

THE LINDSAY POST

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LINDSAY, FRIDAY MARCH 17, 1911

TEMPEST IN A TEACUP

The Post is in receipt of a pamphlet from Mr. Henri Bourassa containing several articles from his pen which have appeared in his paper, Le Devoir, the Nationalist organ...

THE PREMIER'S SPEECH

No true Canadian, having the best interests of his beloved country at heart, could help but be satisfied with the brilliant and at the same time convincing pronouncement made by Sir Wilfrid Laurier...

It has satisfied the nation. All doubt and misgivings have been dispelled regarding the ultimate results accruing from such a display of international good sense on the part of two neighbors.

The preface to Sir Wilfrid's speech was a clever coup in which he met the projected demand of the opposition that the measure be indefinitely postponed.

The Canadians who support the agreement do not believe that the dire consequences predicted by the opponents of the agreement will come to pass; if they did, of course, they would be equally determined not to see it come into effect.

A Stitch In Time

You know the rest of this old adage.

If you have a cough, which seemingly may not amount to much, but if you could look into the future and see the condition into which your cold, if neglected, would bring you, you would not longer procrastinate, but get a bottle of

COUGH NOT

the great cough cure that we have no hesitation in recommending. Its testimonials are numerous.

- SOLD AT -

DUNOON'S Drug Store

adding to the prestige and importance of Canada as one of the rising nations of the world.

SENATOR COX AND FREE TRADE

Mr. Clifford Sifton founded his principal objection to the proposed trade agreement upon the assumption that, if carried into effect, it would endanger certain financial interests in Canada.

Senator Cox does not share in the alarm that has been "manifested" in some quarters. He says he is "at a loss to understand how so natural an adjustment of the trade arrangements between Canada and the United States can involve the serious state of affairs that has been predicted."

Senator Cox points out that agriculture is still our greatest industry and that anything which improves the condition of the farmer must promote the welfare of the whole country.

The Senator goes on to say that he has the utmost faith in the ability of the Canadian farmers to hold their own against the competition of food producers in the United States, and he believes the financial interests in Canada will profit rather than lose by the ratification of the proposed trade agreement.

CASE IN A NUTSHELL

A contemporary shows how unnecessary it is that any errors should occur around a newspaper office— "Newspaper men frequently have their attention drawn to the typographical errors which get into their publications.

Canada is satisfied as a result of this pronouncement. The country feels that in the lowering of the tariff barriers between our country and our neighbors to the South, our position as one of the bright jewels in the Empire's crown, is not jeopardized or endangered.

EVADING INCOME TAX

People who are inclined to favor the income tax as a means of raising public revenue, should study the recent revelations made with regard to the evasion of the income tax by British capitalists in England.

ments, was a matter of the greatest simplicity.

A wage earner on the other hand has practically no chance of escape. There is a plain record of this income. The collector can readily find it and its recipient either pays it or goes to jail.

Capitalists invest their money in places where the collectors cannot find it, and pay no tax at all, or a very small one.

THROTTLE PUBLIC OPINION

The paid advertisements opposing reciprocity in the papers throughout the country are undoubtedly being paid for by "the interests", who are gradually obtaining a strangle hold on the wealth of the country.

Canada is supposed to be one of the most civilized countries in the world, Ontario the most refined and cultured province in the Dominion, and Lindsay the most Christianized town in Ontario.

Would not these same men, who are addicted to the use of profanity and do not seem at all particular who knows it, be loudest in condemning their wives, daughters, or sweet hearts for using the same language?

At the moment last night when, before a great audience of Toronto citizens opposed to reciprocity in natural products, Mr. George Tate Blackstock—displaying the venom of a lifetime of animosity against Liberalism—was denouncing Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Fielding as conspirators, bent upon the destruction of Canadian nationality,

LOCAL OPTION VOTING

The three-fifths clause, the obstacle solidly in the way of temperance reform by local option, was the theme of a powerful address in the Legislature by Hon. A. G. MacKay.

Mr. Haultain, the leader of the Conservative party in Saskatchewan in the course of his speech in favor of the endorsement of the agreement furnished a most fitting reply to the fire-brand utterances of Mr. Blackstock.

The question has been annually debated in the Legislature since the three-fifths system was introduced, and will no doubt be debated until it is abolished.

It is by such trickery and evasion that a verdict is sought from the people of this city. It is by denouncing the majority of the citizens in this country as conspirators against its continued national existence that Mr. Blackstock hopes to restore the old-time ascendancy of Toryism.

CANADA'S GIFT TO THE TWELVE NATIONS

No Doubt NOW that Canadian Farmers are to be Exposed to the Competition of all the Great Food Exporting Countries of The World

From "The Canadian Century."

When it was first made known that the Reciprocity Compact not only gave American farmers free entrance to Canadian markets and extended the same privileges to the United Kingdom and the British Colonies, but also opened the door wide to the Argentine Republic, Austria-Hungary, Russia, Spain, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Switzerland, Japan, Bolivia, Columbia and Venezuela, Canadians in general thought there must be some mistake.

The privilege of sending their farm products freely from the Canadian market.

If the Reciprocity compact simply provided for free trade in farm products between Canada and the United States there might reasonably be difference of opinion as to whether it would be advantageous to Canadian farmers or not. We think that even such an arrangement would have been a bad bargain for Canadian farmers, because the surplus of farm products in the United States is enormously greater than the surplus of Canadian farm products, because of the farming season being earlier and longer in the United States and because our farmers would always be at the mercy of the tariff legislation of the United States Congress.

(This is a paid advertisement and is directly opposed to the stand taken by The Post on the subject under discussion.—Ed. Post.)

and the system of giving fictitious value to a certain vote by a three-fifths requirement will not survive many more assaults.

MR. HAULTAIN ANSWERS MR. BLACKSTOCK

(The Globe of March 10)

At the moment last night when, before a great audience of Toronto citizens opposed to reciprocity in natural products, Mr. George Tate Blackstock—displaying the venom of a lifetime of animosity against Liberalism—was denouncing Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Fielding as conspirators, bent upon the destruction of Canadian nationality,

Mr. Haultain, the leader of the Conservative party in Saskatchewan in the course of his speech in favor of the endorsement of the agreement furnished a most fitting reply to the fire-brand utterances of Mr. Blackstock.

It is gratifying to be able to place words of Mr. Haultain over against the political incendiarism of Mr. Blackstock. That gentleman was addressing an audience composed in large measure of British-born Canadians. With the inelegant preface, that it was hard to teach an old dog new tricks, he declared that all his life Sir Wilfrid had striven against the Imperial tie, and that in proposing reciprocity in natural products he was giving another example of that tendency.

The question has been annually debated in the Legislature since the three-fifths system was introduced, and will no doubt be debated until it is abolished.

It is by such trickery and evasion that a verdict is sought from the people of this city. It is by denouncing the majority of the citizens in this country as conspirators against its continued national existence that Mr. Blackstock hopes to restore the old-time ascendancy of Toryism.

clearly perceives, that increasing trade relations with the United States have not led to a desire for closer political relationship, but that the desire to remain a part of the British Empire has grown stronger year by year, despite an ever increasing volume of trade between the Republic and the Dominion.

We wish the "eighteen" joy of their ally. It must have been with great gratification indeed that Sir Mortimer Clarke heard the statesman who paid him the high and deserved honour of recommending his name for the Lieutenant Governorship of Ontario described as a conspirator against the very existence of the country to the service of which he has given the love and devotion of a lifetime. No doubt Mr. Blackstock will be featured as the chief attraction at other meetings organized by the "eighteen."

MEMEMEE

(Special to the Post.)

Miss Bertha Nicholls spent Sunday at her home here.

Mr. Ernie McPherson returned on Monday evening, after spending several days in Toronto.

Mr. Cronk was in Toronto last Friday.

Miss S. Miller returned on Friday night to take charge of the millinery department in C. Ivory's. Miss Miller attended the opening in Toronto before coming here.

Miss Carrie Balfour, of Peterboro Normal School spent the week end at her home.

Rev. David Balfour, of Queen-st. church, Lindsay will preach in the Methodist church here, next Sunday March 12th, in the interest of missions.

Miss Winnie Beatty, who has been attending the openings in Toronto, returned on Saturday, to re-assume her duties as head milliner in T. A. McPherson's.

Miss Grant spent Sunday here, the guest of Miss Robinson.

Mrs. Dr. Thompson returned home on Saturday, after a pleasant visit spent in Toronto.

Miss Lila Parsons gave an afternoon tea last week in honor of her aunt, Miss Rehill, of Peterboro.

Mr. George Glenny is visiting at his home here.

Robt. Courtney & Son's sawmill is in full swing and some fine lumber is being turned out.

On Sunday afternoon, what might have been a serious accident occurred near Lebanon church. A horse belonging to Tom Poast, of Cavanaille township, ran away, upsetting the cutter. The occupants were thrown out, but fortunately were not seriously hurt.

parts. Those taking a part were: Miss Amy Parsons, Miss S. Cope-land, Messrs Jas. McQuade, Ira Rehill, and Bert Skuce. Master Ernest Bushnell gave a patriotic reading, and Miss Stella Wilson sang the solo in the Maple Leaf" while the League joined in the chorus.

Tenders are being called for the erection of a Town Hall. The plans of the building are to be seen at R. J. Mulligan's store.

Mrs. H. Earle and Miss Edith Robinson, spent Tuesday in Peterboro.

Miss Harmony Balfour and Mrs. Ross were in Lindsay on Wednesday.

Miss Greta Mills and Master F. Mills spent Tuesday in Lindsay.

On Wednesday evening, a very successful basket social was held in Reeboro. Several attended from Omeo and report a good time.

Laurier's Answers TO FOUR OBJECTIONS

Premier Deals at Length With the Points Raised against the Agreement

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said there were four objections raised against the tariff agreement. The first objection is that the effect will be to deflect the carrying trade from Canadian channels to American channels. The second is that it will destroy our natural resources. The third is that it will imperil our industries. And the fourth—and certainly not the least—is that it will dissolve our autonomy.

THE AGREEMENT WILL NOT DEFLECT THE CARRYING TRADE FROM AMERICAN CHANNELS TO CANADIAN CHANNELS. The bonding privileges for sixty years have allowed goods in bond to go through the States from Canada for export from New York and other American ports, without paying duty, and yet Canadian routes have more than held their own. They are shorter, geography is in our favor, and we will increase our share of business.

THERE NEED BE NO FEAR OF DESTROYING OUR NATURAL RESOURCES. The Red Indian did not develop water powers, or cut the forest, nor exploit mineral wealth, but left them for his children's children. It's not the use but the abuse that, must be guarded against—hence the establishment of the Conservation Commission.

RECIPROCITY WILL NOT IMPERIL OUR INDUSTRIES. The farmers desire this change in natural products and great care has been taken to protect manufacturing industries and the capital therein invested.

ANNEXATION IS NOT POSSIBLE. We would part with our lives rather than with our national existence, and we certainly won't sell it for financial gain. There is not a vestige of annexation sentiment in this country. He would tell Americans that we are as proud of our country as they are of theirs.

On motion of W. F. McEachern, seconded by McFadyen, amount of \$376.20, were passed.

WILL CAMP AGAIN AT BARRIEFIELD

Kingston Standard: A despatch from Toronto states that it is reported there, on good authority, that the Militia Department have found the handling of the Eastern Ontario Command from the Capital very unsatisfactory, and that the headquarters will be sent back to this city.

The local military authorities have received no official information, but they believe that in view of the changes in military circles all over the Dominion, this action will not be improbable.

If this despatch is based on facts it means that the 45th Regiment will again go into camp at Barriefield this year.

Deafness Cannot be Cured Local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness caused by catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular free.

Proceedings of Eldon Council

This meeting should have been held on Feb. 15th, but on account of the impassable condition of the roads it was postponed by order of the Reeve until Feb. 24th.

Messrs. Black and Hargrave waited on the Council asking them to pay half cost of repairing bridge on the boundary between Eldon and Fenelon in 1910. They stated that Mr. Tolmie commissioner in Fenelon, had instructed the council to repair the bridge. They presented their account to Township of Fenelon, who paid half of it and told them to collect other half from Eldon. Reeve Steele explained to them as it was the Township of Fenelon who let the contract they should pay same and then apply to Eldon to have one-half the cost returned to them. He instructed them to present account again to Fenelon and then have Council of Fenelon bill Eldon up with their share.

COMMUNICATIONS

America Road Machine Co., orders for road machinery; stating it would be impossible to give description of lands purchased for right-of-way for G.B. & S.B. Railway as lands have not been actually surveyed and no deeds had been completed; inspector of prisons and asylums, re investigating matter regarding indigents from Eldon; clerk of Thorah regarding proposed drain No. 2, C. N. McDonald requesting the council to remove logs taken from the roadway and placed on his property; R. Hawkins, roadmaster on div. 17, enclosing gravel order from William Moore's pit in 1910 board of railway commissioners stating that matter of crossings on 8th con. had not been filled with board for their consideration; Hopkins, Weeks, and Hopkins, stating Colin McMillan had instructed them to enter action against township for payment of his account for service as health officer during a case of smallpox during 1904; Col. Sam Hughes, re investigating matter of government lands, Eldon; Salvation Army, re aid; National Sanitarium Association, asking aid.

McEachern — McEachern — That this council make a grant of \$15, to Mrs. I. Morrison. Carried. Spence — McFadyen — That clerk be instructed to communicate with Col. Hughes, re the railway crossings on 8th. Eldon, so that same will not be left dangerous for public, and if necessary, to have same brought before Board of Railway Commissioners. Carried.

Articles of agreement re extending time for completion of municipal drain No. 1, also the renewal of bonds to same were presented to council. McEachern — McEachern — That remuneration paid members of local board of health by 2.50 a day for attending meetings of same and \$1 per day for duties in cases of contagious diseases.—Carried.

Spence — McFadyen That we appoint Dr. A. Galloway, as medical health officer for 1911. McEachern — McEachern — An amendment that Dr. J. F. Reed be appointed M.H.O. for 1911 at salary of \$30. Votes for amendment—A. B. McEachern, W. F. McEachern, against McFadyen, Spence. Vote for motion McFadyen, Spence, against. A. B. McEachern, W. F. McEachern. Amendment carried on the vote of the Reeve.

On motion of W. F. McEachern, seconded by McFadyen, amount of \$376.20, were passed.

Spence — McFadyen — That we instruct clerk to ask for tenders for power for stone crusher, also foreman, and man and team, such tenders to be marked on envelope, "tender for stone crusher," tenders to be received up to Mar. 31, 1911.—Carried.

Spence—McEachern — That this council appropriate sum of \$200 for each of four wards in township to be expended on roads and bridges during the year 1911; that commissioner in each ward be authorized to expend same and to issue his orders on treas. to amount of \$200, in expending this money; that the treas. be authorized to cash orders as aforesaid and corporate seal be to this motion to give it force of bylaw.—Carried.

Spence — McEachern — That this following be appointed Commissioners for the different wards for the year 1911 No. 1, D. A. McFadyen; No. 2, Robert Spence; No. 3, Las. Steele; No. 4, W. F. McEachern.

That A. D. McEachern be appointed commissioner to expend \$200 on second quarter line as per bylaw No. 362, passed on Jan. 9, 1911 that this motion have corporate seal attached to give it force of bylaw.—Carried.

Adjourn to meet in Plank's Hall, Lorneville, Friday March 31, at 11 o'clock.