Publisher's Notice.

THE CANADIAN POST.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Five cents per line (solid type) nonpareil, first insertion; three cents each subsequent insertion.

Reading notices in local columns, 10c. per line first insertion; 5c. each subsequent insertion.

Small condensed advertisements such as wanted cattle, teachers wanted, farms for sale (six or eight lines) $1.00 cash for three or less insertions. If more than eight lines an additional proportionate charge is made.

Liberal discount to merchants for business advertisements by the year or for a shorter term. Rates made known on application.

WILSON & WILSON, Proprietors.

A. H. WILSON. F. W. WILSON.

The Canadian Post.

LINDSAY, FRIDAY, NOV. 18, 1892.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Gathered from the Telegraph and Exchanges.

—The Suez canal was projected by an Egyptian king as early as 600 B. C.

—The Allan steamship Sarmatian, bound for Glasgow, went ashore during a fog Thursday about thirteen miles below Montreal.

—The British Isles, commonly supposed to include only half a dozen islands, really comprise more than 1,000.

—In a fire at Norfolk, Va., 30,000 bags of peanuts were destroyed. The loss, including buildings, was $250,000.

—The decomposed bodies of nineteen persons have been found in the cellar of a suspected burglar's house in Sordjisky, Poland.

—A despatch from St. John's, Nfld., states that as a result of the gale of Oct. 19 six vessels were lost or are missing and two lives are known to have been lost.

—Miss Sarah Sheppard, aged 104, was burned to death at Brazil, Ind., Wednesday. It is supposed a spark from a pipe she was smoking set fire to her clothing.

—There does not appear to be any proof that Tuesday's explosion in Paris was the work of the Carmaux strikers. Parisian anarchists appear to be responsible for the Saturday act.

—The amount appropriated last year for public schools by the Russian government was but $2,892,900, while the amount expended by the state of New York alone in 1890 was $18,214,687.

—A prohibition association was organized at Ingersoll, Ont., on Wednesday evening, at a union temperance prayer meeting, at which the several religious denominations were represented.

—At Bradford, Pa., a tramp threw a bucket of burning petroleum over John Taggart, a 14-year-old boy, Saturday, and the boy died. The tramp was saved by officers from being lynched.

—The money changing hands in the Fifth avenue hotel and the Hoffman house, New York, on Wednesday evening of last week on the results of the presidential election amounted to over one hundred thousand dollars.

—Robert Brewer, accountant of the house of commons, and his assistant, Capt. Bolton, have been suspended for irregularities discovered by the audit office in the fund out of which the sessional indemnity of members is paid.

—The body of a young man was found floating in the canal basin near Central Mill Rock, on the American side of Niagara Falls, Thursday morning. The unfortunate man was evidently a stranger in the neighborhood, and his identity has not yet been discovered.

—Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the English liberal-unionist leader, points out that the condition of trade is as bad in protected countries as in England, from which he reasons that the causes are not principally connected with tariffs.

—The much-talked of German army bill may not be presented to the reichstag after all, owing to the fear of its defeat. It is considered quite possible that both Count Waldersee and Prince Bismarck will be returned to power by the emperor.

—A Hungarian named Seachrowski was terribly murdered near Clearwater river, Idaho, by a countryman named Peterski for some supposed indignity. Peterski, while his victim slept, poured molten lead into his ear, causing almost instant death.

—Osman Digna, who has been reported a dozen of times, has reappeared in the Soudan. With a number of his followers he has occupied Sinkat and has defied close to Suakim. An Egyptian outpost fifty miles from Suakim has been evacuated. The friendly tribes fled before the raiders.

—The south bound Santa Fe train was held up and robbed by five masked men Thursday night of last week at Wharton, I.T., a lonely station in the Cherokee strip, where the train has been robbed before. The only booty secured was the arms of the trainmen and a few small packages of express matter.

—Carl Wilhelm Amonderf, heir to the estate of his father, worth a million dollars, in Berlin, has been located in Kansas City. He is a porter in the saloon of Henry Woolstein and is known as Pencil Charley. His mother was notified and she promptly sent money with which to pay his passage home.

—Baravele, the Genoa waiter who so brutally murdered Frank Reilly, one of the crew of the U. S. S. Newark, while the warship was at that port taking part in the Columbus fetes, has been found guilty of manslaughter and sentenced to 12 years and six months' imprisonment. He was also condemned to pay an indemnity and costs.

—The steam whaler Beluga, which arrived at San Francisco from the Arctic Friday last, brought the news of the destruction of the whaling bark Helen Mac, Captain Thaxter, and the loss of 35 of her crew. Only five of the vessel's men were saved. She was crushed in the ice without warning and the officers and men had no time to lower the boat and get away.

—An inquest was held Thursday afternoon over the body of Mrs. Ezekiel Smith of Ridgetown, Ont., who died Thursday from the effects of drinking the contents of a large box of rough on rats in some way. Deceased had formerly intimated to a friend that she was tired of life and intended to end her trouble. The jury decided that the deceased had ended her life with suicidal intent.

—Mr. Wm. Clark's felt factory, West Hamboro, near Dundee, was on Saturday the scene of a most distressing accident to Saturday. It appears that Miss Maloney, one of the employees, had finished her work and was going downstairs to the wash room; on her way she had to pass a shaft which was revolving at a very high rate of speed. Her clothing got caught by the shaft, and in an instant the unfortunate girl was wound around the shaft and crushed to death. Miss Maloney was the sole support of a widowed mother.

—A mill collapsed in Oppru, Moravia, Friday shortly before the hands were to leave for the night. Almost 200 people were in the building at the time. When the walls began to crack the men in the basement and on the ground floor ran out. The men and girls above started down stairs. In the panic the stairway collapsed and before anybody could struggle out of the ruins the whole building came down. About fifty persons were caught in the bricks and broken timber. Several were rescued, but it is supposed that thirty-five or forty were killed. The dead bodies of twenty have been removed and the debris will undoubtedly reveal many more. The ruins are being cleared away as rapidly as possible. The mill was flimsily built and the operation of heavy machinery on the second floor is believed to have caused the collapse. The police are looking for the builder and will arrest him.

—A explosion of natural gas in an excavation at Monroe-st. and Michigan ave., Chicago, last night, demolished every window for a block in every direction. Men were working in the excavation, but only two were injured. The value of the glass destroyed is $25,000. Cause of the accident unknown.

—The will of the late dowager queen of Wurtemberg bequeaths $84,000,000 marks. Of this sum, 10,000 000 marks is given to her niece, Princess Vera of Wurtemberg, and several million marks to Princess Vera's two daughters. The king of Wurtemberg receives 10,000,000 marks. The remainder is widely distributed among other relatives.

—The Russian iron-clad cruiser Barik, the largest vessel of the kind ever built in Russia, was launched Thursday in the presence of the czar and czarina. She is 435 feet long, 67 feet beam, 1,933 tons burden, and her engines are of 13,250 horse power. It is believed she will be able to cover the voyage from Cronstadt to Vladivostock, 19,000 miles, without coaling.

—"Wild-Goose Bill" arrived at Spokane, Wash., the other day from Okanagon county, bringing news of the burning of seven Indians near Almo on Monday night. They had come across from the reservation and got drunk, and the United States marshal drove them back. They went to an abandoned cabin and held an orgie until about 2 o'clock in the morning. About that hour settlers observed a bright light, and investigation showed that the cabin had caught fire and burned with the Indians, who were in a drunken stupor.

—The experiments with the new Manlicher rifle by German experts have proved that the weapon is in every way satisfactory. The new rifle fires 120 rounds a minute and is sighted up to 2,700 yards, (over a mile and a half). It is of smaller bore than previous Manlichers. The bullets have increased velocity, the weight of the cartridges is lessened and the recoil is reduced to the minimum. Shots can be fired in rapid succession or at any desired interval. The experts pronounce the mechanism of the new weapon to be sound and simple. Though it pours out a hailstorm of bullets, it does not become too hot to handle.

—The English statesman, Mulhall, who is probably the highest authority in the world on the subject of manufactures, gives the following as the value of the manufactures of each of the leading nations in 1888, the latest date for which he is able to obtain full and reliable figures: Austria, $1,265,000 000; France, $2 425,000,000; Germany, $2,915 000,000; Russia, $1,815,000,000; Great Britain, $4,100 000 000; United States, $7 215 000,000; and other countries, $2,635,000,000, a total of $22,370,000 000. Thus it will be seen that the United States does about 75 per cent more manufacturing than Great Britain, and about one-third of that of the whole world.

—M. Hichad, vice-president of the chamber of commerce of Paris, entered into an agreement a few months ago with the liquidator of the Panama canal company by which he undertook to form a company to continue work on the canal, in order to prevent the lapsing of the concession granted to the old company by the government of Columbia. M. Hielard's plan for the organization of the company provides that a syndicate with a capital of 180 000,000 francs shall take over all the existing assets of the old Panama canal company, and that the latter shall receive 5 per cent. of the new capital and one-half of the net profits.

—With lake navigation nearing a close, it is now evident that iron ore shipments from the Lake Superior region for 1892 will be about 9 000 000 gross tons, and it is estimated that shipments next season from the new Mesaba iron mines of Minnesota will equal a total movement in 1893 of 13,000,000 tons. Forty-nine new vessels, valued at $6,909,505, are now being built in lake ship yards to care for this increased traffic, and at Cleveland and other ports on Lake Erie the railway and dock companies are preparing to expend large sums of money for improvements in dock facilities. At Conneaut, Ohio, a new port has been opened, and $300,000 expended in ore and coal docks, which are connected with the iron and coal districts in the vicinity of Pittsburg, by the new Pittsburg, Cheneno and Lake Erie railway. The first cargo of ore has just been delivered at these docks, and it is estimated that they will handle 900,000 tons next season.

—A St. Petersburg special of Friday last says: A woman named Akkerman, a giantess in stature and strength, sought shelter at the house of a peasant woman named Yooreski Sariers. They became quite friendly and drank a quantity of vodka. When the liquor gave out Yooreski went out to get another bottle. When she returned she was almost struck dumb with horror on finding that her guest in her absence had killed her baby, gnawed the soft parts of its body and sucked its blood and brains. The woman was then in the act of attempting to kill another child. The mother rushed in and attempted to save her child, but the visitor struck the little girl with a bludgeon and killed her. The mother's brain was turned by the terrible scene and she became a raving maniac. She attempted to kill herself, but neighbors who had been attracted by her wild shrieks prevented her. The Akkerman woman made a desperate resistance, but was overpowered and locked up.

—A trial in which most popular interest is displayed began Saturday last at Konigratz, Germany. A merchant of the place named Joseph Sura was arraigned to answer a charge of setting fire to his house at night and then throwing his wife into the burning building. It appears that Sura fell in love with his wife's sister, a girl of eighteen. He desired to marry her, and determined to get rid of his wife that he might be free to do so. He thought that by setting his house on fire, after removing the most valuable articles from it, and having his wife burn to death would be an easy and safe way to get rid of her. Unfortunately for himself his plans miscarried, inasmuch as before all hope of escaping from the burning building was cut off Mrs. Sura awoke and rushed out. Sura, however, was not to be baffled this way. He seized his wife, and carrying her to the house deliberately threw her into the fire. Neighbors who saw the act went to her rescue and took her out, but not until she was frightfully burned. Mrs. Sura is only 21 years old, and was a pretty woman.

—A London despatch says:—A post mortem examination of the Duke of Marlborough, who died on Wednesday last, was held to determine beyond any doubt the cause of his death and it was found that calcareous degeneration of one of the large vessels of the heart was the cause of death. The dukedom will be the heaviest downgraded title in the peerage. The widows of the sixth and seventh dukes are still alive. Next comes Lady Blandford, the late duke's first wife, who secured a divorce from him, and lastly the present duchess. The jointures of these four will add to the drain upon the revenues of the estate, which still reach £235 000 yearly, but which are heavily encumbered. The new duke is physically a contrast to the general run of Churchills. He is small and slim, with a neat figure. His features resemble those of the first duke of Marlborough. He has a high forehead and an aquiline nose. He is now at Trinity college, Cambridge university, where he has proved an able student. At the same time he is a clever polo and cricket player and a bold rider to hounds. He has something of his father's art tastes, being already well known to Bond-st. dealers in antiques.

MIDLAND DISTRICT NOTES.

—A horrible accident occurred at Sudbury on Nov. 1st, by which a Frenchman named A. St. Jean was cut into pieces. It appears that he was going to Naughton, a short distance from Sudbury, to work with the steel gang on the C.P.R. Immediately after the train started the trainmen heard what they supposed to be a plank breaking under the cars, but on bringing the train to a standstill they discovered the mangled remains of poor St. Jean dragging under the cow-catcher.

—Belleville has a sensation. Some fishermen, after drawing in their seines, have found some long brown hair adhering to the lead line. The hair was evidently that of a woman, but no body was dragged to the shore by the net. The fishermen are of the opinion that the body—as to the presence of which in the water they are satisfied, as the hair appears to have been torn from a skull—is either anchored with a stone or sunk in the mud, which is quite deep in that locality.

—In the early days of Muskoka a gentleman prospecting through the country found himself at nightfall near a little two-storey log cabin. Having been granted the privilege of staying all night, he was shown to the attic, where he found a couple of hounds, who, as his host explained, always slept there. As he was disrobing he gave a mighty sneeze, whereupon the two hounds grabbed instantly at each other a moment and then with one accord bolted out of the single window the room contained. The hostess, hearing the racket, appeared above and enquired the cause. "Why," said the guest, "I sneezed, and the hounds locked at each other a moment and then flew out of the window." "Oh! that's it, is it? I'll tell you the reason they did that. I always whale them for sneezing around the house, so when you sneezed each thought the other one was the culprit and jumped out of the window to escape punishment."

ONTARIO W. C. T. U.

Report of the Meeting held at Belleville.

[By a Lindsay delegate.]

According to appointment we attended the fifteenth annual convention of the W. C. T. U., held in Belleville during the last week of October. At the outset it may not be amiss to make a few general remarks.

From what we saw and heard we believe the Woman's Caristian Temperance Union to be one of the grandest and best organizations with which this earth is blessed. Our field of labor is the world. Our total membership is 200,000. In this, our own Dominion, we are 7,000 strong. In Ontario there are 3,766 paying members, 485 honorary members, besides 7,346 Bands of Hope children, altogether making a total of 11,607. The work includes twenty-one distinct departments. From what we saw and heard we deem it a great privilege, a pleasure and an honor to attend such an assembly. In comparing the work done by this union with that of other unions it appears we are far, far from where we might be. And what is the reason? One reason seems to be our neglect to get and use the annual reports; another is not taking the Woman's Journal, the official organ of the W. C. T. U. in Canada.

And worst of all, many of us do not give to this great work the time and attention we should. It often takes second or third place, and sometimes no place at all, when compared with the work of other societies In order that the work done by every other Christian or benevolent society may be effectual it is necessary to throw our whole influence against the curse of our land and of all lands. Is it not a fact that sometimes the same vessel that bears away the missionary has on board the rum cask and whiskey barrel? Is it not possible that the same lips that repeat the golden text: in Sunday school class may have smacked over the brandy sauce at dinner? Is it not possible that many children in the Sunday schools may have come from homes where alcoholic liquors are used as household remedies for all ailments, from a mosquito bite to a cancer? Would it not be absurd for us to place camphor and other disinfectants in our parlors and attics while there was a cesspool at our doors, sending forth the germs of diphtheria or typhoid fever? And still the saloon is sending forth a more deadly influence. Can we, as citizens of Canada and mothers of the future men of this Dominion afford to be half-hearted or indifferent towards this great work? We pity, we sympathize with the women of India, China and Japan. That is perfectly right, but at the same time let us not forget that many of the fathers, the husbands and the sons of our land occupy just about the lowest level of humanity by indulging in strong drink. We now give our report, which is merely a synopsis of the proceedings at Belleville, October 25th. The convention met in the Royal Templars' hall, President Mrs. Cavers in the chair. One hundred delegates were present. On the walls hung several banners, the handsomest being those of Toronto, Hamilton and London; the most dingy and inferior that of Victoria county. The prize banner was awarded to Middlesex county. After devotional exercise Mrs. Fawcett read the report of prisoners, showing that the union had been instrumental in having prisoners properly classified. Boys under fourteen are not now associated with older criminals. Several corporations have been induced to pass by-laws prohibiting children from being on the streets after a certain hour at night. An attempt has been made by the union to have female prisoners attended at their trial by a woman instead of a constable; also to have them escorted by a matron from the police court to the gaol.

Report on purity in literature shewed that the W. C. T. U. had been instrumental in prohibiting the entrance of large quantities of obscene literature from the United States. Also reports on Sabbath observance and unfermented liquors were read. The meeting then adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The president addressed the convention. She spoke encouragingly of the good work carried on by the W. C. T. U. during the year. Twenty-one new unions had been organized. She requested that October 31 be kept as a day of prayer and January 3 d —Mrs. Youmans' birthday—be observed as crusader's day.

Corresponding Secretary Mrs. Wiley made a very full and lengthy report, covering 35 pages of foolscap.

Treasurer Mrs. McArthurs of Cornwall reported $274.71 on hand, showing the finances of the society to be in a healthy condition. The ladies have never shown the tendency that gentlemen have in plunging their institutions into debt. "Pay as you go" seems to have always been their principle in business. Among the liberal items of expenditure was a donation of over $200 in aid of the Royal Commission fund which the Alliance is expending. The total receipts of the year were $2,100 and the total expenditure $1,850.

Mrs. Hunter reported on work among the lumbermen. Much good has been accomplished in timber districts and among sailors. Comfort bags containing thread, buttons, linen, a testament and other useful articles have been sent to the camps.

About the only work reported from Lindsay was gaol work. Here we might say we wondered greatly why it was so, as considerable work has been done in various departments, but as business proceeded we learned that each department of work should have a superintendent and that said superintendent should report to the provincial superintendent.

An opportunity was given delegates to report any work done by their respective unions that was not given in the corresponding secretary's report. Instantly a Lindsay delegate took the floor and told of the important work carried on by the press committee. We believe from what we have heard about press work by other unions that Lindsay is favored above other unions and that our local editors are the most generous of all editors.

A grand reception was given by the Belleville White Ribboners to the delegates in the basement of the Bridge-st. Methodist church. After partaking of an elegant and sumptuous repast all ascended to the body of the church, where about eight hundred persons assembled, all denominations being represented.

EVENING SESSION.

Mrs. Dunnet read an address of welcome, and Mrs. Thornley of London, a very able speaker, replied on behalf of the delegates. The next speaker was Mayor Bogart of Belleville. He expressed himself in favor of prohibition, striking at the root of the evil. He did not believe in cutting off a branch here and there. What appeared to him to be the sure way of abolishing the evil would be to pronounce against its manufacture and importation. Miss Phelps responded, and in her usual happy style did not fail to remind the mayor of Belleville that he had pledged himself for prohibition.

Rev. Mr. George presented greetings from the ministerial association.

Mrs. Archibald presented the fraternal greetings and best wishes of the maritime provinces. Mrs. Archibald of Cow Bay, Cape Breton, the president of the maritime W. C. T. U., has travelled over one thousand miles to be present as a fraternal visitor to this convention. She is a lady of ability and zeal, of fine education and high local standing, a member of one of the titled families of England in possession of wealth and comfort.

It is a source of thankfulness that ladies of culture and wealth are not all given over to the mere pursuit of gayety, ease and pleasure, but are desirous of serving their Creator and leaving the world better for having lived in it. Some do not hesitate in placing her among the foremost women of Canada.

Mrs. Elia Williams, Dominion president, also an honored and fraternal delegate and treasurer of the National Union, a most charming speaker, gave the closing address. She referred to the Ontario Union as being her eldest daughter; she had not expected to make a speech, but her daughter had requested her, and on reflection mothers always did what their daughters told them, so here she was. She then made some very hopeful remarks in reference to our work, and that by and by we would be such a strong light that we would penetrate the darkest places with our little White Ribbon candles. At the close Mayor Bogart was presented with a beautiful bouquet by the visitors.

WEDNESDAY MORNING SESSION.

Miss Anning read the report of the flower mission, showing that several thousand boquets have been distributed among inmates of hospitals, prisons and homes in Ontario during the year.

Mrs. Rutherford read the report on Sunday schools, juvenile work, kitchen gardens and Demorest medal contests, by Mrs. Pratt of Hamilton.

Mrs. Rockwell's report of legislation franchise and petitions was discussed at some length. The royal commission was spoken of as a mere farce to hoodwink the temperance people.

Many of the speakers condemned the Scott act, Duncan act and local option and similar measures as being put forward to side track the real issues; what the W. C. T. U. wanted was total prohibition.

In the meantime unions are advised to work for local option. Unions are requested to do all they can in support of Mr. Watters' bill granting women full suffrage on the same principle as men. The bill will be presented at the next session of the provincial legislature. Every union was urged to make special effort to be represented on the school board in their respective localities. Any woman holding property in her own right may be represented on school boards.

HERE AND THERE.

—The fall of the year is a trying season for elderly people. The many sleepless, dark, dismal days act depressingly, not to say injuriously, on both old and young. Now is the time to re-enforce the vital energies with Ayer's Sarsaparilla—the best of all blood medicines. —32 1.

A barrel of pork weighs 200 pounds.

HAMILTON, March 21st, 1892.

DR L. A. SMITH & CO.,
136 Bloor St., Toronto:

GENTS,—Please ship us per G. T. R., freight prepaid, three (3) gross more of your Anti-Dandruff. This makes six gross or 864 bottles purchased from you since January 16th, 1892, a little more than two months. The large demand is due to the merits of the preparation, as our customers to whom we have sold it certify. We find it not only removes the dandruff and scurf but it is an elegant hair dressing for the hair. Clean to use and has an agreeable odor. It is one of the best preparations we know of to promote the growth of the hair and prevent its falling out. Wishing you continued success and an extended sale. We remain,

Yours truly,
JNO. A. BARR & CO.
J. A. B.

Syrup of Figs Co.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 75c bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Manufactured only by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

A. RIGINBOTHAM, Agent, Lindsay, Ont

Salary and expenses weekly from start. Liberal commission to local part-time agents. Permanent position. Good chance for advancement. Exclusive territory. Largest growers of Nursery stock in Canada, and only growers in both Canada and United States. Clean, hardy stock true to name, and fair treatment guaranteed. No substitution in our orders. No competition from other houses, on account of low prices and peculiar advantages. We can interest any one not earning $75 per month and expenses. Don't hesitate because of previous failures in this or other lines. We can make you a success. Outfit free. Address for particulars, BROWN BROS. CO., Continental Nurseries (This house is reliable.) TORONTO, ONT.

CANVASSER

—28

Have you tried the

"CABLE EXTRA"

CIGAR?

—15-tf.

MORTGAGE SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE
TOWN PROPERTY.

Under and by virtue of the powers of sale contained in certain mortgages which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold by

PUBLIC AUCTION
—AT THE—
Benson House, in the Town of Lindsay,
—ON—
MONDAY, 28th day of November, 1892

at 2 o'clock p.m., the following valuable property:

Being composed of Lots Nos. One and Two, East of Lindsay Street, in Block K, in the Town of Lindsay, in the County of Victoria, containing half an acre, more or less.

There are on the premises a comfortable brick roughcast house with frame building and shed and a frame stable. The property is conveniently and well situated on the corner of Lindsay and George streets.

TERMS.—Ten per cent. cash, and balance in one month without interest. The property will be sold subject to the right of dower of the late William Mitchell, the mortgagor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to

G. H. HOPKINS,
Vendors' Solicitor.

Dated this 5th November, 1892. Lindsay
—30-4.

Farms for Sale or to Rent.

FARM FOR SALE.—The East Half of Lot 5, in the 7th concession of Mariposa. A good farm in a choice locality, for sale. For particulars apply to McINTYRE & STEWART, Lindsay.—20tf.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—The South half of lot No. 7, in the 7th concession of Mariposa; 100 acres. Convenient to market, railway station, schools and churches. Apply to McINTYRE & STEWART, barristers, Lindsay. July, 14, 1892.—14-tf.

FARM FOR SALE.—100 acres one mile north of Manilla, three and one half miles from Cannington, on leading road; about 90 acres cleared and in good cultivation; excellent stone house, hard and soft water, convenient farm outbuildings, some fruit trees. Soil, finest quality of clay loam. Apply MRS. GEO. JOHNSON, on the premises, Manilla, July 25th, 1892.—17-4tf.

FARMS FOR SALE
—IN—
Virginia and Maryland.

Almost in view of the Capitol at Washington, D. C. Salt water, fronts on Potomac river. Oysters and fish abundant. Finest truck-ing and grazing land in the world. Half day from Baltimore, Washington and Norfolk markets. Transportation cheap. 10½ to 1,000 acres, with improvements; $10 to $15 per acre, on easiest terms. Climate allows you to work 11 months each year. Taxes low. For information call on or address for ten days only

RICHARD R. BEALL,
Albion Hotel, Toronto.

Home office, JAMES C. SPRIGG, 1424 New York Ave., Washington, D. C., U.S.A.—21-tf.

Architects and Surveyors.

M. DEANE,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor.
Office and residence, Lindsay-st., Lindsay.
Lindsay, Sept. 1, 1887.—69-1y.

JAMES DICKSON,
P. L. Surveyor, Commissioner in the Q. B., Conveyancer, etc.
Residence and address, FENELON FALLS Ontario.

A. G. CAVANA, P.L.S., and Dominion Land Surveyor, Land, Loan and Insurance Agent, Orillia, Ont. Orders by mail for Surveying or Engineering will receive prompt attention. MONEY TO LOAN at 6 per cent Orillia, March 12th, 1890.

WILLIAM DUFFUS,
PRACTICAL ARCHITECT.
Designer of all kinds of Buildings in Modern and Mediæval Styles of Architecture, Wooden and Iron Bridges, etc.
CONSTRUCTION SUPERINTENDED, Drainage, Sewerage, Heating and Ventilation, a specialty.
Bills, Quantities, Working Details, Estimates and Valuations furnished; Measurements and Levellings taken, and Computation made of strength of Trusses, Arches, Beams, Girders, Columns, Foundations, etc. Office and residence, CAMBRIDGE STREET SOUTH; Lindsay, Ont.—20-1y.

Rathbun Co'y.

Farmers and Builders
ATTENTION.

THE RATHBUN CO'Y
have for sale at their
Mill Yard at Lindsay,
Near Steamboat Dock, foot of Caroline-st.,
Bill Timber, Lumber, Shingles, Lath Cement, Plaster of Paris and Charcoal in Bulk, Etc., Etc.

OUR 8 FEET HEMLOCK LUMBER
is nearly all suitable for Dressing and assorted to widths, and is the Cheapest and Best in the Market. Call and see it.

Also at our Office, Kent-st., opposite the Benson House, we have full lines of
Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Newel-Posts, Balusters, Stair-Rails, Baseboards, Casings, Hardwood Flooring and everything for inside finish. Do not fail to call and examine our stock.

G. H. M. Baker, Agent.
Lindsay, Oct. 31 1892—31.

Miscellaneous.

MENTION THE POST.—Parties reading advertisements in this paper and answering them, or making purchases, will oblige a favor by mentioning THE POST.

LOTS FOR SALE.—Four lots in East Ward, Nos. 54, 55, 56, 57, North of King st., and South of Queen-st. A good frame house, well, cellar, good barn; also orchard and shade trees. Apply MR. JACKSON, Barrister, or MRS MARGARET O'CONNOR, 30 Lindsay st.—18-tf

L. BARTHOLOMEW.
Insurance, Loan and Real Estate Agent.
OFFICE, DOMINION BANK BUILDING, LINDSAY, ONT.
Lindsay, Aug. 1, 1892.—17.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.—Having bought the county right to manufacture and sell the CHESLEY CLOTHES REEL in the County of Victoria, I am now prepared to book orders for this, the best clothes reel that is made. The Chesley Reel was patented Oct 21, 1891. It is the only common-sense elevating reel—no platform to build to put on the clothes, a simple lever lifts the clothes up out of all danger of teams or other things that would come in contact with them on any other reel or line. I am determined to sell it at a price that will allow every lady having clothes to dry to have a Chesley Reel. Farm produce taken in payment, or monthly payments. The following township rights for sale: Emily, Verulam, Somerville, Bexley, Carden, Eldon. These townships will be sold reasonably, and I will take good roots in payment. Here is a little fortune for good, honest, pushing men. I want good honest men as agents to sell for me at good pay. Apply to J. PEARCE, Box 253, Lindsay. Sept. 11, 1892
—23-tf.

Money to Loan.

MONEY TO LOAN.
McSWEYN & ANDERSON are now prepared to loan on good security both private and Company funds at the lowest current rates
Lindsay, Sept. 20, 1892.

MONEY TO LOAN.
STRAIGHT LOANS AT
VERY LOWEST CURRENT RATES,
repayable on terms to suit borrower. Also a large amount of trust funds to loan on advantageous terms.
G. H HOPKINS.
Barrister, etc., Lindsay, On
Lindsay, Nov. 19, 1888.—24.

MONEY TO LEND ON MORTGAGES—at from 5 to 7 per cent, according to amount of loan; interest payable yearly at my office. Money advanced on security of promissory notes.
JOHN A. BARRON,
OFFICE—New Dominion Bank Building, William-st., Lindsay. June 2, 1892—108-1y.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN at 5½, 5¾ and 6 per cent. according to amount required and security offered. Interest yearly. Privilege to borrower of paying off any sum at any time without notice.
H. B. DEAN, Barrister.
Office in Bigelow's Block, corner Kent and York sts., Lindsay. Aug. 28, 1889.—64.

MONEY TO LOAN
5 TO 6 PER CENT.
PRIVATE AND COMPANY FUNDS.
Good farm and town loans at above rates, according to amount and security. Small loans at current rates. Interest and principal may be repaid to us. Expenses moderate. Mortgages and other securities negotiated.
R. J. & M. H. McLAUGHLIN,
Barristers, &c., Baker's Block, Lindsay.
Sept. 14, 1892.—23.

CHEAP MONEY TO LOAN IN SUMS of $200 to $20,000, at 6 to 7 per cent. interest, STRAIGHT LOAN. Payments also on the Sinking Fund System from two to twenty years. Amount required to repay a loan of $1,000 in 10 years, is only $13.20; 20 years, $95.30. No commission, no fines, expenses reduced.
J. C. GILCHRIST, P. M., Woodville
J. C GILCHRIST is also agent for several FIRST-CLASS INSURANCE COMPANIES, and for all the leading Newspapers. Give him a call.

Money to Loan
5 to 6 per Cent
A large amount of Private Funds and Trust Funds to Loan in sums small or large to suit borrower. Easy and convenient terms of re-payment. 5 to 6 per cent.
McINTYRE & STEWART,
BARRISTERS, LINDSAY
Lindsay Sept. 5, 1889.—65

Business Cards

W. R. McPHEE, Clerk of the Municipality of Mara, Atherley postoffice. Money to loan on farm and town property at 6 per cent.—79-1y.

F. J. GILLESPIE, Clerk of the 7th Division Court. Commissioner in B R. Conveyancer, Valuator. Money to loan on most favorable terms, and in any sums to suit borrowers. Give us a call. Residence, Upter grove, Co. Ontario.—79-1y.

D. EAGLESON,
Chartered Accountant of Ontario.
Books of all kinds written up. Statements of account made out. Balance sheets prepared. Contracts made for writing up books by the week or month. Books opened for business men on the system best suited to their business. Partnership accounts adjusted. All kinds of accounts audited. Instruction given in double entry bookkeeping when desired.
Also agent for the MUTUAL RESERVE Fund Life Association, the greatest natural premium life company in the world. Parties who intend to insure will save money by insuring in this company, as their rates are little over half those charged by old line companies. Address, Box 354, Lindsay. Nov 18, 1891.—80-26.

Veterinary Surgeons.

W. KENNY, G. M. V. C. P., Graduate Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto; registered member of the Ont. Veterinary Medical Association. Office and residence, Bond-st., east of Methodist church Lindsay, Oct. 29, 1885.

WILLIAM JOYCE, V. S — Honor graduate of Ontario Veterinary College Toronto. Treat all diseases of the domesticated animals by the latest scientific and most approved methods. Office, McKinnon's drug store, Beaverton, Ontario. Orders by telegram or mail promptly attended to by day or night Will visit Brechin every Tuesday April 1st '89. 86-1y.

W. F. BROAD,
VETERINARY SURGEON, graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto. Registered member of the Ontario Veterinary Association.
OFFICE—William street, north, in Skitch's terrace, opposite the Gas Works. All calls by mail or telegraph promptly attended to. Charges moderate. Lindsay, July 17, 1890.—10

C. THORN, graduate of the Veterinary College of Chicago and successful practitioner of twenty-two years standing in the United States and Canada, has opened an office in Kirkfield for the practice of his profession. All diseases of domestic animals will be treated after the latest and most improved system. All orders by telegraph or otherwise promptly attended to by day or night. Kirkfield, March 21st.—91-1y.

Miscellaneous.

Insurance, Loan and Real Estate Agent.
OFFICE, DOMINION BANK BUILDING, LINDSAY, ONT.
Lindsay, Aug. 1, 1892.—17.

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—23-tf.

Dentistry

H. HART, L. D. S.,
DENTIST
Office over Fairweather & Co's. Store, Kent-st.
CHARGES MODERATE
Lindsay March 2nd, 1892.—99.

W. H. GROSS, L. D. S.
DENTIST,
LINDSAY, - - ONT.
All branches of dentistry, including the beautiful and durable Crown and Bridge Work, and the Porcelain filling System, successfully practised by Mr. Gross. An upper or under set of good teeth for $10.00. Pure gas and Vitalized air for painless extraction, free when Artificial teeth are required. Over THIRTY YEARS experience. ROOMS OVER KENNEDY'S STORE, opposite the Dominion Bank, Kent-st.
Lindsay, May 16th, 1892.—106.

J. NEELANDS.

L. D. S.,
M. R. C. D.,
ONT.
DENTIST.
Lindsay.
Is the place for first class dentistry. Beautiful Gold and Porcelain crowns inserted.
J. NEELANDS studied the Gas, Vitalized Air, under Dr. Cotton of New York, the originator of gas for extracting teeth, who writes MR. NEELANDS that up to July 1st he had given the gas to 177,523 patients without an accident. MR. NEELANDS has given this gas uninterruptedly for over 25 years to many thousand persons without pain or injury, having teeth extracted. Artificial teeth inserted from $10 to $65, for an upper or under set. Many persons are wearing teeth made by MR. NEELANDS for over 20 years without repairs.
Persons from a distance will please send a card before coming. Office opposite Simpson House.
Lindsay, August 2nd, 1892.—17.

Physicians.

DR. DEGRASSI, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC., ETC., Wellington-st., Lindsay.—72-1y.

DR. BURROWS, graduate of McGill College, 1866. Office hours 8 to 10 a. m., noon; 4 to 6 p. m. Telephone connection. Lindsay, July 15th, 1892.—15 1yr.

W. L. HERRIMAN, M. D., M. C. P. & S. Kg. Office and residence, Cambridge-st., Lindsay, opposite Baptist church, Lindsay, June 9, 1886.—96-1y

DR. B. E. Mc