



"Resurcis, not Men."

ORILLIA, 1st AUG., 1872.

MONDAY NEXT.

On Monday next, Electors of North Simcoe, you will be called upon to choose either Mr. Cook or Mr. McCarthy to represent you in the Dominion Parliament during the next five years. Reformers! are we going to allow the supporter of John A. to represent us, when we have the power in our own hands of sending a good, sound, staunch Reformer? Let us, then, be united as one, and go to the polls early on Monday, and vote for Mr. H. H. Cook. Let every vote be polled, and every man feel that it is by his vote that his candidate will be elected. Our opponents are alive to the importance of the situation, and will not leave a stone unturned. Let every friend of Mr. Cook commence work early on Monday, work earnestly till the close of the poll, and victory will be our reward.

THE NOMINATION.

The nomination of the North Riding of Simcoe took place at Barrie, on Monday. About three thousand were present. Mr. W. N. Rutledge, the returning officer, after the usual formalities, called for nominations. H. H. Cook was nominated by Mr. John Carruthers, Reeve of Nitawawaga, seconded by Mr. John Fitzgerald, Deputy Reeve of McDonte. D'Alton McCarthy was nominated by Mr. Francis Hewson, seconded by Mr. M. Quinlan, of Barrie. Hon. M. C. Cameron, Messrs. W. Lount, T. D. McConkey, and Wm. Bois were also nominated, but retired. The speaking lasted till about six o'clock, but owing to the continued uproar little was heard. As far as we could judge, the crowd was evenly divided, but, as Mr. McConkey said, the large body of electors were in favour of Mr. Cook.

MR. COOK AT JARRATT'S.

On Tuesday evening a large meeting was held at this place, about 150 being present. Mr. Cook addressed the meeting at considerable length, with force, clearness, and ability, and was listened to with marked attention, there being only some half-dozen of his opponents present. A young man named Howell, an article clerk in Mr. McCarthy's office, appeared in his defense, but made no impression whatever. In this section there will be an almost unanimous vote for Mr. Cook. A committee of fifty was organized. Cheers were given for Mr. Cook and for the Queen.

WARMINSTER.

The inhabitants of Warminster intend giving Mr. H. H. Cook a grand reception on Saturday evening next, where it is expected a large gathering will take place.

VOTE for Cook and good Government.

VOTE for Cook, and against waste of public money.

VOTE for Mr. Cook, and for placing the public moneys under the control of Parliament.

FOUR building lots south of Tecumseh street were sold by auction on Saturday, bringing fair prices.

THOUGHTFUL men of North Simcoe, both Conservative and Reform, have determined to elect Mr. H. H. Cook as their representative.

VOTE for Mr. Cook, and mark your disapproval of the bad legislation, the reckless expenditure, the unconstitutional acts, and the shameful sacrifices of the Dominion Government.

MR. EDWARD A. SCADDING, brother of Mr. H. S. Scadding, Manager of Orillia Branch of the Dominion Bank has been appointed Agent of the Northern Assurance Company for Toronto.

AGRICULTURAL SHOW.—Through the persevering energy of Messrs. Sutherland and C. Moore, a large sum has been subscribed by our citizens for prizes at the next show, which it is expected will rival any previous one held here.

At the Temperance Hall, on next Friday and Saturday evenings, Horwath's Mirror of Ireland and scenes in France and Germany, will be exhibited. This Panorama is accompanied with a Comedy Company, who are expected to add a special attraction. We feel reluctant about praising entertainments in advance, but our contemporaries where this exhibition has been cologised it very highly.

The progress of the canvass shows that Conservatives are wavering in their allegiance to Sir John, and are desirous of a change of Government. How can it be otherwise? Surely no intelligent man can be so foolish as to lose in a fervid zeal for party name all regard for the best interests of his country. The question is not Conservatism or Reform, McCarthy or Cook, but a bad government or good government, ministerialist or oppositionist.

MEETING AT ORO.

A meeting in the interest of Mr. McCarthy was held at the Township Hall, Oro, on Thursday evening. There were about 400 present. The chair was occupied by John C. Steele, Esq., Reeve of the Township, who said he believed the meeting was the largest ever held in the hall, and he hoped the same order would be observed that was usual at that township. He then called upon Mr. McCarthy to address the meeting.

Mr. McCarthy acknowledged that the large gathering was attributable to the fact that the Hon. Mr. McKellar had been invited to attend. He then gave a very fair address on Agriculture and Immigration, taking great care to avoid touching upon other "questions of the day." He concluded by saying that there was not one question that divided the people of this country at the present time. During this speech, the applause was not very encouraging to Mr. McCarthy, and when he had concluded, he went to the door and instructed his imported disturbers what to do. The following report of Mr. McKellar's speech is condensed from the Globe:

The Hon. A. McKellar was called for by the meeting, and on rising was received with loud and continued cheering. He said that he appeared there on behalf of his friend Mr. Cook, and had not been aware before he came that it was Mr. McCarthy's meeting. Before proceeding to discuss some of the questions before the country, and to criticize the remarks of Mr. McCarthy, he would ask him a question. He said that the Blake Administration had done a number of things which were decidedly wrong, and that he himself (Mr. McKellar) had been guilty of "at least one little dirty thing." He believed it was usual in making an indictment to state the offence charged, and asked Mr. McCarthy to state what these things were, and give him British fair play by enabling him to reply. (Great cheering.) Mr. McCarthy said that he had only to mention the Protest outrage. There had been a report made by a committee selected by Mr. McKellar himself or by his leader. That report stood to-day, it was true not confirmed, but at least now voted down. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. McKellar said he never felt prouder in his life. (Loud applause.) He had been sixteen years in public life; he believed, during that period, he had recorded as many votes as any other man in the House; he had been an active missionary, as Mr. McKellar had stated, and he trusted not without some fruits of his labours (laughter); and he challenged him and his party to take the sixteen volumes of the Journals of the House and lay their hands upon a single vote upon which they could find any charge against him. (Cheers.) The only thing that they had to state was this Protest outrage! (Laughter) The Government had done them the justice to put three members of the Opposition on that Committee and three on their own side, while it ought to be known to Mr. McCarthy, if he knew anything of his duty at all (applause), that every Government should have, and properly too, a majority of their supporters on their committee. (Hear, hear.) The offence charged was simply this: A Mr. Lewis was a priest in the town of Toronto, late one evening to see him (McKellar), when he was out. He didn't know what Mr. Lewis wanted, and when he returned he said he would see him in the morning. Mr. Lewis said he was going to Protest, and wished to know what the policy of the Government was in reference to the Protest outrage. (Hear, hear.) McKellar told him that their policy was precisely the same in regard to that as it was in regard to every other question—that whatever they advocated on the Opposition side they would advocate and carry into law on the Ministerial side of the House. (Loud applause.)

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The new Roman Catholic Church in this town was dedicated on Sunday last. It is a handsome Gothic edifice, of brick. The building is 140x42 feet; the main part of the building is 73x42 feet, capable of seating about 600 persons; chancel 18 feet; tower, 11 feet; spire, 120 feet high. The base is of Ramas old stone, capped with white brick. The church is placed in a commanding situation, on the hill on West street, overlooking the town and lake, and when the spire is completed, will form one of the most prominent ornaments of our town.

The Dedication ceremony was conducted by Archbishop Lynch, assisted by Rev. J. B. Proulx, Dean of Toronto, and Revs. Campbell, Finan and Gribbin. The Archbishop and Dean had been at Penetanguishene, and on Saturday went in Father Kennedy's steamer to Coldwater, where they were met by Rev. K. Campbell, and several members of the congregation from Orillia. During their stay here they were the guests of Mr. Thomas Mulcahy.

On Sunday morning the people began to assemble early, and before the services were commenced, the seats and aisles of the building were completely filled, and many were compelled to remain outside. The heat, especially within the building, was very oppressive, and two persons were completely prostrated by it; they had to be removed. After the ceremony of blessing the walls and other parts of the church, the morning service was sung. The Archbishop then administered the Sacrament to a large number, and afterwards preached a suitable sermon.

In the afternoon the rite of confirmation was administered to a large number. The usual afternoon service was also held. The collections amounted to \$500, for which very liberal contributions we have been requested to express the thanks of the Managers.

It is but right to mention that Mr. Colin Smith had charge of the mason and brick work; Oliver & Co. were contractors for the carpenter work, and the whole was done under the superintendence of Mr. A. G. Robinson.

APART altogether from his argument in reference to the best railway route through Muskoka, our correspondent "Onward" mentions a highly important fact, which goes to prove that the District is not all so rough as the parts seen from the present Colonization Roads. He says a new road from Gravenhurst has been located twenty miles "without a hill worth speaking about;" and that the report in regard to the Port Carling and Parry Sound road is equally favorable.

BIBLE SOCIETY MEETING.

The anniversary meeting of Orillia Branch Bible Society was held in the Temperance Hall, on Monday evening, the 29th July, at 8 p.m. Rev. A. Stewart, Vice-President, took the chair. After a hymn had been sung, the Rev. Dr. Fowler read the 28th Chapter of Matthew and offered prayer.

The Chairman addressed the meeting, alluding to the death of our late President, for whose loss we felt sorrow, but not grief, eulogized his character and integrity, and his catholic spirit, and said that our Society, now holding its 18th anniversary, owed much of its prosperity to his constant interest, judicious advice and fostering care. He glanced at the progress of the cause throughout the world, which he described as highly encouraging, and often even startlingly so, and concluded by referring to our duty with regard to the new country to the north of us, describing the hardships and toils of the new settlers whose condition is far more desolate and dreary "without the Bible, and insisted that the occasional calling of a colporteur is not enough, but that we require a man to spend his time constantly in that district.

The Chairman called upon Mr. Alport to read the Annual Report, which is crowded out of this issue—it will appear in our next. Mr. Dallas, Treasurer and Depository, read the Financial Report, which showed a satisfactory increase of receipts for the past two years.

Rev. Dr. Fowler moved the adoption of the Reports, and that the following be the officers-bearers for the ensuing year:—

President—A. J. Alport, Esq. Vice-Presidents—Rev. J. Gray, Rev. A. Stewart, and Jas. Sanson and R. J. Oliver, Esqs. Treasurer and Depository—Thos. Dallas, Esq. Corresponding Secretary—J. Perry, Esq. Recording Secretary—J. Cuppaga, Esq. Committee—Rev. Dr. Fowler, F. J. Hamilton, J. P. Henderson, J. World, J. Wallace, G. J. Booth, S. Wainwright, F. Evans, Esqs., and Dr. Sanderson.

In his discourse but eloquent speech, the Reverend Gentleman characterized the report as one of the best that had been presented to the Society. He thought the attendance was very respectable, considering the political and other attractions, that interfered on that particular day. Said the laws of the Universe are few, and the elements simpler perhaps than chemists suppose, and it may yet turn out that one force moves all. Spoke of the Syrian scribe as described in the Bible, with its stars innumerable, and of our own winter sky, whose beauty he sometimes almost thought a compensation for the cold. What is the Gospel in a question I like to ask of people, and yet I often find them puzzled to answer it. Good news! Yes, but what is the good news? "Christ died for our sins." This truth is taken up successively by young and old, yet never gets exhausted, the well of salvation never becomes dry. He described the simple faith of the Hebrew captive maid and its effect upon the Syrian general. Then told the story of that other little maid, the Welsh girl whose love for the reading of the Bible, was the origin of this Society. I like the Bible more and more, now when it is so much attacked by secret and open enemies.

The Bible and the Bible Society have roached and entered Rome, in spite of their great enemy the Pope, and once in will not be easily put out. Spoke of progress in Germany and encouragement from the Emperor. Also in Russia, and said he hoped to see the day when this great and glorious cause would be carried on by an International Bible Society.

Dr. Sanderson shortly seconded the resolution. [Owing to a press of other matter, we are reluctantly compelled to defer the remainder of this report, including the able address delivered by Rev. J. Gemley, until next issue.]

North Ontario News.

MR. EDITOR.—The Midland Railway taking shape pretty quickly, and the grading, fencing, &c., are going on in prime style. Each contractor seems to vie with everyone else to hasten their work, and not only that but to make it very creditable also. Among these contractors I may name as prominent Messrs. Purdy, Shields, McMillan, and Hendrick. The first two are graders, the second erected the culverts, and the latter has the fencing, ties and sleepers. It is astonishing how much can be done in a quiet way, as these gentlemen conduct their work most quiet and simply. The people of Mara look on them more as good neighbours than men lately come amongst them to conduct public works. The Midland authorities must understand their business well, and exercise their judgment soundly, when they can command the services of such an efficient staff of officials to carry their noble work through. May both parties ultimately be crowned with a most happy termination of their public work, a vast improvement in our midst.

Mrs. Mulvihill, the excellent wife of our excellent townsman and citizen, Mr. Thomas Mulvihill, Blacksmith, of Upergore, bore him a fine young son a few days ago. And better still, the young son and mother are doing well.

VERITAS.

26th July, 1872.

CANADA expects that every elector in North Simcoe will do his duty on Monday next.

VOTING A DUTY.—We would impress upon every elector that it is his bounden duty to exercise the franchise which it is his privilege to possess. Each elector is responsible, in a measure, for the action of Parliament, and for the conduct of his own particular representative. To abstain from voting is a course as reprehensible as to deliberately vote for an unworthy candidate. Unreliable men are often elected to Parliament merely through the apathy of their constituencies.

Local Matters.

VOTE. VOTE early. VOTE for Cook. It is your duty to vote. ONLY one day's polling.

NEXT Monday will be polling day. THE members of the Bradford Fire Co. have an excursion to Orillia, to-day.

THE Midland construction parties are making good progress in this vicinity.

RAIN.—There were some very heavy showers during Sunday night and Monday. You can get all the local news for two cents a week, by subscribing for THE EXPOSITOR.

THE Orillia Brass Band accompanied Mr. Cook's friends to the Nomination on Monday.

REV. MUNGO FRASER, of Barrie, will conduct the services in the Presbyterian Church, next Sabbath morning and evening.

PERSONAL.—Lieut.-Col. Boulton, President of the Midland Railway, was in this town two or three days during the past week.

MR. GEORGE MEAD, Barber, finds his business growing steadily, and is about to add another chair and assistant to his "facilities."

MATRIMONIAL.—At the close of the first service in the Roman Catholic Church, on last Sunday, Father Campbell published the banns for four couples.

ABOUT seven hundred persons went from this town to attend the nomination at Barrie on Monday. They went by special train, provided by the candidates.

A FEW weeks since, two gentlemen from Pennsylvania, with Mr. Wm. Jackson, caught 553 speckled trout during one day, in this vicinity. The party left town in the morning, and returned at 3 o'clock p.m.

W. DOUGLAS, of the Commercial School, has purchased the necessary apparatus for Telegraphing, and intends, at the opening of his school, to teach Telegraphing and Phonography.

GOOD TEMPLES.—A full attendance of the members of Hiawatha Temple is requested on Friday evening, at eight o'clock, sharp. Interesting and important business will be transacted.

POLLING PLACES.—In Orillia Village, all electors residing North of Mississauga street vote at the Drill Shed; those assessed for property South of Mississauga street, in the Temperance Hall.

REV. J. GEMLEY, Agent of the Bible Society, last Sunday, conducted the services at the Presbyterian Church in the morning, and at the Wesleyan Methodist Church in the evening. BETWEEN boating, bathing, the blasphemy and bartering in boats which may be seen and heard at almost any hour on Sunday, in the vicinity of the wharf, Orillia appears likely to gain an unenviable notoriety for desecration of the Sabbath.

MANY of our local readers remember Prof. Chalauka, former Bandmaster of the 35th Battalion Band, and will be pleased to learn that he was recently presented with a splendid badge and neck-tie, by Victoria Lodge of Orange Young Britons, Port Hope. Mr. Chalauka is now Band Master of the 40th Batt. Band, Cobourg. TARGET PRACTICE.—Yesterday afternoon, a squad of No. 7 Company turned out for target practice, under command of Capt. Burnet. Some very good scores were made. The following are the highest two:—Sergt. Humme, 100 yds., 16; 200 yds., 18; 300 yds., 16; total, 50 points. Ensign Strathern, 15, 17, 15; total, 47 points.

It is an offence against our municipal laws to bathe in front of the town on weekdays, surely all will admit that those are at least equally guilty who bathe within the proscribed limits on Sunday. On last Sabbath afternoon, three persons were swimming before the old Asylum. We trust if this offence be repeated, the Inspector will make a few examples as a warning.

OUR subscribers at Rugby complain that they do not receive THE EXPOSITOR until Monday. The delay they suppose occurs at Hawkestone, which post office is, we are told, in charge of a very worthy official, but who is by increasing years becoming unable to attend to his duties with that punctuality the public service demands. If this be true, the Government should make proper provision for an official who has grown old in their service, and relieve him from active duty.

MESSRS. DISSETTE & HOT's new harness shop is the finest north of Toronto, and indeed it would compare favorably with some well-known establishments in the Queen City. The show room is a well fitted up room, 40x25 feet. In rear of this is a work-shop, large enough for fifteen men to work in without uncomfortable crowding. The second story is occupied as a dwelling. When we state that there are two other good saddlery and harness establishments in Orillia, strangers will be able to form an idea of the extent of this trade here.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Mr. Charles W. Doyle, who had recently opened a small grocery on east Mississauga street, died very suddenly on Saturday. Deceased had received injuries by falling off a horse, about a year ago, from which he became subject to fits. On Friday last he ate a hearty breakfast, and told his wife if he kept on improving he would shortly take a trip to the sea-side. At about 11 o'clock a.m., feeling unwell, he walked up to his bed, was seized with a fit, and never uttered a word after. He died on Saturday morning.

ATTEMPTED BURGLARY.—On Thursday night, burglars made an attempt to rob from the safe in the office of the Georgian Bay Lumbering Company, in this town. Entrance was effected by bursting in the door, and an effort made to break open the door of the safe, with a sledge, which,

with other tools, had been taken from Mr. Warnica's blacksmith shop. In the morning both doors of the office were found unfastened, and the tools—the handle of the sledge broken—lying about, with an appearance of having been hastily deserted. The safe was somewhat dinged, and the knob knocked off, but there was no further damage which would indicate that even if left undisturbed, the burglars would have succeeded in getting their hands on the large sum of money it contained. It is thought probable that the thieves were disturbed in their operations by the return of a number of parties who had been attending a political meeting at Warminster. Mr. Warnica was with this party, and noticing that the door of his shop was open, went in, but could not see that anything had been disturbed, so he refastened the door, and thought no more of the circumstance until next morning.

MR. EDITOR.—Permit me through your columns to say a few words on the all-engrossing topic—Politics. As it is my first appearance before you, I must congratulate you on your being the proprietor of a journal which is a vehicle of truth, only, whose columns will never, with your permission, be prostituted to propagate falsehood or distortion of facts, for political or any other purposes whatever. May you long live in Orillia to prosecute your noble enterprise. Although the Light of others may go out in obscure darkness, may you continue to be the expositor of honest, healthy, sound principles.

At the meeting on Tuesday evening, 23rd inst., Mr. Lount did exceedingly well for a young man. Before so large an audience, he clearly made out a case, against the Government, of bad legislation; and showed by statements which can be substantiated by documents, to prove, beyond a doubt, that so much mal-administration deprives them of a nation's confidence. Mr. Lount put the matter fairly and squarely that a change in the Administration was required.

Mr. Cameron's reply is spoken of as every clever speech. The Conservatives would like to carry the idea that he crushed his opponent, and showed that the Ottawa Government was the best in the world. If sophistry, misrepresentation and perversion of facts make a good speech, then it was one, but in no other sense. Mr. Cameron being retained by the Government (his client) to defend them, he having a lame case on his hands can only try to maintain his reputation for cleverness, while he does not expect a verdict from the jury (his country) in their favour. There was little eloquence in his speech, for the reason that there were no noble sentiments to inspire the speaker with eloquent words. There was no burst of patriotic feeling, though he was lauding a nation which he expected soon to be second to none in the world. We thought one time when treating upon the pacification of Nova Scotia, that he would wax eloquent, but the sight of the filthy loaves paid to save a would-be revolting Province from Annexation to the United States; and the thought that the Imperial Act of Confederation had been rudely broken, clipped the wings of Mercury, and he failed to rise. In speaking of Manitoba he laid the whole blame of the rebellion upon the Globe, which was false; for it is well known, in political circles, that Riel was only a Figure Head, the rebellion was contrived, carried on, and ended just to suit certain parties who wanted to make a good bargain for Manitoba, and they got a good bargain. The Globe had nothing to do with it. Nor had that bugbear, George Brown; but it is said that another George knew something about it. The Globe speaks of this meeting as disorderly and too demonstrative, while Mr. Cameron spoke of it very differently; he said it was very orderly, and good attention paid to the speaking; that with such meetings as these they would be able to educate the people as to their rights. Such educators, forsooth! Nay, but he is regarded by numbers as a deceiver of the people. Your conferees say that every lover of his country and every admirer of British Institutions owe a debt of gratitude to Mr. Cameron, for his speech that night. Who got Responsible Government, a Transcript of the British Constitution? Not the Conservatives. Who gave their Martyrs to the cause of equal rights, in 1837-8, and sent the family equal to the wall? Not men of the Cameron stripe. Who ignore Responsibility at Ottawa and when the Reformers try to place Public funds under Parliamentary control, vote it down? Who have retained office at any cost, exhibited in all their acts as plainly as though it was branded on their foreheads? John A. and his supporters. Who opposed many of the best measures to benefit our country, till wrested from them by the Reformers, and then turned round and claimed the credit of them? Admirers of the British Institutions, not of the present day, but of the days of the Stewarts, when, like our Rulers at Ottawa, the Executive resented it as a great indignity to be asked, by the people, what they did with Public money.

Electors of North Simcoe, do not be deceived into voting for a supporter of that Government, whose recklessness will plunge our country into debt for generations to come. Vote for the people's candidate. Who will honestly support Responsible Government throughout our Dominion.

EQUAL RIGHTS.

Orillia, July 25th, 1872.

THE Bradford News says the crops thro' the townships of West Gwillimbury and Tecumseth are most promising. The Spring Wheat, Barley, and Oats will yield one of the largest crops that has been known for years.

A PERSON who pretends to know from experience, says that an abundant crop of berries is an unfailing sign of a heavy harvest. The berry crop this year has been remarkably good, and we believe there is no doubt that the farmers will have full barns; so be it.

The Railway Route Through Muskoka.

EDITOR OF THE EXPOSITOR.—Dear Sir, In my reply to the Hamilton Spectator, I promised to have an "eye to the interests of Toronto" in the great railway race. Bear with me while, in fulfillment of that promise, "through the columns of your widely circulated journal" I convey to those interested a few facts picked up in my rambles since I last addressed you. I then pointed out that a wrong course had been adopted after leaving Orillia; but the selection having been made, let us make the best we can of it; as the railroad has already been located to Gravenhurst, let us start from that point. The distance from Gravenhurst to Parry Sound via Bracebridge, is 66 miles, through a very hilly country, where a railroad would be both difficult and expensive to construct, and also very expensive to keep in running order, especially in winter in section of country where the snow averages four feet deep at that season. Fortunately for all interested in the Toronto line, the west-side of Muskoka Lake presents a much shorter and a much more level route. A new road has lately been located, and is now under contract, from Gravenhurst to Muskoka Falls, which, according to Mr. Campbell, (the gentleman by whom it was located), is the longest level stretch of road he has met with in Muskoka, in an experience of several years. It has been located for twenty miles without a hill worth speaking about. And the Port Carling and Parry Sound road, nearly completed, is reported equally favourably. Distance from Gravenhurst to Parry Sound, 46 miles—nearly one-third shorter—to which add the extra cost of the constructing on the first-mentioned route, and the saving by the shorter line must be in the immediate neighbourhood of fifty per cent.

Distance from Hamilton to Parry Sound via Lakes Muskoka and Joseph, 162; from Toronto, via Bracebridge, 178 miles—via Gravenhurst, Lakes Muskoka and Joseph, 156 miles; leaving out the Orillia route, which, as I pointed out in my last, is 153 miles. Yours, waiting my time, ONWARD.

Northern Observatory, 24th July, 1872.

Editor of THE EXPOSITOR.

DEAR SIR, I was anxious to know if Mr. Dodge, a live Yankee, could be a "fossil Tory," as such would be one of the seven wonders. His address denies it. However, they will try all arts, and even fish with the Tory shilling in the loose waters of Politics, to gain monied men, as well as men of good intellect, to their party. The beautiful upholders of the succession of the "Judahs" principle of every man has his price, we think are something besides genuine. The dead issues of the past are not to be forgotten. For the last five years we had some experience of the nature of some such political millennium as Mr. Dodge would like to see established in Canada. A coalition of Liberals of both parties was established by general consent, to strengthen and foster the young union of the Provinces into a firm and strong nation, instead of disintegrated fractions. In that they have succeeded to some extent. But the hand of irresponsible Tyranny is showing itself in different ways, by the so-called Liberal Government. It is very difficult to unite the extreme fragments of the two parties into a formidable opposition, unless in the presence of the most barbed tyranny. Perpetual vigilance on the part of the people, is the price of Liberty, and Liberty is the golden rule, "Do unto others as you would wish others to do unto you." Whatever differs from this, approaches tyranny on the one side, or slavery on the other, in a greater or less degree. I would not like to see Reformers very long in office, any more than Tories, as unscrupulousness increases with power, and length of time smooths the wheels of the Government machinery, so as to be brought to bear, with more fatal effect, against free institutions.

A REFORMER.

Mara, July 30th, 1872.

VOTE for Cook and good measures. It is believed that the week ending last Sunday was the worst on record in its catalogue of murder and homicides in New York, the number being nine.

ABOUT four weeks ago a driver for Mr. Tindle, through carelessness, upset a wagon and contents, consisting of a commercial traveller's boxes, into the Coldwater river, damaging the contents and injuring the horses. This week Mr. Tindle settled the bill of damages to the goods of the traveller, amounting to \$250, without going to court.

THE unpopularity of the Government candidate, and the improbability of his success, are not at all pleasant for his friends to contemplate. We asked a gentleman on the street the other day whom he would vote for. His reply was more honest than discreet, when he said, "For McCarthy, although I know very well that Cook is going to be elected." When Mr. McCarthy's own supporters are forced to make such a confession, it is pardonable if the Reformers should indulge in a little quiet congratulation.—Bulletin.

A CASE of considerable importance to farmers was tried at Lucan last Monday before J. McMillhargey, J.P. The action was brought by a Mrs. Hogan, against one John Tobey for allowing Canada thistles to go to seed on the farm which he leases from her. The charge was proved, but as it was the first time the law was put in force in that section of country, the magistrate mitigated the fine to \$2 and \$5.50 costs. Farmers will do well to bear in mind that they render themselves liable to fine if they allow Canada thistles to come to full blow on their farms, and whether they are owners or occupiers it makes no difference for the law seeks to prevent the spread of the noxious weed.