

Prompt Parcel Post Service

We are constantly sending Prescriptions and Drug Store Goods to all parts of the surrounding country. This trade has come to us because we have what people require—and because we sell at right prices. Goods can usually be sent by first mail after receipt of order. Send us your prescriptions.

We quote a few articles which should be of interest to our Rural Customers at this season.

Fresh Seeds in Packages—2 for 5c. American Wonder Peas, 10c per lb.

A. HIGINBOTHAM
Druggist - Lindsay
Nearly opp the Post Office

THE LINDSAY POST

\$2.25 per year; \$1.00 if paid in advance direct to publisher. We have no subscription agents.

WILSON & WILSON,
Proprietors,
Office, William St.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, APRIL 17, 1914

BUILDING OF ARMORIES

A story is told by the Ridgeway Dominion of a farmer who said they were going to petition for an armory. As there was no militia in the neighborhood he was asked why they wanted an armory and he replied: "To hold our grain and poultry show in." This would not be a bad use for such buildings says the Stratford Beacon, but it is questionable whether the Dominion Government should expend money on a building which will only be used once or twice a year. Is the principle adopted by the present Government that money must be expended in various parts of the country to gratify their supporters and thus bribe the people with their own money? It looks like it in some instances as far as the erection of armories is concerned.

THE TEACHER PROBLEM

The last report of the minister of Education for Ontario indicates that the problem of providing an adequate supply of qualified teachers has not yet been completely solved, points out the editor of the Woodstock Sentinel-Review, who has been looking up government statistics. For the year 1913, he continues, there were between 1,100 and 1,200 teachers in training in the normal schools, and about 350 in the faculties of education.

The Minister of Education says that under ordinary circumstances this would be a supply ample enough for the openings created by the establishment of new schools and withdrawals from the profession, but there are other influences at work. Apparently a considerable percentage of those who qualify themselves for the teaching profession are still attracted to other occupations, or leave the province altogether. The Minister points out that the salaries in Ontario are much higher than they were, but he is compelled to admit that they have either not kept pace with the scale of remuneration in other callings, or they started on a lower level.

The raising of the salary standard especially in the rural sections, has been a slow process, but even in this respect there is evidence of improvement. The average annual salary for male teachers in the public schools of the Province for last year was \$788, representing an increase of \$21. The average annual salaries for female teachers was \$543, representing an increase of \$25. The average experience of male teachers was a little over eleven years; that of the female teachers a little over seven years.

In one important respect there has been no improvement. The number

of male teachers in the elementary schools does not increase, nor do young men attend the professional schools in appreciably larger numbers. The male teachers in the elementary schools constitute only about fourteen per cent. of the total. The reason, no doubt, is not far to seek. It is a matter of salary.

THE SUFFRAGETTE

Recently a street car advertising agency in order to stimulate interest in their cards displayed in the cars, offered cash prizes for the best epigrammatic definitions of a suffragette.

Here are some of the results: A suffragette is a woman who thinks she has been devoted long enough.

Not satisfied with the last word, she also wants the first.

She is the corset needed to reduce the government waste.

A suffragette is a sting of beauty and a jawer forever.

A woman who would rather break windows than clean them.

A woman whose troubles are certainly not "little ones."

One who spends more time airing her views than viewing her heirs.

A woman who will spare no pains to get her rights.

A woman who would rather rock the country than the cradle.

A female creature, queer and quaint. Who longs to be just what she aint.

The hen that would cackle and never set.

Is the woman known as a suffragette.

We can't efface her, we can't forget her.

We love her still—the stiller the better!

EXTRA POLICE PROTECTION

The petition presented by the business men at Monday evening's council meeting asking for additional police protection is a matter requiring the serious attention of the council.

There seems to be a difference of opinion concerning the need of an extra man. It is however, contended that sections of the town are left without police protection at night, and these sections are as much entitled to police supervision, as the business section. According to a by-law, which has never been repealed, the night constable's beat is from the Lindsay-st bridge to Victoria Ave. This by-law, of course has not been adhered to, as the night officer now covers a wider area, and often answers calls from outside the business section. Lindsay is the only town of its size in Canada with a police force of two men. This may be a tribute to the law abiding character of the inhabitants, but the fact remains, nevertheless, that a great many claim this number is totally inadequate in order to give sufficient police protection. If a third man is needed, he should be engaged for night duty. Of course there is the added expense in connection with this appointment,—but this should not stand in the way of giving the town more efficient police protection if such conditions cannot be brought about by our present force.

MAKE HASTE SLOWLY

The town council is confronted with four problems calling for heavy demands on our civic treasury. We refer to the question of better police protection, the proposed isolation hospital, the civic club house and request for grant, and the paving of King or Queen-sts. Reference has been made to the question of police protection in another article, so that the other propositions can be dealt with separately on their merits. Regarding the proposed isolation hospital, the question is being asked by the man on the street, (and his interests must be considered) is there urgent need for the erection of such an institution? Has the council sufficient data to warrant them dealing with this question intelligently, and can the town afford to undertake the expense of supply-

ing such an hospital at present? These matters require serious consideration because there is a difference of opinion among our citizens regarding the wisdom of our council spending the people's money in the manner proposed. It is conceded that the present isolation quarters are unsuitable, but should our council rush madly into the purchase of other property without giving the matter more serious consideration? The Post refers to this not in a spirit of opposition to the scheme (because we feel more suitable quarters are needed) but in order that the council could secure more data on the matter in order that it may receive intelligent consideration at their hands.

Then there is the important fact to consider, that the members of several worthy organizations are already devoting their energies towards providing a fund for an isolation hospital. This move is worthy of every assistance, as practical co-operation will be the means of lifting the burden of supplying such an institution off the shoulders of the council.

The civic club house proposition is meeting with considerable opposition, and more especially the request for a grant of \$1500 from the council to assist in repairing and fitting up the residence on the McDonnell property. Any scheme which has for its object the promotion of good fellowship, brotherly love and the welding together of all classes of the community into a harmonious whole is to be commended, but the question is being asked—Would the council be justified in voting monies for the proposed club house? This is the base of the opposition to the proposition. The Post believes that such an institution should be self sustaining—that it should be launched and maintained by the practical cooperation as well as the contributions of our citizens.

Then there is the question of permanent improvements—the request for permanent roadways on King and Queen-sts. Everyone is agreed that these thoroughfares, as well as others, should be paved. The petitions were presented last year, and the property owners naturally expected the work would be undertaken. If the town council can see its way clear to undertake this work this year, which involves heavy expenditure, an honest effort will be made to comply with the prayer of the petitioners. The town has reached the limit of its borrowing powers, and if, in the opinion of the council, the work cannot be undertaken this year, the ratemakers, we feel sure, will find no fault with the decision of the council. One thing is certain, however, and that is the streets in question will have to receive some attention.

TO MAINTAIN OUR HONOR

(Canadian Courier.)

Not because we desire paternalism in our government, but because we desire to maintain our national honour at home and abroad, we need new laws to

(1) Prevent any board of directors from issuing common stock as a bonus or without adding to the resources of the company.

(2) Prevent any land speculator from selling town lots in a subdivision which has not been approved by a provincial government and counter-signed by a municipality.

(3) Prevent any city or town issuing debentures which have not been approved as advisable and necessary by a provincial municipal board.

(4) Ensure that every man who acts dishonestly in the public sale of lands, stocks, bonds or securities of any description shall be speedily brought to justice by a public prosecutor.

These laws we need to protect the savings of our weaker citizens and to preserve our credit in the money markets of the world. Finally, such laws are necessary to maintain our own good opinion of ourselves and our own sense of national honour.

TWENTY-FOUR

IN ONE HOUSE

Peterboro, April 14.—Sanitary Inspector Spence paid a visit to an Italian lodging house at the corner of Smith and Reid Streets this morning at an early hour and found, the following number of lodgers: Eleven men sleeping in the attic with a floor space of 28 ft. by 18 ft., and about 2,000 cu. feet of air.

Five men in a bedroom 11 ft. by 12 ft. by 10 ft.

Four men in another bedroom, and four in another.

The cellar, the Inspector stated, was practically a cess pool. The water, etc., passed through to the cellar with no more attention paid to it than if it were passing to the sewer. Complaints had been received that the men caused a disturbance on Saturday and Sunday nights by their noise, and the neighbours were greatly annoyed by the conditions.

SUPERANNUATION OF TEACHERS

On Programme for Provincial Legislation

TORONTO, April 15.—Deputy Minister of Education, Dr. A. F. U. Colquhoun, made an announcement last night at Convocation Hall to the members of the Ontario Educational Association to the effect that a measure dealing with the superannuation of teachers would be introduced at the next session of the Legislature.

The Deputy Minister, in welcoming the association, said that the Minister had been detained in the Legislature but he had been asked to convey a message to them. He said:

"I have consulted my colleagues and we have definitely decided to offer a measure dealing with superannuation of teachers at the next session of the Legislature. This measure will necessarily be affected by three considerations at least.

(1) A certain amount of public indifference on the subject.
(2) Hostility on the part of a portion of the teaching profession itself.

(3) The existence upon the statute books of the old fund. Subject to the limitations imposed by these conditions, we shall try to frame a measure just to the teachers and acceptable to the public. Any legislation of this kind must necessarily receive the endorsement of the great body of the parties affected."

"I have nothing further to add," concluded Dr. Colquhoun, "but I regard that as a binding promise, which must be fulfilled."

Elevator at Reaboro Destroyed by Fire

Last night about 11 o'clock the rain elevator at Reaboro, owned by Thos. Skuce, was discovered to be on fire, and in a short time it was a veritable fiery furnace. Fortunately very little grain was in the structure at the time. Mr. Skuce had shipped a large amount a few days ago, and had only a few oats stored for his own use.

The structure burned fiercely, and lighted up the heavens for miles around.

The elevator, which is a total loss, was built about ten years ago by Jos. Eyres, of Toronto, and formerly of Lindsay. Mr. Skuce had the building and contents insured in the Perth Mutual. Besides the building and oats the elevator machinery was also destroyed. The cause of the fire is a mystery. The sectionmen were burning grass near the elevator during the day, but it is not supposed that this caused the destruction of the building.

SPRING IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an all year round tonic, blood-builder and nerve-restorer. But they are especially valuable in the spring when the system is loaded with impurities as a result of the indoor life of the winter months. There is no other season when the blood is so much in need of purifying and enriching, and every dose of these pills helps to make new, rich, red blood. In the spring one feels weak and tired—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills give strength. In the spring the appetite is often poor—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills develop the appetite, tone the stomach and aid weak digestion. It is in the spring that poisons in the blood find an outlet in disfiguring pimples, eruptions and boils—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills speedily clear the skin because they go to the root of the trouble in the blood. In the spring anaemia, rheumatism, indigestion, neuralgia, erysipelas and many other troubles are most persistent because of poor, weak blood, and it is at this time when all nature takes on new life that the blood most seriously needs attention. Some people dose themselves with purgatives at this season, but these only further weaken themselves. A purgative merely gallops through the system, emptying the bowels, but it does not cure anything. On the other hand Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new blood which reaches every nerve and organ in the body, bringing new health and vigor to weak, easily tired men, women and children. Try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills this spring—they will not disappoint you.

Sold by all medicine dealers or sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 by The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Two Men Drown.

MIDLAND, Ont., April 15.—Robt. and Frank Paradis, two Frenchmen from here, who had been cutting wood for some weeks up the bay, were drowned while returning home over the ice. The ice is breaking up and the men are supposed to have gone through about three miles from shore. A hand sleigh which they were drawing was found upon the ice.



SHIRTS, NECKWEAR, UNDERWEAR

W. G. & R. brand Shirts at \$1.00 and \$1.25, featuring the new pin-check and hair-line so much in evidence for spring, in shades of grey, blue and helio, sizes 14 to 17.

\$1.00 Imported English Oxford Shirts in the new stripes, laundered cuffs, in blue and grey shades. Sizes 14 to 18.

Silk Shirts \$3.50 up.

New "Crepe Faille" Neckties 50c. The newest thing in Neck wear from New York, in neat figured and ring designs, wide flouncing ends or plain chape: colors are tan, blue, purple, navy and brown.

New "Tango" Neckties at 50c, with figure that qualify the name. Colors are navy, helio, brown and red.

The old favorite the Polka Dot is also to the fore, again in the new spots, open ends at 50c each.

Spring weight "Cashmere" Underwear from pure Australian wool, in a clean natural color, sizes 34 to 46. Per garment \$1.00.

New combination \$1.50 suits. Natural color, have closed crotch: sizes 34 to 46.

Dundas & MacLellan Limited

WILL UNCLE SAM FIGHT MEXICO? Atlantic Fleet is Ready for Battle

(Special to The Post.)

WASHINGTON, April 15.—President Wilson yesterday ordered practically the entire Atlantic fleet to Mexican waters to force a public salute to the American flag from the Huerta Government as an apology for the arrest of American marines at Tampico last Thursday.

No ultimatum has been issued, that is, no specified time has been set within which the Huerta Government must comply, but the naval demonstration has been ordered as a concrete evidence of the fixed determination of the United States to back up Rear-Admiral Mayo's demand for a salute. Up to last night Gen. Huerta had not made satisfactory response to that demand.

"Future developments depend upon Huerta himself," was the way a high administration official close to the President summarized the situation.

Forty-six warships and 21,000 men will comprise the force of Tampico. Everywhere, at the White House, the State Department and the Navy Department, the hope was expressed that the despatch of the fleet would not lead to serious consequences, and there was a confident prediction among Administration officials that Gen. Huerta would see the wisdom of satisfying the American demand and close the incident.

U. S. Soldiers Eager for Action.

FORT BLISS, Texas, April 15.—Coming at the end of three years of watchful waiting on the sand dunes and cactus clumps of the Mexican border, the Tampico incident renewed hope among the units of the United States army here on the border, and nothing was being discussed at the officers' and men's messes last night but the possibilities of a Mexican invasion at last.

One hour is the estimated time it would require to throw the entire Federal force into Juarez, the first point of contact for the army of invasion.

On Verge of Intervention.

LONDON, April 15.—The Daily Mail in an editorial yesterday morning considers that the United States "is on the verge of armed intervention in Mexico, with all its incalculable consequences."

The Post, asking whether President Wilson has lost faith in his policy of watchful waiting, thinks it more than likely that the naval demonstration is intended as a warning to the constitutionalists as well as to Huerta, but that even if Huerta yields and the constitutionalists desist from the destruction of foreign property, the general problem will be no nearer solution. "It is difficult to see," The Post adds, "how intervention can be avoided."

"The Apparel oft Proclaims the Man" and Woman too!

1914 SPRING and Summer is to be a striking Season. Variety, distinction, daintiness and beauty are to mark its era in Fashion's realm.

Never was there a more beautiful creation introduced, than the new shadow laces, that have come to adorn "lovely woman."

There seems to be a mysticism about them, such as was wrapped about Coleridge, when he wrote "The Ancient Mariner," the mystic is always attractive; hence those fine, filmy, shadowy draperies are a thing of beauty, and make the plainest woman fascinating.

We also show some handsome all-over laces, embroideries, nettings and voiles in white fabrics.

Special new cottons, ginghams, ducks and vestings in varied patterns.

"Pictorial Review" patterns show a very wide range of designs and styles for making up those sheer goods. To-day, it is an art to be able to fashion one's own gowns, and everyone can be artistic by using these patterns and buying these goods advertised by

O'Loughlin & McIntyre
CASH AND ONE PRICE

Advertise in The Post

....PRIVATE SALE....

—OF—
CHOICE PURE BRED
Short Horn Cattle



WILL BE SOLD AT

MAUNDER'S HOTEL, LINDSAY

These animals were secured from some of the best breeders at Port Hope, Millbrook, Port Perry, and consist of choice young bulls and heifers, also several choice cows. This sale will continue for only 10 days. If you are looking for some really good stock, come and examine these animals.

W. J. MOORE