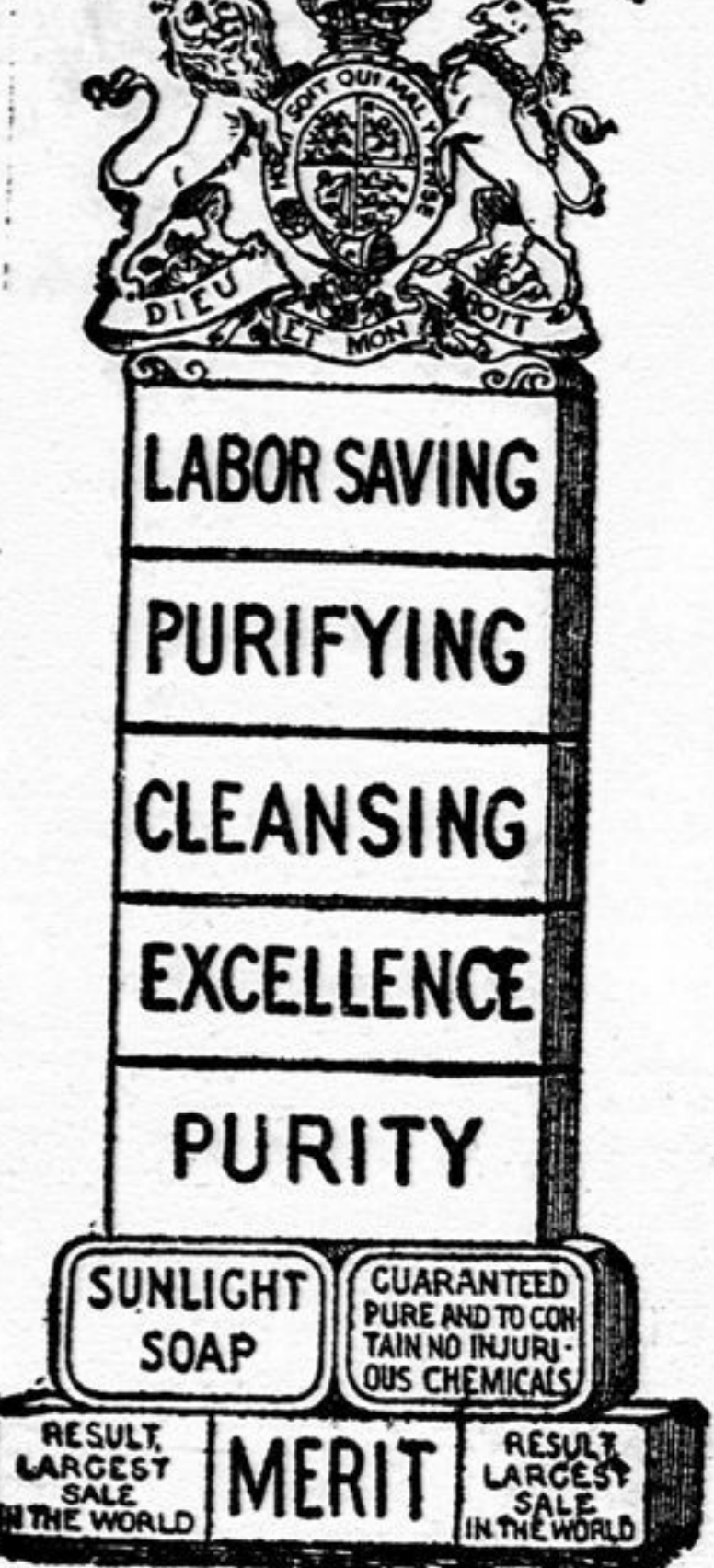


**"SUNLIGHT" PILLAR**

APPOINTED BY SPECIAL ROYAL WARRANT  
Soap Makers to her Majesty the Queen



**FOUNDED ON MERIT**

**THE NEW PREMIER'S INAUGURAL.**

**SIR JOHN ANSWERS HIS CRITICS AND DISCUSSES PUBLIC AFFAIRS.**

**Affairs of State Discussed at the Toronto Board of Trade's Banquet—The Country's Rapid Onward March—The N.P. to be Amended.**

The board of trade banquet held in Toronto last Thursday evening was a very important event, and some interesting and instructive speeches were delivered by the governor-general, the new premier and other prominent men.

His excellency denied the assertions of the blue ruin fiends to the effect that the country is going backwards. From an investigation of the facts, he found that in 1888 the total imports of Canada were valued at \$110,834,000, which in 1892 had risen to \$127,400,000. The exports in the same time had risen in round figures from \$90,000,000 to \$113,000,000, and during the five months of the present fiscal year the gain in exports was \$5,250,000 over the same period last year. Our exports to the United States in 1888 were \$39,500,000 and in 1892 \$43,000,000. On the other hand our exports to Great Britain were \$40,000,000 in 1888 and \$64,000,000 in 1892. These figures could not be otherwise than satisfactory. The total Canadian registered tonnage of shipping had risen from 34,000,000 in 1888 to 43,000,000 in 1892. The Dominion bank note circulation, in a comparative statement, had risen from \$39,000,000 in 1888 to \$41,000,000 in 1892. The amount of life insurance in force in 1888 was \$211,000,000 as against \$281,000,000 in 1892. Deposits in chartered and savings banks had grown from \$182,000,000 in 1888 to \$229,000,000 in 1892. All of these facts showed but one thing—a steady progress.

**SIR JOHN THOMPSON'S SPEECH**

Sir John Thompson said: Mr. President, Your Excellency, ladies and gentlemen, I thank you very heartily indeed for the very flattering reception you have given me.

The toast which you have received so well mentions a subject of more importance than any personal reference to myself—the health of her majesty's ministers—which is a subject of the greatest importance to the state.

I am told by my friends of the press—and I always like to oblige them, even when it is difficult to know just what they mean—to make some wonderful revelations to-night. [Laughter.] I begin by telling you that the health of her majesty's ministers is never better. [Cheers and laughter.]

This announcement was not altogether unexpected, because within the last few months a new government had been formed, consisting of sixteen gentlemen, fourteen of whom were in the prime of life. Their youth and robustness excited the imagination of a Toronto poet, who indited some verses and put into my mouth the words of Caesar:—

Let me have fat men about me—  
Sleek-headed men who sleep at night.

[Loud laughter.] I could make merry about the girth and width of my colleagues were it not that my friend Cassius is here. [Laughter.] The finance minister breaks the record.

I know, continued Sir John, that there are those who think and who say so in the press, that there are hard times ahead of us, when we shall not have good health, when we shall cease to be fat and when we shall not sleep at night.

I am conscious that there are problems of the state which might well tax the energy and wisdom of the ablest. But these problems are not for us alone. They are problems not for the government of Canada alone, but for every man who loves his country and who wishes to help its progress in the future. It would be idle when so many conjectures have been put forward if I were to tell you to refrain from their consideration.

Mr. President, you were good enough to refer to questions connected with trade. In this department there were problems confronting us as soon as we entered office. These questions are to be calmly considered by both political parties, and I believe the

solution will be reached by the combined help of these parties.

There has been a great reversal of parties in the United States, and the question has arisen all over this country what the outcome of it will be for us. Is it to be free trade, reciprocity, or a policy of wrath and indignation against Canada?

We are on the eve of one president of that great country going out of office and another stepping in. Will he before he leaves office strike a blow of anger against Canada, and will his successor bring with him the same feelings that prevailed four years ago? These are the questions now affecting men's minds.

Let me refer to our own position of the reception of Canadian questions at Washington. We have had our attention called by the retiring President to causes of complaint against the government of Canada. We have endeavored to remove those grievances, even in cases where we thought we were in the right.

We had a complaint in regard to canal tolls—that we discriminated unfairly against the United States, or against the interpretation of the treaty. We said, "Put us back where the treaty put us." We asked them to give us as free a use of canals in the United States as we give them in Canada. And we said: "If it is not a matter of treaty let us make a new treaty on the subject." Eventually the cause of grievance was removed. [Applause.]

A little later another matter was brought to our notice by the United States in respect to the duty on sugar. Within the last few weeks that caused complaint, that grievance has been removed.

At this announcement the board of trade men specially cheered.

When President Harrison goes out of office he will go without just cause of complaint against Canada. [Applause.] What about the new President and the new party coming into power?

In these respects we have shown to our neighbors that the policy of this country is and shall be for the future, in so far as we have to speak for it—a policy that shall make us and the United States the best of neighbors, and God grant that we may never be anything else than the best of neighbors. [Cheers.]

Then there is the question to which I have referred—what is to become of us: Is it to be free trade, reciprocity or retaliation?

Let us take counsel of the past in these questions. When the same party were in office four years ago the greatest advance they made in the direction of free trade was to raise the tariff nearly 40 per cent. higher than Canada's. It may be that a change has taken place. Let us wait and see the result of that change of opinion.

We are not driven to seek our example in that country, but I should be a fool if I did not admit that every nation is bound to take lessons from its neighbors and to have respect to the conditions of tariff and trade in each country.

Well, as it is to be reciprocity? It may be. We shall be glad to see what terms are proposed, but they will have to be better terms than ever to meet the acceptance of myself and my colleagues. [Cheers.]

Eleven months ago the proposal was to desert the principles on which alone this empire can be held together, and that McKinleyism should be adopted in Canada when it was about to be discarded in the United States.

There are signs that far greater changes will be proposed in the United States tariff than 12 months ago. It will be 12 months before they can take effect. I think there is too much anxiety in the minds of the people of this country about those changes. [Applause.] There is no reason because our neighbor is making a change in his house to pull down ours. [Renewed applause.]

We propose, continued the Premier, to take advantage of the experience and to watch the movements of tariff changes in the United States, and to adopt any changes which will be best for Canada first, and best for the Empire next. [Loud cheers.]

Mr. President, I am invited to answer whether we consider the National Policy perfection. I answer the question, assuming that the National Policy means the tariff, although I do not admit that exactly.

I know of no tariff that is perfection, and I know of features in the present tariff which require correction. Therefore, on that point we propose to take your advice and "lop the mouldering branches away."

There are other questions which have been put forward as great problems for us to deal with. We have been challenged with the fact that there is a movement in this country not only to change the constitution of the country, but to change the allegiance of its people. Both parties in this country—and those who are outside party ranks—will not let that problem out of their minds until they have a chance to solve it.

There are other questions looking to the status of this country and its future. On this subject, said Sir John, I commend to you the eloquent words of His Excellency, who also spoke the words of caution.

In conclusion the premier said: I am sure that every man who is a Canadian at heart feels that this country ought to be a nation. Please God, we shall help to make it a nation—[cheers]—but we do not desire that it shall be a separate nation, but a nation in itself, firm, a bulwark of the British empire, whose traditions we admire, whose protection we enjoy, and who gives to this country in the fullest degree the rights and privileges of self-government. [Renewed cheers.]

**CANADIAN WHEAT**

The Product Receiving Special Attention in Britain.

LONDON, Jan. 6.—Canada's wheat product is receiving a good deal of attention in the British markets at present. Comparisons which will be made with the Western American product, as against Manitoba's wheat, are in favor of the latter.

To this end, Dunlop Bros. of Glasgow have issued a report which states that, while Duluth and other spring wheat are rather disappointing, Manitoba again comes to the front this season. The report, continuing, says that Manitoba has exported freely to the British market.

Though the quantity has been large, the quantity is not inferior, for the Manitoba wheat is handsome, heavier and in every way much more attractive than the Minnesota wheat. Thus Manitoba's No. 2 hard wheat has become popular in the English and Scottish markets.

Manitoba Nos. 1 and 2 hard find a ready sale. The price as follows, quoting from yesterday's London transaction: Manitoba No. 1 hard sold at 30s c. l. l. No. 2 winter at 28s.

**HE IS SENSIBLE**

The Hon. David Mills Gives Good Advice to Young Canadians.

RIDGETOWN, Ont. 6.—Hon. D. Mills addressed the young liberals here to-day. He said that he believed in a gradual change of our fiscal policy out of consideration to our manufacturers. He contended annexation in scathing terms and urged the young men to maintain their nationality and prove themselves worthy of their great heritage.

**NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP**

The partnership heretofore existing between Alfred Ryley and James Alexander Preston, as General Merchants in the Village of Bethany, County of Durham, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All the debts owing by the late firm will be paid by Alfred Ryley, to whom all accounts must be paid at once.

Bethany, 27th December, 1892.  
ALFRED RYLEY,  
J. A. PRESTON.

Witness, ALFRED A. RYLEY.  
In regard to above we have this day entered into partnership and intend to carry on business at the old stand as general merchants, under the style and firm name of Ryley & Son.  
Bethany, 27th Dec. 1892.

ALFRED RYLEY,  
HARRY H. RYLEY.

**STRAY TWO-YEAR OLD STEER.**

Strayed from the village of Bethany, on Dec. 15th, 1892, a small two-year old grey steer, unusually large horns. The same was taken from the premises of Mr. George Syer, Lot 6, Con. 7, Caran. Any person sending information as to its whereabouts will be suitably rewarded.

R. B. MCGILL,  
Yelverton, P.O.

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS**

In the Matter of the Estate of Catherine Gallagher, Deceased.

IN pursuance of Chap. 110, Sec. 36, R. S. O. 1887, notice is hereby given that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of Catherine Gallagher, late of the township of Manvers, in the county of Durham, spinster, deceased, who died on or about the 25th day of August, 1891, are required to send by post, paid or to deliver to Messrs. Smith & Preston, barristers, Millbrook, the solicitors for the administration of the property of the said deceased, on or before the 6th day of February, 1893, a statement of their names and addresses, the full particulars of their claims and the securities if any held by them; and that after the said date the said administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which she then shall have received notice.

Dated at Millbrook, this 5th day of January, 1893.  
MARGARET GALLAGHER,  
Administratrix.

SMITH & PRESTON,  
Solicitors for Administratrix. 23t.

**PUMPS! PUMPS!**

EVERYBODY NEEDS A PUMP.

**G. W. GREEN**  
Manufactures all kinds of Pumps and can satisfy you both in style and price. We make a specialty of the now well known

**EUREKA PUMP,** which, wherever used with its latest improvement calls forth wonderful praise. It is the only pump on the market that can be changed so as to throw either a light or heavy stream of water. You should see it before purchasing.

We manufacture six different styles of wooden pumps and handle every design of Canadian and American iron pumps.

If you are in need of a pump call and see us before purchasing. It will pay you.

**G. W. GREEN,**  
Millbrook, - - Ontario.

**CHILBLAINS**  
**FROST BITE**  
and all **ACHES & PAINS** relieved at once by **Perry Davis' PAIN KILLER** also Coughs-Colds-Sore Throat-Diphtheria-Rheumatism and Neuralgia

**"ask for the New" BIG 25c BOTTLE**

**GRAFTON & CO.**

MANUFACTURERS OF

**Fine Tailor-Made Clothing**

Sell direct to their customers at Close Wholesale prices, thus saving them twenty five per cent.

**CLEARING SALE OF BOYS' SUITS & BOYS' OVERCOATS.**

Big Reduction in all Boys' Clothing.

We are determined to make a clean sweep of every Boys' Suit and Overcoat. We made up a very heavy stock of Boys' Clothing for this winter. From now on we give away Boys' Overcoats at the following prices: New Heavy Overcoat, \$1.50; Heavy Tweed Overcoat, \$1.75 to \$2.50; 23 different styles of Boys' Caped Overcoats, in Meltons, Etoffe and Tweeds; Heavy Navy Caped Overcoats, \$1.50; better quality Melton \$1.75; Heavy Tweeds, \$2; Etoffe, Melton &c., \$2.50; one lot of fine different cloths to clear, only \$3.50; another lot of eight different styles to clear, only \$3.95; a few better lines in the finest goods, beautifully made, \$4.50. The above prices are from 75c. to \$2.50 off each Overcoat.

**BOYS' SUITS FROM**

- \$1.25,
- \$1.50,
- \$1.75,
- \$2.00,
- \$2.50,
- \$2.59,
- \$3.00,

AND UP—SEE THEM.

Handsome "Daisy" Sleigh Free with every Boy's Suit or Overcoat.

**GRAFTON & CO.**

393 George Street, Peterboro'. W. E. CONWAY, Opposite McKee & Davidson. Manager.

**GENERAL**

**HARDWARE,**

Glass, Paints, Lanterns,

**Fall Supplies**  
For House and Farm.  
**W. J. GARDINER.**

**ROBES**  
**BLANKETS!**

Buy your Robes and Blankets where you can have the largest stock and best assortment to select from: Our large Stock must be cleared out. Prices catch you every time.

T. B. JENKINS.

**Watches and Jewellery.**

**JOHN STEELE**

HAS ON HAND A FINE LINE OF  
**Best Make Of Watches in Gold And Silver**

A Fine Line of Platedware at Lowest Prices.

REPAIRING A SPECIALTY. LARGE STOCK OF SPECTACLES  
OPPOSITE TOWN HALL, MILLBROOK.

**CUTTERS**

Vol. XXXVI.

ALEX. FER

Finest Design  
**CUTTERS**

Beautiful Fit

They Will be Sold at the Best Possible Price

Also agent for the Braid and the Bain wagon. The market.

Alex. Fer

**Wines & Liquors**

Any person who can procure the best, from H. McNew Store at corner.

**PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY**

The subscriber begs to announce that he has opened a Photograph gallery in the village and will be pleased to receive orders for all kinds of PHOTOGRAPHS, CARDS DE VISITE, CABINET, best style of the art and at rock-bottom prices.

F. W. PEACOCK, ARTIST.

**ROBB**

**AND BLANKETS**

At Blankets from

**BATESON**

All kinds of Harness.

**CHANGE OF LOCATION**

**T. H. BRYAN**

Wishes to announce to his customers and the public generally that he has opened his barber shop at the Mulligan block,

OVER DR. TURNER'S DRUG