

Millbrook Reporter

AND EAST DURHAM ADVOCATE.

MILLBROOK, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, MAY 30, 1895.

THE PLACE TO BUY.
Owing to request from a large number of citizens of Millbrook to again enter in the butcher business, we have purchased the business of the old stand and are now in a better position than ever to sustain our old reputation. Give us a call and be convinced that we can supply you with the choicest cuts to be had in town.
LANCASHIRE & SCOTT

\$1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.

Vol. XXXVII.

SOCIETIES.

MILLBROOK CANADIAN HOME CIRCLE
Meets the second Monday in every month in Home Circle Rooms, Wood & Kells block, at 8 o'clock.
R. E. STANTON, Secretary.
J. R. YOUNG, Fin. Sec.

COURT IVANHOE, No. 37, I. O. F.
Meets third Monday in each month in their rooms over Leach's drug store. Strangers welcome.
D. F. LILLIS, C. R. W. W. GILLOTT, R. S.

LOYAL CAVAN LODGE—CANADIAN ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS
Third Monday evening of each month in the Home Circle rooms, King St., Millbrook—hour of meeting, 8 o'clock. The benefits of this Society are worthy the consideration of every person. Information furnished on application.
JOS. THORNDYKE, N. G. G. DUNCAN, Secretary.

I. O. O. F.
Millbrook Lodge No. 308.
INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS
MEETS EVERY TUESDAY EVENING in the hall over the new Post office. Visiting Brethren welcome.
W. D. LEACH, Secretary. D. HAMPTON, N. G.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.
ARCHIBALD WOOD, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES, MILLBROOK, ONT.

PROFESSIONAL.
ROBERT RUDDY,
MILLBROOK, ONT.

BARRISTER SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC. Money to Loan. Offices over new Post Office.

N. C. McKinnon, M.D., C.M.
(SUCCESSOR TO DR. NIDDIK).
MILLBROOK, ONT.

TORONTO and Victoria Universities. Licentiate Royal College Surgeons, Edinburgh. Member College Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Office at Leach's drug store, Residence Annie Street.

L. LAPP, B.A., M.D., C.M.
(SUCCESSOR TO DR. PHILLIPS).
PORT HOPE, ONTARIO.

TRINITY UNIVERSITY. MEMBER OF THE College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.

H. A. WARD,
PORT HOPE, ONTARIO.
BARRISTER, Attorney at Law, Solicitor, etc. Money to lend on the security of real estate. Town and Farm Property for sale. Offices in Ontario Block, Water Street.

A. A. SMITH,
MILLBROOK, ONTARIO.
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, etc. Private and Company Funds to Loan at the lowest rates. Office in Wood & Kells' block, at Betha's yard and on Mondays of every month.

S. W. CLARK, L.D.S.
MILLBROOK, ONTARIO.
DENTIST. Special attention given to the preservation of the natural teeth. Nitrous Oxide Gas for the Painless Extraction of teeth. Good work guaranteed. Will be at Betha's the 2nd and 4th Mondays of each month. Openness 1st Monday and 3rd Wednesday of each month.

JAS. SEAGER, M.D., C.M.
CENTREVILLE, ONTARIO.
QUEEN'S University, Kingston. Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons.

JAS. D. DEYALL, V.S.
MILLBROOK, ONTARIO.
ALL DOMESTIC VETERINARY TREATMENT according to latest scientific methods. Particular attention given to Equine Dentistry. Charges moderate. Residence and Office King St., opposite old Western Bank.

DR. H. C. LESLIE,
Veterinary Surgeon
BETHANY, ONTARIO.
ALL DOMESTIC VETERINARY TREATMENT according to latest scientific methods. Particular attention given to Equine Dentistry. Charges moderate. Calls by telegraph promptly attended to.

T. H. HASSARD, V.S.,
MILLBROOK, ONTARIO.
GRADUATE OF THE ONTARIO VETERINARY College. Diseases of Domestic Animals treated on Scientific principles. Equine Dentistry a specialty. Registered in accordance with the Veterinary Act. Office—opposite Dominion Hotel. Residence King St.

W. J. GREEN,
145 HUNTER ST., PETERBORO.
MERCHANT TAILOR ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.

CHISHOLM & CHISHOLM,
Barristers,
PORT HOPE, ONTARIO.
MONEY to loan at 5 per cent on gilt edge security and at 5 and 7 1/2 per cent on lesser security. Terms to suit borrowers.

RANNEY & INNES,
PETERBORO, ONTARIO.
CIVIL ENGINEERS, ONTARIO LAND SURVEYORS.

J. H. GARDINER,
PERRYTOWN, ONTARIO
AUCTIONEER FOR THE COUNTY OF Durham. Sales of all kinds promptly attended to. Date and terms arranged at the REFEREE'S office.

BANKS.
T. B. COLLINS & CO.
BANKERS.
Millbrook, Ontario.

FARMERS AND OTHER GOOD NOTES Discounted. Drafts issued on all points in Canada and the United States at lowest rates. Collect on all bills and other notes satisfactory. Loans made on Real Estate. No commission charged.

North side of King St.
Canadian Bank of Commerce.

WOOD & KELLS
BANKERS,
Millbrook, Ontario.

Transact a general banking business, in clearing collecting and discounting Farmers' Notes for any time during twelve months.

Deposits received and interest allowed at highest current rates.

Drafts issued and collections made at all points on most favorable terms. Office Hours from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

GREAT SALE BUILDING... MATERIAL

OF...
This is not an auction sale nor yet a sheriff's sale, but, a general low price CLEARING OUT SALE in order to meet the demands of the times, and of the building public. I quote a few prices, that you may know how things are going. I offer a good

X Shingle, a good Shingle for \$1.00 per M.
XX Shingle, Cedar " 1.25 "
Coarse Pine Lumber " 6.00 "

Everything at the same ratio of profit. I have also

Land Salt \$5.75 per Ton.

Grey Land Plaster, the best on the market, without doubt, also Grey and White Lime. Please call and inspect before placing your orders. I am bound to sell. Dimension stuff cut to order, price away down. Material delivered anywhere in town or country when required.

Office and Yard at Railway Station. Millbrook, March 23, 1895. Yours truly, **W. THEXTON.**

Assets Over \$14,000,000.

THE CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE CO.
ESTABLISHED 1847.

LEADS ALL Canadian Companies

WHY IT LEADS

1. Because it is the oldest, largest, most popular and economical and gives the best results for the least money.
2. Because in 1893 it increased its assets by \$1,236,513—a sum exceeding the increase of any other Canadian Companies, and more than double of any one company.
3. Because it has a larger surplus, above all liabilities, than all the other Canadian Companies together.
4. Because the net profits paid on its Life policies during the last 20 years are not equalled by any other Company in America.

R. J. DOAK, J. L. IRWIN,
Agent, MILLBROOK, PORT HOPE

GEO. A. & E. W. COX,
MANAGERS EASTERN ONTARIO, TORONTO.

"Standard" Life Assurance Co.
Established 1825.

At the 69th Annual General Meeting of THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, held at Edinburgh, on Tuesday the 5th March, 1895, the following results for the year ended 15th November, 1894, was reported:—

4029 Policies of Life Assurance were issued, assuring	\$8,729,836
The Total Existing Assurances in force at 15th November 1894 amounting to	\$113,274,360
The Claims by Death or Matured Endowments which arose during the Year amounted, including Bonus Additions, to	\$2,947,073
The Annual Revenue amounted at 15th November, 1894, to	\$5,138,161
The Accumulated Funds at same date amounted to	\$39,353,822
Being an increase during the Year of \$812,065.	

Investments in Canada:
Government and Municipal Bonds - \$6,820,000
Mortgage, over Real Estate, 1st lien - 3,500,000
Real Estate - 355,000
Sundries - 490,500
\$11,165,500

W. M. RAMSEY, Manager.

W. S. GIVEN, J. J. HANRATTY,
Agent, District Inspector,
MILLBROOK, PETERBORO.

REMOVED TO Old Post Office Building

Having removed to the above commodious stand and put in a fresh stock I am now better prepared than ever to accommodate my old customers, and all new ones, who will favor me with a call. Special value in Steam-Wind Watches from \$2.99 up. Complete line of Silverware at hard time prices.

Great Reduction in B. Laurance Spectacles.
Best Quality.

REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO **J. STEEL** OLD POST OFFICE STAND.

1895 FALL AND WINTER 1895

ADAM HALL HAS NOW ON HAND HIS FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF . . . COAL AND WOOD COOK STOVES

BELOW ARE SOME OF HIS LEADERS
"In Wood Cook" "The Dixon Steel Cook" (the best on the market, every stove guaranteed to be perfect bak'r). "The Souvenir Cook" "The St. James Cook" "The Original Cook" "The Maple Cook" "The Oxford Cook" "In Coal Ranges" "The Souvenir Range" (the best coal range in the country). "The Stewart C. A. Range" "The Oxford Art Co. Range" both powerful and efficient heaters and smokers, and a Full Line of Housefurnishings in Table Cutlery and Granite Ware. Best Brands of American and Canadian Coal Oil by the Gallon or Barrel.

407 GEORGE STREET, PETERBORO

ALF. KINGSCOTE . . . MANUFACTURER OF . . .

AWNINGS, TENTS, SAILS, CAMPING GOODS.

WATERPROOF HORSE AND WAGON COVERS, FLAGS, BUNTING, ETC.

344 WATER STREET, PETERBORO, ONT.

Week's Commercial Summary.

There is little or no change in the business situation at Toronto.

The sugar market is very firm. Granulated is now selling at 4 1/2 in Toronto.

Thirty-seven failures were reported in the Dominion last week. Three more than the previous week.

The earnings of the Grand Trunk Railway for the week ending May 24th were \$351,543, an increase of \$1,488.

There is no check to the upward movement in hides, and it has been reported that tanners have been asked 10 cents for No 1 hides.

The late frosts are said to have seriously damaged corn and wheat in the western states, and hence the strength in prices of these grains.

The world's visible supply of wheat last week decreased nearly a million bushels. There was a heavy decrease in American, while supplies in Britain and abroad increased.

The visible supply of wheat in the United States and Canada is decreasing rapidly. The stocks are now 59,600,000 bushels as compared with 63,400,000 a year ago, and 72,600,000 bushels two years ago.

Taken as a whole, the trade situation at Montreal may said to be improved; noteworthy failures have been few of late, and more liberal remittance are being reported from a good many sections, though requests for renewals are still more frequent than is desirable.

The Dominion Cotton Company has declared its quarterly dividend of 1 1/2 per cent. The raw cotton market continues to show much strength, and the Montreal Cotton Company has issued a trade circular, stating that they cannot undertake to book orders for future delivery at present prices.

The annual statement of the Bank of Montreal, issued a few days ago, is not as satisfactory as the two previous years. The net earnings for the year were only \$1,210,480, or a trifle over 10 per cent., and 102,839 less than the previous year. The balance at credit of profit and loss account is \$815,145 as against \$891,715 on April 30, 1894.

Dairy products are discouragingly low the cattle quotes very low prices and a depressed market in England, and from 6 1/2 to 7 cents seems to be the outside limit that can be realized on the grades of new cheese now offering; butter is also very slow of movement, and beyond a moderate local consumptive demand for new made creamery at about 16 cents, there is little doing.

Prof. Robertson, Dominion Dairy Commissioner, in his recent report says: "Regarding the outlook for cheese in the English market, despite the various strikes last year among the great cheese-producing population of the old country, who were in consequence, not in a position to buy much cheese, and various other unfavorable circumstances, Canadian cheese last year found a market for itself."

Here and There.
The kestrel has been known to fly 150 miles an hour.

Many plants are sensitive to other influence than light.

The Chinese have a god for every disease and a god for every accident.

The first Welsh Bible was published in 1588.

The prisoners of Morocco are the worst in the world.

There is a wild flower in Turkey that is the exact floral image of a humming bird. The breast is green, the wings are a deep rose color, the throat yellow, the head and beak almost black.

No receptacle has ever been made strong enough to resist the bursting power of freezing water. Twenty-pound shells have been burst assunder as though made of pottery.

The ocean plant is the most useful tree on earth. The nut furnishes water, food, milk and wine, and the bulbs a good substitute for cabbage. The shells, utensils, and the fibre clothing and textile fabrics, its juices ink, and its leaves pens and paper.

Over 100 instances are on record where human bodies, after burial, remained uncorrupted for many years.

Don't Get up Early.

It is said to be natural, the physiological, to rise early and enjoy the beauties of the sunrise; if we ask why, we are treated to various transcendental theories about the vivifying influence of the sun, and are told to take example by the birds many of them are not nocturnal in their habits. But, as a matter of fact, physiology, so far as it has anything to say of the subject at all, is all against the early rising theory. Physiological experiment appears to show that a man does not work best and fastest in the early morning hours, but, on the contrary, about midday. The desire to rise early, except in those trained from youth to outdoor pursuits, is commonly a sign, not of strength of character and vigor of body, but of advancing age. Thus pater-familias, who goes to bed at 11 p. m., wants to get up at 5 or 6 a. m., and looks upon his healthy son, who lies till 8, as a sluggard. When this foolish interpretation of a proverb about the health and wealth to be got from early rising is combined with the still more foolish adage which says of sleep: "Six hours for a man, seven for a woman, and eight for a fool," then we have a vicious system capable of working heart mischief to young people of both sexes.

Out of the Ordinary.
The Aitken bible, a copy of which has just been sold in Boston for \$300, was the first bible in the English language ever printed in America. The imprint is as follows: "Printed and sold by R. Aitken, at Pope's Head, three doors above the coffee house in Market street. MDCCCLXXII."

A San Francisco girl disappointed in love years ago, has built a cabin in the woods on the Upper Solimon river and lives there alone. She is an expert hunter and has raised a pair of grizzly bears, which are very affectionate toward her.

General Herbert's residence in Ottawa is advertised for sale, and his family are reported to have engaged passages to England for the fifteenth of June.

The commander of the Fishery Protection Service has notified the Marine Department at Ottawa that there are 50 American seiners on the Nova Scotia coast.

The commissioners in South Essex have issued an order that all bar-rooms must be located in the front of the hotel, and there must be no screens used to obstruct the view.

The Earl of Westmeath has arrived in Washington to assume his duties of attaché to the British Embassy.

CANADIAN NEWS NOTES.

THE WEEK'S HAPPENINGS.

Interesting Items and Incidents, Important and Instructive, Gathered from all the Provinces.

Galt has 480 dog tags out this year. The London spook is still in business. Glencoe Oddfellows will build a new hall.

All tagless dogs in Walkerville are killed. A bailiff is collecting London's unpaid taxes.

Iroquois will have a lacrosse club this season. Mattawa is organizing a Board of Trade. The Indian population of Canada is 100,500.

The Union Bank at Iroquois will close its doors. Part of the Goderich breakwater has fallen in.

Wild cats abound in the marsh about East Luther. Fifty new buildings are to be erected at once in Berlin.

St. Mary's objects to its people buying goods at London. The cost of the Colonial Conference last summer was \$9,435.

A fatal disease exists among the hogs of Bruce and Saugeen. Canada's imports during April aggregated \$8,009,796 and exports \$4,369,804.

General Herbert's residence is advertised for sale and his family intend to leave for England in June. Trade returns for April show an increase of \$738,000 over April, 1894.

The East Missourio Agriculture Society's fair will be held October 8. At Port Stanley a million whitefish have been put into the lake.

All bar-rooms in North Oxford will be closed at 9.30 p. m. hereafter. The Hamilton City Council doesn't want the beach called "Elsinore park."

Small-pox is reported among the French fishermen on the west coast of Newfoundland. A Kingston newsdealer was fined \$50 for violating immoral literature.

A fish and Game Protection Society has been formed in Victoria, B. C. Alvinston is considering the advisability of holding monthly cattle fairs.

Glencoe has formed an athletic association, all the local clubs amalgamating. McGill University has been donated \$5,000 worth of land for an observatory.

St. Boniface, Manitoba, is giving \$35,000 in bonuses to industrial enterprises. The wharf, freight sheds and coal pier at Richmond, N. S., were destroyed by fire on Saturday at a loss of \$75,000.

The Dominion Government has refused the city's request for a grant of \$250,000, or any sum whatever, to the proposed international exhibition. Representatives of the American Cigarette Company of New York are in Montreal negotiating to secure control of the Canadian cigarette market.

The North American St. George's Union has decided to hold its annual convention in Kingston, Ont., from August 20 to 23. The convicts in the penitentiaries of Canada numbered twelve hundred and twenty-three at the end of the last fiscal year or twenty-nine more than the year previous.

The Agriculture and Colonization Committee have decided to hear the views of the cheese salesmen and exporters in regard to the bill for branding cheese on Friday, the 31st inst.

Mr. Alex. W. Murdoch, of Toronto, the well-known colonial agent, is in Montreal, engaged in promoting trade relations between Canada and South Africa. He will confer with the Dominion Government, and address the Ottawa Board of Trade on the subject next week.

The inspectors charged with the examination of cattle leaving Montreal for European ports have discovered the existence in some of the cattle of a contagious disease, hitherto unnoticed, which is characterized by abscesses in the head and jaw, and which is transmissible to human beings.

At a meeting of the Sir John Macdonald memorial committee of Montreal, held Monday it was decided to invite the Governor-General, or, if his Excellency cannot attend, the Premier, Sir Mackenzie Bowell, to unveil the monument on the sixth of June. Mr. George E. Foster, the leader of the Government in the House of Commons will be asked to deliver the oration.

It is proposed to buy the Hellmuth College property at London for hospital purposes. One hundred thousand fry have been placed in the Oxford fishing club preserve.

A Georgetown citizen has been fined \$1 for stealing water from a neighbour's hydrant.

There are some 350 men now on the payroll at the Massey-Harris works, Brantford.

Hamilton will employ experts to advise in the matter of water-works improvements.

Mr. Hiram G. Frank, of Strathroy, celebrated his 71st birthday by turning a hand spring.

During the last season the Ingersoll Athletic Association cleared off a debt of over \$400.

A big lizard and a four-inch fish came through the nozzle of the Windsor fire hose the other day alive.

Mr. P. Murphy, of Dufferin, lost three bright little girls within a few days. They died of diphtheria.

Canadian tobacco manufacture sold last year 10,692,040 cigarettes in the country and exported 10,288,180.

"Earnscliffe" the residence of the late Sir John A. Macdonald, is advertised for sale on behalf of Lady Macdonald.

The liquidators have paid another dividend of 10 per cent., to the creditors of the Commercial Bank of Manitoba.

The next dairy exhibition of the Agriculture and Arts Association for Ontario will be held in Gananoque next fall.

A New Yorker is making arrangements to bore for oil at High Falls, on the line of the Kingston and Pembroke railway.

The Salem Wire Nail Company and the Findlay Company, Findlay, Ohio, have advanced wages ten per cent. The advance affects six thousand men.

Representatives of the new American Cigarette Company of New York are in Montreal negotiating to secure control of the Canadian cigarette market.

Importation into Canada during April aggregated \$8,309,796, and the duty paid was \$1,468,431. The value of the exports for the same month was \$4,369,804.

Miss Dora Wills owns the Puget Sound steamer Delta, which runs from Whatcom to Victoria B. C., she is her own purser and knows all about navigating and piloting.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

FIFTH SESSION—SEVENTH PARLIAMENT.

MANUFACTURERS PRICES.

Sir Richard Cartwright called the attention of the Government to what he termed an abuse suffered by hardware importers in Toronto and Montreal for some time past in getting goods purchased in the United States through the Customs. It was complained that the goods were sold, when goods were passed they received an amended invoice adding upwards of 30 per cent. to the original duty. Similar practices, he said, had prevailed in the department with regard to other classes of goods.

Mr. Wallace said that the duty of the Government was to protect the revenue of the country. In accordance with the law, he had sent special trained officers to the United States to ascertain the prices of articles. This has been done in the case of bicycles, agricultural implement, and other goods.

Mr. Charlton said it was indeed for the Government to protect the revenue of the country. It was nonsense for the hon. gentleman to talk about having reduced the duty as long as they pursued such a course.

Mr. Foster said his hon. friend might quarrel with the system of protection if he pleased, but so long as the system was the law of the country, and so long as the Conservative Government was in power it was the duty of the Government to have the system carried out in its entirety, and not as a sham. His friend the Controller of Customs had taken the method that commended itself to him, and not an hon. gentleman had impugned the veracity of the information. As long as no greater charge could be brought against the Customs Department than that it lived up to the law, he thought such a charge would have no more weight in the country than it had in the House.

Mr. Mills asserted that the agents sent to the American manufacturers obtained their information under false pretences.

Mr. Wallace explained that such was not the case. He had instructed them in each case to go to the manufacturers direct, and state their business, and ask for the prices, so as to enable them to judge of the value of the importations.

Mr. Prior said the Controller of Customs had done nothing wrong, but had administered his department in the way he was expected to do by the country. His own experience as an importer enabled him to state that American manufacturers had one list of prices for the United States and another for Canada.

Mr. McMullen charged the Controller of Customs with prostituting the Customs law in the interest of the manufacturers. He had stated last year that the duty was imposed upon American manufactures coming into this country according to the wholesale prices, but the duty was actually based on the retail price.

BEHRING SEA CONFERENCE.
Mr. Davies asked whether there was any truth in the report that the Canadian Government had been asked to send delegates to the proposed conference at Washington in October about the Behring Sea fishing matter.

Mr. Foster—We have intimated our willingness, and I think the negotiations have gone so far that it is pretty well understood that conference will be held, but as to the exact date I cannot say. The conference is to take in consideration some means of arriving at the amounts that are to be borne by the country. The House of Representatives of the United States Congress to carry out the recommendation made by the President for the payment of the sum of \$425,000 as reparation.

THE BUDGET.
Mr. Edwards emphatically denied that labourers were well off in this country, or in any protected country. On the contrary, there was no class injured by protection as much as the labouring class. Two of the greatest enemies of labour were protection and the standing armies of Europe. It was ridiculous to assert that the farmers of the country were protected, except possibly in the article of pork, and then the protection was more for the packers than the farmers. He predicted evil days to come on account of the policy of the Administration. The Liberal party was not opposed to the manufacturers, but opposed to the class that the industry assisted at the expense of the community in general.

Mr. Wallace showed that it cost \$1.50 to collect every dollar of revenue from the public services in 1877-8. Respecting the financial standing of the country, he said that all Liberal critics had to admit that the credit of the country had improved, and that Canada had made an excellent loan the other day, but they qualified it by saying that the rate of interest of all other countries had gone down also. The facts did not show that to be the case. Comparing January, 1879, with January, 1895, they would find that Canadian four per cent. were worth then from 89 to 91 per cent., and were worth now from 110 to 112 per cent. That was an increase of 21 points.

Mr. Wallace said it had been charged that the Conservatives had increased the expenditure unduly. He asked the House to contrast the increase of expenditure at Ottawa under Conservative rule and the increase of expenditure in the provinces under Liberal rule. The actual Federal increase in five years had been two per cent., whereas the provincial increases during that period had aggregated 32 per cent. While the Liberals were in power they increased the public debt by \$8,000,000 per annum. The record of the last five years showed that under Conservative rule the debt had increased by less than \$2,000,000 a year. Contrasting the Canadian rule with the British system of raising revenue, he said hon. gentlemen opposite wished to create a general impression that there were no taxes in England. The taxes last year amounted to \$285,000,000 or \$7.38 per head, which was \$2 more than the taxes in Canada, and this notwithstanding that many great public works had been constructed in Canada. But hon. gentlemen were hedging now, and wanted a tariff for revenue. What right had they to say that it was impossible for them to get better prices for wheat in Canada under the N. P.? He compared the exports of farm products in 1878 with the same exports last year, and showed that the quantities largely increased, but the prices were better. In conclusion, he said that the Opposition grew more and more violent as they got nearer and nearer to defeat, and concluded amid applause by prophesying that the Conservative party would return to the House after the next general election with an even larger majority than it had now.

SOUTH SHORE RAILWAY.
Mr. Huggert, replying to Mr. Forbes, said that the Government entered into a contract relating to the construction of the railroad along the south shore of Nova Scotia on February 28th, 1895, with the South Shore Railway Company.

ELECTORAL DIVISIONS.
Mr. Montague, in answer to Mr. Charlton, said that the Queens printer is repairing a book of maps showing the boundaries of the electoral divisions and the volume will be issued before the end of the session.

THE BUDGET.
Mr. Cockburn, said that the motto "Hope springs eternal in the human breast" was applicable to the human