

THE SPRING FEELING.

Variable Spring Weather Disastrous to Weak People.

Even Usually Robust People Feel Run Down and Out of Sorts at This Time—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Are the Very Best Spring Tonic.

The spring months are a trying time to most people. At no other time of the year do health and strength seem so hard to gain and so hard to hold.

Because of their thorough and prompt action on the blood and nerves these little pills speedily cure anæmia, rheumatism, sciatica, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, scrofula and eruptions of the skin, erysipelas, kidney and liver troubles and the functional ailments which make the lives of so many women a source of constant misery.

BITS OF INFORMATION.

A Few Paragraphs Which Will Be Found of Interest.

One miner is killed for every 1,000,000 tons of coal raised.

Greece holds the earthquake record with 3,187 shocks in five years.

In the United States only one murderer in fifty is condemned to death.

In Russia the penalty for leading a strike is the same as that for rebellion.

The average reign of English monarchs has been 13 years; of Russian only 16.

In Turkey red hair is counted a great beauty, and the women dye their hair that tint.

Of 30,000,000 emigrants from Europe during the last century, more than one-third were British.

Before a Chinaman can quit Australia he is compelled to register and leave his photograph.

Everybody in Storbek, Austria, over five years of age is a chess player. The game is taught in the schools.

Many paupers have lived to be a hundred years old, but there is no record of a millionaire having attained that age.

An injury to the tongue is repaired by Nature with more rapidity than is the case with any other part of the system.

A French professor is the owner of a collection of 920 human heads, representing every known race of people on the globe.

England spends \$12,000,000 a year on her paupers, Scotland \$4,500,000, Ireland, \$7,000,000; France spends less than \$7,500,000.

The St. Louis World's Fair authorities offer a prize of \$200,000 for the successful working of a steerable balloon, to be competed for at the exhibition next year.

For some time the landlords of Berlin have had a black-list of undesirable tenants, and now the tenants have retaliated by making a black-list of unpleasant landlords.

Speaking of cycling and heart strain, a doctor says that so long as the cyclist can breathe with the mouth shut he is certainly perfectly safe so far as heart strain is concerned.

Since the calendar was reformed by Pope Gregory no century has begun on a Wednesday, a Friday, or a Sunday, and the same order of days is repeated every twenty years.

It is stated that \$4,000 has been offered for a suite of offices occupying a prominent corner position in Ludlow Street for the day of the Coronation procession, and declined.

A celebrated physician asserts that the increased height and weight of Britons and Americans in the last half century are chiefly due to the increased consumption of sugar.

In Tartary, onions, leeks, and garlic are regarded as perfumes. A Tartar lady will make herself agreeable by rubbing a piece of freshly-cut onion on her hands and over her countenance.

Five acres of land at Charing Cross, London, now owned by the Marquis of Salisbury, were bought 250 years ago by his ancestors for grazing purposes, at a ground rent of \$2.50 an acre for 500 years.

Norwegian legislators propose that girls who do not know how to knit, sew, wash, and cook should be refused permission to marry. Daughters of wealthy men are not to be excepted.

WHERE IRISH IS SPOKEN.

The Irish language is spoken in the Bahamas among a mixed descendant of the Hibernian patriots banished long ago by Cromwell to the West Indies. One or two occasionally hear negro sailors in the East-end of London who cannot speak a word of English, talking Irish to the old Irish apple-women who gather around the docks.

SOME QUANT CUSTOMS.

LORDS WHO WILL BE BUTLERS AT THE CORONATION.

Temporary Revival of the Splendour and Pageantry of Mediaeval Days.

It is becoming daily more evident that the coronation of King Edward VII. will be perhaps the most brilliant pageant ever seen and a temporary revival of the splendour of mediaeval times.

For months past the Earl Marshal of England and a large staff have been busy advising peers and persons on matters of dress and etiquette while the ancient Court of Claims has been dealing with the privileges demanded by various bodies and individuals. It is no secret that the Duke of Norfolk holds in his office of Earl Marshal, for he has been a human encyclopædia on a subject which is full of pitfalls for the unwary, where a mistake may cause endless trouble.

It is not generally known that the King will have to wear two crowns on Coronation Day, the first, in which he will go through the ceremony of the Imperial crown, while the second is the one with which he will be crowned, known as St. Edward's crown. This crown was made for the coronation of Charles II., the one used at Charles I.'s coronation having been sold during the Civil Wars.

The King and Queen will not ride from Buckingham Palace in their coronation robes. It is not until they reach the Abbey that they will do these. Almost immediately the King arrives at Westminster Abbey, where the ceremony of the Recognition takes place. After this is over the King walks to the top of the altar, where the Archbishop of Canterbury administers the oath, on which the King swears to govern the people according to the laws of the land.

THE CONSTITUTION.

Next comes the Anointment, after which St. Edward's crown is placed on the King's head, when the peers and prelates put on their coronets and cry, "God Save the King."

The final scene in the coronation ceremony is the act of homage, which is done through by the Princes of the Blood, the Lords Spiritual, and the Lords Temporal. The Lords Spiritual are the first to pay homage which they do by repeating the homage and kissing the Sovereign's hand. They are followed by the Princes of the Blood, who touch the King's crown and kiss his cheek. The peers follow the example of the Princes, except that instead of saluting on the cheek they do so on the hand.

When the ceremony in the Abbey is over the King and Queen will proceed in procession through the city of London, in order to give their subjects an opportunity of seeing them, and there will be a similar procession the following day also.

Some of the most picturesque features of the coronation will be the temporary revival of the gorgeous splendour and pageantry which characterized mediaeval days, and the quaint customs that will likewise be followed.

Some of these customs are very curious indeed, and seem strangely out of place in these up-to-date days. The Marquis of Abergevenny, for instance, has proved his right to the position of Chief Butler, and for his fee he will receive "the remainder of all beaves, muttons, calves, venisons, chickens, and other fowl, fish and fowls."

Another quaint post is that of the Pantler, or Panetter, who receives the knives and forks as his fee. The King and Queen's paltry, with their harness, the cloth of the King's table, the cloth spread before the King at dinner, and the chimes of all churches, swans served up is the remarkable fee claimed by the Duke of Norfolk for his services as

EARL MARSHAL.

Turning from fees to rights and privileges we find that Lords King-sale and Forester have an ancient privilege which allows them to retain their hats in the presence of the monarch, though they waived this right at the coronation of Queen Victoria. The Barons of the Cinque Ports are entitled to bear a canopy of cloth of gold over the Sovereign during the procession; while another distinctive privilege is that possessed by Lord Inchiquin, who may use the royal scarlet liveries for his servants. A privilege of the same description is that of the Earl

NOTEER HAPPY MOTHER.

Tells How Her Baby of Eight Months Profited by Wise Treatment.

Teething time is the critical age in a child's life. Any slight disorder of the stomach or bowels at that time greatly increases the peevishness of the little one and may have serious and even fatal results. It is impossible to take too great care of your baby's health during this period, and no better remedy than Baby's Own Tablets is known for the minor ailments which are so vexatious to the mothers who have proved the worth of this medicine is Mrs. R. McMaster, Cookstown, Ont.

Her little baby girl was suffering from the combined troubles of indigestion, constipation, and teething, and the strength was so weakly taxed by the continuous care the child needed. A box of Baby's Own Tablets, however, made such an improvement that Mrs. McMaster is now enthusiastic in their praise. "It gives me great pleasure to testify to the value of Baby's Own Tablets," she writes. "My baby of eight months was much troubled with constipation and indigestion and was very restless at night. I procured a box of Baby's Own Tablets, and the results were so satisfactory that I have not used any other medicine since. My baby girl is now regular and healthy, and getting her teeth seem much easier, and she rests a great deal better. These Tablets are a great help to little ones when teething."

Baby's Own Tablets are guaranteed to contain no opiates or other harmful drug. They produce natural sleep, because they regulate the stomach and bowels and comfort the nerves. They promptly cure such troubles as colic, sour stomach, constipation, diarrhoea, worms, indigestion and simple fever. They break up colds, prevent croup and allay the irritation accompanying the cutting of teeth. Dissolved in water, they can be given with absolute safety to the youngest infant. Sold by all druggists, or sent postpaid at 25 cents a box by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. Free sample sent on application. Mention this paper.

WHY WOOLENS WEAR THIN.

A SCENE IN A GROCER'S STORE.

Sir, I have just come rousing myself to tell you that you have absolutely spoiled a pair of blankets on me.

Yes, sir, you have! Surely you are mistaken, madam! I am not mistaken. I sent round my little girl a few days ago for a good strong soap to wash out some heavy things. In all innocence I used what you sent me, and the result is that my blankets are just the skeleton of what they were. They are ruined, sir, and it's your fault!

Yes, but I sent what I usually send in such cases. What you usually send! No wonder Mrs. Moore, my neighbor, complains of her clothes wearing out; I find you usually send her the same soap.

But, madam, I always give my customers what they ask for. Had you named a particular brand of soap you would have had it. Named a particular brand! How was I to know anything of brands? But I know better now, and I know what ruined my blankets—and my hands are in a nice plight, too!

I can assure you, madam, that it is not my desire to sell anything that will be injurious to either the hands or clothing of my customers, and I shall be glad to know how you have ruined your blankets, and that will jure your blankets and your hands.

Well, I was telling Mrs. Neill my trouble, and she lent me a little cask, and here it is: you can read it: "Dr. Stenson Macadam, Lecturer on Chemistry, Glasgow's Institute, Edinburgh, describes the destructive property of soda upon wool very graphically.

"After mentioning how strong alkali such as potash and soda, disastrously affect cotton, linen, and wool he says: "On one occasion I employed this property of soda in a useful way. There was a large quantity of new blankets sent to one of our hospitals which, when given out, were said by the patients to be not so warm as the old blankets were, and that led to an investigation as to whether the blankets were genuine or not. They looked well and weighed properly, and I got a blanket sent me for examination and analysis. We found soon that there was cotton mixed with the wool, and the ques-

tion was as to separating the two, because they were thoroughly woven throughout, and it was only by detaching the fine fibres from each other that you identified the cotton fibre. I fell on the device of using soda. I took a bit of blanket and put it in a vessel with soda, and boiled it there, and very quickly the wool got eaten away by the soda, and there was left behind the cotton as a kind of skeleton—a sort of ghost-of the original blanket out of which it was made. I mention to you merely to indicate to you the pernicious effects of using caustic materials, which, when employed strongly in this way, and which, even when not very strong, will more or less, but with equal certainty, tend to destroy the woolen fibre."

Now, I want to tell you that we neighbors have had a talk over the matter, and we are not going to have our clothes and hands ruined in this way. Several of our neighbors who know have proved to us that Caustic Soda, Potash, Chloride of Lime, and "soda" substitutes are most injurious to clothes and hands. "Free alkali" in soaps is practically the caustic soda that burns the clothes. Why, you dare not keep Caustic Soda in a tin canister; it must be in a wooden jar, or it will even corrode the tin! Now, it's for you to provide us with pure soap without free alkali, or we must find it elsewhere.

Madam, you enlighten me! So many soaps are advertised as pure, that I must have the label to any difference between them.

I have one, however, that has medical certificates of its freedom from free alkali. It is guaranteed pure; and the makers offer \$5,000 reward to any one who can prove it is not pure, and further, I am authorized to return the purchase money to any one finding cause for complaint.

Let me see it! Why, Sunlight Soap! It's a beautiful, clean, fresh-looking soap, and this Octagon shape is very handy. Give me five bars.

Note by the Grocer: This whole neighborhood is full of people who no more can make a distinction between Sunlight Soap and other brands. I have no room in my store now for restorer concoctions of alkali to soap; but it is not the grocer's fault if the public are misled with common soap. If the public ask for Sunlight Soap—octagon bars—we give it them!

of Erroll, Hereditary Lord High Constable of Scotland. He may walk in the procession carrying a silver baton, with his own arms at one end and the King's at the other.

The staff of St. Edward, which is supposed to guide the footsteps of the monarch, will be carried by the Earl of Roxburgh. It is said that at one time a piece of the cross upon which our Lord was crucified was preserved in the ball at the end of the staff, but this story is probably apocryphal.

Other emblems of the monarchy which will be carried in the procession are the two-handed Sword of State, in charge of the Earl of Huntingdon; the Sceptre and the Dove, which the Duke of Richmond and Gordon will carry; and the Orb, which will be carried by the Duke of Somerset for hundreds of years.

One of the most picturesque features of the coronation ceremony was the King's Champion, who appeared in armour and breathed defiance to any who dared to challenge the King's right to reign, and, unfortunately, he will not be present in the approaching coronation.—Tit-Bits.

MAIL FROM GOLD FIELDS.

CANADIANS ARE MISSING BIG BUSINESS.

Yukon Territory Submits Its Grievances Through Mr. F. C. Wade.

Mr. F. C. Wade, legal adviser for the Yukon, in an address recently delivered at Toronto, said a few things about the country of his adoption, and the relation it held to the rest of the Dominion. With splendid pride, Mr. Wade pointed out the vast area of the Yukon, with its 198,000 square miles, bigger than Quebec, and twice as big as Ontario.

In spite of this \$21,000,000 in gold from the Klondike and the rush of humanity northward, only 50 miles of the 7,000 miles of creeks in this northern Colorado have been explored. Some figures were given, showing the steady stride in mining in the north: in 1899, \$16,000,000 in gold came out with the spring; in 1900, \$22,000,000, and in 1901, \$24,000,000. A splendid thing for the Dominion, this twenty-four millions of dollars placed in circulation here.

Yes, that is, it would be a splendid thing. But the Americans and aliens have rushed into these beds yielding from \$1,000 to \$2,000 a foot, dug up the gold, and away, while in stead of the money being spent in Canada, great buildings have risen in Seattle, in Tacoma, or San Francisco, risen on good Canadian money too.

Here Mr. Wade sprang a parable, and likened the miners to robbers entering the vaults at Ottawa, with wheelbarrows, not with empty pockets, but with wheelbarrows and wheelbarrows of the biggest size.

WHO CAN DIG GOLD.

Yet in the face of this daylight robbery, Mr. Wade, with all his experience in things Klondike, can see no remedy. He says that the English Canadians are poor miners, while the French-Canadians are the only ones who keep pace with the Swedes, the German, and Norsemen miners from the United States. An alien labor law enforced in the Yukon, according to Mr. Wade, would kill the country as dead as a door.

In striking language Dawson City was painted as in early days, a city of shacks and tents, and packing cases. No glass was available for windows, so bottles were used, set aside by side, and chinked with moss, and they let in plenty of light.

MODERN ASSESSMENTS.

Another picture was painted—the Dawson City of to-day, with an assessment of \$12,000,000 in real estate and personally. On the Upper Yukon twenty-seven steamers plied, valued at \$875,000. On the Lower Yukon thirty-five were busy, valued at \$1,625,000. Outside of Dawson, and in the immediate vicinity, lay property assessed for \$5,000,000. In addition to this, 218 miles of roads and trails had been built by the Government, while within the last four years over \$100,000,000 had been in-

vested there, within the shadow of the North Pole.

To-day it is as easy to go to Dawson, Mr. Wade says, as it would be to go to Quebec—an express across the Continent, a palatial steamer from Vancouver to Victoria, or to Skagway, then the railway to White Horse, another magnificent steamer, and in two days you are in Dawson. You can cover the whole distance in your slippers.

A rosy picture this. But what do the other emblems and manufacturers get out of it all? At first Canadians got nothing, and now they get a little, the droppings; the Americans receive the shower.

PLACING THE BLAME.

Dr. Wade blamed Canadian papers. There never was, and never will be, a universal panacea, in one remedy, for all ailments, and the very nature of many curatives being such that were the germs of other and differently seated diseases, and in the system of the patient—what would relieve one ill in turn would aggravate the other. We have, however, in Quinine Wine, when obtained in its purest form, an unqualified state, a remedy for many and grievous ills. Its a gradual and judicious use, the finest systems are led into convalescence and treated with the influence of its restorative nature's own restoratives.

It relieves the drooping spirits of those who, from a chronic and uninteresting condition of mind, lose all interest in life is a disease, and, by tranquillizing the nerves, disposes to sound and refreshing sleep, and, by the influence of the blood, which being stimulated, courses throughout the veins, strengthening the healthy animal functions of the system, thereby making activity a necessary result, strengthening the frame, and giving life to the digestive organs, which naturally demand increased substance—result, improved appetites, and a healthy and robust condition. Dr. Wade's Quinine Wine has given to the public their superior Quinine Wine at the usual rate, and, by its use, the system is restored to its normal state, and the influence of its restorative nature's own restoratives.

A person with good sight can see another person's eyes at a distance of 80 yards.

Stop the Cough and work off the Cold. Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets are a cold in one day. No cure, No Pay. Price 50 cents.

London is governed by one county authority, two city, and 27 borough authorities.

SETTLERS' LOW RATES WEST.

Chicago & North-Western R'y; every day during March and April. Colonist one-way second-class tickets, at very low rates, from Chicago to points in Colorado, Utah, Montana, Nevada, Idaho, Oregon, Washington, California, Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Nelson, Rossland and other points in Kootenay District. Also special round-trip "Homeseekers' tickets on first and third Tuesdays, March, April and May. Full particulars from nearest ticket agent or B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 2 East King St., Toronto, Ont.

Rennet can coagulate 1,800 times its weight of milk at a temperature of 122 degrees.

Totally Deaf.—Mrs. S. E. Craudell, Port Perry, writes: "I contracted a severe cold last winter, which resulted in my becoming totally deaf in one ear and partially in the other. After trying various remedies, and consulting several doctors, without obtaining any relief, I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Electric Oil. I warmed the Oil and poured a little of it into my ear, and before one-half the bottle was used my hearing was completely restored. I have heard of other cases of deafness being cured by the use of this medicine."

An ordinary person inhales some 20 cubic inches of air into the lungs 17 times in a minute.

CHEAP EXCURSIONS TO CALIFORNIA.

The Washburn Railroad Company will sell round trip tickets to Los Angeles and San Francisco, Cal., at less than the one way first-class rate. Tickets on sale April 19th to 27th, good to return any time before June 25th, 1902. Choice of routes going and returning. All tickets should read via Detroit and over the Washburn, the short and true route from Canada to California.

This will be the grandest opportunity ever given the people of this country to visit this land of sun, shine and flowers at a low rate.

Full particulars of this excursion from any railroad agent, or J. A. Richardson, District Passenger Agent, North-east corner King & Yonge Sts., Toronto.

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Advice to a Young Husband—Don't start out by giving your wife advice, but bring her home a packet of



CEYLON TEA.

IF YOU WANT GOOD PRICES FOR YOUR Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Apples or other Produce CONSIGN THEM TO THE

DAWSON COMMISSION CO., Limited, TORONTO

Correspondence Solicited.

A Chain is no Stronger than its Weakest Link and a Wire Fence is no Stronger than its Uprights.

No one should expect a fence to hold up of itself between the posts.

The Frost Lock wire are large and strong. The Frost Lock wire are made in place and each support its own share of the weight. Light tie wires give no support. Bending to tie weakens them and they are apt to break when the strain is severe. Frost Fence never breaks.

Write for Catalogue. THE FROST WIRE FENCE CO., LIMITED, WELLAND, ONT.

Good Paint

Don't use cheap paint on your house, or the first blast of storm and rain or hot summer sun makes it look shabby. Cheap paint with no reputation is dear paint.

RAMSAY'S PAINT

is the purest paint, the oldest and best known in Canada. Made from pure materials—made right to preserve your house to beauty bright. Ready for use and sold by all dealers at the right price for the best that goes in paint making. Drop us a card and ask for BOOKLET "K" FREE showing cuts of beautiful homes.

A. RAMSAY & SON, MONTREAL Paint Makers

T. N. U. 370

TO PRINTERS

FOR SALE.—Two 2-revolution Campbell presses, bed 40x56 inches. Splendid order. Price \$1,000 each. Terms easy. S. FRANK WILSON, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto

FARMS Splendid bargains. Send for printed list. WESTERN REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, London, Ont.

IS YOUR LEG BETTER? Hundreds suffer from Ulcers and Running Sores. Clotting will cure the worst sores. Mrs. L. Lindsay says: "I have doctored since last August, found no relief, never had a good night's rest till last night. One application had marvelous effect, gave me unbroken night's rest, 25c. druggists, or Clotting Co., Toronto. Money refunded not satisfactory."

Coal yields on an average 10,000 feet of gas per ton. The best coal will yield 17,000 feet.

Ask for Minard's and take no other

The Academy of Music at New York is the largest theatre in the world. It will seat 4,700 people.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. The most reliable remedy for colds, coughs, and croup. E. W. Groves' signature is on each box. 25c.

In a heavy gale Atlantic waves are sometimes 45 feet from trough to crest, and their crests 600 feet apart.

A Cure for Rheumatism.—The intrusion of uric acid into the blood vessels is a fruitful cause of rheumatism. Pills always felt strong and well. "I know that Dodd's Kidney Pills saved my life and restored me to health and strength."

"I believe they will cure any case of Rheumatism, for I never knew but had a case as my own and they cured me."

Whitewash made of quicklime and wood-ashes will destroy moss on tiles.

Minard's Liment is used by Physicians

The newest match-machine makes 650,000 matches an hour, or 5,280,000 in a working day of eight hours.

It may be only a trifling cold, but neglect it and it will fasten its fangs in your lungs, and you will soon be carried to an untimely grave. In this country we have sudden changes and must expect to have coughs and colds. We cannot avoid them, but we can effect a cure by using Bickel's and Compound Syrup, the medicine that has never been known to fail in curing coughs, colds, bronchitis and all affections of the throat, lungs and chest.

The sun's surface radiates 87 times as much heat as the same area of molten steel.

Minard's Liment Lumberman's Friend

During 1901, 1,233 vessels were launched from British shipbuilding yards with a total tonnage of 1,779,673 tons.

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