by his many friends.

The presentation took place at the Olympia last night, Mr. Russell Howe, Manager of the Olympia ball team, reading an address, and Mr. Ira Connell, captain of the team, presenting Mr. Scott with a handsome solid gold locket. On one side was engraved Mr. Scott's initials and one the reverse "Presented by Olympia Baseball Club, 1914."

Mr. Scott thanked the boys for their presentation, and assured them he would always keep a warm spot in his heart for the members of the team.

### ANOTHER SCANDAL IN NEW BRUNSWICK

FREDERICTON, N.B., July 8.—The inquiry into the cost of the Southampton Railway opened yesterday morning in the York County Court House, with Mr. Pringle presiding, T. J. Carter, K.C., M.P.P., appearing for the Railway company; C. D. Richards for the railway company; and M. G. Teed for J. K. Pinder, M.P.P., president of the company, who also was in court.

The investigation is the result of charges made in the House of Commons by F. B. Carvell, M.P., that the report of the Federal engineer, upon which the railway secured a double subsidy of \$6,400 a mile, was inaccurate.

As a result the inspecting engineer was suspended, and R. A. Pringle, K.C. of Ottawa, was appointed as a royal commission to investigate the cost of the road.

Testimony was given by David W. Brown, engineer in charge of construction for a period; D. G. Kilburn, who succeeded E. V. Johnson as government engineer; James Cunningham, concrete contractor, and William and Robert McDonald, construction contractors.

A dramatic feature of the investigation occurred when the commissioner forced a witness to admit that his receipted account was made up for \$1,000 more than he received after the investigation had begun. The commissioner showed the witness what he thought of the proceeding and drove him from the stand.

Some of the discrepancies uncovered were found in the accounts of James Cunningham, who testified that he received \$3,101 and gave a receipted bill for \$4,040, and whose work is included in the witness' report as costing \$7,440.

### THE "MACHINE" IN MANITOBA

In the desperate endeavor to save the Roblin Government from defeat in Manitoba, employees of the Province have been made active instruments in a plot to plug the voters' lists of Winnipeg through the preparation of hundreds of bogus naturalization papers. This assertion is no matter of guess work. It is based upon the sworn testimony of John J. Pickersgill, an employee of the Manitoba Liquor License Department, who, under oath before the Court of Revision in Winnipeg a few days ago, declared that as a commissioner empowered to administer oaths he had signed many fake naturalization affidavits which had not been sworn to by an applicant appearing before him.

Mr. Pickersgill did more than testify to this. He swore that he had done the work at the direction of one of his superiors in the employ of the Roblin Ministry, that the naturalization fees in connection with each set of bogus papers had been obtained from the License Department and the Provincial Morality Officer, and that when the fake naturalization documents were ready he reported the fact to the Assistant Chief License Inspector or the Morality Officer. After that was done, the papers were distributed to the "night clubs" and some of the hotel men in Winnipeg for use in plugging the lists with bogus names so that personators and repeaters brought in from the United States might vote for Conservative candidates when the election takes place a few days hence.

Nor was this all. During the sitting of the Revision Court it was shown by the sworn evidence of some of the men concerned that signatures to oaths of allegiance and oaths of residence purporting to have been taken by foreigners in Winnipeg were forgeries pure and simple. Forgery, as well as the preparation of bogus affidavits, was part of the game of the "machine workers" for the Rogers-Roblin group in Manitoba.

Brief as this comment is, it gives some idea of the methods which are being followed by the Rogers-Roblin machine. Fake affidavits, forgery and doubtless perjury have been used. Anything to save Manitoba for the Conservatives is the Rogers-Roblin motto. And Mr. Rogers is a member of the Government led by the Premier who used to talk so glibly and earnestly of the need for political purity.

### PRISONER WAS KILLED BY TRAIN

The Toronto Police yesterday identified the man who was killed at the Ellis street, Lake Shore road, railway crossing as George Cootes of Scranton, Pa., who on Saturday last broke jail at Peterboro and was evidently killed while beating his way to the American border. The Scranton police say that Cootes' mother is too poor to bury him, and he will be interred at Toronto.

At Peterboro the unfortunate man gave his name as Clarke. He escaped on Saturday night and Chief Short was asked to keep his eye out for the prisoner.

### Some Good Catches

Fishing is reported to be exceptionally good on Sturgeon Lake. Numerous good catches are made every day. This morning Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Lee captured two beauties, Mr. G. A. Little, two, Messrs M. Sisco and Robt. McConnochie two and Mr. Cecil Nugent a couple as well as many other catches.

### PRISONER ESCAPED AT PETERBORO LINDSAY POLICE NOTIFIED ON SATURDAY

Saturday night Chief of Police Short received word from Chief Thompson, of Peterboro, to watch out for one John Clarke, who had escaped from Peterboro jail. The Chief and Constable Wood went to the 9.55 p.m. G.T.R. train, as it was understood he had pulled out on it. When it arrived in Lindsay, no sign of the prisoner was seen. The Examiner reports his escape as follows:

"John Clarke, who was sentenced to six months in Central Prison for theft by Magistrate Dumble, last week, made good his escape from the Central Prison to take him to Toronto, and had been doing carpenter work around the jail. Being short of men Jailer Nesbitt had taken the cook out to do some work and put Clarke in his place as cook in the kitchen. In some manner the prisoner obtained a saw or some other equally good instrument for cutting steel and in the only window in the kitchen he sawed off one of the small upright bars and through a very small opening he managed to get out of the window. Then he had a sheet tied to one of the top bars of the same window and by the aid of this he was able in some unaccountable way to get it fixed to the window above or to the high wall which runs around the jail yard, for the purpose of preventing prisoners from escaping if they do break jail. Clarke must have climbed up the sheet and then got on the wall from which he dropped to freedom for the time being.

"The prisoner picked a most opportune time for escaping as Jailer Nesbitt and Turnkey Ray were at their tea, after having seen to the feeding of the prisoners.

"How he obtained the sheet may be explained by the fact that every Saturday the bedding of the prisoners is taken out to the Jail yard for an airing and Clarke must have smuggled one of the sheets into the kitchen for his escape; but where he obtained the tool to saw off the iron bar is still a mystery.

"Before he escaped the prisoner sprang the lock on the room where their clothes are put, when they put on their prison garb, and thus he is at large in ordinary clothes.

"This is the second escape of a man from the local jail in the forty-five years' service of Jailer Nesbitt, which speaks well for him. The other man who escaped, ten years ago, was only at large for a week, when he was captured in Lindsay.

"All the Chiefs of Police in the surrounding country are being given particulars, with a description and picture of the escaped man and no doubt he will be taken into custody soon."

### ARMORIES ARE FOR PUBLIC PURPOSES

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### ARMORY OPENING IS POSTPONED

Mr. John Carew, M.P.P.-elect, has received a message from Col. the Hon. Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, stating that it will be impossible to open the armory on Saturday next, as was intended. A number of distinguished gentlemen, whom the Minister expected to have present, were unable to make arrangements to be here Saturday.

### STOREHOUSE BURNED AT CANNINGTON

A fire occurred at Cannington on Monday at noon when a storehouse near the G.T.R. station was burned to the ground. The fire is supposed to have been started by a spark from a locomotive. The contents were also destroyed.

### WAY TO WATER LAWN PROPERTY

The best method of watering a lawn says an exchange, is to apply a spray for from 6 to 12 hours, the stream being so gentle that water will not collect in sufficient quantities to run off. The water will then sink down into the soil and the roots will grow to a greater depth. When this method is used the lawn should not be watered oftener than twice a week, and then the ground should be soaked, so that the water penetrates for several inches beneath the surface. As a general rule, watering once a week is sufficient to keep a lawn in good condition.

The man who enjoys watering his lawn in the evening for half an hour after returning from work will probably prefer this method to leaving the stream on for a number of hours once a week. If he will divide his lawn area into six parts, and confine his attention to a different part each evening he will obtain practically the same results in the long run.

**THE DOMINION BANK**  
SIR EDMUND B. OSLER, M.P., PRESIDENT. W. D. MATTHEWS, VICE-PRESIDENT.  
C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.  
Capital Paid up - \$5,400,000.00. Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits - \$7,100,000.00.  
A Savings Department  
is conducted at every Branch of the Bank where deposits of \$1.00 and upwards are received and interest at current rates added. It is a safe and convenient depository for your money.  
LINDSAY BRANCH. ROBERT ROSS, Manager.