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FOR SALE
FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—The S
 of lot 7, in 11 con Mariposa;
 100 acres, 88 ac. tillable land, 12 acres
 bush and pasture. 43 acres plowed, 8
 of which is summer fallow. 25 acres in
 meadow, the rest pasture and orchard
 Good house, barn, windmill, silo, pig
 and sheep pens and hen house. Culti-
 vation fair. Terms easy. Apply to
 D. J. McIntyre, Whitby.—wtf.

WANTED
WANTED—A teacher, having third
 class certificate, from April till
 Christmas. Not R. C. or Mormon. Ap-
 ply to Stephen Kettle, Ursa, Ont.—w3

HYMENEAL
HOWE—BROWN

Janetville, March 8—Wednesday af-
 ternoon March 6th, 1912, was the
 scene of a very pretty and stylish
 gathering at the home of Mr and Mrs
 James Howe, one half mile east of
 Janetville, the occasion being the
 marriage of their sister Mary Agnes
 (Minnie) to Mr. William Brown, a
 prosperous farmer of Laura, Saskat-
 chewan.
 At precisely 3.30 p. m. the bridal
 party entered the parlor and took
 their position under an arch of pink
 and white roses and smilax. The
 bride looked beautiful, dressed in a
 becoming white embroidery dress,
 carrying a bouquet of carnations and
 flowers and ferns, and wore the brid-
 al wreath. She was unattended and
 was given away by her brother, Mr.
 James Howe. Little Master George
 Howe acted as page, and performed
 his duty in a cute manner.
 The marriage ceremony was per-
 formed by the Rev. N. Jones, pastor
 of the Janetville circuit, in his us-
 ual pleasing manner.
 After the friends and guests had
 tendered their best wishes to the
 bride and groom, all sat down to a
 sumptuous wedding dinner, served in
 the spacious dining room, which was
 beautifully decorated with white and
 pink ribbons, flowers and ferns. The
 tables were all that could be desired,
 and everyone did justice to a
 well prepared meal.
 The presents were both numerous
 and costly, showing the great re-
 spect in which the bride was held.
 Besides a great variety of silver-
 ware, china and linen, there was \$55
 in cash, there being a twenty dollar
 gold piece, given by Mr. and Mrs.
 Wm. Switzer, of Orillia, a \$10 bill by
 Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Howe and a \$10
 bill by Miss Emma Howe.
 Among the guests from a distance
 were Mr. Lewis Hickson, of Laura,
 Saskatchewan; Mr. and Mrs. Wm.
 Switzer, of Orillia; Mr. and Mrs.
 Richard Kirk, of Pontypool, Mr. and
 Mrs. George Colton, of Port Perry;
 Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Woods, of Mill-
 brook; Miss Dicy Woods, of Mill-
 brook. There were also a number of
 friends from Lindsay.
 The bride's travelling costume was
 of green tailored broadcloth, with
 hat to match.
 The groom's gift to the bride was
 a gold crescent set with pearls.
 Mr. and Mrs. Brown leave in about
 a week's time for their home in
 Laura, Sask.
 The best wishes of a host of friends
 go with them, in wishing them a
 long and prosperous life.

LITTLE BRITAIN
 (Special to The Post.)
 Our local hockey team have added
 another victory to their long list of
 winnings. Last week they journeyed
 to Penelon Falls to compete in the
 tournament for a handsome cup.
 They returned champions, having de-
 feated Bobocyeon, Kirkfield, and
 Penelon Falls. The boys were accord-
 ed the best of hospitality while in
 Penelon Falls, by the citizens. The
 rink manager treated the boys ex-
 ceedingly. His allowing them the priv-
 ilege of a practice game on the
 rink before the game was highly ap-
 preciated. The referee was fairness
 personified. The penalties were dealt
 out to those deserving such with an
 impartiality that was very creditable
 to a local man.

**When you want your
 Shoes or Rubbers re-
 paired take them to**
J. HUGHES
 —the—
LINDSAY SHOE MAKER
 Repairs while you wait.
 Lindsay-st. and William st. N



The Greatest Shoe Bargains on Earth

To people who have ever bought Sample Shoes at our Sale we have only to say Sample Shoes and there is a great rush for them. Sample shoes you know are the best shoes

the manufacturers turn out. We just received last week one car load of these shoes, making the largest shipment that ever came into Lindsay.

Mens Goodyear Welt Boot, selected Box Calf Patent Colt and Gunmetal Calf, Military heels, button or blucher style, all sizes 5 to 10, regular \$4 00 and 4.50. Sample Sale price

\$2.59

Women's Pumps and low Shoes, tan, calf, ox-blood and Black Kid, Medium heavy soles, Blucher cut, all sizes, 2 1-2 to 7, Worth \$2.00, Sample Sale Price

99c

Ladies Boots, Selected Patent Colt and Gunmetal, creased vamp, Medium sole, Cuban Heel, Size 2 1-2 to 7, worth \$3 00 and 3.50. Sample Sale Price

\$1.98

Misses and Children's ankle strap Pump and Low Shoes. Patent Colt. Vici Kid and Tan, all sizes, every pair worth 1.25 and \$1.50, sample sale price

79c



Felix Forbert - Lindsay

52 KENT STREET

PUBLIC OWNED COAL MINES

(St. John Telegraph.)
 That was surely one of the most dismal of sciences. For political economy with all its mass of detail and concern for the horrid necessity of statistics, is in the last analysis the science of human well being. Fifty years ago its students may have realized this as clearly as they do now, but certainly not as passionately. In the intervening years the concept of the state as something apart from the individuals who compose it has disappeared. Abstract theories, based on a priori reasoning and the ideal of economic progress as an end in itself, have given place to the desire for the alleviation of human suffering and the ennoblement of the human spirit.
 This change has been brought about by the spread of education and the consequent rise of intellectual leaders among the democracy. Peasant rebellions and the crude methods of charterism and bread riots have given place to the more subtle and terrible method of the strike. Democracy is no longer a blind force hitting vaguely at a trained and scientific opponent. It is now well equipped, and vastly more powerful than of old.
 Take the case of the coal miners in Great Britain. There are more than a million of them employed on a piece work basis. The state has already interfered with their earning capacity in the interests of the moral and physical welfare of the race by restricting all underground workers to an eight hour day. The miners themselves were far from unanimous in welcoming that enactment, and it is the proximate cause of bringing to a head a grievance of long standing. Some of the miners cannot earn as much as others because they have to work in abnormal places where coal is difficult to obtain, and they demand that the rate for work in such places should be increased. This sounds reasonable enough until an attempt is made to define what is an abnormal place. There the employers and the miners differ, although surely it cannot be a difficult matter for arbitration. Sixty per cent. of the employers have, however, given way on the principle involved. The others assert that if they give way it will only be a matter of time until the definition is extended, and every place becomes an abnormal place within the meaning of the act. They further assert that the men cannot be trusted to keep to their agreements, since at least two bodies of miners are at present on strike in contravention of an agreement which does not expire until next year.
 Roughly that is how the matter stands, and now what is the British government going to do? It is, first of all, going to compel the employers to recognize the principle of a minimum wage, and no doubt it will

also endeavor to make the unions recognize the corollary principle of a minimum amount of work. With such an arrangement things may go on very well for a few years, but obviously, from the general economic unrest, the problem goes much deeper. The heart of it is in the fact that no scientific relation exists at present between the revenue derived from industry by capital, and that derived by labor. If such a relation could be established by parliament and loyally adhered to, after a royal Commission had taken evidence on oath from employers and employed, the individualistic control of the numbers might be sustained. But it is not the only logical solution seems to be that of expropriation of the mines by the government. The remedy is an heroic one, but it is seen that the present uncertain condition of an industry on which the whole economic welfare of the community, manufacturing and distributing, depends, is rendering life too full of strain and too much a matter for perilous speculation to be tolerable. Nor would the experiment be altogether without precedent. The solution of the Irish land question provides, as nearly as may be, a parallel, and it is significant that the most important measure of land purchase was introduced by a Unionist government. True, it did not provide for compulsory expropriation, but it created a state of things which made that inevitable. The basis of the settlement was that the landlords should receive such bonds as would produce a sum equal to their net annual income previous to the passing of this legislation. It cannot be a very difficult matter to deal with the coal lords on the same basis, and, putting the principle a step further, the logical thing would be for the government to take over the mines.
 Where is the alternative? It is impossible in these days to shoot down all the employers or all the employed; but it is possible to do justice

to them both, in quite as unconventional and a far more satisfactory way, and incidentally to do justice to the mass of the nation which supports them both and for whose interests neither appears to be greatly concerned. The day is coming when the coal mines will have to be treated as a public utility and not as a cock pit for capital and labor. Under government ownership labor would get fair play, and the consumer would get fuel at honest prices.
 The United States has a similar problem, worse in some respects. It will never be assured of peace in Pennsylvania, and never will be able to keep the coal barons from squeezing the consumer with one hand, and the miners with the other, until it has bought the coal mines from the railroad companies which now own them. Fuel ought not to be subject to the influence of greed or the stock market.

March Weather Rheumatic Weather

Victims Can cure Themselves With Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

With the coming of March people who are afflicted with rheumatism begin to have unpleasant reminders of their trouble. The weather is changeable—balmy and springlike one day, raw, cold and piercing the next. It is such sudden changes of weather that sets the pangs and tortures of rheumatism, lumbago and sciatica going. But it must be borne in mind that although weather conditions start the pains, the trouble is deeply rooted in the blood and can only be cured through the blood. All the lotions and liniments in the world can't cure rheumatism. Rubbing may seem to ease the pain while you are rubbing, but there its value ends. Only through the blood can you cure rheumatism. That's why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have so many thousands of cures of this trouble to their credit. The new, rich blood which they actually make drives out the poisonous acid, and rheumatism is vanquished. Here is an example, Mr. W. C. Douglas, of Webbwood, Ont., says: "I was attacked with inflammatory rheumatism, which spread through my entire system. For two months I was not able to go about, and seemed to be hovering between life and death. My joints were swollen and my legs and arms twisted, until I expected that they would never return to their normal shape. The doctor seemed to help me, but not to cure me, and I would be better one day and worse the next. At this time a friend strongly urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I got a dozen boxes. Soon after beginning the pills there was a change for the better, and I continued using the pills until I was quite well again.

The swelling disappeared from the joints. My limbs returned to their natural shape, and I feel as if Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have saved me from being a rheumatic cripple. I hope my experience may prove a blessing to some other sufferer."
 If you suffer from rheumatism, or any other disease of the blood, begin to cure yourself today with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

ZION
 (Special to The Post.)
 Miss Zella McNeven, of the L.C.I., spent Sunday under the parental roof.
 Quite a number of our young people attended the carnival at Cameron on Saturday evening last. All report a good time.
 Mrs. Wm. Wilson was suddenly called away to Kirkfield on Saturday last to attend to her mother, Mrs. Herne, who was very ill. Mrs. Herne died about 11 p. m. Saturday. Much sympathy is felt for Mrs. Wilson in her bereavement.
 Miss Sophia Moynes, of Glenarm, spent this week visiting at the home of her cousin, Miss Gertrude Moynes of this place.
 Mr. Wm. Parkin visited at the home of his sister, Mrs. George Gilson of Peniel for a few days, returning on Monday.
 Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Christian and daughter Alberta, who have been visiting her brother, Mr. G. Parkin, also other friends for a few months, started for Uxbridge on Saturday, where they will spend a few days, thence on to Alliston and on Tuesday they will take the train for their home in the West.
 Owing to the bad roads the Cedar-dale rink has not been opened for the past week, and Tuesday night everybody enjoyed a good skate. They intend holding a carnival on Saturday evening next.
 Mr. W. Worsley and Mr. C. Moynes of the L.C.I., spent the week end at their homes here.
 Mr. James Moynes, of Toronto, is spending a couple of weeks here renewing old acquaintances.
 Mr. Cecil and Miss Dorothy Brown spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. Brokenshire, of Cameron Point.
 Mr. E. B. Ashley, of Belleville was in town last evening.

TOBACCO HABIT

Dr. McTaggart's tobacco remedy removes all desire for the weed in a few days. A vegetable medicine, and only requires touching the tongue with it occasionally. Price \$2.00.

LIQUOR HABIT

Marvellous results from taking his remedy for the liquor habit. \$2.00 and inexpensive home treatment; no hypodermic injections, no publicity, no loss of time from business, and a cure guaranteed. Address or consult Dr. McTaggart, 76 Yonge Street, Toronto, Canada.

POSTMASTER PALEN

The Post desires to extend its heartfelt congratulations to Mr. A. F. Palen on his appointment to the position of postmaster for the town of Lindsay. Official notice to this effect was received this morning, and to-day Mr. Palen is being installed by Mr. W. R. Ecclestone, of Toronto, Assistant Post Office Inspector.
 The appointment gives general satisfaction and is a fitting recognition of the faithful, untiring services rendered by Mr. Palen as a member of the post office staff for the past twenty years. He entered the service as a junior clerk, and by close application to duty coupled with an unflinching courtesy and a desire to give effective service, he received a deserved promotion in the appointment as Deputy Postmaster four years afterwards.
 During the past five years, owing to the declining health of the late Mr. Gladman, Mr. Palen has been acting postmaster, and our citizens will bear testimony to the highly satisfactory manner in which he performed the duties devolving upon him.
 Mr. Palen's appointment dates from March 5th and today he was showered with congratulations by

hosts of friends.
 That Mr. Palen will fill the position with credit goes without saying. He possesses all the qualifications essential for a position of this nature, and the government is to be commended on its appointment.

VICTORIA LOAN DIVIDEND INCREASE

At the last meeting of the directors of the Victoria Loan and Savings Company, the usual quarterly dividend was declared at a rate of seven per cent, per annum, instead of six as heretofore. There is no doubt the change will be a very agreeable one to the shareholders.
 Mr. J. R. O'Neill is in the city for a couple of days on business.
 Miss Dorothy McKay, of Woodville, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Duncan Ray.

Shiloh's Cure

QUICKLY STOPS COUGHS CURES COLDS, HEALS THE THROAT AND LUNGS. 25 CENTS

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If it can be printed anywhere we can produce it for you.

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NEATNESS AND DESPATCH

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MR. FARMER

Do you intend to do any tiling or building next spring? We are making tile by the thousand and building blocks and silo blocks by the hundred every day. Our drain tile are all sizes from 3 to 16 in. and harder than stone, and our blocks are all sizes and range in price from 12 to 20 cents each. We also make fence posts, culvert tile and sewer pipe.
 Come and talk your wants over with us. We can supply you.

National Concrete Mfg. Co.

near I. Deyell's fruit farm