A Teacher's Worries.

FREQUENTLY RESULT IN A BREAKDOWN OF HEALTH.

Headaches, Backaches, Dizziness, Poor Appetite and Insomnia the Outcome.—How to Avert These Troubles.

From the Review, Windsor, Ont.

Only those engaged in the teaching profession realize how much care, worry and perplexity is met with daily. It is therefore little wonder that there are so many health breakdowns, especially among young ladies who follow this calling. Miss Christine Pare, of Ojibway, Ont., is one who has suffered much in this respect. To a reporter of the Windsor Review, Miss Pare said :—"For several years, while teaching school, I was continually troubled with headaches, dizziness and a weak back. I tried several doctors and medicines, but got no relief. I became so badly run down that I thought possibly a change of employment would give me relief. I gave up my school and tried other duties, but the result was disappointing as the trouble seemed to have taken a firm hold upon me. The headaches grew more and more severe, my appetite failed me and I was frequently compelled to take a rest in order to overcome dizziness. A friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I decided to try a box, and before they were all used I found much relief. I continued taking the pills for some time longer every day gaining new health and strength, and now I feel as well as ever I did in my life, and am never bothered with the old troubles. You may say therefore that there is nothing I can recommend so highly as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Young girls who are pale and weak, who suffer from backaches, headaches, loss of appetite, palpitation of the heart, and other symptoms that overcome so many in early womanhood, will find a certain and speedy cure in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills make rich, red blood, strengthen the nerves, and give new life and vigor to the whole body. The genuine bear the full name, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People on the wrapper around every box. Sold by all dealers or by mail post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

WHAT THE CLOSURE IS.

The House Can Settle a Question Without a Debate.

Up to within a few years ago there was no rule in the British House of Commons for limiting the length of a debate or the number of speakers. This freedom had been so often abused by a certain section who tried to prevent by a prolonged discussion, the House doing any business, unless it acceded to their wishes, that it became necessary to introduce some measure to put a stop to the nuisance. So, on February 11th, 1882, the Speaker had power given him to apply the new standing order, called the closure, when the occasion demanded, but the rule was only put in force for the first time on February 24th, 1885, on the occasion when Mr. William O'Brien was expelled from the House.

The closure enables the House to settle a question by calling for a division upon it without a debate, in opposition to a small minority wishing to lengthen their speeches still further.

A motion to apply the closure is only put to the House by the Speaker at the suggestion of the Leader of the House. But the Speaker has power to decline if he so wills.

The resolution made by Mr. Gladstone, on June 30th, 1893, to expedite the progress of the Home Rule Bill through the committee stage, has brought into use the terms "gag" and "guillotine." This was the application of the closure.

In accordance with the idea that the scheme was persistently obstructed, the bill was divided into four parts and a date for closing each part, without further discussion, fixed.

Clauses remaining undiscussed after the expired dates were said to be "gagged," that is, put by the Speaker by the new power he held and passed without debate. That is the meaning of the closure.

Long before its adoption by the British Parliament the closure (also written closure) had been in force in the French, Spanish, Italian, Belgian Norwegian and Swedish Parliaments, but it is seldom exercised by them.

BABY'S ILLS.

Every Mother Should be in a Position to Relieve the Minor Ailments of Her Little Ones.

The baby who is always plump always has a good appetite, always has a clear eye and a rosy cheek, and is always active and playful, is the choicest treasure this life affords. The medicine which keeps babies in such a condition or which restores them to it when they are ill is certainly a priceless boon to humanity. There are many medicines which produce sleep, but their action upon the child is similar to that which whisky or opium has upon a full grown man. They deaden and stupefy and are the most injurious things which can be given to children.

The only safe course is to use nature's remedies. Nature has provided a vegetable cure for every ill, and her remedies for children's disorders are scientifically compounded in Baby's Own Tablets. For diarrhoea constipation, colic, simple fever, croup, irritation when teething, indigestion and all the disorders of children so familiar to mothers, this remedy is conceded by the medical profession to be without an equal. Its effect is gentle, soothing, promptly curative and never failing. It will save pain, anxiety, doctor bills and perhaps a life. All mothers who have used Baby's Own Tablets for their little ones speak of them in terms of warmest praise. Mrs. Ben. Seward, Forfar, Ont., says : "I have used Baby's Own Tablets and can highly recommend them to all mothers. My baby was cutting his teeth, and was very cross when I first gave them to him. They acted like magic he cut his teeth almost without my knowing it, and gave him such ease that they proved a blessing both to the child and myself. He has not been sick since I gave them to him, and I would not be without them in the house." Baby's Own Tablets can be procured at any druggist's, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of 25 cents by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

GROWTH OF DRUG HABIT.

COCAINE'S VICTIMS AMONG THE CLEVEREST PEOPLE.

It Is the Most Dangerous and Subtle Form of Inebriety Known.

Recent tragic events have revealed something of the growth of the most deadly form of narcotism known—the cocaine habit. Not long since this was quite unknown here, writes Fred A. McKenzie, in the London Daily Mail. To-day every busy western chemist can tell stories of its victims who flock to him.

The first alarm of the growth of the cocaine habit came from New York about fourteen years ago, but as late as 1894, the then leading authority on inebriety in England was able to declare that only very few cases were known there.

Now cocaine injection has firmly established itself in London, not among the common people, but among the cleverest men and women. It can be carried on so secretly that for a time even the nearest friends of the drunkard have no suspicion of it. It has none of the repulsiveness of ordinary intoxication. Doctors are its chief victims, writers and politicians come next, and the more artistic the temperament the greater the perils this new habit presents.

THEY ARE FLEETING PLEASURES.

You have a sense of self-satisfaction, of buoyancy, of ease and pleasure. In the normal man or woman there is often at first no great reaction, although in this, as in every nerve poison, the effects differ according to individual temperament.

But the pleasure passes off very quickly, even more quickly than with opium, and the victim is almost inevitably driven to renew the injection. In many cases from twelve to twenty doses are before long taken in a single day. This costs money. Cocaine hydrochlorate, the form of the drug used for this purpose, is very expensive. Wholesale it costs twenty-five shillings per ounce, and retail usually about three times as much. In one known case a man spends as much as ten shillings a day on his cocaine.

The first harmful result seen is often enough not physical but moral. Cocaine, even more than morphia, destroys the moral sense. This is no figure of speech, but a plain statement of an observed and undeniable fact. The cocaine fiend does not become violent or brutal. On the contrary, he seems more gentle and more refined than ever before. His artistic perceptions are in every way quickened. But though he has hitherto been scrupulously honest, he will now often steal without shame. He often seems to forget the meaning of truth. It is yet a moot point with psychologists how and why this destruction of the moral sense is accomplished. But that it is accomplished admits of no denial.

CAUSE OF MANY CRIMES.

Many of the cases of kleptomania which excite so much surprise, and many of the unaccountable crimes among well-to-do people are solely due to this. The moral effects are after a time followed by very decided physical ones. First comes indescribable depression of spirits, sleeplessness, distaste for food. This is often enough followed by complete mental breakdown, sometimes by suicide. So much has the habit grown that a new industry has sprung up in England during the past few years, the establishment of "homes," for well-to-do narcotists. These homes are not usually registered under any act. Many of them do not advertise, but are supplied with patients by their private connection of doctors. Others advertise as regularly in medical papers as great hotels in ordinary organs.

OTHER FORMS OF ITS USE.

The cocaine habit has not reached the common people. I doubt if in all the long list of victims in England you will find a single mechanic or one working woman. It is people to whom ordinary drunkenness is repulsive that narcotism appeals in the most subtle way. A few doses of cocaine enable the busy society woman to get through her season all right, and she can maintain this habit often enough for months together without even those nearest her knowing it.

Cocaine injection is not the only nor the most popular form of narcotism in this country. In great districts in the north of Ireland ether drunkenness is general, even among the poorest. You can get drunk on ether for a trifling cost, and you can be drunk and sober again several times in a day. In the fen country opium-taking is common among the agricultural population. Opium is primarily used there as a preventive against ague, and some of the amounts consumed sound almost incredible. Chemists will tell you of farmers who come in on market day and call for their wineglass full of laudanum, and drink it unmoved. Of course, this can only be done after many years of hardening to the drug for a very small portion of such a dose would kill an ordinary man. Among middle-class women all over the country chlorodyne-takers may be found. Chlorodyne has sprung into popularity owing to the ease with which it can be obtained. For most narcotics you must have a doctor's prescription, but for chlorodyne you need none. This habit is very expensive, though not nearly so much so as cocaine. An average expenditure of 16 shillings a week is the most I have been able to come across by a woman on chlorodyne.

Of morphia and chloral there is little need to speak. The list of morphia victims in this country, if it could be given, would be amazing. Morphia, like cocaine, takes most hold of the cleverest people.

"CURES FOR THE DRUG HABIT"

The cocaine habit invariably means death if persevered in. If the victim tries to conquer it, him or herself, failure is the most likely result. But by placing himself under the absolute control of a stronger will, cure can be had. There is one extraordinary fact for which I can give no explanation whatever. It is a commonplace that while men drunkards are very often reformed, the reclamation of a confirmed inebriate woman is very very rare. But in drug-taking this is completely reversed. It is very much easier to reclaim a woman narcotist than a man, only once the habit is really established a cure comes seldom. The greatest expert of his time on this subject, Dr. Norman Kerr, once told me that he never knew a confirmed morphinomaniac of whom he could really say that a perfect cure had been accomplished. For this habit gets so terrible a hold of its victims that home and honor, wife and friends, can all go, and renutation can vanish if momentary satisfaction can be obtained

ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE.

The Greatest Case in the History of Modern Medicine is Completed by Another Sworn Statement.

THE OTTAWA FREE PRESS SUSTAINED.

A Prominent Ottawa Man Confirms Under Oath Every Statement Made by this Paper in the Original Story Published Nearly Seven Years Ago.

(From the Ottawa Free Press)

Some seven years ago the Free Press published a graphic account of a remarkable case here in Ottawa.

A man named George H. Kent had been cured of Bright's Disease after the doctors had given him up to die, and the Free Press reporter, after a most thorough investigation, published the whole story in detail, giving credit to Dodd's Kidney Pills for the most miraculous cure.

The following sworn statement was given by Mr. Kent in order to substantiate the almost incredible statement made by the paper in its account of the case.

(Sworn Statement, Feb. 16, 1895.)

I, George Henry Kent, resident at 114 Cambridge Street, Ottawa and employed as a printer in the British American Bank Note Printing Company, in the said City of Ottawa, do solemnly declare that I consider it a duty to myself and to my fellowmen generally to make a declaration as to the efficiency of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

1. That I found them in my terrible case of Bright's Disease, from which I suffered for almost one year, of the greatest medical value. I can say confidently and assure anyone interested, or a sufferer, that I positively owe my life and present excellent health to the results brought about by their use. I was taken sick and confined to my bed on December 28th, 1893, and was successfully treated for La Grippe, then Pleurisy, followed by Kidney Troubles, and latterly Bright's Disease. I lost the use of all my limbs; my entire body became swollen to a terrible size, and my skin became as hard as and similar to leather the pores all having closed up, and I suffered the most agonizing pain. I was subject to periodical spells of utter prostration and insensibility, to a state of absolute coma. I was also a victim of dangerous convulsions in which my facial expression and other muscles would become severely contorted and tense.

2. My regular physician attended to me, and, though medical consultations were held over my case by two city doctors, nothing could be done. My case grew gradually worse and latterly I was given up as hopeless. My wife, friends and neighbors were certain from what they saw and were told by the visiting doctors that I would die in a very short time.

3. My wife was casually reading a newspaper about this time, and saw a description of a similar case, in which a patient gave testimony of the relief and cure that had been effected on him by Dodd's Kidney Pills. I started to take them right away, and from the first pill I discovered a change for the better. After the first box I was wonderfully improved, and at the end of the fourth I was sure I was to get well again. I continued taking them until the seventeenth box, and I can now positively declare that I am perfectly cured and able to do a day's work with any of my comrades in the shop, and Dodd's Kidney Pills undoubtedly cured me, because from starting to take them I took no other medicine whatever.

AND I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the ACT RESPECTING EXTRA JUDICIAL OATHS.

Declared before me at the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, this 16th day of February, 1895.

G. H. KENT.

(Sgd) CHAS. A. BLANCHET,
A Commissioner, etc.

The Free Press in the article published in 1895 stated most positively that Dodd's Kidney Pills and nothing else were entitled to the credit of having saved the dying man's life, and this was most emphatically endorsed by Mr. Kent in his sworn statement. The Free Press also said without qualification that the cure of Mr. Kent was an absolute and permanent one. And while Mr. Kent could not make a sworn statement as to the future, he stated that he felt he was permanently cured.

Notwithstanding this there were many who could not believe that a man with one foot in the grave as Mr. Kent was could get a lasting cure.

It occurred to the Free Press the other day that it would be interesting to enquire now, after the lapse of nearly seven years, as to how Mr. Kent was feeling.

He had removed to 408 Gilmour Street, and at that address a Free Press reporter found him.

After reminding Mr. Kent of the article and his affidavit the newspaper man asked him point blank:—

"Have you lost any time from your regular work since you were cured of Bright's Disease by Dodd's Kidney Pills in 1895?"

"Not a minute," answered Mr. Kent promptly.

"Have you since had the slightest symptoms of your old kidney trouble or anything like it?"

"Not the slightest," he said.

"You are sure that Dodd's Kidney Pills and nothing else saved your life and restored you to your present good health?"

"Absolutely sure. Why, my wife and I are so grateful to Dodd's Kidney Pills that we have christened our little girl, born in [illegible]ber, of 1896, by the name [illegible] This shows you better [illegible] can tell you to [illegible] my recovery [illegible] Dodd's Kidney Pills."

"Would you be willing in order to confirm our story published in 1895 to make another sworn statement?" asked the scribe.

"If it would do you any good I have no objections," answered Mr. Kent. "The Free Press was certainly well within the truth in every statement they published about my case."

Mr. Kent, at the request of the Free Press, has given the following sworn statement:—

SWORN STATEMENT, OCT. 3, 1901

I, GEORGE HENRY KENT, resident at 408 Gilmour Street, in the City of Ottawa, and employed as a printer at the American Bank Note Company in the said City of Ottawa, do solemnly declare:—

1. That on February 16th, 1895, I, George Henry Kent, then resident at 114 Cambridge Street, Ottawa, did appear before Charles A. Blanchet, Commissioner, etc., and before him on that date did make a solemn declaration regarding my recovery from Bright's Disease by the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills and setting forth the facts of my case and its cure.

2. That in the declaration I set forth that I believe that I was absolutely and permanently cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills after the doctors had given me up to die.

3. That I am now absolutely certain that Dodd's Kidney Pills and nothing else saved my life and I hereby unhesitatingly reaffirm every statement made in my declaration before Mr. Blanchet on February 16th, 1895.

4. That I have never since that date had the slightest symptom of the return of the Bright's Disease or any Kidney Trouble, having enjoyed unremitting good health and having worked steadily and without interruption full time at my regular employment as a printer every working day from the day Dodd's Kidney Pills sent me back to work to the date of this declaration.

5. That in evidence of our gratitude to Dodd's Kidney Pills for having saved my life, my wife and I have christened a little daughter born to us in December of 1896 by the name of "Dodds."

6. That I have recommended Dodd's Kidney Pills to many people in this city and elsewhere, who having heard of my wonderful escape from death by their use have called on me or written to me enquiring about them; and having followed many of these cases closely, I know of no case where they have been used according to directions that has not been cured, and I know positively of my own personal knowledge of several extreme cases where Dodd's Kidney Pills have effected satisfactory and permanent cures.

And I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing it to be true and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath and by virtue of "The Canada Evidence Act, 1893."

Declared before me at the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, this 3rd day of October, 1900.

(Sgd.) G. H. KENT.

(Sgd.) A. W. FRASER,
A Notary Public in and for Ontario.

Nothing could be more convincing than this plain declaration made by Mr. Kent, and the Free Press is pleased to be able to present such a complete and emphatic confirmation of our article of 1895.

The Kent case, must, therefore, go on record as the most wonderful cure ever heard of in this city or province. Every detail of which has been carefully substantiated by sworn evidence.

To Dodd's Kidney Pills is due all the credit for having rescued and restored this dying man and that after all hope had been abandoned and the cold waters of the river of death were lapping at his feet.

VARIOUS EXCUSES.

Some Strange Reasons for Refusing to Marry.

Strange as it may seem, the daughter of a West of England clergyman remains a spinster because she is too bashful to go through the marriage ceremony. Her parents have done all they could to cure her of her extreme diffidence, but all in vain. In her twenty-sixth year she is as timid and bashful as a girl of twelve.

The fact that she has had a lover for several years makes her diffidence all the more remarkable. He has waited on and on in the hope that the young lady would pluck up sufficient courage to carry her through the wedding ceremony, but she still shrinks from it as much as ever.

A Liverpool tradesman's daughter, who had set her heart on being married before a girl friend, gave up all idea of matrimony on finding herself thwarted fr[illegible] tended husband [illegible] footballer, and [illegible] one fixed for t[illegible] leg accidentally [illegible] ing in a match. [illegible] laid up for seve[illegible] marrigge was [illegible] In the meant[illegible] friend hurried [illegible] tions for her own [illegible] was consequently [illegible] the injured bride[illegible] about again. This [illegible] sweetheart that sh[illegible] get married at all[illegible] ery prospect that [illegible] through life.

A Herefordshire y[illegible] bosom friend who [illegible] enough to contract [illegible] marriage was necess[illegible] for a few months th[illegible] her, taking with him [illegible] ty that she had rash[illegible]

INTRUSTED [illegible]

He never came back [illegible] and, on hearing of th[illegible] robbery and desertio[illegible] was so disgusted that [illegible] firm resolve never to gi[illegible] the opportunity of tre[illegible] the same fashion. She h[illegible] eral suitors, but they have [illegible] in vain.

A fastidious but amusin[illegible] has made up her mind not [illegible] because of the fear that her[illegible] might not show her the s[illegible] pect after marriage as befo[illegible] was once engaged to a you[illegible] who, when he came to see he[illegible] evening, was wearing a new p[illegible] boots. As they were pinching [illegible] feet rather badly he took the[illegible] in the drawing-room to obtain [illegible] porary relief. His sweetheart [illegible] so much shocked at this breach [illegible] the proprieties that she immedia[illegible] rose and flounced out of the roo[illegible] and a few minutes later sent in [illegible] note intimating that he need n[illegible] trouble to call again.

"If he would do that before mar[illegible] riage what he would not do after?" she remarked to her mother, and, although the rejected one did call again it was without avail, the girl declaring she had decided to die an old maid.

Because she is in receipt of an annual income of $1,000 a clergyman's daughter in a northern English town fears that she might be married for her money. She has therefore determined to remain in the state of single blessedness all her life.

SAW HIS SON IN A DREAM.

Learned Afterwards That the Vision Had Been Accurate.

An extraordinary story of a dream that proved to be a picture of a scene that was actually occurring thousands of miles away, is told by an English correspondent.

"In January, 1900," he writes, "my son went on active service in South Africa. We were at first, naturally, rather anxious about him, but as time went on without his being wounded or getting seriously ill we became less so, until, I think, the feeling entirely passed away.

"On a Thursday-Friday night near the end of October I had a vivid dream. I saw my son with two men whom I did not know, standing in a narrow passage with an open door off it leading into a small room. They all went into the room close together, almost hustling each other, pushing or leading my son, who was first, and who was looking at me. I woke with a start, shouting at him loudly three or four times by name. Next morning (Friday) at breakfast I told his mother and sisters of my dream.

"On Saturday I received the following telegram from the military secretary :—'Regret to inform you that your son —— is reported by telegram from Pretoria as dangerously wounded in abdomen, on Thursday, near X.'

"He did not die. Months afterward he wrote from hospital an account of the action, and described the circumstances under which he spent the night following it—i.e., the night of my dream. After being wounded he had been carried into a small building close at hand.

" 'The worst cases were in a room by themselves. I was with them—about six or seven, I should think. I felt deadly sick, but was told to keep it down if possible ; we were all alike in that respect. Then I remember someone couldn't stand it—he was sick, turned on his side, and died. Two orderlies appeared and carried him out. Then another—and the two orderlies came back, until finally there were hardly any left. I had had morphia, and slept the greater part of the night.'

"After many months in hospital he recovered sufficiently to allow of his being sent home, and I have lately told him of my dream. He tells me that when very ill in hospital long after he was wounded he felt he had the power of transferring himself far away, and did so transfer himself to Devonshire, Cornwall, etc. The sensations he had at such times were extremely vivid and curious, but need not be related here. On the night of my dream he had no such sensation, and at no time did he ever fancy himself at home in Scotland."

They Wake the Torpid Energies.—Machinery not properly supervised and left to run itself, very soon shows fault in its working. It is the same with the digestive organs. Unregulated from time to time they are likely to become torpid and throw the whole system out of gear Parmelee's Vegetable Pills were made to meet such cases. They restore to the full flagging faculties, and bring imme

PRESUMPTIVE.

"Is she pretty?" they asked of the young man who was speaking of his fiancee.

"Well, I don't want to boast," he replied, "but she always gets a seat on the street car."

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

LIFE'S LITTLE FRICTIONS.

"Are you getting ready for winter?"

"Oh, yes; we've had our last scrap with the ice-man, and have begun to quarrel with the coal man."

When everyone has tried Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea there will be no need to advertize it. Once tried, always used.

LES. We want thousands of barrels to supply our customers. Ship yours to us and we will get you all they are worth.

mission Co., Limited, Toronto.

[illegible] CORED. [illegible] about to [illegible] in Ire- [illegible] anticipable to [illegible] Some [illegible]

[illegible] for Good [illegible]

[illegible] 25c Large Liquid and Powder 75c All stores or [illegible] for the price. Sample for postage 3c.

HARE & RUCKEL, MONTREAL

IN THE NEAR FUTURE.

"This," said the artist, "is a battle scene—time, say, the year 2000 A. D. The defending force is on the extreme right of the canvas——"

"I can't see them observed his friend.

"Certainly not; they are strongly entrenched——"

"Can't see any entrenchments."

"Of course you can't. The entrenchments are skilfully concealed from view."

"I should think you'd show some big guns or something."

"Nonsense! The guns are disappearing guns, and they have disappeared."

"Well, how about the attacking force?"

"Over here on the left—all under cover. You can't expect them to expose themselves to the spectator any more than to the enemy."

"Well, your picture is a mere landscape."

"Yes; but I take it that's how a battle will look in 2000."

There never was, and never will be, a universal panacea, in one remedy, for all ills to which flesh is heir—the very nature of many curatives being such that were the germs of other and differently seated diseases rooted in the system of the patient—what would relieve one ill in turn would aggravate the other. We have, however, in Quinine Wine, when obtainable in a sound unadulterated state, a remedy for many and grevious ills. By its gradual and judicious use, the frailest systems are led into convalescence and strength, by the influence which Quinine exerts on Nature's own restoratives. It relieves the drooping spirits of those with whom a chronic state of morbid despondency and lack of interest in life is a disease, and, by tranquilizing the nerves, disposes to sound and refreshing sleep—imparts vigor to the action of the blood, which being stimulated, courses throughout the veins, strengthening the healthy animal functions of the system, thereby making activity a necessary result, strengthening the frame, and giving life to the digestive organs, which naturally demand increased substance—result, improved appetite. Northrop & Lyman of Toronto, have given to the public their superior Quinine Wine at the usual rate, and, gauged by the opinion of scientists, this wine approaches nearest perfection of any in the market. All druggists sell it.

The largest egg laid by any European bird is that of the swan ; the smallest that of the golden-crested wren.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

BUT NOT FROM HER.

"Well, what on earth did he marry for?"

"For sympathy."

"And he didn't get even that?"

"Oh, yes, from his friends."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

NOTHING BUT LEAVES.

Mr. Snaggs—"The leaves are leaving, my dear."

Mrs. Snaggs—Is there anything odd about that?"

Mr. Snaggs—"Yes, in the spring it was the trees that were leaving.

Still Another Triumph—Mr. Thomas S Bullen, Sunderland, writes: "For four teen years I was afflicted with Piles; and frequently I was unable to walk or sit, and four years ago I was cured by using Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. I have also been subject to Quinsy for over forty years, but Eclectric Oil cured it, and it was a permanent cure in both cases, as neither the Piles nor Quinsy have troubled me since."

Strange, More and Wright, three noted punsters, were dining together, when Moore observed: "There is but one knave among us and that's Strange." Said Wright: "There's one More." "Ah," said Strange, "that's Wright."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

A FRUITLESS LESSON.

Teacher—What is meant by "medium of exchange?"

Willie—Watmam?

Teacher—What is the medium of exchange—what do you take to the store with you when your mother sends you for groceries?

Willie—The book.

T. N. U 348

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WHO MEAN BUSINESS CAN make money. Something needed : something wanted. Write at once and get control of your locality. Samples 10c; circular free; Wesco & Co., 60 Yonge, Toronto.

HAVE YOU SEEN IT? WHAT? LEE'S Priceless Recipes, 3000 secrets for the Home, Farm, Laboratory, Workshop, and every department of human endeavor, with full index to contents; 368 pages, bound in cloth. Send 25 cents for a copy, and if you think the book is not worth the money send it back and your money will be refunded. This is a good side line for canvassers. William Briggs, Methodist Book Room, Toronto, Ontario.

THE SUN SAVINGS AND LOAN COMPANY is selling stocks and debentures drawing good rates of interest and taking deposits; these opportunities for investment are unequalled; reliable agents are wanted. Write to the Company's address, Toronto

WANTED—RELIABLE MEN TO ACT as local or travelling agents, either on whole or part time. Liberal terms on salary or commission, with expenses guaranteed. Apply now. STONE & WELLINGTON, Canada's Greatest Nurseries, Toronto. Dept. A.

WANTED—$2 PER DAY SURE—GENtlemen or ladies—not to canvas, but to employ agents; position permanent; $900 per year and expenses; reliable firm; best references; experience unnecessary. M. A. O'KEEFE, address 489 Truth Office, Toronto.

WANTED—GOOD MEN ONLY TO SELL our well known specialties. We are one of the oldest and most reliable firms in Canada. Salary or commission. Exclusive territory. Outfit free. Pelham Nursery Co., Toronto, Ont.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—PARTIES TO DO KNITTING for us at home. We furnish yarn and machine. Easy work. Good pay. Send stamp for particulars. Standard Hose Co., Dept. 3, Toronto, Ont.

Don't Be Idle—We will supply you with work to be done at home. $10.00 per week easily earned knitting sox. We supply machine and material, and pay for work as sent in. Write-to-day. The People's Knitting Syndicate, Limited, Toronto, Canada.

EDUCATIONAL.

CENTRAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, TORONTO. Twelve Teachers, the equipment, eighty typewriting machines, modern courses, thorough work, invites correspondence from all interested parties. Address W. D. Shaw, Principal.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

J. TOMALIN, COMMISSION MERCHANT butter, eggs, dressed and live poultry wanted: phone Main 3,318, 34½ Jarvis street, Toronto.

A SURE PROOF.

When France and Germany were at war, an Englishman was arrested by the French and accused of being a German spy. A letter dated "Berlin" and signed by his mother, was found upon him. He was tried by drumhead court-martial and condemned to be shot.

On the way to the place of execution he said that he had left something behind, and insisted upon going back for it.

"You can't go back," was the reply. "You are about to be shot."

"I can't help that," said he. "I have left something and I must get it."

"What have you left?"

"My umbrella."

That settled it. He was released. No one but an Englishman, said his captors, could be such a thoroughgoing imbecile as that.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the stomach and bowels, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

A Frenchman went up to a British officer and requested his permission to examine his Waterloo medal. "Humph!" said he, turning it over and over with an air of contempt. "A paltry affair; it didn't cost your nation above a few francs." "True," replied the officer, "but it cost yours a Napoleon."

Beddock, June 11, 1897.
C. C. RICHARDS & Co.
Dear Sirs,—MINARD'S LINIMENT is my remedy for NEURALGIA.
It relieves at once.
A. S. McDONALD.

A RECOGNITION OF ABILITY.

"That prying Mrs. Peek sees everything that goes on from one end of the neighborhood to the other."

"That so? She ought to be made a fleet captain and given a conning tower."

For the Overworked.—What are the causes of despondency and melancholy? A disordered liver is one cause and a prime one. A disordered liver means a disordered stomach, and a disordered stomach means disturbance of the nervous system. This brings the whole body into subjection and the victim feels sick all over. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are a recognized remedy in this state and relief will follow their use.

Norway owns 325 different submarine cables, but their combined length is only 324 miles.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

In 1080 A. D. the revenue of England was £1,320,000 a year. This fell in 1840 to a total of £162,000.

Stop the Cough and works off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure. No Pay. Price 25 cents.

400 British companies go into liquidation yearly, costing their shareholders in all 12 millions sterling.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.