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is our kind. Have you been O'kd with our modest measure work? If not, why not? Come in and learn our plans of fitting perfection. We are artists in our line, and use the most improved methods for securing success. We will make you a tip-top Suit or Coat. These goods will be beautifully tailored to insure proper shape.

M. H. McCallum, - Fenelon Falls

PASSED FERNIE IN AUTO 24 HOURS BEFORE FIRE

Residents Were Totally Unprepared.

MR. McLAUGHLIN RETURNS

Tells of His Trip to the West—Crop Outlook Bright.

Twenty-four hours before the city of Fernie, B.C., was swept out of existence by that dreadful fire, Mr. R. J. McLaughlin, local barrister, and Mrs. McLaughlin, passed through that western community in an automobile. The inhabitants were going about their regular daily occupations, little thinking of the dreadful catastrophe which was about to fall upon their city, inflicting so much loss to life and property. The forests on the mountain side were all ablaze, and the entire country surrounding Fernie seemed to be covered with a dense cloud of smoke, while at night the sky was illuminated for miles around. No preparations for an emergency were made by the Fernie citizens or the residents of the surrounding towns, as the possibility of the fire sweeping them out was unthought of.

companied by Mrs. McLaughlin, and after spending a few days in Toronto left on the Winnipeg Limited for the western metropolis. He proceeded to the west, visiting many of the important towns and cities on his journey. One feature of his trip that he says he will never forget, was that over 1,000 miles of prairie land in an automobile. He crossed the boundary in Alberta in the machine and plunged into the wonderfully wooded depths of British Columbia. It was on this trip that he passed through Fernie and was greatly surprised a few days later to read in the Vancouver World that Fernie, Michel and several other places had been swept out. He saw from his touring car on his way west acres of forest being rapidly eaten up by the destroying element, but had no idea that the towns he had visited were in danger.

WILL BUILD UP AGAIN. Mr. McLaughlin was of the opinion that the fire would have a rather depressing effect on British Columbia now, but it would soon be over. Fernie had suffered before, and is bound to build up and go ahead. Around that city several coal mining companies are in operation, but these were not injured.

Speaking about the crops in the West this year, Mr. McLaughlin thought that on the whole they would be good. Several districts had suffered considerably from the heat, but the outlook was bright.

Mr. and Mrs. McLaughlin returned home by way of the United States, stopping off at several points of interest. They arrived home last night and left this morning for Sturgeon Point, where they will spend the week end.

The Peterboro Cheese Board

Prices went up Another Notch

12c. PAID ALL ROUND THE BOARD - MUCH BETTER THAN CORRESPONDING SALE OF LAST YEAR - ANOTHER BUYER ON THE BOARD.

One of the smoothest sales of the season took place Wednesday, Aug. 5, on the Peterboro Cheese Board. The bidding was brisk, and what pleased the salesmen most was the fact that the prices remained the same all the way through. That was 12 cents per pound, and incidentally the highest price on the Board for this year.

At the sale in 1907 corresponding to today's, there were 4,595 boxes boarded, the price being only 10 13-16c. To-day there were 4,222 boxes boarded.

The buyers present were Messrs. Cook, Morton, Gillespie, Riddell, Gunn & Langlois, Fitzgerald, Weir, Kerr, Free representing Olive, Dorrien & Strouf, Montreal. The last mentioned is an addition to the buyers on the Peterboro Board. The secretary announced that several of the factories had not yet paid their Board fees and many of these handed over their dollars.

Table listing cheese types and prices: Keene 160, Warmister 120, Shearer 200, Central Smith 180, Selwyn 175, Villiers 105, Watsaw 145, Westwood 130, Oakdale 125, Daisy D. 77, Lakefield 100, Pine Grove 140, King Edward 120, Otonabee Union 67, Maple Leaf 117, Myrtle 150, Ormonde 80, Young's Point 170.

Table listing locations and prices: Fraserville 120, North Dummer 60, East Emily 120, Brewer 140, Bensfort 170, Cedardale 82, Stony Lake 45, Cavanville 130, Crown 145, Norwood 150, Fleetwood 160, Oak Leaf 34, South Burleigh 30, Brickley 70, Shamrock 80, Killarney 125, Total 4,222.

The Bidding. Mr. Cook started the bidding at 11 1/2c. and it continued as follows: Fitzgerald 11 1/2c., Gunn & Langlois 11 3/4c., Fitzgerald 11 5/8c., Olive, Dorrien, Oakdale, Lakefield, Pine Grove, Otonabee Union, Maple Leaf, Young's Point, Lang, North Dummer, South Burleigh.

Gunn & Langlois bid 12c. for selections and this was bettered by Mr. Morton to 12c. for the balance of the Board. Fraserville, Fleetwood, East Emily, Oak Leaf, Shamrock, Daisy D., Crown, Stony Lake, Brickley accepted and Cavanville, Killarney refused.

Mr. Gillespie got first choice and secured at 12c. Keene, Shearer, Central Smith Selwyn, Villiers, Warsaw, Westwood, Bensfort, Cedardale, Trevern, Norwood, Ormonde, King Edward, Myrtle.

Mr. Weir at 12c. also, secured Warsaw.

Omeme Residence Burned to Ground

FIRE BROKE OUT EARLY LAST THURSDAY MORNING - LOSS ABOUT \$1,500.

Omeme, Aug. 7.—Fire broke out here yesterday a.m., about 2:30 o'clock, in the home of Mr. Robert Stinson. When the alarm was given the flames had full possession of the rear portion, and little of the contents could be saved.

THE MAN OF MEN.

The happiest man in the land today is the successful farmer. He sits under his own vine and fig tree undisturbed by the maddening noises of the great city. Banks fail, railroads go into the hands of receivers, booming towns collapse, all business stagnates. But the wise farmer can snap his finger at all these things. He is the monarch of all he surveys on his broad acres. And the honesty of his boys and the purity of his girls is guarded against temptations and in them he is giving the country its best manhood and womanhood. The farmer is to be envied, and if he is not contented with his lot he is lacking in wisdom.

Quiet Times Now Rule In The Lumber Business

CURTAILMENTS ARRANGED FOR DURING THE COMING SEASON THAT WILL RESULT IN GREAT SAVING.

During the past couple of years different conditions have combined rapidly to bring about a deplorable state of affairs in connection with the lumber business, and the effect has been sufficiently far reaching to affect the general business of the country and result even in a large loss to the Government. This lumber business insofar as it affects the well-being of the people of Canada is one well worth looking into, and much as we may doubt it is one of the industries that regulates trade to a very great extent. This is particularly true throughout the Georgian Bay district, where a very large percentage of the Canadian lumber is manufactured. So far as can be figured out at present the prospects for the coming season are none too bright, and the curtailment which is almost sure to take place in operations during the coming season will be felt by a large number.

The Ontario lumbermen have practically decided to reduce the cut of lumber in the bush during the next winter by fifty to seventy per cent., and as a result of the decision, losses as follows will result:

Loss to Ontario Government revenue, \$700,000. Loss in wages, \$576,000 per month. Reduction in camp expenses, \$320,000 per month.

Trade stagnation and American competition are responsible for the situation which is a culmination of conditions which had their birth two years ago.

In the season of 1906-7 the cut in the bush was very heavy—25 per cent. larger than that of last year. A quarter of that cut was left over, either in logs in the booms or in lumber in the yards, when the lumbermen faced the season of 1907-8, last year. They reduced their cut by twenty five per cent., calculating that the stock on hand and the cut of last season would meet all trade requirements. It did, for the financial collapse came, and the demand for lumber declined, as did that of other products.

There is a feature in lumbering operations which must be understood in order to grasp the situation. The operator pays the Crown \$10 per 1,000 feet board measure and \$2 per 1,000 feet board measure in addition—\$12 in all. It is technically called "stumpage." Besides, he, of course, pays the price the bids for his limit at the auction sale. When he has paid that price he owns the timber and can cut or hold, just as he pleases. With stumpage at \$12 per 1,000 it costs the operator \$23 to produce a thousand feet of lumber at the mill—that is the operations of cutting, hauling, towing, sawing, cost \$13 per 1,000 feet board measure, in addition to the \$12 stumpage. It is easy to see how vast sums of money can be tied up if the lumberman cannot get rid of his season's cut.

On the other hand, if the operator forces that he cannot clean out his mill yard, and does not cut, but leaves his timber standing in the bush, he is really making money. He saves the stumpage of \$12, and the operating cost of \$13 per foot board measure. More than that, his uncut timber is making money for him because it is increasing in value.

That is the view taken by the leading lumbermen in Toronto, such as the Victoria Harbor Lumber Co., the Turner Lumber Co., Parry Sound, the Graves Lumber Co., Graves, Bywood Lumber Co., who are the largest operators in the Georgian Bay district, which produces some 400,000,000 feet B.M. of Ontario's total output.

Last year, 1907-8, according to the Government returns, the Ontario cut was 907,840,000 feet B. M. of pine, and 54,080,000 of other timber. The revenue was \$1,500,000, or will be when all is gathered in. Owing to the pinch of hard times some operators have been granted an extension of time.

In the coming season, 1908-9, the cut will be reduced by half, and the revenue also, resulting in a loss to the Province of \$700,000, unless the unforeseen happens.

It means more in other ways. Roughly speaking, it takes 50 men to cut enough timber in the bush this season to produce 1,000,000 feet B.M. at the mill. Thus, the Ontario cut of 961,000,000 feet employed 45,000 men last winter. The coming winter will see but 24,000 at work.

These men will be paid from \$15 to \$25 per month. Last year the 48,000 men earned from \$18 to \$28 per month a total of \$1,056,000 per month, averaging wages at \$22 per month. The coming winter the 24,000, whose wages will be from \$15 to \$25, will earn \$480,000 per month, a loss of \$576,000 in wages.

The food bill of the lumber army is a big thing. It costs but \$12 per month to feed a healthy lumber jack, and the sum of \$60,000 per month was last year spent among merchants and farmers for food supplies for the camps. The camping season will see it reduced by some \$300,000 per month.

Another loss will result from the decreased demand for teams for bush work, and their food, hay and oats. Leaving this last out, the monthly loss in food bills and wages will be \$1,596,000.

American competition has a good deal to do with the stagnation in the demand for Ontario lumber. The American material comes in duty free and operators from the other side have been and are still putting in their product at slaughter prices, underselling the Canadians by \$2 to \$3 per 1,000 feet.

One factor may relieve the situation, viz., extensive bush fires. A fire going through a bush does not burn the timber, but kills it. It cut the same year it can be saved, but it must be done before the worms, which always attack dead timber, get into it.

Boys of Canada Should Receive A Sound Military Training

LORD ROBERTS' SPEECH—SPLENDID SYSTEM IN TORONTO - LINDSAY SHOULD COPY.

In his last address on Tuesday afternoon, Lord Roberts said the following regarding the military training:

from his earliest youth in military discipline.

TORONTO SYSTEM. In Toronto the same system is practically carried out. When a boy enters the lower part of the third book he is compelled to attend military drill once a week. He is instructed in the manual and uses a wooden model as a rifle. Each school has its officers, and Colonel Thompson, of the York Rangers, is commander-in-chief of the whole public school forces, and visits each school once a month.

When the boy passes into the fourth book he is eligible, providing he is big enough, to join the district cadet corps. There he dons his first uniform, similar to that of the 45th regiment. He is given a Lee Metford rifle and the old-fashioned bayonet and is brought then under the control of the militia. If he should wish to continue his education he may join the Collegiate Cadet Corps and then he is uniformed in a blue uniform with red trimmings.

Every decoration day the public school drill and cadet corps and the collegiate corps, headed by their own military band, march to the Queen's Park and there decorate the monuments.

When the Toronto boy leaves school he has had a good military training, and that is partly the reason why Toronto regiments are so efficient.

If the same system was installed in Lindsay, considerable interest would be taken in militia affairs by the youth of the town.

WAS FINED.

Mr. Duncan Matheson, the local hotelkeeper of Lorneville, appeared before Magistrate Moore last Saturday charged with the selling of intoxicating liquors. He pleaded guilty and was ordered to pay a fine of fifty dollars and costs, which Mr. Matheson immediately paid.

NARROW ESCAPE.

Mr. Wm. Britnell, proprietor of the quarry at Burnt River, came within an inch or two of death last Friday, being caught between the bumpers of two cars, which were being shifted. As it was, he sustained some painful injuries and came to town to-day to see a doctor.

MORE DAYLIGHT SCHEME

One of the most revolutionary ideas that for many years has been mooted in the British House of Parliament has just been discussed under the name of the "Daylight Saving Bill." This bill proposes to do nothing less than to alter the clock so that during spring and summer the working day shall begin and end an hour and twenty minutes earlier than it does now. This idea is the invention of Mr. William Willett, a fellow of the Royal Astrological Society, who first made his startling proposal many months ago. The suggestion has been considered by a special committee of the British Parliament, and its advantages have been very generally admitted upon all sides.

The Advantages.

These advantages, to a certain extent, appear at first sight. Supposing on the first day of April next we arise at what we suppose is seven o'clock, when, in reality, during the night our clocks have been put forward an hour and twenty minutes, and by our old standard it is but forty minutes past five. We get up as usual and find all clocks agree with ours. To all practical purposes, therefore, it is seven o'clock. We go to work, as usual, at eight, and at the end of the day we leave at six. We notice absolutely no change in our routine of daily life, until towards evening. We then discover the daylight lasts longer than it ever did before; that night was later in arriving than it was last week. If it was dark at exactly 7.30 last week, it is now 8.50 and some odd seconds allowed for the regular lengthening of the day in springtime, before darkness sets in. If it is usual for us to go to bed at ten truly we do so, although we retire an hour and twenty minutes earlier than we formerly did. That night we shall sleep just as long as ever and shall on the morrow save another hour and twenty minutes of daylight.

But to revert to Mr. Willett. He says the change in the clock time should be made on the Sundays in April, and by the simple acceptance of four days each 23 hours and 40 minutes long, instead of 24 hours, a great many drawbacks would be dispelled, more gladness infused into

life, and millions of pounds put into the pockets of the community. Is it not indisputable that the man who sees but little of the sun, and neglects to take daily outdoor exercise cannot hope to discharge his duties with the full efficiency of which he is capable? Should not every employer, therefore, desire for his assistants more time for outdoor recreation, and would not the additional passing of this bill be afforded without cost? If those questions are answered in the affirmative—and Mr. Willett contends that they must be—then we call upon every lover of his country to ask for an Act of Parliament which shall decree that in the early morning of each of the first four Sundays in April all clocks shall advance twenty minutes. Twenty minutes of sunlight after working hours would thus be gained every day during the first week in April, 40 minutes the second week, 60 minutes the third week, and 80 minutes the fourth and each succeeding week until the end of August. In September a reverse operation on four Sundays would bring us back by the end of the month to the original time as we now have it.

Money Saved.

It is true that the result at which he aims might be secured by earlier rising and earlier business hours, but he submits the latter are quite unattainable in our great cities. He believes that his proposal provides the most simple and practical solution of the difficulty, and he predicts that if it is adopted in its entirety we would glide into new arrangements so gently and imperceptibly that the affairs of life would proceed as naturally and easily as before. Then those who regain their freedom at five or six o'clock would walk out into the light which we now have at 3.40 and 4.40, respectively, with the result that everyone would become physically, mentally and morally stronger and better men and women. A gain which no one can despise or dispute must necessarily result from the reduced consumption of artificial light. Mr. Willett claims the system will mean the yearly saving of \$16,000,000 to the people of the British Isles.

A Monster Maskinonge Hooked at Bobcageon

SPREAD OF TAIL AND WIDTH OF JAWS TRULY PRODIGIOUS - TIMBER-CRIBBING GANGS PASSING THROUGH - MANY TOURISTS IN THE VILLAGE.

Bobcageon, Aug. 6th.—This morning Mr. George Morgan, of Pittsburg, Pa., under the guidance of the veteran Garner Nicholls, s.r., made the catch of the season. While trolling on Piggeon Lake between Allan's landing and Ball Lake Narrows a huge lunge was hooked. The landing of the monster was a most interesting and thrilling experience. Mr. Morgan was using a light steel rod, and had to exercise the greatest care lest the fish might escape. The mighty denizen of the deep kept both guide and angler busy. Now he would sulk in the depths of the lake, now rush away in the most determined manner. Time after time he was reeled in, only to dash off again, and not until about forty-five minutes had elapsed was he got alongside the boat, apparently tired out. Even then he would not yield, and once more bolted. This, however, was his dying effort, and after a few minutes' of struggling, the prize was landed, and a beauty he was. The fish box was too small for his accommodation, so the bottom of the boat became his resting place. There he remained from 10 o'clock this morning till six in the evening, and when put on the scales to-night his weight was a little over 27 pounds. When taken out of the water he would have weighed 30 pounds. The measurements of the fish were: Length 49 inches, girth 23 inches, spread of tail 12 inches, and spread of jaws 10 inches. Mr. Nicholls, who is the oldest and most experienced guide in the neighborhood, says the lunge is the largest he ever saw caught in these waters. It was found that the lunge was only lightly hooked, which is a good evidence of Mr. Morgan's skill at handling big ones. To-night the fish is on exhibition at the Rockland hotel.

just above the village, for next year. Mr. Lawless, of the Rockland house, has put up a new fire escape on the west end of the hotel.

The curlers have decided to cancel their excursion arrangements for the present. They intend having a trip later in the season.

On Tuesday Mr. John Carew's cookery and steam punt passed up through the locks en route for Fenelon Falls. Mr. Carew's gang had been engaged at cribbing in Tates' Bay and Bald Lake for several months.

To-day the Baker Lumber Company had their cribbing gang cookery moved to Cameron Lake. Foreman Connors and his men have been cribbing behind Big Island for a couple of weeks. The timber was mostly cedar and was obtained from jobbers in Harvey and Emily.

On Wednesday evening the Lamber-ton party, from Franklin, Pa., arrived in their automobile. They are registered at the Rockland house.

To-day a scowload of slabwood and another of lumber were loaded at Carew & Beck's mill for shipment to Lindsay.

Among the new arrivals at the Royal are: N. S. Buchanan, Norris-town, Pa.; Will J. Bunt, Franklin, Pa.; Chas. C. Richardson, Richard H. Broadhead, C. O. Smith, F. E. Kidd, T. B. Aldindrif, S. J. Shadler, Geo. S. Irvington, G. W. Miller, all of Toronto; D. C. Wisner and wife, of Cleveland, Ohio; C. S. Hoover, and wife, Walter M. Ellett and wife, and H. C. Kotler, of Alliance, Ohio.

At the Rockland house, the following registered: F. J. Reynolds, R. J. F. Cliffer, Chas. H. Reynolds, T. T. Tracey, George A. Hinch, Ed. Dock-ey, all of Lockport, N.Y.; Mrs. C. L. Bruce, W. C. Moore, W. A. Cones, of New York; Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Wheeler, Moseon, N.Y.; Mr. A. L. Reiber, C. F. Haspard, jr., of Butler, Pa.; Mr. C. E. Wilman, D. L. Kamerer, of Greenville, Pa.; Mr. J. C. Mason, of Chicago; Dr. J. T. Johnston and wife, of Pittsburg, Pa.; Mr. E. W. Burton, Rochester, N.Y.; Mr. Fred Koester, of Cleveland, Ohio; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Lamberton, Richard Lamber-ton, W. Ball, all of Franklin, Pa.

DR. H. A. NESBITT, L.D.S., D.D.S., Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario, and Honor Graduate of Toronto University. All modern improvements conducive to good work with minimum amount of discomfort. Office over Canadian Bank of Commerce, corner Kent and William-sts. Entrance on William-st. Phone 272.

HEAVY BOOTS.

Made especially for rough and wear.

I have just received a stock of the celebrated

DAYFOOT SHOES

manufactured by C. B. Dayfoot & Co., of Georgetown, Ont., who make a specialty of shoes for lumbermen and river drivers.

See "The River King", the best shoe on the market for the man who is going on the river.

J. W. Bryans FENELON FALLS

Constipation

Baked sweet apples, with some people being prompt relief for Constipation. With other coarse all-wheat bread will have the same effect. Nature undoubtedly has a vegetable remedy to relieve every ailment known to man, if physicians can but find Nature's way to health. And this is strikingly true with regard to Constipation.

The bark of a certain tree in California—Cascara Sagrada—offers an most excellent and to the power to correct constipation. A toothsome Candy Tablet, called Lax-ets, is now made at the Dr. Shoop Laboratory from this innocuous and most effective prescription. Its effect on Constipation, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, Bad Breath, Sallow Complexion, etc., is indeed prompt and satisfying. No griping, no unpleasant after effects are experienced, and Lax-ets are put up in beautiful lithographed metal boxes at 5 cents and 25 cents per box.

Lax-ets

BAKER, DRUGGIST, BOBCAYGEON

JOHN DENNIS MANUFACTURER OF New Improved Double Action PUMPS.

Really the only Force Pump on the market. Built for any depth of well. Repairs of all kinds on hand. Estimates on windmills and all pumping outfits. I have no agents—save their commissions by dealing direct with me. Orders may be left at Creamery.

RUSSELL-ST., NEXT CREAMERY

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. WALTERS, DENTIST, Lindsay. All Branches of Dentistry Carefully Performed. Charges Moderate. Lindsay office—Over Gregory's Drug Store.

DR. S. J. SIMS, DENTIST, Fenelon Falls. Graduate of Toronto University and Royal College of Dental Surgeons. All Branches of Dentistry Performed According to the Latest Improved Methods at Moderate Prices.

DR. SHARPE, DENTIST, Toronto. Will be at the Mansion House Wednesday and Thursday every alternate week. Specialist in Plate, Crown and Bridge Work.

DR. R. A. WILSON, Physician, Surgeon and Acciucheur. M. B., M. C. P. & S. Ontario. Office and Residence, Colborne St., Fenelon Falls.

R. M. MASON, Veterinary Surgeon. Honor Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, 1884. Office Day Every Saturday. Office—Frasier St., Fenelon Falls.

G. H. HOPKINS, K.C., Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public. Solicitor for Bank of Montreal. Money to loan at terms to suit borrower. Offices 6 William St. South, Lindsay, Ont.

MCDIARMID & WEEKS, Barristers, Solicitors, &c., Lindsay. Fenelon Falls and Woodville. Money to loan. Solicitors for County of Victoria, Village of Fenelon Falls. A representative of this firm will be in Fenelon Falls every Monday.

MCLAUGHLIN, PEEL & FULTON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c., Lindsay. Lindsay offices over Dominion Bank. Bobcageon office in Geo. W. Taylor's room open every Monday 12.30 to 4.30 p.m. Money to lend on real estate at lowest current rates. R. J. McLAUGHLIN, A. FULTON, B.A. R. J. McLAUGHLIN, A. FULTON, B.A.

IRENE McDUGALL, A. T. C. M., Voice Culture and Piano. Graduate of Toronto Conservatory of Music. Gold Medalist of Ontario Ladies College. Voice and Piano pupils accepted. Studio at residence Colborne St., North Fenelon Falls.

CANADIAN ORDER CHOSEN FRIENDS. Fenelon Falls Club, No. 188A. Meets in C.O.F. Hall Second Monday of each month.

A Fraternal and Benefit Society for ladies and gentlemen which gives insurance at low rates. Also Sick, Funeral and Disability benefits at actual cost. Mrs. R. McARTHUR, C. B. McARTHUR, A. H. TERRILL, R.