

R. S. Porter.

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F. C. Taylor.



WORLD'S FAIR ROUTE.

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Trains leave Lindsay to connect at Toronto at 11:15 a. m., 1:45 and 6:00 p. m. Baggage checked through from Lindsay to Chicago and examined at Toronto to save trouble crossing the line. Tickets issued at lowest rate. Berths secured and every information furnished on application.

F. C. TAYLOR. Ticket Agent, G. T. R.

Lindsay, May 31, 1893.-50. The Canadian Post. LINDSAY, FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1893 THE ONTARIO AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

We print elsewhere a careful summary of the report of the three commissioners appointed to investigate certain difficulties at the Ontario agricultural college. Judging from letters that have appeared in the newspapers during the past few months, and from other indications, some feeling appears to have been excited among the students and some difficulties appear to have occurred between Mr. Shaw, the farm superintendent, and Mr. Mills, the president of the institution, and an investigation was decided upon. Mr. Shaw appears to have been under the impression that he was not a subordinate official, but about co-equal with President Mills, and when the friction occurred he talked matters over with the students in order to obtain their sympathy. The investigating committee have thrown the blame on Mr. Shaw and Mr. Sharman, one of the instructors, and it is said they have resigned.

THE FARMER IN THE NORTH-WEST.

Mr. Foster, the Dominion minister of finance, is taking in a few farmers now and then in more than one sense probably. In his enquiries as to the means to be adopted for the promised tariff revision, the red-parlor men have, of course, been carefully consulted, and if they had not been they would not be backward in pressing their demands on the attention of the government. It goes without saying that their demands will not be neglected and their interests left out in the cold by a ministry, the chief corner stone of whose policy is high protection and which depends upon the red parlor very material and very extensive assistance when the elections come around.

Mr. Foster will in due course take in the North-west in his peregrinations, and the farmers there are getting ready to receive him. From present appearances Mr. Foster will have a hard time to get there, and it will require all his addressiveness and plausibility to get safely through the ordeal. The North-western farmer has an exceptionally strong case against the N. P. Their story is thus clearly and briefly stated by the Mail: "According to the farmers two conditions operate against them. One is the excessive price of machinery and supplies, resulting from the tariff, and the other the high railway rates to the seaboard. The western producers are, in a word, squeezed first on what they buy, and afterwards on what they sell. They are, according to their own representations, between the upper and the nether millstone. The complaint regarding the tariff introduces the question as to the protection accorded to agricultural implements, to lumber, to twine, to coal oil, and to barbed wire. A comparison of the prices of implements in Dakota and Manitoba is furnished for the information of the minister. According to this, a stubble plough worth \$18 in the former place costs \$23 in our own province; a breaker plough, the price of which is \$14 in Dakota, is placed at

THE TROUBLE AT THE ONTARIO MODEL FARM.

The following article, taken from the Globe of Saturday last, gives a very comprehensive idea of the recent trouble at the Model Farm:—"Some time ago graduates of the Ontario agricultural college petitioned for an investigation into the want of harmony among the officers of the college and farm. The government ordered such an inquiry to be made by Mr. John Winchester of Toronto, Master in Chambers; Mr. John Waterworth of Warkville, Middlesex, and Mr. John Pearce of London. Mr. Waterworth is a farmer, has been at various times reeve of Moss, warden of Middlesex, and liberal M. P. P. for the west riding. Mr. Pearce is a seedman and dairyman, and a conservative politician. The findings, which are unanimous, are published elsewhere. The commissioners lay the chief blame for the want of harmony on Mr. Shaw, professor of agriculture at the farm, and they also condemn Mr. H. B. Sharman, the assistant chemist, and Mr. Johnston E. Storey, the farm foreman. Mr. Sharman has resigned, and in view of the findings, it seemed impossible that Prof. Shaw or Mr. Storey could retain their connection with the institution. The commissioners find that Prof. Shaw has been communicating with the students in such a way as to impair the authority of the minister of agriculture and of Prof. Mills, president of the college. "He won the confidence of the students in many ways, some by giving them employment at the expense of the government as drivers, others by showing an interest in their welfare, and then mentioning his grievances, giving them to understand that he was a much abused man, and that he was unable to do for them and the farm as much as he would like, because his powers were being curtailed by the minister and the president, who were oppressing and hampering him."

There has been trouble for some years over the relations between President Mills and Prof. Shaw. In 1888 the latter objected to regulations giving the president an advisory supervision over the farm work. In April, 1889, Mr. Drury, then minister of agriculture, wrote to Mr. Shaw, "Insisting upon due consideration being given to the head of the department," and saying that he was reviving the by-laws with a view to giving Mr. Shaw "a larger share of liberty in the management of the farm property and of the livestock." On December 13, 1889, there is a letter from Mr. Drury, complaining that the minds of the students were being prejudiced against the minister, and containing these words:—"Nothing can be more destructive to the harmonious working of an institution than for an official to fall into the habit of explaining to the students that he desired to pursue a certain course, but was prevented from so doing because some one in authority did not concur with his views. Every official must shoulder his own responsibility, and when any course of action is definitely decided upon in a proper manner, the carrying out of the same must be undertaken by the responsible party, who should offer no apologies and make no excuses for what is being done."

It is expected that a vote on the Wilson bill to repeal the purchasing clauses of the Sherman silver bill will be reached at Washington to-day or Monday. The silver men are making a bitter contest, but the unconditional repeal of the bill is looked for with confidence. There has been a considerable improvement in the general situation.

The guarantee bond for the payment of the Canadian Pacific dividends has now been exhausted and hereafter the railway will pay its dividends out of its earnings, its subsidies and the proceeds of its land sales. In his last annual report to the stockholders President Van Horne says that the company has an accumulation of surplus earnings aggregating \$7,000,000, which is to be used to pay dividends upon the stock for two years after the exhaustion of the fund in the government's hands.

An Ottawa rumor relates Mr. Bowell to the governorship of Manitoba. Mr. Clark Wallace to a place in the cabinet, and Mr. D. Montague of Haldimand in the office now filled by Mr. Wallace as controller of customs. Mr. Bowell has won the comparative ease and assignity of the position to which rumor assigns him, but the premier will decidedly weaken his ministry by the proposed change. Mr. Bowell has since the foregoing was typed denied the accuracy of the report that assigns him to the governorship of Manitoba. The New York financial Chronicle says:—"If New York while Rome was burning, some of our own legislators seem little better, and they appear to have small conception of the present strain and extreme tension upon banks and business concerns throughout the country. There is a very damaging and sadly erroneous idea ushered forward by the silver advocates; that this is a temporary panic from lack of currency, and that a few millions of gold brought from London (with our wheat at 60c and cotton at 7c), and a few millions of new national bank currency, will relieve the whole pressure and restore confidence again. It is understood the Empire is elaborating a paragraph in praise of a brilliant idea that has occurred to a certain tory organ, and which Mr. Angers, our Dominion minister of agriculture, is to recommend to the farmers for their benefit and from which they may reap a large and profitable harvest. It seems that owing to the long dry spell the crop of grasshoppers is simply immense, and it is suggested that the farmers should gather these innumerable little animals and take them to the breweries where they are, it is reported, worth \$c. a lb. and upwards. "To what use can the brewers put them?" it may be asked. "Why, take the hops out of them," and thus turn a plague into a blessing. There is nothing like enterprise in farming. It is only fair to add that the report to the effect that Hon. Mr. Foster had vigorously opposed the new idea on temperance grounds, but had "in a moment of weakness" agreed to its adoption on the ground that it would show what the N. P. could do for farmers, is believed to be not well founded. Purely vegetable—Wood's Pills—25.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

OFFICE OF THE CANADIAN POST, LINDSAY, AUGUST 24, 1893. Toronto Street Markets. The receipts of grain on the street market Tuesday were small; wheat was firmer and oats were easier. Wheat—Firm, three loads of white selling at 60c and 61c. Oats—Steady, 200 bushels of new selling at 57c to 58c. Hay and Straw—The supply was small and the market was steady, 30 loads of hay selling at \$5 to \$5.50 for new; and \$4 to \$4.50 for old, and \$3 to \$3.50 for straw. Dressed Hogs—The offerings continue small and the market is steady, with sales to-day at \$8.

Table with columns for various commodities like Wheat, Oats, Hay, Straw, Eggs, Butter, etc. and their prices.

Toronto Live Stock Market. During the forenoon at the Western cattle markets Tuesday business was not good. A lot of stuff was left unbid, buyers and drovers failing to come to terms. In the afternoon, however, they were more inclined to come together, and nearly everything was sold before the close of the day. Prices realized were no better than they have been for some time. Offerings were not heavy, only 57 carloads being on sale. These included 630 sheep and lambs, 20 hogs, 30 calves and 40 milch cows and springers. Receipts for the week ended Saturday, August 19, were:—Cattle, 1,567; sheep and lambs, 291; hogs, 494; weight fowls, \$14.36. The attend and buyers were fair, but buying was slow. Only a few loads went to Montreal. Reports from the old country were not encouraging, but some dealers expect better markets there soon.

Export cattle—Export buyers operated slowly during the forenoon. They were not willing to give the prices asked by drovers. In the afternoon the feeling was a little better, and quite a few deals were made. The principal buyers were James Eakin, J. Rogers & Halligan. Dealers complained that the majority of the cattle on sale were poor. The good stuff sold first. They report that good to choice exporters would bring from 45c to 50c per lb. If any such could be had, nothing to-day sold over 45c per lb. and some inferior went down to 4c. One or two lots of good cattle were held at 5c, but dealers would not touch them. Choice steers held to buy all day. A few transactions were:—One car load, 1,180 lbs average, 4c per lb; one car load, 1,300 lbs average, 4c per lb; one car load, 1,250 lbs average, 4c per lb; 10 cattle, 1,200 lbs average, 4c per lb; 5 cattle, 1,250 lbs average, 4c per lb; one car load, 1,300 lbs average, 4c per lb.

Butcher's cattle—The local demand for butcher's stuff was slow, and merely one or two loads were taken for Montreal. The top figure touched was 35c per lb, with 4c per lb reported for every lot of steers and heifers. Dealers report that good stuff would sell well enough, but a good deal of inferior offered. Choice steers, one car load, 1,000 lbs average, 3c per lb; one car load, 1,050 lbs average, 3c per lb; one car load, 1,200 lbs average, 3c per lb; one car load, 950 lbs average, 3c per lb; 10 cattle, 1,250 lbs average, 3c per lb; 22 cattle, 1,050 lbs average, 3c per lb. Rough cows sold away down.

Bulls—Only one or two head offered, none of which were extra choice. The best price realized was 25c per lb, and one sold down to 3c. This class of beef is not wanted.

Stocks and feeders—One or two head of half-fat feeders were taken to fill byre vacancies at 35c to 50c per lb. Nothing was done in stockers.

Milch cows and springers—Offerings were heavy to-day, over 40 head being on offer. The market is merely steady. Poor and inferior stuff sells slowly, but choice newly-calving milch cows or well-favored springers are in good demand for dairymen. The late rains have improved the pasture, and the flow of milk is more abundant, and dairymen are ready to take choice cows. The range of prices to-day was from 35c to 45c per head, according to quality with an odd fine animal touching 50c.

Cattle—Offerings were light, only about 30 head, and the class of stuff on sale was generally poor. It is expected that the condition will improve as the season advances. Some farmers are taking newly-dropped calves to dairymen and turning them into the fields to suck their own cows and grow fat. Choice veals these farmers know will sell well at any time. Nothing was offered over \$7 to \$7.50 per head to-day, and some poor and inferior sold down to \$3 to \$4 per head.

Sheep and lambs—Sheep are not wanted. Those changing hands went at market figures. Lambs are in only slow request, the best selling \$3.75 per head. The range for these was from \$3 to \$3.75. Hogs—This market is a little firmer, caused by the demand in the eastern provinces beginning to look after their winter supplies of pork and pork. The highest price paid to-day for hogs was 35c per lb. The range of prices was 25c to 35c per lb. Generally prices paid ranged from 25c to 35c, according to quality. Store pigs sell as well as anything, and fetch from \$5.50 to \$5.75 per head. Store pigs sell from \$5.50 to \$5.75 per head. Store pigs sell from \$5.50 to \$5.75 per head. Store pigs sell from \$5.50 to \$5.75 per head.

Table with columns for various commodities like Red Flax, Spring Wheat, Barley, etc. and their prices.

Hot Weather Prices for FLANNELS, SATEENS, SILKS, ETC.

We are going to clear out an immense lot of Shirts in FLANNELS, SATEENS, SILKS, ETC. and to do so we have marked them 40 per cent. less than regular wholesale prices. These goods we bought at a big sacrifice and will sell them away down.

A good 45c. Shirt for 25c A good \$1.15 Shirt for 75c A good 85c. Shirt for 50c.

HATS, HATS, HATS.

A Good 25 and 35c. Straw Hat for 10c. A good \$1.00 Straw Hat for 65c. These goods are going, as we bought them at a sacrifice and are selling them at a ridiculously low prices to clear.

P. McARTHUR & CO., N. McPhaden's Old Stand, Opp. Post Office.

HOUSEKEEPERS, ATTENTION.

For Summer Use a Coal Oil or Gas Stove. Is one of the greatest comforts imaginable. Those who have tried one would not be without this comfort-giving article, if double the price. WE SELL THE BEST.

A REFRIGERATOR.

Is an economical purchase—it keeps the butter hard and nice, the milk sweet, and in a hundred ways effects a saving and confers satisfaction. WE SELL THE BEST.

W. G. WOODS, - LINDSAY.

LADIES!

If you contemplate getting a FALL HAT or BONNET call at my Store—I am confident of pleasing you. If you have a favorite shape bring it to me to be retinued now before the Fall rush commences.

MONEY TO LOAN.

At Lowest Rates on Mortgage Security, or on approved Indorsed Notes. NOTES DISCOUNTED. Cash Advanced on Farmers' Sale Notes. Cash Paid for Mortgages and Debentures.

Final Squeeze Sale Prices.

Our August sale has been a great success, far exceeding our expectations. The month is drawing near the end and Hundreds of Pairs of odd sizes will be sold at nearly half Price.

Don't You Want a Bargain?

Don't Delay But Come Along to JOHNSTON & SISSON, THE MONSTER HOR STORE, 1st door east Daily House, Lindsay, August 24, 1893.-54.

THE VERY FINEST ALES and PORTERS.

UNEXCELLED FOR FAMILY USE. NATIVE, PORT and SHERRY WINES, superior quality. TELEPHONE CONNECTION. JAS. SHANNON, Opposite Hurley & Brady's, Lindsay, Aug. 24, 1893.-70.

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Marriage Licenses at BRITTON BROS. for \$2.00—95-4. Imitation Gold FILIGREE inserted in artificial teeth by J. NEELANDS free of charge.—6.

Excursion to Stony Lake. Walk for H. First week in September, under the auspices of the Masonic excursion, was well attended. The morning was delightful as the sun shined brightly and the weather was perfect, the sunshine being tempered by breezes. At Millbrook the only delay happened, owing partly to slow time on the road. The excursionists had to wait while the passenger on the morning express from Peterboro, instead of the Lindsay's proceeding. A short stay at Peterboro to reverse the engine and then the run over the bumpy track of the lakehead, with the many pretty glimpses of the shoreline, was soon accomplished, and the excursionists were transferred to the "Columbian," a prompt start being made to make up as much as possible for lost time on the road. The narrow and placid waters of Lake Ontario were much enjoyed, with the well wooded banks and the pleasing absence of hot water tanks to satisfy the thirst. The excursionists were transferred to the "Columbian," a prompt start being made to make up as much as possible for lost time on the road. The narrow and placid waters of Lake Ontario were much enjoyed, with the well wooded banks and the pleasing absence of hot water tanks to satisfy the thirst. The excursionists were transferred to the "Columbian," a prompt start being made to make up as much as possible for lost time on the road.

Duck Shooting. HARDWARE AND CUTLERY. IT'S FUN, But when purchasing your ammunition insist upon receiving ONLY RELIABLE GOODS.

American Dead Shot Powder. Hamilton Ducking Powder. Canadian Trap Powder. "W. M. G." Shot Shells. Canadian "Trap" Shells. Brass "Club" Shells. Winchester Primers. Ely's Elastic Gun Wads. Re-loading Tools. Our Prices and Goods are the Best.

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